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4.2.1	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Extended splitables for BSW Added Uses-Case descrpitions for BSW modules Editorial changes 				
4.1.3	AUTOSAR Release Management	Extended Upstream mapping for BSWEditorial changes				
4.1.2	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Added support for indexing of array elements Various fixes and clarifications Editorial changes 				
4.1.1	AUTOSAR Administration	 Meta-model extensions for multicore use cases Meta-model extensions for functional modeling of measurement and calibration Meta-model extensions for rapid prototyping use cases Improved support for production error modeling Added several clarifications, explanations and model attributes Added hyper-links to requirements and model elements Added appendix C on Upstream Mapping 				



4.0.3	AUTOSAR Administration	 Introduced formal specification items and Constraint and Specification History Added several clarifications, examples and constraints Improved support for AUTOSAR Services, memory mapping and calibration New attributes in various parts of the model 				
4.0.1	AUTOSAR Administration	 Reworked description of Memory Section Added chapter on Implementation Conformance Statement 				
3.1.4	AUTOSAR Administration	 Harmonized with SW Component Template (triggers, events, local data etc.) Harmonized with Generic Structure Template Revision of data types concept Added variant handling Added debugging support Added support for measurement and calibration General rework of implementation description 				
3.1.1	AUTOSAR Administration	Added OBD Features				
3.0.2	AUTOSAR Administration	Layout adaptations				
3.0.1	AUTOSAR Administration	Initial Release				



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Bibliography

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- [2] Requirements on Basic Software Module Description Template AUTOSAR_RS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate
- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_SRS_BSWGeneral
- [4] Methodology AUTOSAR_TR_Methodology
- [5] Glossary AUTOSAR_TR_Glossary
- [6] Software Component Template AUTOSAR_TPS_SoftwareComponentTemplate
- [7] System Template AUTOSAR_TPS_SystemTemplate
- [8] Model Persistence Rules for XML AUTOSAR_TR_XMLPersistenceRules
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- [10] Basic Software Module Description Template AUTOSAR_TPS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate
- [11] Specification of ECU Configuration AUTOSAR_TPS_ECUConfiguration
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- [17] Virtual Functional Bus AUTOSAR_EXP_VFB



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- [19] Specification of Function Inhibition Manager AUTOSAR_SWS_FunctionInhibitionManager
- [20] Specification of Diagnostic Event Manager AUTOSAR_SWS_DiagnosticEventManager
- [21] General Specification of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_SWS_BSWGeneral
- [22] Specification of Operating System AUTOSAR_SWS_OS
- [23] Specification of Memory Mapping AUTOSAR_SWS_MemoryMapping
- [24] Specification of Compiler Abstraction AUTOSAR_SWS_CompilerAbstraction
- [25] Specification of ECU Resource Template AUTOSAR_TPS_ECUResourceTemplate
- [26] ASAM MCD 2MC ASAP2 Interface Specification http://www.asam.net ASAP2-V1.51.pdf
- [27] Overview of Acceptance Tests AUTOSAR_EXP_ATOverview



1 General Information

1.1 Document Scope

This is the documentation of the template for the Basic Software Module Description (BSWMDT).

The BSWMD is a formal notation of all information belonging to a certain BSW artifact (BSW module or BSW cluster) in addition to the implementation of that artifact. There are several possible use cases for such a description, see 3.1 for details.

The BSWMDT - the *template* to be used for the BSWMD - is the standardized format which has to be used for this description in AUTOSAR. The template is represented in UML as part of the overall AUTOSAR meta-model and is part of the XML schema generated out of this meta-model. This document describes all the elements which belong to this template. These elements are maintained in two different packages of the AUTOSR meta-model:

- The package BswModuleTemplate contains all elements which are used exclusively by the BSWMDT.
- Some elements of the BSWMDT, for example for the description of implementation aspects and resource consumption, are used also within the Software Component Template (SWCT). These elements belong to the CommonStructure package of the meta-model and are also described within this document.

For clarification, please note that the GenericStructure package of the meta-model contains some fundamental infrastructure meta-classes and common patterns that are described in [1]. These elements are also used within the BswModuleTemplate but for details refer to [1].

Generic Structure provides details about

- AUTOSAR top level structure
- Commonly used meta-classes and primitives
- Variant handling
- Documentation

This document addresses people who need to have a deeper understanding of the BSWMDT part of the meta-model, for example tool developers and those who maintain the meta-model. It is not intended as a guideline for the BSW developers who will have to provide the actual BSWMD, i.e. who have to "fill out" the template.

For further information on the overall goal of this document refer to the related requirements document, see [2].



Due to the complexity of the meta-model, the text in some class-diagrams in this document is too small to be read on printed paper of normal size. It is recommended to use the electronic document and enlarge these diagrams on a computer screen if required.

1.2 Input Documents

The following input documents have been used to develop the BSWMDT:

- Generic Structure Template [1]
- Requirements on BSW Module Description Template [2]
- General Requirements on Basic Software Modules [3]
- AUTOSAR Methodology [4]
- AUTOSAR Glossary [5]
- Software Component Template [6]
- System Template [7]
- AUTOSAR Model Persistence Rules for XML [8]

1.3 Abbreviations

The following table contains a list of abbreviations used in the scope of this document along with the spelled-out meaning of each of the abbreviations.

Abbreviation	meaning				
BSW	Basic Software				
BSWMD	Basic Software Module Description				
BSWMDT	Basic Software Module Description Template				
DEM	Diagnostic Event Manager				
ECU	Electronic Control Unit				
ECUC	ECU Configuration				
ICC1, ICC2, ICC3	AUTOSAR Implementation Conformance Class 13				
ISR	Interrupt Service Routine				
ICS	Implementation Conformance Statement				
IOC	Inter OS-Application Communication				
MC	Measurement and Calibration				
MSR	Manufacturer Supplier Relationship				
NvM	Non Volatile Memory				
NVRAM	Non Volatile RAM				
OS	Operating System				
RAM	Random Access Memory				
ROM	Read-only Memory				
SWC	Software Component				
SWS	Software Specification				
SWCT	Software Component Template				



UML	Unified Modeling Language				
ARXML	AUTOSAR XML				
XML	Extensible Markup Language				

Table 1.1: Abbreviations used in the scope of this Document

1.4 Document Conventions

Technical terms are typeset in mono spaced font, e.g. PortPrototype. As a general rule, plural forms of technical terms are created by adding "s" to the singular form, e.g. PortPrototypes. By this means the document resembles terminology used in the AUTOSAR XML Schema.

This document contains constraints in textual form that are distinguished from the rest of the text by a unique numerical constraint ID, a headline, and the actual constraint text starting after the \lceil character and terminated by the \rceil character.

The purpose of these constraints is to literally constrain the interpretation of the AUTOSAR meta-model such that it is possible to detect violations of the standardized behavior implemented in an instance of the meta-model (i.e. on M1 level).

Makers of AUTOSAR tools are encouraged to add the numerical ID of a constraint that corresponds to an M1 modeling issue as part of the diagnostic message issued by the tool.

The attributes of the classes introduced in this document are listed in form of class tables. They have the form shown in the example of the top-level element AUTOSAR:

Class	AUTOSAR					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AutosarTopLevelStructure				
Note	Root element of an AUTOSAR description, also the root element in corresponding XML documents.					
	Tags: xml.globalE	Element	-true			
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
adminData	AdminData	01	aggr	This represents the administrative data of an Autosar file.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=10		
arPackage	ARPackage	*	aggr	This is the top level package in an AUTOSAR model.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
introductio n	Documentation Block	01	aggr	This represents an introduction on the Autosar file. It is intended for example to rpresent disclaimers and legal notes.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table 1.2: AUT	TOSAR
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The first rows in the table have the following meaning:

Class: The name of the class as defined in the UML model.

Package: The UML package the class is defined in. This is only listed to help locating the class in the overall meta model.

Note: The comment the modeler gave for the class (class note). Stereotypes and UML tags of the class are also denoted here.

Base Classes: If applicable, the list of direct base classes.

The headers in the table have the following meaning:

Attribute: The name of an attribute of the class. Note that AUTOSAR does not distinguish between class attributes and owned association ends.

Datatype: The datatype of an attribute of the class.

Mul.: The assigned multiplicity of the attribute, i.e. how many instances of the given data type are associated with the attribute.

Kind: Specifies, whether the attributes is aggregated in the class (aggr), an UML attribute in the class (attr), or just referenced by it (ref). Instance references are also indicated (iref) in this field.

Note: The comment the modeler gave for the class attribute (role note). Stereotypes and UML tags of the class are also denoted here.

The verbal forms for the expression of obligation specified in [TPS_STDT_00053] shall be used to indicate requirements, see Standardization Template, chapter Support for Traceability ([9]).

The representation of requirements in AUTOSAR documents follows the table specified in [TPS_STDT_00078], see Standardization Template, chapter Support for Traceability ([9]).



2 **Requirements Traceability**

The following table references the requirements specified in [10] and denotes how they are satisfied in this document.

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_BSWMD_00001]	Main source of information on	[TPS_BSWMDT_04000]
	BSW Module ECU Configuration	[TPS_BSWMDT_04001]
	activity and integration	[TPS_BSWMDT_04016]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04017]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04030]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04031]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04036]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04039]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04040]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04045]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04071]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04079]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04085]
	Description of the second	[TPS_BSWMDT_04086]
[RS_BSWMD_00005]	Description of the memory	[TPS_BSWMDT_04045]
	needs of the software	[TPS_BSWMDT_04046]
	implementation	[TPS_BSWMDT_04048] [TPS_BSWMDT_04049]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04049]
[RS_BSWMD_00007]	Provide vendor-specific	[TPS_BSWMDT_04080]
	published information	[TPS_BSWMDT_04033]
[RS BSWMD 00008]	BSW Module Description	[TPS_BSWMDT_04034]
	SHALL be tool processable	
[RS_BSWMD_00009]	Description of peripheral register	[TPS BSWMDT 04032]
	usage	
[RS_BSWMD_00010]	Compiler version and settings	[TPS BSWMDT 04043]
[[TPS BSWMDT 04068]
[RS_BSWMD_00011]	Guaranteed execution context of	[TPS BSWMDT 04007]
[]	API calls	[]
[RS_BSWMD_00013]	Describe configuration class of	[TPS BSWMDT 04076]
	ECU Configuration Parameters	
[RS_BSWMD_00014]	Support of BSW Module clusters	[TPS_BSWMDT_04020]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04047]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04049]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04071]
[RS_BSWMD_00015]	Timing requirements	[TPS_BSWMDT_04077]
[RS_BSWMD_00016]	Timing guarantees	[TPS_BSWMDT_04050]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04051]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04052]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04053]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04054]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04055]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04077]
[RS_BSWMD_00024]	Support description of module	[TPS_BSWMDT_04035]
	specific published information	[TPS_BSWMDT_04069]



[RS_BSWMD_00025]	Support for shipment information	[TPS BSWMDT 04001]
[110_2011112_00020]		[TPS BSWMDT 04030]
		[TPS BSWMDT 04031]
		[TPS BSWMDT 04040]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04068]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04085]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04086]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04092]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04097]
[RS_BSWMD_00026]	Description of supported	[TPS_BSWMDT_04032]
	hardware	[TPS_BSWMDT_04068]
[RS_BSWMD_00027]	Provide Vendor-Specific Module	[TPS_BSWMDT_04033]
	Definition	[TPS_BSWMDT_04069]
[RS_BSWMD_00028]	Development according to the	[TPS_BSWMDT_04016]
	AUTOSAR Generic Structure	[TPS_BSWMDT_04017]
	Template document	[TPS_BSWMDT_04126]
[RS_BSWMD_00029]	Transformation of BSWMD	TPS BSWMDT 04126
	template modeling according to	
	the AUTOSAR Model	
	Persistence Rules for XML	
[RS_BSWMD_00030]	Publish resource needs for the	[TPS BSWMDT 04006]
	BSW Scheduler	[TPS BSWMDT 04019]
	DOW Scheduler	[TPS_BSWMDT_04020]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04020]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04027]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04072]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04128]
[RS_BSWMD_00031]	Description of used memory	[TPS_BSWMDT_04046]
	section names	[TPS_BSWMDT_04047]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04049]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04080]
[RS_BSWMD_00032]	Recommended ECU	[TPS_BSWMDT_04034]
	Configuration Values	
[RS_BSWMD_00033]	Pre-configured ECU	[TPS_BSWMDT_04034]
	Configuration Values	[TPS_BSWMDT_04035]
[RS_BSWMD_00034]	ECU Configuration Editor and	[TPS_BSWMDT_04041]
	Generation supported tool	[TPS_BSWMDT_04042]
	version information	
[RS_BSWMD_00035]	Provide Standardized Module	[TPS_BSWMDT_04033]
	Definition	[TPS_BSWMDT_04069]
[RS BSWMD 00037]	Needed libraries	TPS BSWMDT 04041
	-	[TPS BSWMDT 04042]
[RS BSWMD 00038]	Required execution context of	[TPS BSWMDT 04007]
[]	API calls	[
[RS BSWMD 00039]	Identification of implemented	[TPS BSWMDT 04000]
[]	API and functions	[TPS_BSWMDT_04002]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04008]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04009]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04009] [TPS_BSWMDT_04028]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04066]
[RS_BSWMD_00040]	Identification of required API and	[TPS_BSWMDT_04003]
	functions	[TPS_BSWMDT_04008]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04009]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04066]
\	· ·	·



[RS BSWMD 00041]	Declaration of the provided API	[TPS BSWMDT 04002]
	argument data types	[TPS_BSWMDT_04002] [TPS_BSWMDT_04007]
	argument data types	
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04009]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04010]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04011]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04012]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04066]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04091]
[RS BSWMD 00042]	Description of the required API	[TPS_BSWMDT_04003]
[]	argument data types	[TPS BSWMDT 04007]
	argument data types	[TPS BSWMDT 04009]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04010]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04011]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04012]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04066]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04091]
[RS_BSWMD_00043]	Support description of common	[TPS_BSWMDT_04030]
	published information	[TPS_BSWMDT_04031]
		TPS BSWMDT 04035
[RS BSWMD 00044]	Description of generated	[TPS BSWMDT 04041]
	artifacts	[TPS BSWMDT 04042]
[RS_BSWMD_00045]	Publish resources needed from	[TPS_BSWMDT_04026]
	AUTOSAR Services	[TPS_BSWMDT_04029]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04110]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04111]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04112]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04113]
		[TPS BSWMDT 04127]
[RS BSWMD 00046]	Publish OS resource usage	TPS BSWMDT 04006
[]		[TPS_BSWMDT_04072]
[RS_BSWMD_00047]	Modeling of call-chain	[TPS BSWMDT 04018]
	dependencies between BSW	
	Modules	
[RS_BSWMD_00048]	Tagging of Vendor-Specific	[TPS_BSWMDT_04076]
	Module Definition	
[RS_BSWMD_00049]	Describe optional and required	[TPS_BSWMDT_04063]
	elements	[TPS_BSWMDT_04064]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04065]
		TPS BSWMDT 04070
		TPS BSWMDT 04090
[RS_BSWMD_00050]	Allow vendor-specific	[TPS BSWMDT 04033]
[modification of Standardized	
	Module Definition	
[RS_BSWMD_00051]	Description of libraries	[TPS_BSWMDT_04071]
[RS_BSWMD_00052]	Description of the generated	[TPS_BSWMDT_04026]
	RTE	[TPS_BSWMDT_04048]
[RS_BSWMD_00053]	Cyclic time based scheduling of	[TPS_BSWMDT_04021]
	BSW Main Functions	[TPS_BSWMDT_04022]
		TPS_BSWMDT_04023
[RS_BSWMD_00054]	Mode Switches for BSW	[TPS BSWMDT 04004]
[modules shall be supported	[TPS BSWMDT 04013]
		[TPS BSWMDT 04021]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04025]



[RS_BSWMD_00055]	Simultaneous Mode transitions	[TPS_BSWMDT_04000]
[RS BSWMD 00056]	API for Mode switch notification	[TPS_BSWMDT_04074] [TPS_BSWMDT_04004]
[of BSW modules	[TPS BSWMDT 04013]
		TPS BSWMDT 04014
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04019]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04025]
[RS_BSWMD_00057]	Triggering of BSW Main	[TPS_BSWMDT_04005]
	Functions by Triggered Events	[TPS_BSWMDT_04015]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04021]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04023]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04024]
[RS_BSWMD_00058]	Simultaneous Triggering by	[TPS_BSWMDT_04000]
	Triggered Events	[TPS_BSWMDT_04074]
[RS_BSWMD_00059]	API for Triggering BSW modules by Triggered Events	[TPS_BSWMDT_04015] [TPS_BSWMDT_04019]
[RS_BSWMD_00060]	Support exclusive areas in BSW	[TPS_BSWMDT_04019]
[Modules and Application	
	Software Components	
[RS_BSWMD_00061]	Support for Debugging of	[TPS BSWMDT 04026]
	variables	[TPS_BSWMDT_04037]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04038]
[RS_BSWMD_00062]	Provide Measurement and	[TPS_BSWMDT_04026]
	Calibration Support	[TPS_BSWMDT_04027]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04056]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04057]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04058]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04059]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04060]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04061] [TPS_BSWMDT_04062]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04062] [TPS_BSWMDT_04078]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04087]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04088]
		[TPS BSWMDT 04114]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04115]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04128]
[RS_BSWMD_00063]	Allow enabling of providing	[TPS_BSWMDT_04089]
	Activating Bsw Event API	
[RS_BSWMD_00064]	Support optional configuration of	[TPS_BSWMDT_04081]
	ExclusiveArea usage within	[TPS_BSWMDT_04082]
	BSWModuleEntities	[TPS_BSWMDT_04083]
[RS_BSWMD_00065]	Provide Rapid Prototyping	[TPS_BSWMDT_04084] [TPS_BSWMDT_04094]
[כסטטט_טואואוכּם_סרון	Support	[TPS_BSWMD1_04094] [TPS_BSWMDT_04095]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04095]
[RS_BSWMD_00066]	BSW inter-partition client-server	[TPS_BSWMDT_04098]
[communication	[TPS BSWMDT 04099]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04100]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04102]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04103]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04104]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04105]



[RS_BSWMD_00067]	BSW inter-partition	[TPS_BSWMDT_04101]
	sender-receiver communication	[TPS_BSWMDT_04106]
		[TPS_BSWMDT_04107]
[RS_BSWMD_00068]	BSW Service Execution on	[TPS_BSWMDT_04108]
	Local or Remote Partition	[TPS_BSWMDT_04109]
[RS_BSWMD_00069]	Configuration for production	[TPS_BSWMDT_04110]
	errors and extended production	[TPS_BSWMDT_04111]
	errors	[TPS_BSWMDT_04112]

Some input requirements cannot (or not completely) be traced down to single specification items found in this document. They are satisfied by BSWMDT in a general way together with other documents as listed in the following:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04126] General meta-model methodology [These requirements are implicitly fulfilled because the BSWMDT follows the general methodology of the AUTOSAR meta-model defined in [1] and [8].](*RS_BSWMD_00008, RS_BSWMD_00029*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04076] ECUC features [These requirements are fulfilled by BSWMDT in general due to the possibility of linking ECU configuration artifacts with a BSWMD. For the specific features see [11]. $](RS_BSWMD_00013, RS_BSWMD_00048)]$

[TPS_BSWMDT_04077] Timing requirements and guarantees [These requirements are fulfilled by the Specification of Timing Extensions, see [12] due to the fact, that timing models can be linked to a BSWMD. The BSWMDT supports this by the specification of meta-model elements for execution time values.] (*RS_BSWMD_00015, RS_BSWMD_00016*)



3 Use Cases and Modeling Approach

3.1 Use Cases

There are several possible use cases for the BSWMDT. The following uses cases can be applied for BSW modules (ICC3 conformance class) or for BSW clusters (ICC2 conformance class) and for libraries. For convenience we often use the word "module" in this document as a synonym for all three types of artifacts.

A library can be seen as a special kind of module which provides services to be used within the basic or application software and which are accessed via direct function calls. Thus the following use cases can also be applied to a library. The main difference between a library and a "normal" BSW module is, that library services can directly be called from application SWCs without going via the RTE. As a consequence, there will be certain restrictions on the model elements which can be used for libraries, e.g. a library should not have scheduled functions. However, these restrictions are currently not formalized.

- The BSWMDT can be used to *specify* a BSW module or cluster (or a set of those) in terms of interfaces and dependencies before it is actually implemented. Details of the internal behavior and implementation are not filled out for this use case. Since the BSWMDT includes variation points, several variants of a BSW module or cluster can be described by a single specification (for details see chapter 11). According to the Methodology [4], artifacts on this level are delivered as BSW Design Bundle as a result of the activity Design Basic Software.
- The BSWMDT can be used as input for a *conformance test* which tests the conformance of the product (a module, cluster or library) with respect to the AUTOSAR standard. In other words this means that for a conformance test the BSWMD must be usable as an ICS (implementation conformance statement). See 12 for details. According to the Methodology, artifacts on this level are delivered as **BSW Module ICS Bundle**. Note that this delivery has to be distinguished from the following one (the BSW Module Delivered Bundle) because conformance tests require completely configured software.
- The BSWMDT can be used to describe an actually implemented BSW module or cluster delivered to the integrator of an AUTOSAR ECU. It will contain details of the internal behavior, the implementation and constraints w.r.t. the specification. Especially, there may be more than one implementation (for example for different processors) which have the same specification. According to the Methodology, artifacts on this level are part of a **BSW Module Delivered Bundle** as a result of the activity **Develop BSW Module** (the same delivery also contains the code, as far it is not generated during integration).
- The BSWMDT does not only serve as an "upstream" template i.e. as a format for information provided prior to ECU configuration time - but certain parts of the BSWMD can be used by the *integrator* to add further information or adjust information which was not available at the delivery time of the module. In



the Methodology, artifacts on this level are part of the **BSW Module Integration Bundle** and they are created or refined during the activity **Integrate Software for ECU**.

This use case includes for example adding documentation about the actual resource consumption and adding information in response to the needs of software components and other BSW modules integrated on the ECU (see chapter 5.4).

- Similar to the last case, the BSWMDT allows to add data which are generated from the 'upstream" descriptions in order to support measurement and calibration tools (see chapter 10).
- The source code which implements the RTE and the BSW Scheduler is typically generated completely during ECU integration. Therefore the parts of the BSWMD which documents the implementation of this code (e.g. version information, memory sections, data structures for calibration support), shall be generated or updated by the RTE generator (see [13] for mandatory parts to be generated).

Details of the work flow for the different use cases are not in the scope of this document (please refer to [4]), but the information to be provided in these various steps influences the meta-model of the BSWMDT.

There is only limited use for the BSWMDT to describe software according to ICC1 conformance class, because in this case the complete BSW (including RTE) on an ECU consists of one single cluster, so that no interfaces or dependencies within the BSW can be described by this template, which means that the relevant parts of the template will be empty. However, even in this case the BSWMDT may be used to document implementation aspects (e.g. the required compiler, resource consumption or vendor specific configuration parameters).

3.2 Three Layer Approach

The meta-model of the BSWMDT consists of three abstraction layers similar to the SWCT. This approach allows for a better reuse of the more abstract parts of the description. An overview is shown in Figure 3.1.



Specification of BSW Module Description Template AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

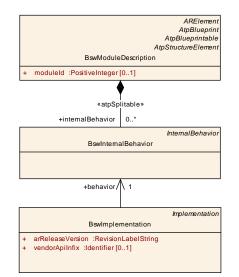


Figure 3.1: Three Layers of the BSW Module Description

The upper layer, the BswModuleDescription, contains the specification of all the provided and required interfaces including the dependencies to other modules.

The middle layer, the BswInternalBehavior, contains a model of some basic activity inside the module. This model defines the requirements of the module for the configuration of the OS and the BSW Scheduler. There may be several different instances of BswInternalBehavior based on the same BswModuleDescription (even on the same CPU, for example several drivers adhering to the same BswModuleDescription). The term "behavior" has been chosen in analogy to a similar term in the SWCT. Note that it is restricted only to the scheduling behavior here and does not describe the algorithmic behavior of the module or cluster.

The bottom layer, the BswImplementation contains information on the individual code. Again, there may be several instances of BswImplementation for the same BswInternalBehavior.

The usage of splitable aggregations resp. references between these layers instead of "ordinary" aggregations allows for more flexibility in the XML artifacts: If for example the BswInternalBehavior would aggregate BswImplementation, a concrete XML artifact of a BswInternalBehavior would have to be duplicated for every instance of BswImplementation. By using splitable aggregations and references, the layers may be kept in separate files and also the lower layers can be modified in later project phases. This is analog to the inclusion of header files in a C-source file: Several implementation files can share the same header file which typically declares more abstract things as function prototypes and the like. The relation from BswMod-uleDescription to BswInternalBehavior is a splitable aggregation instead of a reference for semantical reasons and in analogy to the SWCT.



3.3 Several Implementations of the same BSW Module or BSW Cluster

According to the three layer approach, the meta-class BswModuleDescription and an aggregated BswInternalBehavior describe a type of a BSW module or cluster, for which different implementations may exist which are represented by different BswImplementations (note that the name of the meta-class BswModuleDescription is misleading here, because this meta-class does not contain the complete description of a module or cluster).

In case the different implementations of a BSW module or cluster are compiled for different CPUs, the corresponding BSWMDs can be treated as separate artifacts which may share the BswModuleDescription and/or BswInternalBehavior.

In case the implementations are compiled for the same CPU, i.e. are integrated on the same ECU and same address space (for example CAN drivers for several CAN channels), their BSWMDs still should share the BswModuleDescription and (in case it is equal) the BswInternalBehavior, but there must be a mechanism to ensure, that the globally visible C symbols derived from the BswModuleDescription and BswInternalBehavior are unique. This is handled with infixes defined in the implementation part of the BSWMDT (see chapters 5.1 and 7).

3.4 Relation to SwComponentType

Some BSW modules or clusters not only have interfaces to other BSW modules or clusters, but have also more abstract interfaces accessed from Application SW-Cs via the RTE. These BSW modules or clusters can be AUTOSAR Services, part of the ECU Abstraction, or Complex Drivers.

The more abstract interfaces required here are called AUTOSAR Interfaces (see [6] and [5]).

These AUTOSAR Interfaces are described by means of the Software Component Template (SWCT), they consist of ports, port interfaces and their further detailing. The root classes of the SWCT used to describe these elements for BSW modules are ServiceSwComponentType, EcuAbstractionSwComponentType and ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType (see [6]) which all are derived from AtomicSwComponentType.

In addition, the function calls from the RTE into these BSW module must be modeled as RunnableEntity-s which are also contained in the SWCT. The root class of the SWCT used to describe the RunnableEntity-s (and a few other things) is called SwcInternalBehavior.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04000] BSW modules with AUTOSAR Interfaces [Thus for BSW modules or clusters which can be accessed via AUTOSAR Interfaces there must be an XML-artifact defining an AtomicSwComponentType and an SwcInternal-



Behavior in addition to the BSWMD.](RS_BSWMD_00001, RS_BSWMD_00039, RS_BSWMD_00055, RS_BSWMD_00058)

These additional descriptions are required to generate the RTE. Note that in the case of AUTOSAR Services the content of these additional descriptions can vary between different ECUs (for example due to the number of ports the RTE has to create for an AUTOSAR Service) and thus must be created per ECU. The detailed steps for creating these artifacts are described in [6].

In order to trace the dependencies between these additional SWCT descriptions and the associated BSWMD, there is a mapping between the classes SwcInternalBehavior and BswInternalBehavior, see chapter 6.11 for details.

Due to the usage of two different templates for the description of modules mentioned above (i.e. those which have ports for connection to the application software) there is a certain ambiguity how to described the scheduling: With the help of an event model defined in the BSWMDT (see chapter 6 in this document) or with an event model defined in the SwcInternalBehavior of the SWCT. The two different event models result in different interfaces toward the RTE (the BSW-Scheduler-style C-interfaces resp. the SWC-style C-interfaces which are both generated during RTE contract phase). For the standardized AUTOSAR Services defined up to now the SWC-style interfaces are only used for function calls directly related to communication via ports, whereas for e.g. cyclic events the BSW-Scheduler interfaces shall be used. Note, that there is no such rule for the BSW parts which are not standardized (ECU Abstraction and Complex Drivers).

Another special case arises when the BSW Scheduler or an interrupt routine triggers a cyclic function which then has to call into the RTE in order to access an SWC. In order to generate the RTE API with the means of the current SWCT, it is required to specify a RunnableEntity in this case even if it is not triggered by an RTE event.



4 BSW Module Description Overview

Figure 4.1 and the following class table show all the relations of the BSWMDT top layer, the BswModuleDescription.

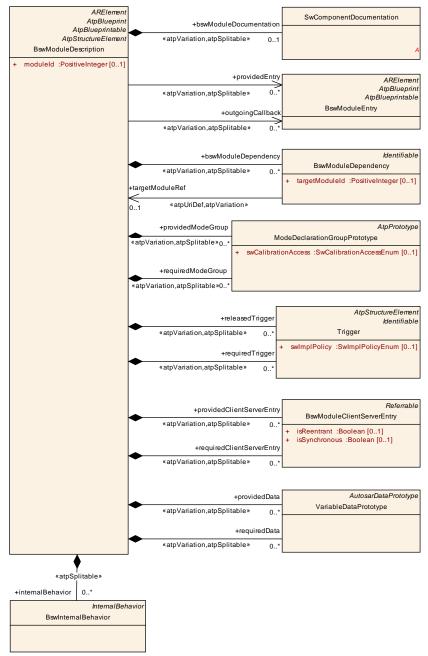


Figure 4.1: BSW Module Description Overview

[TPS_BSWMDT_04079] Usage of module shortName [For a standardized module of ICC3 conformance class the BswModuleDescription.shortName shall be chosen identical to the module abbreviation (resp. library abbreviation) defined in [14].](*RS_BSWMD_00001*)

In addition, the BswModuleDescription contains an attribute moduleId:



[constr_4019] BSW module identifier [BswModuleDescription.moduleId shall refer to the identifier of the standardized AUTOSAR modules according to [14], if applicable¹. Otherwise (e.g. for ICC2 clusters) the identifier must either be empty or chosen differently from the ones given in [14]. \rfloor ()

[TPS_BSWMDT_04071] Usage of module identifier and category [In any case, this identifier in the BSWMD shall be used to document the relation of an artifact to the standard and thus is a useful information for the conformance test. In addition to this, the generic category attribute (inherited from Identifiable) shall be used for a general classification of a BswModuleDescription as shown in the following table. This allows to check for constraints.](*RS_BSWMD_00001, RS_BSWMD_00014, RS_BSWMD_00051*)

[constr_4020] Categories of BswModuleDescription [

category	Explanation
BSW_MODULE	Specifies a single BSW module (ICC3 granularity).
BSW_CLUSTER	Specifies a BSW module cluster (ICC2 granularity).
LIBRARY	Specifies a Library (not restricted to be used within the BSW).

Table 4.1: BSWMD Categories

Other values or an empty value are not allowed. ()

[TPS_BSWMDT_04001] Attaching SwComponentDocumentation to a BSWMD [It is possible to attach documentation to a BswModuleDescription by using the metaclass SwComponentDocumentation. This uses the same concept as the documentation for software components and is described in detail in [6].] (*RS_BSWMD_00001*, *RS_BSWMD_00025*)

The meta-class BswModuleEntry describes a single C-function prototype (see chapter 5.1) and is used here as follows:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04002] Usage of BswModuleEntry [The interface exported by a BswModuleDescription is a set of providedEntry-s provided for the usage by other modules (including "main"-functions called by the BSW Scheduler) and of outgoingCallbacks which this module declares and which it calls if another modules requires it.](*RS_BSWMD_00039, RS_BSWMD_00041*)

The distinction between between provided functions and callbacks must be unambiguous:

[constr_4036] Entries linked to BswModuleDescription [

- BswModuleDescription.providedEntry.callType must not be `call-back'.
- BswModuleDescription.outgoingCallback.callType must always be `callback'.

¹Note that there may be more than one module in an ECU software with the same identifier, e.g. according to the standard Complex Drivers all have the same identifier.



]()

(for the definition of the attribute BswModuleEntry.callType see next section).

[TPS_BSWMDT_04003] BswModuleDependency [With the help of class BswModuleDependency it is possible to describe the requirements of a given BSW module onto another BSW module which among other things includes the interface imported from the other module, namely a set of requiredEntries and expectedCallbacks.](*RS_BSWMD_00040, RS_BSWMD_00042*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04004] BswModuleDescription.providedModeGroup [With the optional attribute providedModeGroup a BSW module can provide a set of modes (mode group) in order to control other BSW modules which in turn have to declare a corresponding requiredModeGroup.](*RS_BSWMD_00054*, *RS_BSWMD_00056*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04005] BswModuleDescription.releasedTrigger [With the optional attribute releasedTrigger a BSW module can declare a trigger which it releases. A trigger is used to raise events in other BSW modules which in turn have to declare a corresponding requiredTrigger.](*RS_BSWMD_00057*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04006] BswModuleDescription.internalBehavior [By the aggregation of class BswInternalBehavior in BswModuleDescription it is possible to add scheduling aspects to the description.](*RS_BSWMD_00030*, *RS_BSWMD_00046*)

The declaration of function calls, dependencies, triggers and modes make up the interface of a module or cluster to be used for communication among modules on the same memory and processor core. The details are described in chapter 5.

For communication between partition and/or core boundaries, additional declarations are required, see chapter 5.5

Class	BswModuleDescription			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswOverview			
Note	Root element for the description of a single BSW module or BSW cluster. In case it describes a BSW module, the short name of this element equals the name of the BSW module. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=BswModuleDescriptions			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, Atp StructureElement, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			

For BswInternalBehavior see chapter 6.



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
bswModul eDepende ncy	BswModuleDep endency	*	aggr	Describes the dependency to another BSW module.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=20
bswModul eDocumen	SwComponentD ocumentation	01	aggr	This adds a documentation to the BSW module.
tation				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=bswModuleDocumentation, variationPoint.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=6
internalBe havior	BswInternalBeh avior	*	aggr	The various BswInternalBehaviors associated with a BswModuleDescription can be distributed over several physical files. Therefore the aggregation is «atpSplitable».
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName
moduleId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	xml.sequenceOffset=65 Refers to the BSW Module Identifier defined by
modulcia	i ostiventegei	01		the AUTOSAR standard. For non-standardized modules, a proprietary identifier can be optionally chosen.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=5
outgoingC allback	BswModuleEntr y	*	ref	Specifies a callback, which will be called from this module if required by another module.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=outgoingCallback, variation
				Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=15
providedCli entServerE ntry	BswModuleClie ntServerEntry	*	aggr	Specifies that this module provides a client server entry which can be called from another parition or core. This entry is declared locally to this context
				and will be connected to the requiredClientServerEntry of another or the same module via the configuration of the BSW
				Scheduler.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation
				Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=45



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
providedD ata	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	Specifies a data prototype provided by this module in order to be read from another partition or core. The providedData is declared locally to this context and will be connected to the requiredData of another or the same module via the configuration of the BSW Scheduler. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=55
providedE ntry	BswModuleEntr y	*	ref	Specifies an entry provided by this module which can be called by other modules. This includes "main" functions and interrupt routines, but not callbacks (because the signature of a callback is defined by the caller). Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=providedEntry, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=10
providedM odeGroup	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	*	aggr	A set of modes which is owned and provided by this module or cluster. It can be connected to the requiredModeGroups of other modules or clusters via the configuration of the BswScheduler. It can also be synchronized with modes provided via ports by an associated ServiceSwComponentType, EcuAbstractionSwComponentType or ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=25
releasedTri gger	Trigger	*	aggr	A Trigger released by this module or cluster. It can be connected to the requiredTriggers of other modules or clusters via the configuration of the BswScheduler. It can also be synchronized with Triggers provided via ports by an associated ServiceSwComponentType, EcuAbstractionSwComponentType or ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=35



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
requiredCli entServerE ntry	BswModuleClie ntServerEntry	*	aggr	Specifies that this module requires a client server entry which can be implemented on another parition or core. This entry is declared locally to this context and will be connected to the providedClientServerEntry of another or the same module via the configuration of the BSW Scheduler. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
requiredDa ta	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	xml.sequenceOffset=50 Specifies a data prototype required by this module in oder to be provided from another partition or core.The requiredData is declared locally to this context and will be connected to the providedData of another or the same module via the configuration of the BswScheduler. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=60
requiredM odeGroup	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	*	aggr	Specifies that this module or cluster depends on a certain mode group. The requiredModeGroup is local to this context and will be connected to the providedModeGroup of another module or cluster via the configuration of the BswScheduler. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=30
requiredTri gger	Trigger	*	aggr	Specifies that this module or cluster reacts upon an external trigger. This required Trigger is declared locally to this context and will be connected to the provided Trigger of another module or cluster via the configuration of the BswScheduler. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=40

Table 4.2: BswModuleDescription



5 BSW Interface

This chapter describes the meta-model elements which are used to define the interface level of a BSW module: The description of providedEntry-s, declaration of mode groups, declaration of triggers, dependencies from other modules and the interfaces for inter-partition communication.

5.1 BSW Module Entry

[TPS_BSWMDT_04007] BswModuleEntry [The meta-class BswModuleEntry is used to model the signature of a C-function call](*RS_BSWMD_00011*, *RS_BSWMD_00038*, *RS_BSWMD_00041*, *RS_BSWMD_00042*), see figure 5.1.

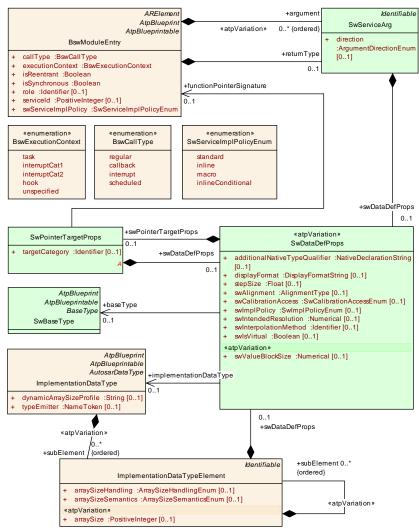


Figure 5.1: Details of meta-class BswModuleEntry



The attributes of meta-class BswModuleEntry are shown in the following table. The attribute serviceId is used to identify the C-function and thus is an important information for an AUTOSAR conformance test.

[constr_4013] BSW service identifier [For Standardized Interfaces, this identifier is defined in the AUTOSAR Software Specification (SWS) of the module. In case the C-function prototype represented by the entry is not standardized, it still can be used optionally, but its value must differ from the standardized ones. |()

Class	BswModuleEntry					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswInterfaces		
Note	This class represents a single API entry (C-function prototype) into the BSW module or cluster.					
	The name of the (The name of the C-function is equal to the short name of this element with one				
				ances of a module on the same CPU, special rules of class BswImplementation.		
	Tags: atp.recomm	nendedF	ackage	=BswModuleEntrys		
Base				nt,AtpBlueprintable,Collectable eReferrable,PackageableElement,Referrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
argument (ordered)	SwServiceArg	*	aggr	An argument belonging to this BswModuleEntry.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivation Time		
				xml.sequenceOffset=45		
callType	BswCallType	1	attr	The type of call associated with this service.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=25		
executionC ontext	BswExecutionC ontext	1	attr	Specifies the execution context which is required (in case of entries into this module) or guaranteed (in case of entries called from this module) for this service.		
i- De custura a	Declass	4	- 44.1	Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30		
isReentran t	Boolean	1	attr	Reentrancy from the viewpoint of function callers:		
t .				 True: Enables the service to be invoked again, before the service has finished. 		
				 False: It is prohibited to invoke the service again before is has finished. 		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=15		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
isSynchron ous	Boolean	1	attr	Synchronicity from the viewpoint of function callers:
				 True: This calls a synchronous service, i.e. the service is completed when the call returns.
				 False: The service (on semantical level) may not be complete when the call returns.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20
returnType	SwServiceArg	01	aggr	The return type belonging to this bswModuleEntry.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40
role	Identifier	01	ref	Specifies the role of the entry in the given context. It shall be equal to the standardized name of the service call, especially in cases where no ServiceIdentifier is specified, e.g. for callbacks. Note that the ShortName is not always sufficient because it maybe vendor specific (e.g. for callbacks which can have more than one instance).
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=10
serviceld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Refers to the service identifier of the Standardized Interfaces of AUTOSAR basic software. For non-standardized interfaces, it can optionally be used for proprietary identification.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=5
swServicel mplPolicy	SwServiceImplP olicyEnum	1	attr	Denotes the implementation policy as a standard function call, inline function or macro. This has to be specified on interface level because it determines the signature of the call.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=35

Table 5.1: BswModuleEntry

Enumeration	BswExecutionContext			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswInterfaces			
Note	Specifies the execution context required or guaranteed for the call associated with this service.			
Literal	Description			
hook	Context of an OS "hook" routine always			
interruptCat1	CAT1 interrupt context always			
interruptCat2	CAT2 interrupt context always			
task	Task context always			
unspecified	The execution context is not specified by the API			

Table 5.2: BswExecutionContext



The RTE and *Basic Software Scheduler* do support the invocation of triggered ExecutableEntity via direct function call in some special cases. Nevertheless it shall be prevented that an ExecutableEntity from a particular execution context calls a triggered ExecutableEntity which requires an execution context with more permissions. The table 5.3 lists the supported combinations.

[constr_4086] invocation of ExecutableEntitys by direct function call dependent from BswExecutionContext [

caller's BswExecution-Context ¹	callee's BswExecutionContext ¹				
	task	interruptCat2	interruptCat1	hook	unspecified
task	Supported	Supported	Supported		Supported
interruptCat2		Supported	Supported		Supported
interruptCat1			Supported		Supported
hook					
unspecified	Supported				Supported

Table 5.3: Possible invocation of ExecutableEntitys by direct function call dependent
from BswExecutionContext

For example (fourth column), the invocation of an ExecutableEntity with an interruptCat1 BswExecutionContext can be implemented with a direct function call if the BswExecutionContext of the caller BswModuleEntry is set to task, interruptCat2, Or interruptCat1.

This applies to the invocation of a triggered ExecutableEntity by the SchM_Trigger, SchM_ActMain or Rte_Trigger APIs, or to the invocation of an OnEntry ExecutableEntity, OnTransition ExecutableEntity, OnExit ExecutableEntity Or mode switch acknowledge ExecutableEntity by the SchM_Switch or Rte_Switch APIs. For more information about the technical terms refer to [13]

]()

Enumeration	BswCallType			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswInterfaces			
Note	Denotes the mechanism by which the entry into the Bsw module shall be called.			
Literal	Description			
callback	Callback (i.e. the caller specifies the signature)			
interrupt	Interrupt routine			
regular	Regular API call			
scheduled	Called by the scheduler			

Table 5.4: BswCallType

Enumeration	SwServiceImplPolicyEnum
-------------	-------------------------

¹The execution context of a RunnableEntity is considered as task



Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceProcessTask				
Note	This specifies the legal values for the implementation policies for services (in AUTOSAR: BswModuleEntry-s).				
Literal	Description				
inline	inline service definition.				
inlineCondi- tional	The service (in AUTOSAR: BswModuleEntry) is implemented in a way that it either resolves to an inline function or to a standard function depending on conditions set at a later point in time. This could be handled by using the AUTOSAR compiler abstraction macros (INLINE, LOCAL_INLINE) and/or by further compiler switches depending on ECU configuration values.				
macro	macro service definition.				
standard	Standard service and default value, if nothing is defined.				

Table 5.5: SwServiceImplPolicyEnum

[constr_4014] Call type and execution context [Within a given BswModuleEntry, the following constraint holds for its attributes:

- callType=='interrupt' is not allowed together with executionContext=='task' or =='hook'
- callType=='scheduled' is not allowed together with
 executionContext=='interruptCat1' or =='interruptCat2'
- other combinations of these two enums are allowed

]()

[TPS_BSWMDT_04008] C-symbol of BswModuleEntry [The shortName of a BswModuleEntry shall be equal to the name of the C-function implementing it, with one exception: In case of several instances of the same module (e.g. several CAN drivers) on a single CPU, the C-function names must be made unique by inserting additional characters called "infixes". Since each BSW module instance is implemented by a separate piece of code, the infixes are defined as part of each single BswImplementation of the providing module.](*RS_BSWMD_00039, RS_BSWMD_00040*) For details see 7.

As a result, also the code of a module requiring a BswModuleEntry with infixes needs some adjustment, but this adjustment can be made only at integration time. Currently there is no standardized mechanisms for this task in AUTOSAR, but it can be solved with vendor specific configuration parameters (of the requiring modules) whose values are set at integration time according to the infixes of the actually providing modules.



[TPS_BSWMDT_04009] Usage of SwServiceArg [Class SwServiceArg² is used to declare the properties of the function arguments as well as of the return type.](*RS_BSWMD_00039, RS_BSWMD_00040, RS_BSWMD_00041, RS_BSWMD_00042*)

Class	SwServiceArg				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceProcessTask				
Note	Specifies the properties of a data object exchanged during the call of an SwService, e.g. an argument or a return value. The SwServiceArg can also be used in the argument list of a C-macro. For this purpose the category shall be set to "MACRO". A reference to implementationDataType can optional be added if the actual argument has an implementationDataType.				
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mult	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	II. Kind Note		
direction	ArgumentDirecti onEnum	01	attr	Specifies the direction of the data transfer. The direction shall indicate the direction of the actual information that is being consumed by the caller and/or the callee, not the direction of formal arguments in C. The attribute is optional for backwards compatibility reasons. For example, if a pointer is used to pass a memory address for the expected result, the direction shall be "out". If a pointer is used to pass a memory address with content to be read by the callee, its direction shall be "in". Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=10	
swArraysiz e	ValueList	01	aggr	This turns the argument of the service to an array. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20	
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProp s	01	aggr	Data properties of this SwServiceArg. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30	

Table 5.6: SwServiceArg

[TPS_BSWMDT_04010]

SwServiceArg.swDataDefProps.implementationDataType [shall be used to relate the data definition to a reusable type definition (corresponds to a C typedef). Because ImplementationDataType is an ARElement and itself contains SwDataDefProps, it is possible to declare the required data properties as part of an ImplementationDataType and reuse it as a data type by referring to it.](RS_BSWMD_00041, RS_BSWMD_00042)

²SwServiceArg and its attributes belong to the meta-model part re-engineered from MSR-SW. This subset of MSR-SW is defined by the AUTOSAR meta-model and the XML schema published as part of an AUTOSAR release. The relevant classes are shown as green in the class diagrams. See [6] and [15] for more explanation.



ImplementationDataTypeElement within an ImplementationDataType allows
to declare composite types (corresponding to C-structs or -arrays).

[TPS_BSWMDT_04011]

SwServiceArg.swDataDefProps.swPointerTargetProps [together with its category (see [6]) is used to declare an argument or return type as a pointer to either another data object or to a function: |(*RS_BSWMD_00041, RS_BSWMD_00042*)

Class	SwPointerTargetProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::DataDefProperties				
Note	 This element defines, that the data object (which is specified by the aggregating element) contains a reference to another data object or to a function in the CPU code. This corresponds to a pointer in the C-language. The attributes of this element describe the category and the detailed properties of the target which is either a data description or a function signature. 				
Base	ARObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
functionPoi nterSignat ure	BswModuleEntr y	01	ref	The referenced BswModuleEntry serves as the signature of a function pointer definition. Primary use case: function pointer passed as argument to other function. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40	
swDataDef	SwDataDefProp	01	aggr	The properties of the target data type.	
Props	s	01	ayyı	Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30	
targetCate	Identifier	01	ref	This specifies the category of the target:	
gory				 In case of a data pointer, it shall specify the category of the referenced data. 	
				 In case of a function pointer, it could be used to denote the category of the referenced BswModuleEntry. Since currently no categories for BswModuleEntry are defined it will be empty. 	
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=5	

[constr_4021] Implementation policy of function pointer target [

A BswModuleEntry can only be used as target of a function pointer (SwPointerTargetProps.functionPointerSignature), if its swServiceImplPolicy is 'standard'.]()

For more information on ImplementationDataType, SwBaseType and the usage of SwServiceArg.category in relation to SwDataDefProps see [6]. Note that due to constraints on SwServiceArg.category (the category VALUE is not allowed), it is not possible to base the declaration of SwServiceArg directly on a SwBaseType,



i.e. SwServiceArg.swDataDefProps.baseType must never be set.

Function signatures containing the keyword **void** in C deserve special attention:

[constr_4056] BswModuleEntry with no returnType

In case of an empty return type ("void" in C) the reference BswModuleEntry.return-Type shall not be set.]()

[constr_4057] BswModuleEntry with no argument [

In case of an empty argument list ("void" in C) no reference BswModuleEntry.argument shall be set. |()

Note that nonetheless a SwBaseType exists which represents the **void** type as a pointer target.

[constr_4087] Usage of category "MACRO" [

It is only allowed to use the category "MACRO" for SwServiceArg if the owning BswModuleEntry has its swServiceImplPolicy attribute set to macro. ()

Furthermore the usage of category "MACRO" defined in chapter "Data Categories" in [6] is restricted to SwServiceArg like defined in [constr_4087]. It is still supported that BswModuleEntry being a macro describes its SwServiceArg with other categories defined in table 5.7 in [6] in order to express the assumed type of the return value and macro argument.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04012] SwServiceArg.direction [allows to declare the direction of data flow] (*RS_BSWMD_00041, RS_BSWMD_00042*) (the attribute was introduced in R4.0.3 and is optional for backwards compatibility reasons):

Enumeration	ArgumentDirectionEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Primitive Types
Note	Use cases:
	 Arguments in ClientServerOperation can have different directions that need to be formally indicated because they have an impact on how the function signature looks like eventually.
	 Arguments in BswModuleEntry already determine a function signature, but the direction is used to specify the semantics, especially of pointer arguments.
Literal	Description
in	The argument value is passed to the callee.
inout	The argument value is passed to the callee but also passed back from the callee to the caller.
out	The argument value is passed from the callee to the caller.

Table 5.8: ArgumentDirectionEnum

This value must be chosen compatible to the role and the formal signature of the SwServiceArg instance:



[constr_4052] BswModuleEntry returnType direction [

BswModuleEntry.returnType.direction must not have the value in or inout. ()

[constr_4053] BswModuleEntry argument direction [

If BswModuleEntry.argument.direction has the value **out** or **inout**, the corresponding BswModuleEntry.argument.swDataDefProps plus eventually referred ImplementationDataType must be such that they result in a pointer declaration.]()

It is also possible to specify function signatures containing the keyword **enum** in C³:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04091] Function signature containing the keyword enum in C [The respective ImplementationDataType Or ImplementationDataTypeElement has to include the string "enum" in the associated SwDataDefProps.additionalNativeTypeDeclaration and use an associated CompuMethod with category TEXTTABLE.

Hints: This information can be used by a code generator to create the correct signature. In case this method is applied to generate C-style enums it should be avoided to use the same CompuMethod as input to a generator (for example the RTE generator) that produces preprocessor literals instead. Otherwise, the enumliterals and the preprocessor-literals might get in conflict. $\[(RS_BSWMD_00041, RS_BSWMD_00042)\]$

5.2 BSW Mode Declaration

[TPS_BSWMDT_04013] Usage of BswModuleDescription.providedMode-Group [With the optional attribute providedModeGroup a BSW module can declare one or more ModeDeclarationGroupPrototypes, each defining a set of modes (mode group) which is used to control the activity of other BSW modules. Those other modules which require to be controlled by the mode group, must declare a compatible ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype as attribute requiredModeGroup. See figure 5.2.](*RS_BSWMD_00054, RS_BSWMD_00056*)

³Note that the usage of C-enum types is not allowed for signatures created by the RTE generator.



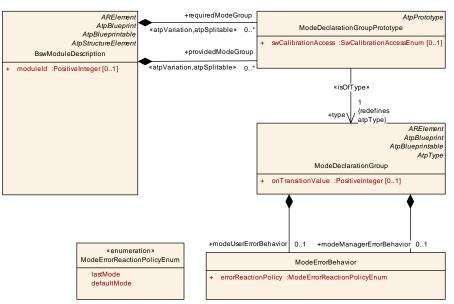


Figure 5.2: Details of BSW Interfaces for modes

For the compatibility of ModeDeclarationGroupPrototypes see [6] [constr_1074]. These declarations allow for the appropriate API generation and coordination of mode switches by the BSW Scheduler. Note that the configuration of the BSW Scheduler actually determines which provided mode group is connected to which required one. This makes the specification of the individual module independent of the overall BSW setup.

A ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype is based on a type definition by meta-class ModeDeclarationGroup. It is possible to use the same ModeDeclarationGroup within the basic software and for software components above the RTE as well, therefore ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype and ModeDeclarationGroup are part of the CommonStructure package of the meta-model. For more information on the semantics of modes see [6].

By aggregation of ModeErrorBehavior a ModeDeclarationGroup can define the behavior of mode managers and/or mode users in case of errors. This is further explained in [6], chapter "Mode Error Behavior".

Class	ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ModeDeclaration			
Note		The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype specifies a set of Modes (ModeDeclarationGroup) which is provided or required in the given context.					
Base	ARObject,AtpFeat	ture,Atp	Prototyp	e, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note					
swCalibrati onAccess	SwCalibrationA ccessEnum	01	attr	This allows for specifying whether or not the enclosing ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype can be measured at run-time.			



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
type	ModeDeclaratio nGroup	1	tref	The "collection of ModeDeclarations" (= ModeDeclarationGroup) supported by a component
				Stereotypes: isOfType

Table 5.9: ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype

Note that by aggregating SwCalibrationAccessEnum in the role swCalibrationAccess ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype gains the ability to become measurable. For the constraint on the possible values of swCalibrationAccess please refer to [6].

Class	ModeDeclarationGroup							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration							
Note	A collection of Mode Declarations. Also, the initial mode is explicitly identified.							
	Tags: atp.recomn	nendedF	Package	=ModeDeclarationGroups				
Base		lement,		nt,AtpBlueprintable,AtpClassifier,Atp ble,MultilanguageReferrable,Packageable				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note				
initialMode	ModeDeclaratio n	1	ref	The initial mode of the ModeDeclarationGroup. This mode is active before any mode switches occurred.				
modeDecl aration	ModeDeclaratio n	1*	aggr	The ModeDeclarations collected in this ModeDeclarationGroup.				
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivation Time				
modeMana gerErrorBe havior	ModeErrorBeha vior	01	aggr	This represents the ability to define the error behavior expected by the mode manager in case of errors on the mode user side (e.g. terminated mode user).				
modeTran sition	ModeTransition	*	aggr	This represents the avaliable ModeTransitions of the ModeDeclarationGroup				
modeUser ErrorBeha vior	ModeErrorBeha vior	01	aggr	This represents the definition of the error behavior expected by the mode user in case of errors on the mode manager side (e.g. terminated mode manager).				
onTransitio nValue	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The value of this attribute shall be taken into account by the RTE generator for programmatically representing a value used for the transition between two statuses.				

Table 5.10: ModeDeclarationGroup



Class	ModeDeclaration	า				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ModeDeclaration		
Note		Declaration of one Mode. The name and semantics of a specific mode is not defined in the meta-model.				
Base	ARObject, AtpClas Referrable, Referr		pFeatur	e,AtpStructureElement,Identifiable,Multilanguage		
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
value	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The RTE shall take the value of this attribute for generating the source code representation of this ModeDeclaration.		

Table 5.11: ModeDeclaration

Class	ModeTransition					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ModeDeclaration		
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to describe possible ModeTransitions in the context of a ModeDeclarationGroup.				
Base		ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
enteredMo de	ModeDeclaratio n	1	ref	This represents the entered model of the ModeTransition.		
exitedMod e	ModeDeclaratio n	1	ref	This represents the exited mode of the ModeTransition		

Table 5.12: ModeTransition

Class	ModeErrorBehav	ModeErrorBehavior				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ModeDeclaration		
Note	This represents th	e ability	to defin	e the error behavior in the context of mode handling.		
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
defaultMod e	ModeDeclaratio n	01	ref	This represents the ModeDeclaration that is considered the error mode in the context of the enclosing ModeDeclarationGroup.		
errorReacti onPolicy	ModeErrorReac tionPolicyEnum	1	attr	This represents the ability to define the policy in terms of which default model shall apply in case an error occurs.		

Table 5.13: ModeErrorBehavior

Enumeration	ModeErrorReactionPolicyEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration
Note	This represents the ability to specify the reaction on a mode error.
Literal	Description
defaultMode	This represents the ability to switch to the defaultMode in case of a mode error.
lastMode	This represents the ability to keep the last mode in case of a mode error.

Table 5.14: ModeErrorReactionPolicyEnum



In order to avoid conflicts in generated header files which might be included in the same C-file, the following constraint holds:

[constr_4059] Different mode groups referred by a BSWM must have different names [A BswModuleDescription may not refer to different ModeDeclarationGroups (via requiredModeGroup and/or providedModeGroup) having the same shortName but different elements. |()

The attributes ModeDeclaration.value and ModeDeclarationGroup.onTransitionValue and the category of ModeDeclarationGroup allow to determine the generation of source code from the formal definition. For constraints on these attributes refer to [6].

[TPS_BSWMDT_04014] ModeRequestTypeMap in BSW [Furthermore, it is required to define a ModeRequestTypeMap in order to explicitly specify by which data type a ModeDeclarationGroup is implemented:](RS_BSWMD_00056)

Class	ModeRequestTy	ModeRequestTypeMap					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ModeDeclaration			
Note	Specifies a mapping between a ModeDeclarationGroup and an ImplementationDataType. This ImplementationDataType shall be used to implement the ModeDeclarationGroup.						
Base	ARObject						
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
implement ationDataT ype	Implementation DataType	1	ref	This is the corresponding ImplementationDataType. It shall be modeled along the idea of an "unsigned integer-like" data type.			
modeGrou p	ModeDeclaratio nGroup	1	ref	This is the corresponding ModeDeclarationGroup.			

Table 5.15: ModeRequestTypeMap

[constr_4063] Restrictions of ModeRequestTypeMap in BSW [For every ModeDeclarationGroup referenced by a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype used in a BswModuleDescription a ModeRequestTypeMap shall exist that points to the ModeDeclarationGroup and also to an eligible ImplementationDataType.

The ModeRequestTypeMap shall be aggregated by a DataTypeMappingSet which is referenced from the BswInternalBehavior that is aggregated by the BswModuleDescription. \rfloor ()

Refer to [6] for restrictions on the ImplementationDataType that can be used for such a mapping. Since provided and required modes are connected via ECU configuration, it is not possible to check constraints on these ImplementationDataTypes on the level of BSWMDs only.



5.3 BSW Trigger Declaration

[TPS_BSWMDT_04015] Usage of Trigger in BSW [With the optional attribute releasedTrigger a BSW module can declare that it releases one or more Triggers which are used to trigger events across BSW modules. Other modules which want to react on such a trigger, must declare a compatible Trigger as attribute requiredTrigger (for the compatibility of Triggers refer to [6] [constr_1038]). These declarations together with the associated event model (see chapter 6.7) allow for the appropriate API generation and coordination by the BSW Scheduler.](*RS_BSWMD_00057, RS_BSWMD_00059*)

Note that the configuration of the BSW Scheduler actually determines which released trigger is connected to which required one. This makes the specification of the individual module independent of the overall BSW setup.

Class	Trigger					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::TriggerDeclaration		
Note		A trigger which is provided (i.e. released) or required (i.e. used to activate something) in the given context.				
Base	ARObject, AtpClas Referrable, Referra		pFeature	e,AtpStructureElement,Identifiable,Multilanguage		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
swImplPoli cy	SwImplPolicyEn um	01	attr	This attribute, when set to value queued, allows for a queued processing of Triggers.		
triggerPeri od	Multidimensiona ITime	01	aggr	Optional definition of a period in case of a periodically (time or angle) driven external trigger.		

Table 5.16: Trigger

A Trigger declaration can optionally set an attribute to define its queuing behavior. This is in more detail explained in [6]. The usage of the enumeration type SwImplPolicyEnum in Trigger.swImplPolicy is restricted in the following way:

[constr_4060] Allowed values of Trigger.swImplPolicy for BSW [The only allowed values for the attribute Trigger.swImplPolicy are either STANDARD (in which case the Trigger processing does not use a queue) or QUEUED (in which case the processing of Triggers positively uses a queue).]()

5.4 BSW Module Dependency

5.4.1 General

Figure 5.3 and the following table show the details of class BswModuleDependency. This class represents the expectations of one BSW module or cluster on another BSW module or cluster.



It should be noted, that in order to define a dependency it is not required to have a complete model of the the targeted BswModuleDescription. This allows to maintain each BSWMD separately. Nonetheless, the target module needs to be identified by the attribute BswModuleDependency.targetModuleId and/or the «atpUriDef» reference BswModuleDependency.targetModuleRef. Of course, if both attributes are used their values must be consistent.

Because the module identifier is not always sufficient to identify the target module (e.g. Complex Drivers all have the same module ID), the usage of targetModuleRef is recommended.

A module cannot state a dependency to itself: [constr_4038] bswModuleDependency must refer to a different module

- BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDependency.targetModuleId (if given) must differ from BswModuleDescription.moduleId. This does not hold if the value is 254 (used for IO Hardware Abstraction modules) or 255 (used for Complex Driver modules).
- BswModuleDependency.targetModuleRef (if given) must differ from the package location of the BswModuleDescription that owns the BswModuleDependency.



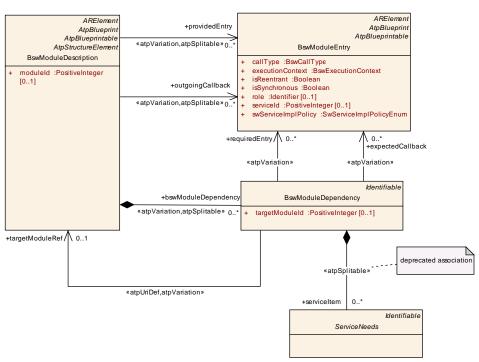


Figure 5.3: Details of class BswModuleDependency



Class	BswModuleDepe	ndency	1			
Package		-		oduleTemplate::BswInterfaces		
Note	This class collects the dependencies of a BSW module or cluster on a certain other BSW module.					
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
expectedC allback	BswModuleEntr y	*	ref	Indicates a callback expected to be called from another module and implemented by this module. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
				xml.sequenceOffset=15		
requiredEn try	BswModuleEntr y	*	ref	Indicates an entry into another modules which is required by this module. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=10		
serviceIte m	ServiceNeeds	*	aggr	A single item (example: Nv block) for which the quality of a service is defined. The aggregation is marked as «atpSplitable» to allow for extension during the ECU configuration process. This association is deprecated since R4.0.3, since ServiceNeeds shall be associated with the new element BswServiceDependency within the BswInternalBehavior. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName; atp. Status=removed xml.sequenceOffset=20		
targetMod uleId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	AUTOSAR identifier of the target module of which the dependencies are defined. This information is optional, because the target module may also be identified by targetModuleRef. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=5		
targetMod uleRef	BswModuleDes cription	01	ref	Reference to the target module. It is an «atpUriDef» because the reference shall be used to identify the target module without actually needing the description of that target module. Stereotypes: atpUriDef; atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=7		

Table 5.17: BswModuleDependency



The set of requiredEntry-s and expectedCallbacks represent the interface imported from another module in terms of function calls.

5.4.2 Dependency and Packages

It is important to note that via BswModuleDependency the module description that owns the dependency refers to model elements which are also referred by the description of the module it depends on. This holds especially for instances of BswModuleEntry but also for other ARElements like data types referred from there. In order to avoid inconsistencies, one should put such mutually used M1 elements under a well defined location in terms of ARPackages.

Rules for the package location of standardized M1 model elements are given in [1], chapter *Identifying M1 elements in packages*. As a consequence we can state:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04016] Location of standardized BswModuleEntry-s [Instances of standardized BswModuleEntrys defined for an AUTOSAR module <module>⁴ shall be located under a package

AUTOSAR_<module>/BswModuleEntrys/

(*RS_BSWMD_00001*, *RS_BSWMD_00028*)

for example

AUTOSAR_Can/BswModuleEntrys/Can_SetControllerMode

[TPS_BSWMDT_04017] Reference to standardized BswModuleEntry-s [If a BSWMD refers to a standardized BswModuleEntry via its BswModuleDependency.requiredEntry Or BswModuleDependency.expectedCallBack it shall also use the path

AUTOSAR_<module>/BswModuleEntrys/

thus indicating that it relies on the AUTOSAR compliant implementation of the referred API functions. |(*RS BSWMD 00001, RS BSWMD 00028*)

It is highly recommended to follow an analog pattern (but not starting with AUTOSAR) for the package names of non-standardized ARElements too.⁵ If a BSWMD refers in its dependency to a path like

<vendor_specific_prefix>_<module>/BswModuleEntrys/

for example

VendorX_Can/BswModuleEntrys/Can_SpecialFunction

⁴Here <module> is the module abbreviation of the standardized ICC3 module to which the API is belongs.

⁵The recommended name of the package that should be the immediate container of instances of a given meta-class derived from <u>ARElement</u> is defined as an UML-tag and can be seen in the respective class table.



this would indicate that the BSWMD relies on a vendor specific function resp. callback of the referred module (for example *Can*).

In addition, the value of targetModuleRef should be set to

VendorX_Can/BswModuleDescriptions/Can

In this example, we would instead of *Can* use a non-standardized module name if the referred module is a Complex Driver. In this case, the module name would be equal to the BswModuleDescription.shortName of the BSWMD of that Complex Driver.

5.4.3 Dependency: Examples and Constraints

Note that requiredEntry-s and expectedCallbacks do also include calls in interrupt context. An example could be as follows:

Consider we want to describe the callback-dependencies of an external EEPROM driver module from the (standardized) AUTOSAR SPI module. Consider the SPI driver offers an outgoing callback "EndJobNotification" always called in interrupt context. To describe the dependency we would have to create an instance BswModuleDescrip-tion.bswModuleDependency and do the following assignments:

- bswModuleDependency.targetModuleId = module identifier of the SPI driver (alternatively, we could use bswModuleDependency.targetModuleRef)
- bswModuleDependency.expectedCallback = signature+name of "'EndJob-Notification"
- bswModuleDependency.expectedCallback.callType = 'callback'
- bswModuleDependency.expectedCallback.executionContext = 'interrupt' (i.e. the required context)

The distinction between between required (i.e. called) functions and expected (i.e. implemented) callbacks must be unambiguous and is related to the attribute callType:

[constr_4037] Entries linked to ARMetaClassBswModuleDependency [

- BswModuleDependency.requiredEntry.callType must always be 'regular'.
- BswModuleDependency.expectedCallback.callType must always be 'callback'.

]()

Figure 5.4 shows another example for an M1 model of a dependency between two hypothetical BSW modules. The dependency includes one regular function implemented



by the lower layer module "Any" (which could stand for an MCAL module) and two callbacks implemented by the upper layer Module "MyComplexDriver"⁶.

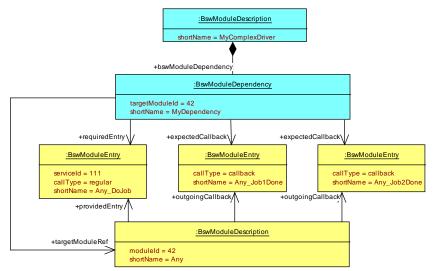


Figure 5.4: Example for an M1 model of a dependency between two modules

Note that the model of the outgoing callbacks can (in general) only be completed at configuration time, because the number and names of the BswModuleEntrys used as callbacks might be unknown at the time the BSWMD of the lower level module is delivered. However at that point in time it is still possible to describe the signature of the callback function by using an AtpBlueprint of the intended BswModuleEntry and to deliver this description together with the BSWMD of the lower level module. For more details on the blueprint concept refer to [9].

In addition to direct function calls, two BSW modules can also be connected via triggers or modes declared in their interfaces. This does not show up as a dependency, because the actual connection is created by the configuration of the BSW Scheduler.

Note that a BswModuleDependency can also contain ServiceNeeds. However, this is a deprecated relationship (only allowed for backwards compatibility) since the declaration of ServiceNeeds has been moved to the internal behavior level, see chapter 6.12.

⁶The AUTOSAR BSW architecture distinguishes the semantics of *callback* and *callout*: Whereas a *callback* notifies something to an upper layer module, a *callout* is used to add functionality to the calling module. Within the BSWMD, these two mechanisms can be described in the same way.



5.5 BSW Inter-Partition Interface

5.5.1 Overview

AUTOSAR BSW has the ability to communicate across partition boundaries which includes communication across processor core boundaries.⁷

While this is in general possible over the RTE by using Ports and Software Components (e.g. Complex Drivers) on top of the BSW modules, there exist more efficient mechanisms of doing this with the help of "glue code" provided by the BSW Scheduler part of the RTE. See [16] for a detailed guideline.

These mechanisms follow the Client-Server communication pattern or the Sender-Receiver communication pattern of the VFB - see [17] - but cannot be used for inter-ECU communication.

The required meta-model part is shown in Figure 5.5.

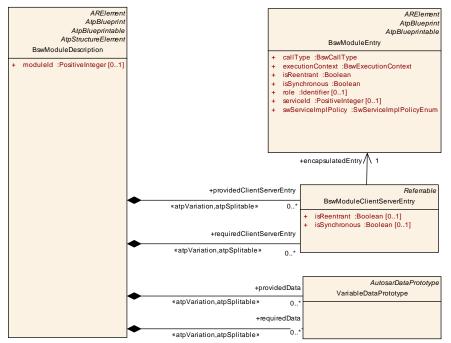


Figure 5.5: BSW Interfaces for inter-partition and multicore communication

5.5.2 Client-Server

⁷AUTOSAR currently supports at most one BSW partition per core. However, the meta-model part described here is independent on this restriction.



Class	BswModuleClier	ntServer	Entry					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswInterfaces							
Note	This meta-class represents a single API entry into the BSW module or cluster that has the ability to be called in client-server fashion via the BSW Scheduler. In this regard it is more special than BswModuleEntry and can be seen as a wrapper around the BswModuleEntry to which it refers (property encapsulatedEntry). Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=BswModuleEntrys							
Base	ARObject, Referra	ble						
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note				
encapsulat edEntry	BswModuleEntr y	1	ref	The underlying BswModuleEntry. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=5				
isReentran t	Boolean	01	attr	 Reentrancy from the viewpoint of clients invoking the service via the BSW Scheduler: True: Enables the service to be invoked again, before the service has finished. False: It is prohibited to invoke the service again before is has finished. 				
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=10				
isSynchron ous	Boolean	01	attr	 Synchronicity from the viewpoint of clients invoking the service via the BSW Scheduler: True: This calls a synchronous service, i.e. the service is completed when the call returns. False: The service (on semantical level) may not be complete when the call returns. 				
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=15				

Table 5.18: BswModuleClientServerEntry

[TPS_BSWMDT_04098] Declaration of BswModuleClientServerEntry [With the optional attribute providedClientServerEntry a BSW module can declare that it provides a BswModuleClientServerEntry that can be used in the server role for client-server communication across partition boundaries.⁸. The client module (which may be a different or the same module) must declare a compatible BswModule-ClientServerEntry as attribute requiredClientServerEntry. These declarations together with the associated event model (see chapter 6.7) allow for the appropriate API generation and coordination by the BSW Scheduler.] (*RS_BSWMD_00066*)

⁸This does not exclude configurations where client and server are executed in the same partition.



[constr_4074] Compatibility of BswModuleClientServerEntry-S [Two BswModuleClientServerEntry-s are compatible if and only if all of the following conditions hold:

- Their reentrancy values are identical. These values are taken from the attribute <code>isReentrant or</code>, if this is undefined, from <code>encapsulatedEntry.isReentrant</code>.
- Their synchronicity values are identical. These values are taken from the attribute isSynchronous or, if this is undefined, from encapsulatedEntry.isSynchronous.
- The two BswModuleEntry-s referred as encapsulatedEntry have completely identical attributes.

]()

Note that the configuration of the BSW Scheduler determines which provided-ClientServerEntry is actually connected to which requiredClientServerEntry. This makes the specification of the individual module independent of the overall BSW setup.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04099] Semantics of BswModuleClientServerEntry attributes [The optional attributes BswModuleClientServerEntry.isReentrant and BswModuleClientServerEntry.isSynchronous can have different values than the corresponding attributes of the referred BswModuleClientServerEntry.encapsulatedEntry, because the first two attributes describe properties seen by a client calling via the BSW Scheduler wheres the latter contains the properties seen by direct callers.

If one of these attributes is undefined, its value is considered as equal to the respective attribute of the referred encapsulatedEntry.](RS_BSWMD_00066)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04100] Different ways of referring BswModuleEntry [In a given BSWMD a BswModuleEntry, i.e. the declaration of a function signature, can be referred in two different ways:

- 1. as part of the "direct" module interface, namely as providedEntry, outgoingCallback or referred via bswModuleDependency
- 2. as part of the client-server "remote" interface via BswModuleClientServer-Entry.encapsulatedEntry

The two possibilities may be combined for one BswModuleEntry in the same BSWMD if the entry is called directly and via client-server as well. However, if the BswModuleEntry is only used in client-server manner it is recommended not to use the first possibility *in addition*.

Especially, it is not required to state a <code>bswModuleDependency</code> in this case, since the actual connection is done at configuration time and the two module environments



need not to exchange header files.] (RS_BSWMD_00066)

Client-Server communication via the BSW Scheduler implies some constraints on the nature of the function call on the server side:

[constr_4076] Constraints on BswModuleEntry used for Client-Server [A BswModuleEntry used in the role BswModuleClientServerEntry.encapsulatedEntry must have attribute values as follows:

- callType **must be** regular **or** callback.
- executionContext **must be** task.

]()

5.5.3 Sender-Receiver

[TPS_BSWMDT_04101] Declaration of providedData and requiredData [With the optional attribute providedData a BSW module can declare that it provides a VariableDataPrototype that can be used in the sender role for sender-server communication across partition boundaries.⁹ The receiver module (which may be a different or the same module) shall declare a compatible VariableDataPrototype as attribute requiredData (for the compatibility of VariableDataPrototypes refer to [6] [constr_1068]). These declarations together with the associated event model (see chapter 6.7) and ECU configuration allow for the appropriate API generation and coordination by the BSW Scheduler.] (*RS_BSWMD_00067*)

[constr_4075] Constraints for providedData and requiredData [Sender-Receiver communication in BSW is restricted to the pattern of so-called *explicit communication* (in the same way as described for software components in [6]) with queued behavior. This leads to some constraints for the VariableDataProto-type referred in the role BswModuleDescription.providedData Or BswModuleDescription.requiredData:

- It shall not have an initValue.
- **Its** swDataDefProps.swImplPolicy **shall be set to** queued.
- **Its** swDataDefProps.calibrationAccess **shall be set to** notAccessable.

There are no further formal constraints on the attributes of the VariableDataPrototype to be used in these roles or on the underlying AutosarDataPrototype.]()

Note that the ECU configuration of the BSW Scheduler determines which provided-Data is actually connected to which requiredData. This makes the specification of the individual module independent of the overall BSW setup.

⁹This does not exclude configurations where sender and receiver are executed in the same partition.



6 BSW Behavior

6.1 BSW Behavior Overview

Figure 6.1 and the following class table show the attributes and description of class BswInternalBehavior. Since several attributes on this level are the same for BSW modules and SWCs, these are aggregated by the abstract class InternalBehavior which is shown in the same figure and in a separate class table.

The following subsections give a more detailed explanation of the various attributes.

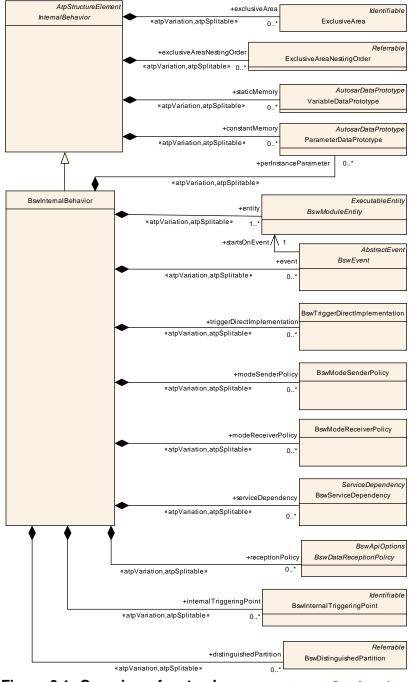


Figure 6.1: Overview of meta-class BswInternalBehavior



Specification of BSW Module Description Template AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

Class	InternalBehavior	[·] (abstra	ict)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::InternalBehavior		
Note		Common base class (abstract) for the internal behavior of both software components and basic software modules/clusters.				
Base	ARObject, AtpClas Referrable, Referra		pFeature	e,AtpStructureElement,Identifiable,Multilanguage		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
constantM emory	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Describes a read only memory object containing characteristic value(s) implemented by this InternalBehavior. The shortName of ParameterDataPrototype has to be equal to the "C' identifier of the described constant. The characteristic value(s) might be shared between SwComponentPrototypes of the same SwComponentType. The aggregation of constantMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software component or module implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
constantVa lueMappin g	ConstantSpecifi cationMappingS et	*	ref	Reference to the ConstanSpecificationMapping to be applied for the particular InternalBehavior Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=constantValueMapping		
dataTypeM apping	DataTypeMappi ngSet	*	ref	Reference to the DataTypeMapping to be applied for the particular InternalBehavior Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataTypeMapping		
exclusiveA rea	ExclusiveArea	*	aggr	This specifies an ExclusiveArea for this InternalBehavior. The exclusiveArea is local to the component resp. module. The aggregation of ExclusiveAreas is subject to variability. Note: the number of ExclusiveAreas might vary due to the conditional existence of RunnableEntities or BswModuleEntities. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
exclusiveA reaNesting Order	ExclusiveAreaN estingOrder	*	aggr	This represents the set of ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder owned by the InternalBehavior. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
staticMem ory	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	Describes a read and writeable static memory object representing measurment variables implemented by this software component. Static is used in the meaning of non temporary and does not necessarily specify a linker encapsulation. This kind of memory is only supported if supportsMultipleInstantiation is FALSE. The shortName of the VariableDataPrototype has to be equal with the "C' identifier of the described variable. The aggregation of staticMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table 6.1: InternalBehavior

Class	BswinternalBeha	vior		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior
Note	Specifies the behavior of a BSW module or a BSW cluster w.r.t. the code entities visible by the BSW Scheduler. It is possible to have several different BswInternalBehaviors referring to the same BswModuleDescription.			
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, Internal Behavior, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
bswPerInst anceMemo ryPolicy	BswPerInstance MemoryPolicy	*	aggr	arTypedPerInstanceMemory specific policy Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
clientPolicy	BswClientPolicy	*	aggr	Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp. Splitkey=clientPolicy, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
distinguish edPartition	BswDistinguish edPartition	*	aggr	Indicates an abstract partition context in which the enclosing BswModuleEntity can be executed.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variationPoint.
				ShortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=60
entity	BswModuleEntit y	1*	aggr	A code entity for which the behavior is described
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=5
event	BswEvent	*	aggr	An event required by this module behavior.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=10
exclusiveA	BswExclusiveAr	*	aggr	Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.
reaPolicy	eaPolicy			Splitkey=exclusiveAreaPolicy, variationPoint.short Label
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
includedDa	IncludedDataTy	*	aggr	The includedDataTypeSet is used by a basic
taTypeSet	peSet			software module for its implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=includedDataTypeSet
internalTrig geringPoin	BswInternalTrig geringPoint	*	aggr	An internal triggering point.
t				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=2
internalTrig	BswInternalTrig	*	aggr	Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.
geringPoin tPolicy	geringPointPolic y			Splitkey=internalTriggeringPointPolicy, variation Point.shortPoint
	,			vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
modeRece iverPolicy	BswModeRecei verPolicy	*	aggr	Implementation policy for the reception of mode switches.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=modeReceiverPolicy, variation
				Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=25
				x1111.3EquenceO113et=20



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
modeSend erPolicy	BswModeSende rPolicy	*	aggr	Implementation policy for providing a mode group. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=modeSenderPolicy, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=20
parameter Policy	BswParameterP olicy	*	aggr	Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp. Splitkey=parameterPolicy, variatioPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
perInstanc eParamete r	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Describes a read only memory object containing characteristic value(s) needed by this BswInternalBehavior. The role name perInstanceParameter is chosen in analogy to the similar role in the context of SwcInternalBehavior. In contrast to constantMemory, this object is not allocated locally by the module's code, but by the BSW Scheduler and it is accessed from the BSW module via the BSW Scheduler API. The main use case is the support of software emulation of calibration data. The aggregation is subject to variability with the purpose to support implementation variants. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=atp.Splitkey shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=45
receptionP olicy	BswDataRecept ionPolicy	*	aggr	Data reception policy for inter-partition and/or inter-core communication. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=receptionPolicy, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=55
releasedTri ggerPolicy	BswReleasedTri ggerPolicy	*	aggr	Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp. Splitkey=releasedTriggerPolicy, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
scheduler NamePrefi x	BswSchedulerN amePrefix	*	aggr	Optional definition of one or more prefixes to be used for the BswScheduler. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=schedulerNamePrefix, variationPoint.ShortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=50



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
sendPolicy	BswDataSendP olicy	*	aggr	Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp. Splitkey=sendPolicy, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
serviceDep endency	BswServiceDep endency	*	aggr	Defines the requirements on AUTOSAR Services for a particular item. The aggregation is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ServiceNeeds. The aggregation is splitable in order to support that ServiceNeeds might be provided in later development steps. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=serviceDependency, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=40
triggerDire ctImpleme ntation	BswTriggerDire ctImplementatio n	*	aggr	Specifies a trigger to be directly implemented via OS calls. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=triggerDirectImplementation, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=15
variationPo intProxy	VariationPointPr oxy	*	aggr	Proxy of a variation points in the C/C++ implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName

Table 6.2: BswInternalBehavior

6.2 BSW Module Entity

6.2.1 Overview

Figure 6.2 and the next class tables shows the attributes of BswModuleEntity, its base class ExecutableEntity and its specializations for called, scheduled and interrupt entities. These attributes are mainly required to configure the BSW Scheduler.

It is important to understand the difference between BswModuleEntity and BswModuleEntry: The first one describes properties of a code fragment whereas the second one describes only the interface (i.e. the signature) used to invoke a code fragment.



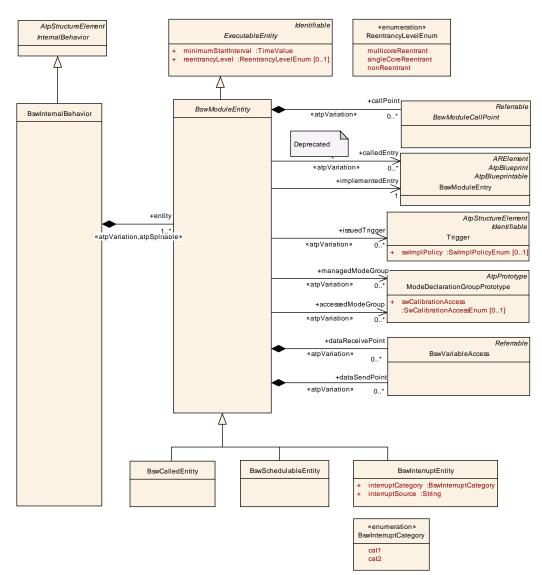


Figure 6.2: Relationships of meta-class BswModuleEntity

[TPS_BSWMDT_04072] Executable entity in BSW [The abstract meta-class ExecutableEntity is not specific for the Basic Software, it is imported from the CommonStructure package of the meta-model and is defined as follows:](*RS_BSWMD_00030, RS_BSWMD_00046*)

Class	ExecutableEntity (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::InternalBehavior				
Note	Abstraction of executable code.				
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype				



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
activationR eason	ExecutableEntit yActivationReas on	*	aggr	If the ExecutableEntity provides at least one activationReason element the RTE resp. BSW Scheduler shall provide means to read the activation vector of this executable entity execution. If no activationReason element is provided the feature of being able to determine the activating RTEEvent is disabled for this ExecutableEntity.
canEnterE xclusiveAr ea	ExclusiveArea	*	ref	This means that the executable entity can enter/leave the referenced exclusive area through explicit API calls.
exclusiveA reaNesting Order	ExclusiveAreaN estingOrder	*	ref	This represents the set of ExclusiveAreaNestingOrders recognized by this ExecutableEntity.
minimumSt artInterval	TimeValue	1	attr	Specifies the time in seconds by which two consecutive starts of an ExecutableEntity are guaranteed to be separated.
reentrancy Level	ReentrancyLeve IEnum	01	attr	The reentrancy level of this ExecutableEntity. See the documentation of the enumeration type ReentrancyLevelEnum for details. Please note that nonReentrant interfaces can have also reentrant or multicoreReentrant implementations, and reentrant interfaces can also have multicoreReentrant implementations.
runsInside ExclusiveA rea	ExclusiveArea	*	ref	The executable entity runs completely inside the referenced exclusive area.
swAddrMet hod	SwAddrMethod	01	ref	Addressing method related to this code entity. Via an association to the same SwAddrMethod, it can be specified that several code entities (even of different modules or components) shall be located in the same memory without already specifying the memory section itself.

Table 6.3: ExecutableEntity

Class	BswModuleEntity (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior		
Note	-	Specifies the smallest code fragment which can be described for a BSW module or cluster within AUTOSAR.				
Base	ARObject, Executa	ARObject, ExecutableEntity, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
accessed ModeGrou p	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	*	ref	A mode group which is accessed via API call by this entity. It must be a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype required by this module or cluster. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
activationP oint	BswInternalTrig geringPoint	*	ref	Activation point used by the module entity to activate one or more internal triggers.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
callPoint	BswModuleCall Point	*	aggr	A call point used in the code of this entitiy.
				The variablity of this association is especially targeted at debug scenarios: It is possible to have one variant calling into the AUTOSAR debug module and another one which doesn't.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
calledEntry	BswModuleEntr y	*	ref	The entry of another (or the same) BSW module which is called by this entry (usually via C function call). This information allows to set up a model of call chains.
				The variablity of this association is especially targeted at debug scenarios: It is possible to have one variant calling into the AUTOSAR debug module and another one which doesn't.
				Note that this relation has been merked as obsolete, since the more powerful definition of a callPoint should be used.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: atp.Status=removed
dataReceiv	BswVariableAcc	*	aggr	vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime The data is received via the BSW Scheduler.
ePoint	ess		aggi	Stereotypes: atpVariation
dataSendP	BswVariableAcc	*	oggr	Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTimeThe data is sent via the BSW Scheduler.
oint	ess		aggr	Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
implement edEntry	BswModuleEntr y	1	ref	The entry which is implemented by this module entity.
issuedTrig ger	Trigger	*	ref	A trigger issued by this entity via BSW Scheduler API call. It must be a BswTrigger released (i.e. owned) by this module or cluster.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
managedM odeGroup	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	*	ref	A mode group which is managed by this entity. It must be a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype provided by this module or cluster.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
scheduler NamePrefi x	BswSchedulerN amePrefix	01	ref	A prefix to be used in generated names for the BswModuleScheduler in the context of this BswModuleEntity, for example entry point prototypes, macros for dealing with exclusive areas, header file names.
				Details are defined in the SWS RTE.
				The prefix supersedes default rules for the prefix of those names.

Table 6.4: BswModuleEntity

6.2.2 BSW Module Entity Attributes

[TPS_BSWMDT_04019] BswModuleEntity attributes for exchange of modes and triggers [The attributes BswModuleEntity.managedModeGroup, BswModuleEntity.accessedModeGroup and BswModuleEntity.issuedTrigger specify, that this BswModuleEntity initiates resp. receives mode switches or activates triggers for other modules by using the BSW Scheduler API. This is mandatory information to configure the BSW Scheduler.](RS_BSWMD_00030, RS_BSWMD_00056, RS_BSWMD_00059)

For an explanation of the attribute callPoint see chapter 6.3

For an explanation of the attributes dataSendPoint and dataReceivePoint see chapter 6.4.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04103] BswModuleEntity reentrancy level [With the optional attribute reentrancyLevel a BswModuleEntity can state its implemented reentrancy level within the limits given by its interface(see [constr_4077]). This attribute is especially targeted at multicore scenarios.

If this attribute is omitted, reentrancy is assumed to be implemented as defined by the attribute <code>BswModuleEntity.implementedEntry.isReentrant</code>, in which case true means single core reentrancy. |(*RS_BSWMD_00066*)

Enumeration	ReentrancyLevelEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::InternalBehavior
Note	Specifies if and in which kinds of environments an entity is reentrant.
Literal	Description
multicore Reentrant	Unlimited concurrent execution of this entity is possible, including preemption and parallel execution on multi core systems.
nonReentrant	Concurrent execution of this entity is not possible.
singleCore Reentrant	Pseudo-concurrent execution (i.e. preemption) of this entity is possible on single core systems.

Table 6.5: ReentrancyLevelEnum



6.2.3 BSW Module Entity Constraints

The actually implemented reentrancy level can only be "better" than stated on the interface level, as the following constraint says:

[constr_4077] Constraints for BswModuleEntity.reentrancyLevel [

- If the attribute isReentrant of a BswModuleEntry referred by an BswModuleEntity in the role implementedEntry has the value true, then the attribute reentrancyLevel of the same BswModuleEntity (if it exists) can only have the values singleCoreReentrant Or multiCoreReentrant.
- If the attribute isReentrant of a BswModuleEntry referred by an BswModuleEntity in the role implementedEntry has the values false, then there are no retrictions for the values of the attribute reentrancyLevel of the same BswModuleEntity (if it exists).

]()

A BswModuleEntity can only implement resp. use elements which have been declared on the interface level of the respective module or cluster, in other words:

[constr_4022] BswModuleEntity only uses the module's interface [

- BswModuleEntity.implementedEntry must refer to an element declared as providedEntry Or as bswModuleDependency.expectedCallback of the enclosing BswModuleDescription
- BswModuleEntity.callPoint.calledEntry where callPoint is instantiated from BswDirectCallPoint - must refer to an element declared as outgoingCallback, providedEntry Or as bswModuleDependency.requiredEntry Of the enclosing BswModuleDescription.
- BswModuleEntity.callPoint.calledEntry where callPoint is instantiated from BswSynchronousServerCallPoint or BswAsynchronousServerCallPoint - must refer to an element declared as requiredClientServerEntry of the enclosing BswModuleDescription.
- BswModuleEntity.callPoint where callPoint is instantiated from BswAsynchronousServerCallResultPoint - must refer to an BswAsynchronousServerCallPoint declared in turn as callPoint of the same BswModuleEntity.
- BswModuleEntity.issuedTrigger must refer to an element declared as releasedTrigger of the enclosing BswModuleDescription
- BswModuleEntity.managedModeGroup must refer to an element declared as providedModeGroup of the enclosing BswModuleDescription
- BswModuleEntity.accessedModeGroup must refer to an element declared as requiredModeGroup of the enclosing BswModuleDescription



- BswModuleEntity.dataSendPoint.accessedVariable must refer to an element declared as providedData of the enclosing BswModuleDescription
- BswModuleEntity.dataReceivePoint.accessedVariable must refer to an element declared as requiredData of the enclosing BswModuleDescription
- an accessedModeGroup should be allowed to refer to an element declared as providedModeGroup

]()

6.2.4 BswCalledEntity

Class	BswCalledEntity			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior			
Note	BSW module entity which is designed to be called from another BSW module or cluster.			
Base	ARObject,BswModuleEntity,ExecutableEntity,Identifiable,Multilanguage Referrable,Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
_	_	_	_	-

Table 6.6: BswCalledEntity

BswCalledEntity represents an "ordinary" function call for which the following constraints apply:

[constr_4016] BswCalledEntity constraints [

- BswCalledEntity.implementedEntry.callType must be 'regular' or 'callback'
- BswCalledEntity.implementedEntry.executionContext is in general not restricted, but see [constr_4076] for constraints on the server side of a Client-Server communication.

]()

6.2.5 BswSchedulableEntity



Class	BswSchedulableEntity				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior			
Note	BSW module entity, which is designed for control by the BSW Scheduler. It may for example implement a so-called "main" function.				
Base	ARObject, BswModuleEntity, ExecutableEntity, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
_	_	_	_	_	

Table 6.7: BswSchedulableEntity

BswSchedulableEntity represents a scheduled function call for which the following constraints apply:

[constr_4017] BswSchedulableEntity constraints [

- BswModuleEntity.implementedEntry.callType must be 'scheduled'
- BswModuleEntity.implementedEntry.executionContext **must be** 'task'

]()

6.2.6 BswInterruptEntity

Class	BswInterruptEntity				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior			
Note	BSW module entit	BSW module entity, which is designed to be triggered by an interrupt.			
Base	ARObject,BswModuleEntity,ExecutableEntity,Identifiable,Multilanguage Referrable,Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
interruptCa tegory	BswInterruptCat egory	1	attr	Category of the interrupt	
interruptSo urce	String	1	attr	Allows a textual documentation of the intended interrupt source.	

Table 6.8: BswInterruptEntity

Enumeration	BswInterruptCategory
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior
Note	Category of the interrupt service
Literal	Description
cat1	Cat1 interrupt routines are not controlled by the OS and are only allowed to make a very limited selection of OS calls to enable and disable all interrupts. The BswInterruptEntity is implemented by the interrupt service routine, which is directly called from the interrupt vector (not via the OS).



cat2	Cat2 interrupt routines are controlled by the OS and they are allowed to make OS calls. The BswInterruptEntity is implemented by the interrupt handler, which is
	called from the OS.

Table 6.9: BswInterruptCategory

BswInterruptEntity represents an interrupt routine for which the following constraints apply:

[constr_4018] BswInterruptEntity constraints [

- BswInterruptEntity.implementedEntry.callType **must be** 'interrupt'
- BswInterruptEntity.implementedEntry.executionContext must be 'interruptCat1' if and only if BswInterruptEntity.interruptCategory is 'Cat1'
- BswInterruptEntity.implementedEntry.executionContext must be 'interruptCat2' if and only if BswInterruptEntity.interruptCategory is 'Cat2'

]()

6.3 BSW Module Call Point

6.3.1 Overview

By aggregation of BswModuleCallPoints a BswModuleEntity defines how it uses BswModuleEntry-s in order to call into other (or the same) BSW module.



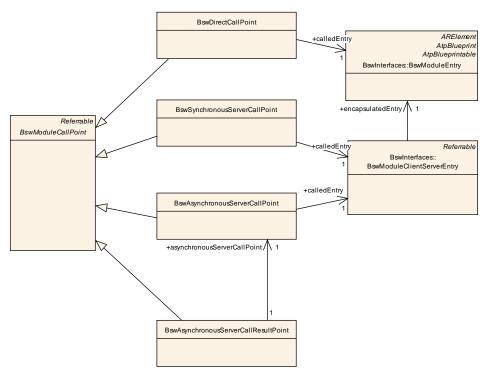


Figure 6.3: Details of BswModuleCallPoint

Class	BswModuleCallPoint (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior			
Note	Represents a point at which a BswModuleEntity handles a procedure call into a BswModuleEntry, either directly or via the BSW Scheduler.				
Base	ARObject, Referra	ARObject, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
contextLim itation	BswDistinguish edPartition	*	ref	The existence of this reference indicates that the call point is used only in the context of the referred BswDistinguishedPartitions.	

Table 6.10: Bs	wModuleCallPoint
----------------	------------------

6.3.2 Direct Call Points

[TPS_BSWMDT_04018] Usage of BswDirectCallPoint [The meta-class BswDirectCallPoint aggregated in the role callPoint in a BswModuleEntity allows to declare which entry of another module (or the same module) is called in the code of the given BswModuleEntity directly, i.e. not via the BSW Scheduler. |(RS_BSWMD_00047)



Class	BswDirectCallPo	BswDirectCallPoint				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior		
Note	Represents a concrete point in the code from where a BswModuleEntry is called directly, i.e. not via the BSW Scheduler. This information can be used to analyze call tree and resource locking scenarios. It is					
	not needed to con	not needed to configure the BSW Scheduler.				
Base	ARObject, BswMo	duleCall	Point,Re	eferrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
calledEntry	BswModuleEntr y	1	ref	The BswModuleEntry called at this point.		
calledFrom WithinExcl usiveArea	ExclusiveAreaN estingOrder	01	ref	This indicates that the call point is located at the deepest level inside one or more ExclusiveAreas that are nested in the given order.		

Note that this is not a mandatory information in order to be able to integrate a module, but it is a very important information if an integrator wants to analyze a call chain among several modules in order to setup a proper scheduling. It is further important to note that this attribute contains additional information in comparison to BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDependency, because the latter only denotes the dependencies between the module interfaces whereas calledEntry shows from which code fragment a call is actually invoked.

In addition, a *BswDirectCallPoint* contains information about resource locking see 6.5.

Of course, the execution context (like task, interrupt, etc.) is preserved during a direct call:

[constr_4015] calledEntry constraints for direct calls [The following holds if callPoint is aggregated as an instance of BswDirectCallPoint:

- BswModuleEntity.callPoint.calledEntry.executionContext must be identical to BswModuleEntity.implementedEntry.executionContext
- BswModuleEntity.callPoint.calledEntry.callType must have the value'regular' Or'callback'

]()

6.3.3 Client-Server Call Points

[TPS_BSWMDT_04102] Usage of BswSynchronousServerCallPoint [The meta-class BswSynchronousServerCallPoint aggregated in the role callPoint in a BswModuleEntity allows to declare which entry of another module (or the same



module) is called synchronously in the code of the client-side <code>BswModuleEntity</code> via the BSW Scheduler.

The intended use case is inter-partition or inter-core communication.¹ Note that it is a valid use case for a given <code>BswInternalBehavior</code> to have two different <code>BswMod-uleEntity-s</code> which eventually run on different partitions and/or processor cores. |(*RS_BSWMD_00066*)

Class	BswSynchronousServerCallPoint					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	Represents a syn	Represents a synchronous procedure call point via the BSW Scheduler.				
Base	ARObject, BswMo	ARObject,BswModuleCallPoint,Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
calledEntry	BswModuleClie ntServerEntry	1	ref	The entry to be called.		
calledFrom WithinExcl usiveArea	ExclusiveAreaN estingOrder	01	ref	This indicates that the call point is located at the deepest level inside one or more ExclusiveAreas that are nested in the given order.		

Table 6.12: BswSynchronousServerCallPoint

In the same way as a BswDirectCallPoint also a BswSynchronousServer-CallPoint contains information about resource locking see 6.5.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04104] Usage of BswAsynchronousServerCallPoint [The meta-class BswAsynchronousServerCallPoint aggregated in the role call-Point in a BswModuleEntity allows to declare which entry of another module (or the same module) is called asynchronously in the code of the client-side BswModuleEntity via the BSW Scheduler.

The intended use case is inter-partition or inter-core communication. Note that it is a valid use case for a given <code>BswInternalBehavior</code> to have two different <code>BswMod-uleEntity-s</code> which eventually run on different partitions and/or processor cores. |(*RS_BSWMD_00066*)

Class	BswAsynchronousServerCallPoint					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	Represents an asynchronous procedure call point via the BSW Scheduler.					
Base	ARObject,BswModuleCallPoint,Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note					
calledEntry	BswModuleClie ntServerEntry	1	ref	The entry to be called.		

Table 6.13: BswAsynchronousServerCallPoint

¹This does not exclude configurations where client and server are executed in the same partition within the limits defined by contextLimitation.



[TPS_BSWMDT_04105] Usage of BswAsynchronousServerCallResultPoint

[The meta-class BswAsynchronousServerCallResultPoint aggregated in the role callPoint in a BswModuleEntity indicates that the client-side BswModuleEntity has the possibility to retrieve the results (return value and arguments) of a former asynchronous call done via the associated BswAsynchronousServer-CallPoint.](*RS BSWMD 00066*)

Class	BswAsynchronousServerCallResultPoint				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior			
Note	The callback point for an BswAsynchronousServerCallPoint i.e. the point at which the result can be retrieved from the BSW Scheduler.				
Base	ARObject,BswModuleCallPoint,Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
asynchron ousServer CallPoint	BswAsynchrono usServerCallPoi nt	1	ref	The call point invoking the call to which the result belongs.	

Table 6.14: BswAsynchronousServerCallResultPoint

Note that the BswModuleEntity that retrieves such a result may be scheduled in different ways: It may be started via a BswAsynchronousServerCallReturnsEvent and/or by other kind of BswEvents.

[constr_4079] calledEntry constraints for client-server calls [

- The BswModuleClientServerEntry aggregated as calledEntry in a BswSynchronousServerCallPoint must have the attribute isSynchronous = true.
- The BswModuleClientServerEntry aggregated as calledEntry in a BswSynchronousServerCallPoint must have the attribute isSynchronous = false.

]()

6.4 BSW Sender-Receiver Data Access

By aggregation of meta-class BswVariableAccess a BswModuleEntity defines how it accesses data for (potential) inter-partition communication with another (or the same) BSW module.



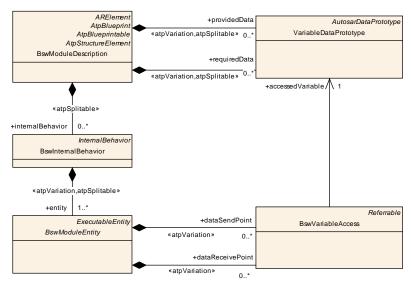


Figure 6.4: Usage of BswVariableAccess

Class	BswVariableAccess						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior						
Note	The presence of a BswVariableAccess implies that a BswModuleEntity needs access to a VariableDataPrototype via the BSW Scheduler. The kind of access is specified by the role in which the class is used.						
Base	ARObject,Referrable						
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
accessedV ariable	VariableDataPr ototype	1	ref	The data accessed via the BSW Scheduler.			
contextLim itation	BswDistinguish edPartition	*	ref	The existence of this reference indicates that the variable is recevied resp. sent only in the context of the referred BswDistinguishedPartitions.			

Table 6.15: BswVariableAccess

[TPS_BSWMDT_04106] BswModuleEntity attributes for sender-receiver data exchange [The attributes BswModuleEntity.dataSendPoint and BswModuleEntity.dataReceivePoint specify, that this BswModuleEntity has access to the BSW Scheduler in order to send resp. receive the data declared in the referred VariableDataPrototype. This is targeted at inter-partition and/or multicore communication scenarios.²](*RS_BSWMD_00067*)

6.5 BSW Exclusive Areas

[TPS_BSWMDT_04073] Exclusive area in BSW [The meta-class ExclusiveArea (including the associations from ExecutableEntity) is not specific for the Basic

²This does not exclude configurations where sender and receiver are executed in the same partition within the limits defined by contextLimitation.



Software, is is imported from the CommonStructure package of the meta-model and is defined as follows: |(RS_BSWMD_00060)

Class	ExclusiveArea					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::InternalBehavior					
Note	Prevents an executable entity running in the area from being preempted.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
_	_	_	_	_		

Table 6.16: ExclusiveArea

Figure 6.5 shows the detailed meta-model of exclusive areas in BSW.

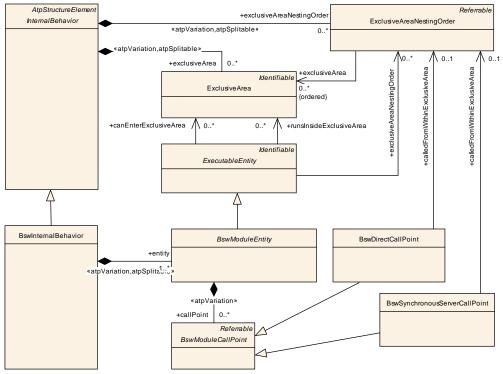


Figure 6.5: Details of defining ExclusiveAreas in BSWMDT

In addition to defining that a BswModuleEntity can enter an exclusive area or completely runs in an exclusive area, it is possible to define possible nesting orders of exclusive areas. Furthermore one can define at which level of a nesting order function calls are invoked from the BswModuleEntity. The information on nesting orders can be used to analyze the call tree with respect to resource locking scenarios.



Class	ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::InternalBehavior	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a nesting order of ExclusiveAreas. A nesting order (that may occur in the executable code) is formally defined to be able to analyze the resource locking behavior.				
Base	ARObject, Referra	able			
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
exclusi veArea (ordered)	ExclusiveArea				

Table 6.17: ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder

[TPS_BSWMDT_04081] ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder [The optional ExclusiveAreaNestingOrders shall (if used at all) describe possible nesting orders (including single ExclusiveAreas) which can occur in the BswModuleEntity. Each possible locking situation requires its own ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder.](*RS_BSWMD_00064*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04082] Indicate that the locking behavior is fully described for BswModuleEntity [All ExclusiveAreas which are configured in the Internal-Behavior should be referenced by an ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder to indicate that the locking behavior is fully described for the corresponding BswModuleEntitys. |(*RS_BSWMD_00064*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04083] Locking behavior is not described for BswModuleEn-tity-s [If ExclusiveAreas are not referenced by any ExclusiveAreaNestin-gOrder (this is the default scenario), this means that the locking behavior is not described for the corresponding BswModuleEntity-s and the provided information might be incomplete and cannot be used for a global offline analysis of locking behavior. |*(RS_BSWMD_00064)*

[TPS_BSWMDT_04084] Relation of BswModuleCallPoint to ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder [In case other BswModuleEntitys are called from within the BswModuleEntity the ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder can then be referenced by one or several BswModuleCallPoints to specify the calling environment of the invoked function with regard to ExclusiveAreas. |(RS_BSWMD_00064)

Class	BswModuleCallPoint (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior	
Note	Represents a point at which a BswModuleEntity handles a procedure call into a BswModuleEntry, either directly or via the BSW Scheduler.				
Base	ARObject, Referra	ble			
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
contextLim itation	BswDistinguish edPartition	*	ref	The existence of this reference indicates that the call point is used only in the context of the referred BswDistinguishedPartitions.	

Table 6.18: BswModuleCallPoint



6.6 BSW Scheduler Name Prefix

[TPS_BSWMDT_04020] Usage of BswSchedulerNamePrefix [The Basic Software Scheduler API defines several generated artifacts (macro code and header file names) containing a so-called **module prefix**. This is by default derived from the attribute BswModuleDescription.shortName.

However in order to allow a more fine granular definition of these artifacts, it is possible to specify own prefixes within a BswInternalBehavior and assign them individually to each BswSchedulableEntity. Such an assignment will supersede the prefix given by BswModuleDescription.shortName. This is especially useful if the BSWMD in questions represents a cluster of several other modules. |(RS_BSWMD_00014, RS_BSWMD_00030)

Note that this prefix cannot be used to modify any names visible in the module's interface to other modules, namely module abbreviations being part of BswModuleEntry.shortName cannot be superseded by it.

Figure 6.6 and the following class table show how the meta-class BswScheduler-NamePrefix is placed in the meta-model. Refer to [13] for the details how this information is used by the RTE generator.

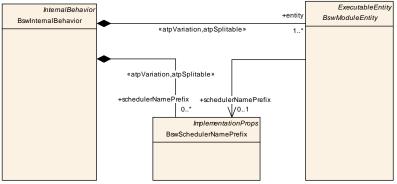


Figure 6.6: Name Prefix for BSW Scheduler artifacts

Class	BswSchedulerNamePrefix			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior			
Note	A prefix to be used in names of generated code artifacts which make up the interface of a BSW module to the BswScheduler.			
Base	ARObject, Implem	entation	Props,R	eferrable
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note		
_	-	_	_	-

Table 6.19: BswSchedulerNamePrefix



Class	ImplementationProps (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::Implementation	
Note	Defines a symbol to be used as (depending on the concrete case) either a complete replacement or a prefix when generating code artifacts.				
Base	ARObject, Referra	ble			
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
symbol	Cldentifier	1	ref	The symbol to be used as (depending on the concrete case) either a complete replacement or a prefix.	

Table 6.20: ImplementationProps

6.7 BSW Event

6.7.1 Overview

[TPS_BSWMDT_04021] Usage of BswEvent [The abstract class BswEvent is used as base class for all kinds of events which can start a BswModuleEntity (which means it does not include direct function calls that are not visible to the BSW Scheduler). Figure 6.7 gives an overview on these events and their association to the different kinds of BswModuleEntity.](*RS_BSWMD_00053, RS_BSWMD_00054, RS_BSWMD_00057*)



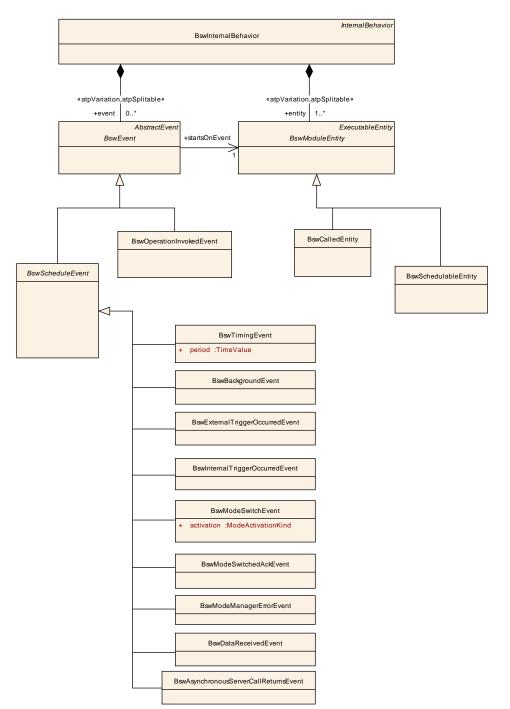


Figure 6.7: Overview on **BswEvents**

Class	BswEvent (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	Base class of various kinds of events which are used to trigger a BswModuleEntity of this BSW module or cluster. The event is local to the BSW module or cluster. The short name of the meta-class instance is intended as an input to configure the required API of the BSW Scheduler.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractEvent, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
contextLim itation	BswDistinguish edPartition	*	ref	The existence of this reference indicates that the usage of the event is limited to the context of the referred BswDistinguishedPartitions.
disabledIn Mode	ModeDeclaratio n	*	iref	The modes, in which this event is disabled.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=disabledInMode
startsOnEv ent	BswModuleEntit y	1	ref	The entity which is started by the event.

Table 6.21: BswEvent

Class	BswScheduleEvent (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior			
Note	BswEvent that is able to start a BswSchedulabeEntity.			
Base	ARObject, Abstrac	tEvent,	BswEver	nt, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note		
_	_	—	-	-

Table 6.22: BswScheduleEvent

[constr_1275] Applicability of reference startsOnEvent for BswScheduleEvent [The reference BswScheduleEvent.startsOnEvent shall only refer to a BswSchedulableEntity.]()

[constr_1276] Applicability of reference startsOnEvent for BswOperationInvokedEvent [The reference BswOperationInvokedEvent.startsOnEvent shall only refer to a BswCalledEntity.]()

6.7.2 Timing and Background Events

[TPS_BSWMDT_04022] Timing and background events for BSW [A BswTimingEvent and BswBackgroundEvent are directly driven by the Scheduler resp. OS without external sources. |(*RS_BSWMD_00053*)

Class	BswTimingEvent					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	A recurring BswEv	vent driv	en by a	time period.		
Base		ARObject, AbstractEvent, BswEvent, BswScheduleEvent, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
period	TimeValue	1	attr	Requirement for the time period (in seconds) by which this event is triggered.		

Table 6.23: BswTimingEvent



[constr_4043] Period of BswTimingEvent [BswTimingEvent.period shall be greater than 0. |()

Class	BswBackgroundEvent			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior			
Note	A recurring BswEvent which is used to perform background activities. It is similar to a BswTimingEvent but has no fixed time period and is activated only with low priority.			
Base	ARObject,AbstractEvent,BswEvent,BswScheduleEvent,Identifiable,Multilanguage Referrable,Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
_	-	_	_	-

Table 6.24: BswBackgroundEvent

6.7.3 Trigger Events

Figure 6.8 and the following tables give a more detailed picture on the events driven by internal or external triggers.

Note the difference in the activation of internally triggered events and timing events:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04023] Internal trigger and timing events for BSW [A BswModuleEntity can trigger a BswInternalTriggerOccurredEvent (of the same module) with the help of an API generated by the BSW Scheduler, whereas a BswTimingEvent is triggered by the BswScheduler via the OS timer. |(RS_BSWMD_00053, RS_BSWMD_00057) Further information can be found in [13].

[TPS_BSWMDT_04024] External trigger event for BSW [The BswExternalTriggerOccurredEvent specifies the fact that the event is raised in response to a trigger issued by another BSW module. This can for example be used to communicate ECU-external events, like wakeup-events or crank-shaft-events directly between BSW modules.](*RS_BSWMD_00057*)

[constr_4023] External trigger must belong to the interface [A BswExternal-TriggerOccurredEvent must refer to a Trigger that is declared via BswModuleDescription.requiredTrigger for the same module.]()



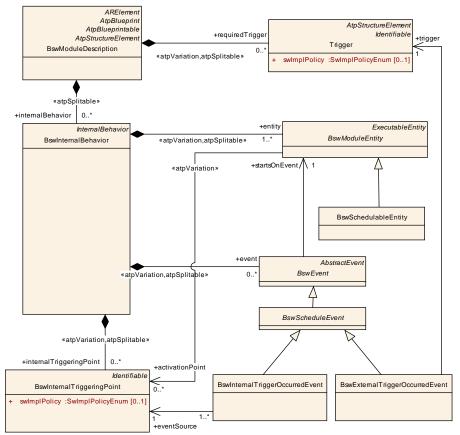


Figure 6.8: Details on BSW Trigger Events

Class	BswInternalTriggeringPoint					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	Represents the ac	Represents the activation point for one or more BswInternalTriggerOccurredEvents.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
swImplPoli	SwImplPolicyEn 01 attr This attribute, when set to value queued, specifies					
су	um			a queued processing of the internal trigger event.		

Table 6.25: BswInternalTriggeringPoint

In a similar way as for external triggers, the BswInternalTriggeringPoint can set an attribute to define its queuing behavior:

[constr_4065] Allowed values of BswInternalTriggeringPoint.swImplPolicy [The **only** allowed values for the attribute BswInternalTriggering-Point.swImplPolicy are either STANDARD (in which case the internal trigger processing does not use a queue) or QUEUED (in which case the internal trigger processing uses a queue).]()



Class	BswInternalTrigg	jerOccu	rredEve	ent	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior	
Note	A BswEvent, which can happen sporadically. The event is activated by explicit calls from the module to the BSW Scheduler. The main purpose for such an event is to cause a context switch, e.g. from an ISR context into a task context. Activation and switching are handled within the same module or cluster only.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractEvent, BswEvent, BswScheduleEvent, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
eventSour ce	BswInternalTrig geringPoint	1	ref	The activation point is the source of this event.	

Table 6.26: BswInternalTriggerOccurredEvent

Class	BswExternalTriggerOccurredEvent					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior		
Note	A BswEvent result	ting from	n a trigge	er released by another module or cluster.		
Base	ARObject,AbstractEvent,BswEvent,BswScheduleEvent,Identifiable,Multilanguage Referrable,Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
trigger	Trigger	1	ref	The trigger associated with this event. The trigger is external to this module.		

Table 6.27: BswExternalTriggerOccurredEvent

In addition to these mechanisms, external events can directly trigger a BswInterruptEntity by the means of an interrupt. This situation is not part of the event model, because it is not handled via the BSW Scheduler and is local to a BSW module.

6.7.4 Mode Events

Figure 6.9 and the following tables give a more detailed picture on the events and further classes related to mode switches.

Mode switches can influence the activation of **BswEvents** by different mechanisms:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04025] Mode switches and events in BSW [

- Via the optional attribute disabledInMode a BswEvent can specify, that it has to be suppressed in a certain mode.
- A special kind of event, the BswModeSwitchEvent can be used to start a BswModuleEntity at the entry or exit of a specific mode.
- At the sender side of a mode switch (i.e. in the module managing the mode group), a BswModeSwitchedAckEvent can be used to start a BswModuleEntity after a mode switch has been acknowledged by the BSW Scheduler.



• At the sender side of a mode switch (i.e. in the module managing the mode group), a BswModeManagerErrorEvent can be used to start a BswMod-uleEntity after an error has been announced. This event will be thrown by the BSW Scheduler after an error that lead to the termination of one of the partitions involved. This could be the partition in which the mode switch was managed or the partition in which it was used.

](*RS_BSWMD_00054*, *RS_BSWMD_00056*)

The referred ModeDeclaration and the enumeration ModeActivationKind are both imported from the CommonStructure package of the meta-model.

[constr_4024] Semantics of BSW mode switch event [If BswModeSwitchEvent.activation has the value onTransition BswModeSwitchEvent shall refer to two different modes belonging to the same instance of ModeDeclarationGroup, their order defining the direction of the transition. In all other cases, BswModeSwitchEvent shall refer to exactly one mode. |()

[constr_4066] BswModeSwitchEvent and the definition of ModeTransition [For each pair of ModeDeclarations referenced by a BswModeSwitchEvent with attribute activation set to onTransition a ModeTransition shall be defined in the corresponding direction (i.e. from exitedMode to enteredMode). This constraint shall only apply if the respective ModeDeclarationGroup defines at least one modeTransition.]()

[constr_4025] Modes used by BSW mode switch event [The ModeDeclaration used by BswModeSwitchEvent must belong to the ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype referred as BswInternalBehavior.entity.accessedModeGroup of the enclosing BswInternalBehavior.]()

[constr_4026] Mode group used by BSW mode switch acknowledge event [The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype used by BswModeSwitchedAckEvent must be referred as BswModuleDescription.providedModeGroup by the same module.]()

[constr_4081] Mode group used by BSW mode manager error event [The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype used by BswModeManagerErrorEvent must be referred as BswModuleDescription.providedModeGroup by the same module.]()



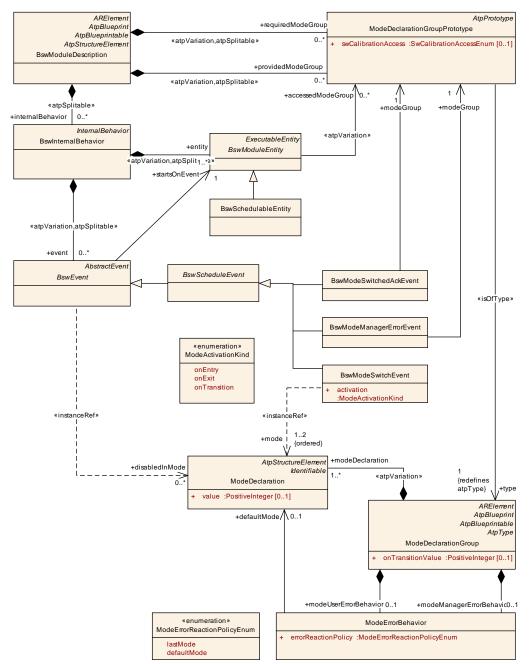


Figure 6.9: Details on BSW Events related to Mode Switches

Class	BswModeSwitch	BswModeSwitchEvent				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior		
Note	A BswEvent resul	A BswEvent resulting from a mode switch.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractEvent, BswEvent, BswScheduleEvent, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
activation	ModeActivation Kind	1	attr	Kind of activation w.r.t. to the referred mode.		
mode (or- dered)	ModeDeclaratio n	12	iref	Reference to one or two Modes that initiate the Mode Switch Event.		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note

Table 6.28: BswModeSwitchEvent

Class	BswModeSwitch	BswModeSwitchedAckEvent				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior		
Note	The event is raised after a switch of the referenced mode group has been acknowledged or an error occurs. The referenced mode group must be provided by this module.					
Base	ARObject, AbstractEvent, BswEvent, BswScheduleEvent, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
modeGrou p	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	1	ref	A mode group provided by this module. The acknowledgement of a switch of this group raises this event.		

Table 6.29: BswModeSwitchedAckEvent

Class	BswModeManagerErrorEvent					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	This represents th	This represents the ability to react on errors occurring during mode handling.				
Base	ARObject,AbstractEvent,BswEvent,BswScheduleEvent,Identifiable,Multilanguage Referrable,Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
modeGrou p	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	1	ref	This represents the ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype for which the error behavior of the mode manager applies.		

Table 6.30: BswModeManagerErrorEvent

Enumeration	ModeActivationKind
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration
Note	Kind of mode switch condition used for activation of an event, as further described for each enumeration field.
Literal	Description
onEntry	On entering the referred mode.
onExit	On exiting the referred mode.
onTransition	On transition of the 1st referred mode to the 2nd referred mode.

Table 6.31: ModeActivationKind



6.7.5 BSW Events for Client-Server Communication

Figure 6.10 and the following tables give a more detailed picture on the events driven by client-server calls. The intended use case is inter-partition and/or inter-core communication.³

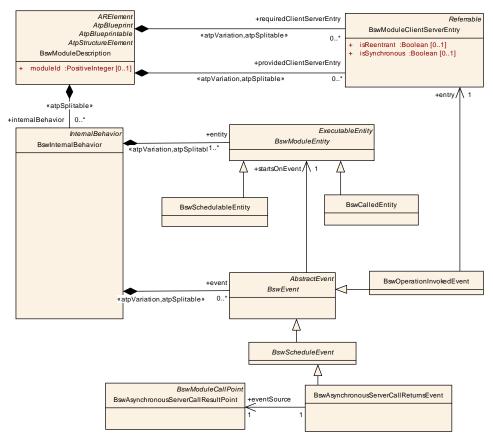


Figure 6.10: Details on BSW Events related to Client-Server Communication

Class	BswOperationInvokedEvent				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior	
Note	This event is thrown on operation invocation in Client-Server-Communication via the BSW Scheduler. Its "entry" reference provides the BswClientServerEntry that is called subsequently. Note this event is not needed in case of direct function calls.				
Base	ARObject, Abstrac	tEvent,	BswEver	nt, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
entry	BswModuleClie ntServerEntry	1	ref	The providedClientServerEntry invoked by this event.	

Table 6.32: BswOperationInvokedEvent

[constr_4078] Consistent usage of BswOperationInvokedEvent [The
BswCalledEntity referred by the attribute BswOperationInvokedEvent.start-

³This does not exclude configurations where client and server are executed in the same partition.



sOnEvent shall refer to the same BswModuleEntry (via its attribute implementedEntry) as the BswOperationInvokedEvent (via its attribute entry.encapsulatedEntry.]()

Class	BswAsynchrono	BswAsynchronousServerCallReturnsEvent				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior		
Note	This is the "callback" event for asynchronous Client-Server-Communication via the BSW Scheduler which is thrown after completion of the asynchronous Client-Server call. Its eventSource specifies the call point to be used for retrieving the result.					
Base		ARObject, AbstractEvent, BswEvent, BswScheduleEvent, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
eventSour ce	BswAsynchrono usServerCallRe sultPoint	1	ref	The call point to be used for retrieving the result.		



6.7.6 BSW Events for Sender-Receiver Communication

Figure 6.11 and the following table give a more detailed picture on the events driven by sender-receiver calls. The intended use case is inter-partition and/or inter-core communication.⁴

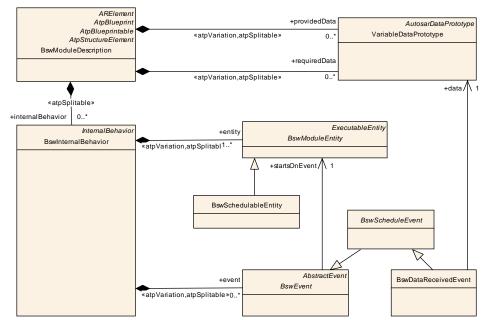


Figure 6.11: Details on BSW Events related to Sender-Receiver Communication

⁴This does not exclude configurations where sender and receiver are executed in the same partition.



Class	BswDataReceivedEvent					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	This event is thrown on reception of the referenced data via Sender-Receiver-Communication over the BSW Scheduler.					
Base	ARObject, AbstractEvent, BswEvent, BswScheduleEvent, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
data	VariableDataPr ototype	1	ref	The received data.		

Table 6.34: BswDataReceivedEvent

6.8 Activation Reason of a BSW Module Entity

It is feasible to activate a given BswModuleEntity by means of several BswEvents. In many cases, it is therefore necessary to retrieve the information about the activating BswEvent from within the implementation of the BswModuleEntity.

As a typical use case, consider a BswSchedulableEntity that is cyclically activated (by means of a BswTimingEvent) and in addition it shall also be executed sporadically, e.g. in response to mode switch (BswModeSwitchEvent).

By using the meta-model extract shown in Figure 6.12 (which is further explained in [6]) it is possible to generate the RTE in a way that it provides a bit vector representing the activation reason to the BswModuleEntity.



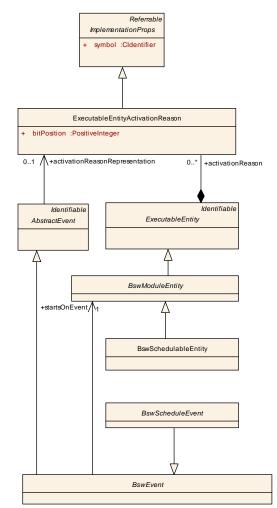


Figure 6.12: BswModuleEntity and activation reason

[TPS_BSWMDT_04089] Access to activation reason [The same mechanism is available for both application software and basic software, therefore the following specification items and constraints defined in [6] also hold for the BSWMDT:

- [TPS_SWCT_01469]
- [constr_1226]
- [constr_1227]

](RS_BSWMD_00063)

An activation reason can only be provided to those BswModuleEntity-s that are potentially triggered by BswEvents and thus are handled by the RTE. As a further restriction, the current RTE Specification [13] does not support retrieving the activation reason for BswCalledEntitys even if they are triggered via the BSW Scheduler. This leads to the following constraint:

[constr_4070] Applicability of <code>BswModuleEntity.activationReason</code> [An <code>activationReason</code> shall not be set



- for instances of BswInterruptEntity
- for instances of BswCalledEntity

]()

6.9 BSW Communication Policy

The implementation of triggers, mode switches and sender-receiver-communication can follow various policies which have to be known by the generator of the RTE resp. BSW Scheduler in order to generate the correct "glue" code. The required attributes are shown in Figures 6.13 and 6.14 and are explained in the class tables below.

This kind of information is similar to what is represented by the so-called ComSpecs for VFB communication, see [6].

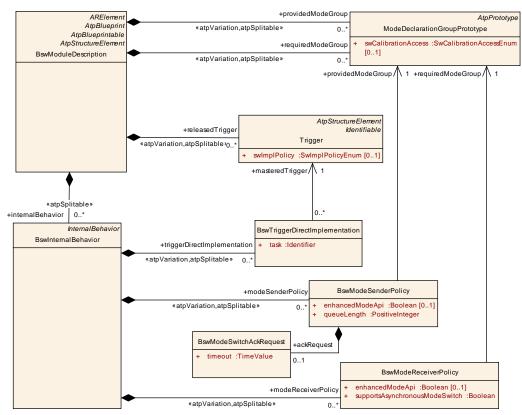


Figure 6.13: Special Implementation Policy for Modes and Triggers

Class	BswTriggerDi	BswTriggerDirectImplementation				
Package	M2::AUTOSAF	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note		Specifies a released trigger to be directly implemented via OS calls, for example in a Complex Driver module.				
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
masteredT rigger	Trigger	1	ref	The trigger which is directly mastered by this module.
				There may be several different
				BswTriggerDirectImplementations mastering the same Trigger. This may be required e.g. due to memory partitioning.
task	Identifier	1	ref	The name of the OS task, which is controlled by the referred trigger. This means, that the module uses the trigger condition to directly activate an OS task instead of calling an API of the BswScheduler. The task name is required by the RTE generator resp. BswScheduler to raise the appropriate events in components or modules receiving the trigger.

Table 6.35: BswTriggerDirectImplementation

Class	BswModeSender	BswModeSenderPolicy				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior		
Note	Specifies the deta	ils for th	e sendir	ng of a mode switch for the referred mode group.		
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
ackReques t	BswModeSwitc hAckRequest	01	aggr	Request for acknowledgement		
enhanced ModeApi	Boolean	01	attr			
providedM odeGroup	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	1	ref	The provided mode group for which the policy is specified.		
queueLeng th	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Length of call queue on the sender side. The queue is implemented by the RTE resp.BswScheduler. The value must be greater or equal to 0. Setting the value of queueLength to 0 implies non-queued communication.		

Table 6.36: BswModeSenderPolicy

Class	BswModeSwitchAckRequest					
Package	M2::AUTOSART	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	Requests acknow	Requests acknowledgements that a mode switch has been processed successfully				
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
timeout	TimeValue	1	attr	Number of seconds before an error is reported.		

Table 6.37: BswModeSwitchAckRequest



Class	BswModeReceiv	BswModeReceiverPolicy				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior		
Note	Specifies the deta	ils for th	e recept	tion of a mode switch for the referred mode group.		
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
enhanced ModeApi	Boolean	01	attr	This controls the creation of the enhanced mode API that returns information about the previous mode and the next mode. If set to TRUE the enhanced mode API is supposed to be generated. For more details please refer to the SWS_RTE.		
requiredM odeGroup	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	1	ref	The required mode group for which the policy is specified.		
supportsAs ynchronou sModeSwit ch	Boolean	1	attr	Specifies whether the module can handle the reception of an asynchronous mode switch (true) or not (false).		

Table 6.38: BswModeReceiverPolicy

[TPS_BSWMDT_04107] Data reception policy [By aggregating a BswDataReceptionPolicy a BswInternalBehavior specifies the detailed reception policy of the referred VariableDataPrototype. Note the reception policy is the same for all reception points - defined via BswModuleEntity.dataReceivePoint - of the respective VariableDataPrototype in this module. |(*RS_BSWMD_00067*)

Note that due to limitations of the sender-receiver communication mechanism in BSW (in contrast to VFB communication) it is only possible to specify queued reception. Furthermore, there are no communication attributes on the sender side.

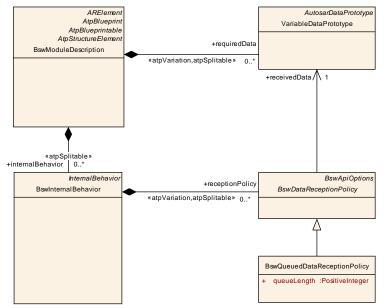


Figure 6.14: Implementation Policy for BSW Sender-Receiver Communication



Class	BswDataReceptionPolicy (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::BswMc	oduleTemplate::BswBehavior
Note	Specifies the reception policy for the referred data in sender-receiver communication over the BSW Scheduler. To be used for inter-partition and/or inter-core communication.			
Base	ARObject,BswApi	Options		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
receivedD ata	VariableDataPr ototype	1	ref	The data received over the BSW Scheduler using this policy.

Table 6.39: BswDataReceptionPolicy

Class	BswQueuedDataReceptionPolicy				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	Reception policy attributes specific for queued receiving.				
Base	ARObject,BswApiOptions,BswDataReceptionPolicy				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
queueLeng th	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Length of queue for received events.	

Table 6.40: BswQueuedDataReceptionPolicy

[constr_4080] Existence of reception policy [If a VariableDataPrototype is referred from a dataReceivePoint of any BswModuleEntity in a given BswInternalBehavior, then exactly one corresponding BswDataReceptionPolicy must by aggregated by this BswInternalBehavior.]()

6.10 BSW Local Data

A BSW module (or cluster) needs the ability to declare data in its BSWMD, for example

- in order to make them available for measurement and calibration tools (see chapter 10)
- in order to declare these data in relation to ServiceNeeds, e.g. as NvM blocks (see chapter 6.12)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04026] Local BSW data without RTE or BSW Scheduler support [In many cases such data in the context of a module (or cluster) do not need any support by the RTE resp. BSW Scheduler. They are simply allocated by the module's code but they still may be accessed from outside of the module for measurement, calibration or as NvM mirrors. These data are described by the following roles:

- BswInternalBehavior.staticMemory for variable data
- BswInternalBehavior.constantMemory for constant data



](RS_BSWMD_00045, RS_BSWMD_00062)

RS_BSWMD_00052,

RS_BSWMD_00061,

[TPS_BSWMDT_04027] Local BSW data accessed via BSW Scheduler API [However it is also possible to have local data allocated by the BSW Scheduler. This is especially required in the case of calibration with software emulation. These kind of data are declared by:

• BswInternalBehavior.perInstanceParameter

](*RS_BSWMD_00030*, *RS_BSWMD_00062*)

For compatibility reasons with the SWCT these various data are declared on the behavior level using the abstract class InternalBehavior as shown in figure 6.15. The class table for InternalBehavior has already been listed in chapter 6.1.

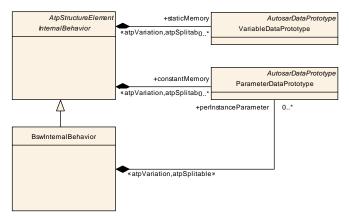


Figure 6.15: BSW Local Data

[TPS_BSWMDT_04128] BSW measurement data accessed via BSW Scheduler API [It is also possible to have local data allocated by the BSW Scheduler. This kind of data is declared by: - BswInternalBehavior.arTypedPerInstanceMemory

• BswInternalBehavior.ArTypedperInstanceMemory

](*RS_BSWMD_00030*, *RS_BSWMD_00062*)



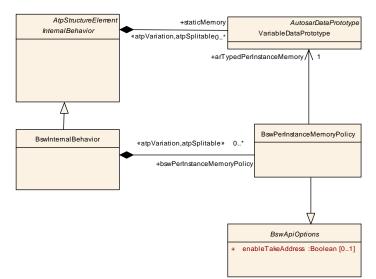


Figure 6.16: BSW Measurement Data

These data use the type system of AutosarDataPrototypes which is explained in more detail in [6]:

Class	ParameterDataPrototype			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes
Note	A parameter element used for parameter interface and internal behavior, supporting signal like parameter and characteristic value communication patterns and parameter and characteristic value definition.			
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, Data Prototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
initValue	ValueSpecificati on	01	aggr	Specifies initial value(s) of the ParameterDataPrototype

Table 6.41: ParameterDataPrototype

Class	VariableDataPrototype			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes
Note	A VariableDataPrototype is used to contain values in an ECU application. This means that most likely a VariableDataPrototype allocates "static" memory on the ECU. In some cases optimization strategies might lead to a situation where the memory allocation can be avoided. In particular, the value of a VariableDataPrototype is likely to change as the ECU on which it is used executes.			
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, Data Prototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
initValue	ValueSpecificati on	01	aggr	Specifies initial value(s) of the VariableDataPrototype

Table 6.42: VariableDataPrototype



6.11 Synchronization with a Corresponding SWC

BSW modules which implement a ServiceSwComponentType, EcuAbstraction-SwComponentType or ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType require several mappings between their SWC description and BSWM description in order to generate the RTE resp. the BSW Scheduler.

One use case is as follows:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04074] Synchronization of mode switches or triggers [A BSW module which communicates via the RTE is able to provide triggers and mode switches within the basic software and toward SWCs above the RTE as well (for example a BSW module implementing an EcuAbstractionSwComponentType). It may happen, that a module wants to issue a mode switch or a trigger to both BSW and to SWCs "above the RTE", i.e. a call via the BSW Scheduler API shall result in the same trigger resp. mode switch as a call via the RTE port-API (details are specified in [13]). In this case the Trigger resp. ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype provided within the BSW must be mapped to the Trigger resp. ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype provided by the port interface. This information is an input to configure the RTE accordingly.](*RS_BSWMD_00055, RS_BSWMD_00058*)

Another use case is the specification of a RunnableEntity in a BSW module in order to allow calls to or from the RTE via ports:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04075] RunnableEntity in BSW for RTE access [In this case, a BswModuleEntity should be specified in addition to allow for the BSW specific descriptions and the two elements have to be associated. This is e.g. required, if the RTE needs to find out whether a RunnableEntity runs in interrupt context. |()



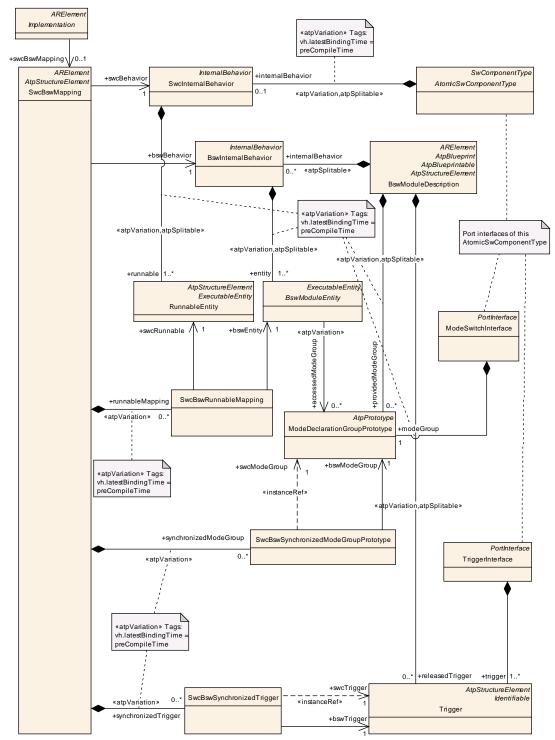


Figure 6.17: Mapping between an SWC and a BSW module.



Class	SwcBswMapping	9				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::SwcBswMapping					
Note	Maps an SwcInternalBehavior to an BswInternalBehavior. This is required to coordinate the API generation and the scheduling for AUTOSAR Service Components, ECU Abstraction Components and Complex Driver Components by the RTE and the BSW scheduling mechanisms. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SwcBswMappings					
Base	-			er,AtpFeature,AtpStructureElement,Collectable eReferrable,PackageableElement, <mark>Referrable</mark>		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
bswBehavi or	BswInternalBeh avior	1	ref	The mapped BswInternalBehavior		
runnableM apping	SwcBswRunnab leMapping	*	aggr	A mapping between a pair of SWC and BSW runnables.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
swcBehavi or	SwcInternalBeh avior	1	ref	The mapped SwcInternalBehavior.		
synchroniz edModeGr oup	SwcBswSynchr onizedModeGro upPrototype	*	aggr	A pair of SWC and BSW mode group prototypes to be synchronized by the scheduler.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
synchroniz edTrigger	SwcBswSynchr onizedTrigger	*	aggr	A pair of SWC and BSW Triggers to be synchronized by the scheduler.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		

Table 6.43: SwcBswMapping

Class	SwcBswRunnab	SwcBswRunnableMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::SwcBswMapping		
Note	Maps a BswModuleEntity to a RunnableEntity if it is implemented as part of a BSW module (in the case of an AUTOSAR Service, a Complex Driver or an ECU Abstraction). The mapping can be used by a tool to find relevant information on the behavior, e.g. whether the bswEntity shall be running in interrupt context.					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
bswEntity	BswModuleEntit y	1	ref	The mapped BswModuleEntity		
swcRunna ble	RunnableEntity	1	ref	The mapped SWC runnable.		

Table 6.44: SwcBswRunnableMapping



Class	SwcBswSynchronizedModeGroupPrototype					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::SwcBswMapping		
Note	Synchronizes a mode group provided by a component via a port with a mode group provided by a BSW module or cluster.					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
bswMode Group	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	1	ref	The BSW mode group prototype.		
swcModeG roup	ModeDeclaratio nGroupPrototyp e	1	iref	The SWC mode group prototype provided by a particular port.		

Table 6.45: SwcBswSynchronizedModeGroupPrototype

Class	SwcBswSynchronizedTrigger			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::SwcBswMapping
Note	Synchronizes a Trigger provided by a component via a port with a Trigger provided by a BSW module or cluster.			
Base	ARObject			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
bswTrigger	Trigger	1	ref	The BSW Trigger.
swcTrigger	Trigger	1	iref	The SWC Trigger provided by a particular port.

Table 6.46: SwcBswSynchronizedTrigger

[TPS_BSWMDT_04028] Determination of argument names for BSW functions called via ports [In the case of functions calls via ports over the RTE, the RTE API generator shall determine the name of function arguments (for declaration purposes only) from the signature of the BswModuleEntry referred via the mapping.

The rule is:

The name of the function arguments shall be taken (in the given order) from

- the shortNames of the
- SwServiceArgs (according to the given order) defined in the
- BswModuleEntry referenced by the
- BswModuleEntity mapped in the
- SwcBswRunnableMapping to the
- RunnableEntity referenced by the
- OperationInvokedEvent that in turn references the
- ClientServerOperation that belongs to the
- ClientServerInterface that types the
- PortPrototype in question.

This rule applies to PortDefinedArgumentValue and "ordinary" port operation arguments as well.



If a SwcBswRunnableMapping exists, the above rule supersedes the definition of any argument identifiers by the attribute(s) RunnableEntity.runnableEntityArgument. (*RS_BSWMD_00039*)

The meta-model elements involved in this rule are shown in the following diagram.

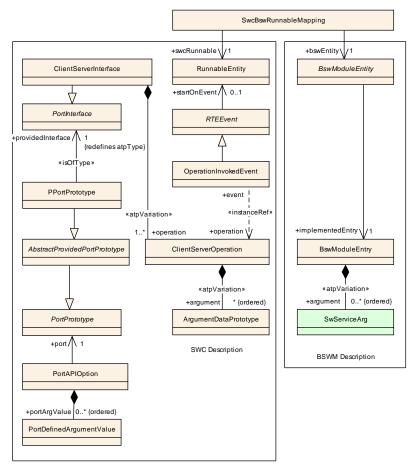


Figure 6.18: Mapping of function arguments between an SWC and a BSW module.

All mappings for one component/module are aggregated in SwcBswMapping which belongs to the CommonStructure of the meta-model. The mapping is considered as an add-on to the internal behavior (because it is mainly required to set up the RTE) but can be specified as a separate artifact which can be referred by the Implementation of the module. Therefore SwcBswMapping is derived from ARElement.

This synchronization mechanism between software components and BSW modules is limited to the relevant parts of the basic software:

[constr_4039] Semantics of SwcBswMapping [An SwcBswMapping is only valid, if the referred SwcInternalBehavior is aggregated by a ServiceSwComponent-Type, EcuAbstractionSwComponentType Or ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType.]()

[constr_4084] Consistency of references of InternalBehavior [The SwcInternalBehavior referenced by SwcBswMapping.SwcBehavior in the SwcB-



swMapping determined by SwcImplementation.swcBswMapping shall be identical
to the SwcInternalBehavior referenced by SwcImplementation.behavior. (/)

[constr_4085] Consistency of references of InternalBehavior [The BswInternalBehavior referenced by SwcBswMapping.bswBehavior in the SwcBswMapping determined by BswImplementation.swcBswMapping shall be identical to the BswInternalBehavior referenced by BswImplementation.behavior.]()

Further constraints are:

[constr_4071] Synchronized runnables and schedulable entities must be consistent [In the case that a RunnableEntity is mapped to a BswSchedulableEntity the RTE Generator may emit an Entry Point Prototype for the RunnableEntity as well as an Entry Point Prototype for the BswSchedulableEntity (depending on the specified events for SWC resp. BSW). The SwcBswRunnableMapping instance controlling this case is only valid if several attributes of the mapped RunnableEntity and BswSchedulableEntity are consistent, especially all of the following constraints apply to the attributes of the given instance of SwcBswRunnableMapping:

- swcRunnable.symbol must be identical to bswEntity.shortName.
- swcRunnable.minimumStartInterval **must be identical to** bswEntity.minimumStartInterval.
- swcRunnable.canBeInvokedConcurrently must be identical to bswEntity.implementedEntry.isReentrant.
- swcRunnable.swAddrMethod must either be empty or must have identical attributes as the SwAddrmethod defined via bswEntity.swAddrMethod. This is required to ensure a unique configuration for the memory segment of the underlying code entity.
- swcRunnable.activationReason and bswEntity.activationReason must have identical shortName if they define the same bitPosition and must have identical bitPosition if they define the same shortName

]()

[constr_4040] Synchronized mode groups must have same type [SwcBswSynchronizedModeGroupPrototype can only refer to equally typed ModeDeclarationGroupPrototypes, i.e. which have identical ModeDeclarationGroups.]()

[constr_4041] Synchronized mode groups must have same context [The mapping defined by SwcBswSynchronizedModeGroupPrototype implies that the component providing the one mode group prototype is also mapped to the module which provides the other mode group prototype by means of synchronizing their respective behaviors in SwcBswMapping.]()

[constr_4042] Synchronized triggers must have same context [The mapping defined by SwcBswSynchronizedTrigger implies that the component providing the



one trigger is also mapped to the module which provides the other trigger by means of synchronizing their respective behaviors in SwcBswMapping.]()

[constr_4064] Synchronized triggers must implement same policy [The mapping defined by SwcBswSynchronizedTrigger is only valid if the attribute SwcB-swSynchronizedTrigger.swImplPolicy has the same value as the attribute SwcBswSynchronizedTrigger.bswTrigger.swImplPolicy.]()

The next constraint is to avoid conflicts in generated header files for the same reason as constraint [constr_4059] does within one module (see 5.2):

[constr_4058] Different mode groups in mapped BSWM and SWC must have different names [If an SwcInternalBehavior is mapped to a BswInternalBehavior the corresponding SWC and BSW module descriptions may not refer to different ModeDeclarationGroups having the same shortName but different elements. This holds especially if these mode groups are not synchronized but used independently.]()

6.12 BSW Service Needs

6.12.1 Overview

The mechanism of so-called Service Dependencies and Service Needs is used by Software Components above the RTE to express their needs on the configuration of AUTOSAR Services. The same mechanism can be used also in the basic software in order to have a uniform approach, if an AUTOSAR Service has to be configured per ECU for the needs of both BSW and SWCs.

Figure 6.19 shows the various meta-classes which can be used on the behavior level of BSW modules and SWCs in order to express these dependencies.



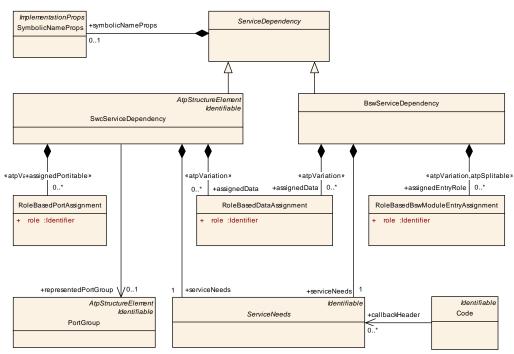


Figure 6.19: Concept of ServiceDependency for BSW and SWC

[TPS_BSWMDT_04029] Usage of BswServiceDependency [In figure 6.20 the set of BswServiceDependency-s represents the requirements of the module or cluster on the configuration of AUTOSAR Services like NVRAM Manager or Watch-dog Manager. These requirements include not only the specific ServiceNeeds attributes, but can optionally include references to local data (for example to declare RAM mirror or ROM default data for the NVRAM Manager) or to BswModuleEntry-s (for example to declare which expected callbacks belong to a specific NvM block).](*RS_BSWMD_00045*)

Further explanation could be found in the class tables below.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04127] Callback header declarations [When a service configures callback functions the header files providing the callback function declarations needs to be identified. The reference callbackHeader describes in which header files the function declarations of callback functions are provided for the AUTOSAR service implementing the ServiceNeeds.](*RS_BSWMD_00045*)

[constr_4089] Association callbackHeader is only applicable for BSW modules [The association callbackHeader is only supported for codeDescriptors of BswImplementation and only permitted to reference ServiceNeeds owned by BswServiceDependency.]()

[constr_4090] The callbackHeader reference has to be consistent with behavior reference [The reference callbackHeader is only allowed to reference ServiceNeeds in the context of the BswServiceDependency which in turn is referenced by the BswImplementation behavior of the BswImplementation owning the codeDescriptor.]()



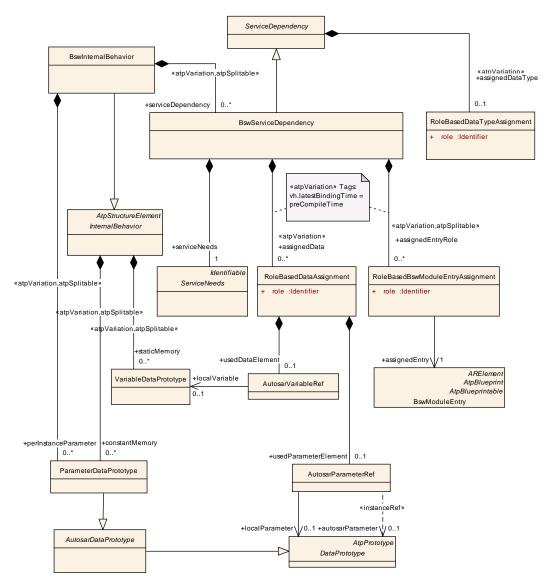


Figure 6.20: BswServiceDependency attached to a BswInternalBehavior

Class	ServiceDepende	ServiceDependency (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ServiceNeeds		
Note	Collects all dependencies of a software module or component on an AUTOSAR Service related to a specific item (e.g. an NVRAM Block, a diagnostic event etc.). It defines the quality of service (ServiceNeeds) of this item as well as (optionally) references to additional elements. This information is required for tools in order to generate the related basic software configuration and ServiceSwComponentTypes.					
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
assignedD ataType	RoleBasedData TypeAssignmen t	01	aggr	This is the role of the assignment data type in the given context.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
symbolicN ameProps	SymbolicName Props	01	aggr	This attribute can be taken to contribute to the creation of symbolic name values.

Table 6.47: ServiceDependency

Class	BswServiceDepe	endency	/		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	Specialization of ServiceDependency in the context of an BswInternalBehavior. It allows to associate BswModuleEntries and data defined for a BSW module or cluster to a given ServiceNeeds element.				
Base	ARObject, Service	Depend	ency		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
assignedD ata	RoleBasedData Assignment	*	aggr	Defines the role of an associated data object (owned by this module or cluster) in the context of the ServiceNeeds element. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime	
assignedE ntryRole	RoleBasedBsw ModuleEntryAss ignment	*	aggr	Defines the role of an associated BswModuleEntry in the context of the ServiceNeeds element. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=assignedEntryRole, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime	
ident	BswServiceDep endencyldent	01	aggr	This adds the ability to become referrable to BswServiceDependency. Tags: atp.Status=shallBecomeMandatory xml.sequenceOffset=-100	
serviceNee ds	ServiceNeeds	1	aggr	The associated ServiceNeeds.	

Table 6.48: BswServiceDependency

Class	RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	This class specifies an assignment of a role to a particular BswModuleEntry (usually a configurable callback).				
	With this assignment, the role of the callback is mapped to a specific ServiceNeeds element, so that a tool is able to create appropriate configuration values for the module that implements the AUTOSAR Service.				
Base	ARObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
assignedE ntry	BswModuleEntr y	1	ref	The assigned entry. It should be a providedEntry or expectedCallback of the module or cluster that requires the ServiceNeeds.	



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
role	Identifier	1	ref	This is the role of the assigned BswModuleEntry in the given context. The attribute is required (for example) because different kind of callbacks may be associated with the same ServiceNeeds (e.g. end-notification vs. error-notification). The value must be the role name of a configurable function call (usually a callback) as standardized in the Software Specification of the related
				AUTOSAR Service.

Table 6.49: RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment

RoleBasedDataAssignment					
M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds					
 This class specifies an assignment of a role to a particular data object in the SwcInternalBehavior of a software component (or in the BswModuleBehavior of a module or cluster) in the context of an AUTOSAR Service. With this assignment, the role of the data can be mapped to a specific ServiceNeeds element, so that a tool is able to create the correct access. 					
ARObject					
Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
Identifier	1	ref	 This is the role of the assigned data in the given context, for example for an NVRAM Block it is used to distinguish between an mirror block and a ROM default block. Possible values need to be specified on M1 level. This also is intended to support the so called "Signal based Approach" of the DCM. In this use case the name of the involved data element is required. This name shall be taken from the DataElement referenced by the property usedDataElement. The following values are standardized: ramBlock indicates data to be used as a mirror for an NVRAM Block. defaultData indicates constant data to be used as default in the context of this ServiceNeeds, e.g. for an NVRAM Block. 		
	M2::AUTOSARTe This class specifi SwcInternalBeha module or cluster With this assignmelement, so that a ARObject Datatype	M2::AUTOSARTemplatesThis class specifies an asSwcInternalBehavior of amodule or cluster) in the cWith this assignment, theelement, so that a tool is aARObjectDatatypeMul.	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommThis class specifies an assignmenSwcInternalBehavior of a softwaremodule or cluster) in the context ofWith this assignment, the role of theelement, so that a tool is able to contextARObjectDatatypeMul.Kind		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
usedDataE	AutosarVariable	01	aggr	The VariableDataPrototype used in this role, e.g.
lement	Ref			 Permanent RAM Block of an NVRAM Block which shall belong to the same SwcInternalBehavior or BswInternalBehavior.
				 In the role signalBasedDiagnostics it has to refer to a VariableDataPrototype in a SenderReceiverInterface or a NvDataInterface.
usedPara meterElem	AutosarParamet erRef	01	aggr	The ParameterDataPrototype used in this role, e.g.
ent				 ROM Block of an NVRAM Block. It shall belong to the same SwcInternalBehavior or BswInternalbehavior.
				 In the role signalBasedDiagnostics it has to refer to a ParameterDataPrototype in a ParameterInterface.
usedPim	PerInstanceMe mory	01	ref	The (untyped) PerInstanceMemory used in this role (e.g. as a Permanent RAM Block for an NVRAM Block).

Table 6.50: RoleBasedDataAssignment

Class	RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::Service Mapping					
Note	This class specifies an assignment of a role to a particular data type of a software component (or in the BswModuleBehavior of a module or cluster) in the context of an AUTOSAR Service. With this assignment, the role of the data type can be mapped to a specific ServiceNeeds element, so that a tool is able to create the correct access.					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
role	Identifier	1	ref	This is the role of the associated data type in the given context.		
usedImple mentation DataType	Implementation DataType	1	ref	This represents the associated ImplementationDataType.		

Table 6.51: RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment



Class	ServiceNeeds (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds				
Note	This expresses the abstract needs that a Software Component or Basic Software Module has on the configuration of an AUTOSAR Service to which it will be connected. "Abstract needs" means that the model abstracts from the Configuration Parameters of the underlying Basic Software.				
Base	ARObject,Identifiable,MultilanguageReferrable,Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
_	-	-	_	-	

Table 6.52: ServiceNeeds

Note that several kinds of data assignments are restricted to be used within an SWC because they need RTE support:

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

This denotes the type of a temporary Ram Block and used internal data structure in case of explicit synchronization with NvMReadRamBlockFromNvM and NvMWriteRamBlockToNvM interface respectively. The type information can be used to calculate the NvBlock size and minimum Ram Mirror size.

• temporaryRamBlock [0..1]

[constr_4051] RoleBasedDataAssignment in BSW [When used in the context of BswServiceDependency, the following restriction hold for date references described by RoleBasedDataAssignment:

- Within RoleBasedDataAssignment.usedDataElement, only the reference AutosarVariableRef.localVariable is applicable.
- Within RoleBasedDataAssignment.usedParameterElement, only the reference AutosarParameterRef.localParameter is applicable.
- The reference RoleBasedDataAssignment.usedPim shall not be set.

]()

[TPS_BSWMDT_04113] Rule for setting RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment.role [The value of RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment.role cannot arbitrarily set but shall to equal to the shortName of the applicable BswModuleEntry taken from the standardized AUTOSAR BswModuleEntry model (this implies that the category of the ARPackage that owns the BswModuleEntry is set to BLUEPRINT⁵ and the top-most ARPackage.shortName is set to AUTOSAR, see also [18]).](*RS_BSWMD_00045*)

⁵see [TPS_STDT_00033]



6.12.2 Specific Service Needs

The abstract meta-class ServiceNeeds and its more specific child classes are defined in the CommonStructure package of the meta-model. This class hierarchy is shown in the three figures (6.21, 6.22 and 6.23).

The subsequent tables show those specialized <u>ServiceNeeds</u> which are of interest for the basic software.

Note that several detailed meta-classes for diagnostic capabilities (derived from DiagnosticCapabilityElement) and for diagnostic over IP (derived from DoIpServiceNeeds) are not shown here, because they are mainly of interest for application software. For a detailed description of those refer to [6].

Note that the <u>ServiceNeeds</u> describes only the source data of an abstract dependency. How this is actually traced down to the configuration parameters is specified by the configuration parameters of the dependent modules itself. For a description of this mechanism see [TPS_ECUC_02047] under topic "Derived Parameter Definition" in [11]. To get the complete picture, it should be noted that also other templates can define source data for dependencies, for example the configuration of the COM stack depends on information defined via the AUTOSAR System Template.

This information as defined by AUTOSAR for standardized configuration parameters is also called "Upstream Mapping". The Upstream Mapping relevant for BSWMDT is listed in this document in appendix C.

If a BSW module implements an AUTOSAR Service, it is possible that parts of its own ServiceNeeds are in turn influenced by the ServiceNeeds of the SWCs and BSW modules integrated on an ECU. In this case, the ServiceNeeds of that module must be adjusted at ECU integration time before the initial ECU configuration is set up. For example, the NvBlockNeeds of the Diagnostic Event Manager will be determined in response to the number of diagnostic events on an ECU which are given by the DiagnosticEventNeeds of all integrated SWCs and BSW modules. Since parts of the XML-description of AUTOSAR Services (namely the SWC-part) are generated at integration time anyway, the adjustment of ServiceNeeds can be done in the same step.



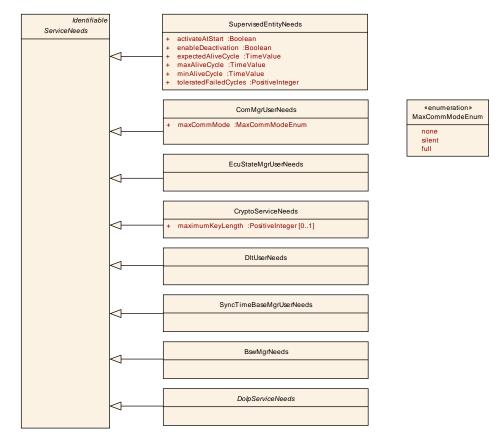


Figure 6.21: Class ServiceNeeds from CommonStructure and some derived classes



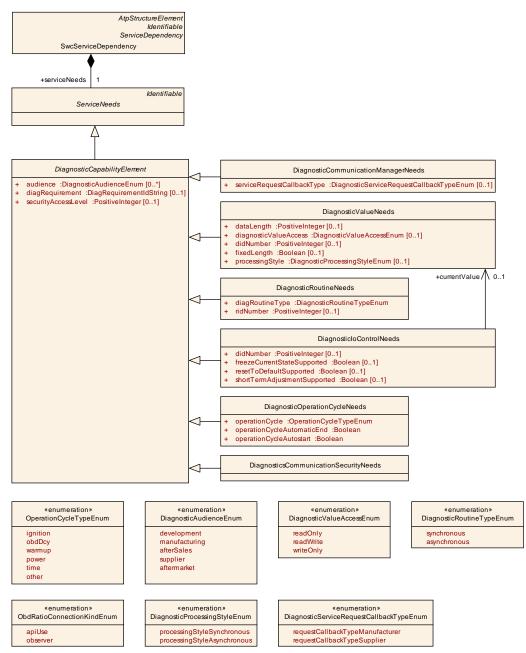


Figure 6.22: Class ServiceNeeds from CommonStructure and derived classes for diagnosis use cases



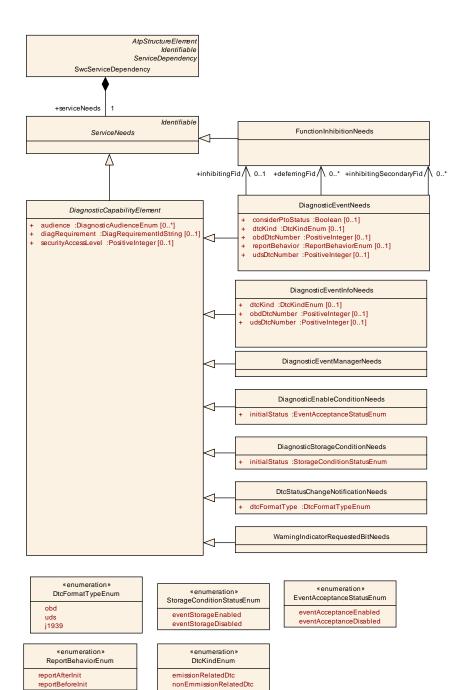


Figure 6.23: Class ServiceNeeds from CommonStructure and derived classes for diagnosis use cases

Class	NvBlockNeeds				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	Specifies the abst	Specifies the abstract needs on the configuration of a single NVRAM Block.			
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds			
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
calcRamBl ockCrc	Boolean	01	attr	Defines if CRC (re)calculation for the permanent RAM Block is required.	
checkStati cBlockId	Boolean	01	attr	Defines if the Static Block Id check shall be enabled.	



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
cyclicWritin gPeriod	TimeValue	01	attr	This represents the period for cyclic writing of NvData to store the associated RAM Block.
nDataSets	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Number of data sets to be provided by the NVRAM manager for this block. This is the total number of ROM Blocks and RAM Blocks.
nRomBloc ks	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Number of ROM Blocks to be provided by the NVRAM manager for this block. Please note that these multiple ROM Blocks are given in a contiguous area.
ramBlockS tatusContr ol	RamBlockStatu sControlEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines how the management of the RAM Block status is controlled.
readonly	Boolean	01	attr	True: data of this NVRAM Block are write protected for normal operation (but protection can be disabled) false: no restriction
reliability	NvBlockNeedsR eliabilityEnum	01	attr	Reliability against data loss on the non-volatile medium.
resistantTo ChangedS w	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether an NVRAM Block shall be treated resistant to configuration changes (true) or not (false). For details how to handle initialization in the latter case, please refer to the NVRAM specification.
restoreAtSt art	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether the associated RAM Block shall be implicitly restored during startup by the basic software.
storeAtShu tdown	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether or not the associated RAM Block shall be implicitly stored during shutdown by the basic software.
storeCyclic	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether or not the associated RAM Block shall be implicitly stored periodically by the basic software.
storeEmer gency	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether or not the associated RAM Block shall be implicitly stored in case of ECU failure (e.g. loss of power) by the basic software. If the attribute storeEmergency is set to true the associated RAM Block shall be configured to have immediate priority.
storelmme diate	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether or not the associated RAM Block shall be implicitly stored immediately during or after execution of the according SW-C RunnableEntity by the basic software.
useAutoVa lidationAtS hutDown	Boolean	01	attr	If set to true the RAM Block shall be auto validated during shutdown phase.
useCRCC ompMecha nism	Boolean	01	attr	If set to true the CRC of the RAM Block shall be compared during a write job with the CRC which was calculated during the last successful read or write job in order to skip unnecessary NVRAM writings.



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
writeOnlyO nce	Boolean	01	attr	Defines write protection after first write: true: This block is prevented from being changed/erased or being replaced with the default ROM data after first initialization by the software-component. false: No such restriction.
writeVerific ation	Boolean	01	attr	Defines if Write Verification shall be enabled for this NVRAM Block.
writingFreq uency	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Provides the amount of updates to this block from the application point of view. It has to be provided in "number of write access per year".
writingPrior ity	NvBlockNeeds WritingPriorityE num	01	attr	Requires the priority of writing this block in case of concurrent requests to write other blocks.

Table 6.53: NvBlockNeeds

Enumeration	NvBlockNeedsReliabilityEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds
Note	Reliability against data loss on the non-volatile medium. These requirements give only a relative indication, for example on the required degree of redundancy for storage. They do, however, not specify by which means (e.g. software or hardware) the reliability is actually achieved.
Literal	Description
errorCorrec- tion	Errors shall be corrected
errorDetec- tion	Errors shall be detected
noProtection	Data need not to be handled with protection

Table 6.54: NvBlockNeedsReliabilityEnum

Enumeration	NvBlockNeedsWritingPriorityEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds
Note	Specifies the priority of writing this block in case of concurrent requests to write other blocks.
Literal	Description
high	Writing priority is high.
low	Writing priority is low.
medium	Writing priority is medium.

Table 6.55: NvBlockNeedsWritingPriorityEnum

Enumeration	RamBlockStatusControlEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::NvBlockComponent
Note	This enumeration type defines options for how the management of the ramBlock status is controlled.



Literal	Description
api	The ramBlock status is controlled via service interface by usage of the SetRamBlockStatus operation.
nvRamMan- ager	The ramBlock status is controlled exclusively by the Nv Ram Manager.

Table 6.56: RamBlockStatusControlEnum

Enumeration	MaxCommModeEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds
Note	Maximum bus communication mode required by a user of the Communication Manager Service.
Literal	Description
full	Full communication is requested.
none	No communication is requested.
silent	Silent communication is requested: Only listening but not "talking".

Table 6.57: MaxCommModeEnum

Class	SupervisedEntity	SupervisedEntityNeeds				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds					
Note		Specifies the abstract needs on the configuration of the Watchdog Manager for one specific Supervised Entity.				
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable,ServiceNeeds		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
activateAt Start	Boolean	1	attr	True/false: supervision activation status of SupervisedEntity shall be enabled/disabled at start.		
enableDea ctivation	Boolean	1	attr	True: software-component shall be allowed to deactivate supervision of this SupervisedEntity false: software-component shall be not allowed to deactivate supervision of this SupervisedEntity		
expectedAl iveCycle	TimeValue	1	attr	Expected cycle time of alive trigger of this SupervisedEntity (in seconds).		
maxAliveC ycle	TimeValue	1	attr	Maximum cycle time of alive trigger of this SupervisedEntity (in seconds).		
minAliveCy cle	TimeValue	1	attr	Minimum cycle time of alive trigger of this SupervisedEntity (in seconds).		
toleratedF ailedCycle s	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Number of consecutive failed alive cycles for this SupervisedEntity which shall be tolerated until the supervision status of the SupervisedEntity is set to WDGM_ALIVE_EXPIRED (see SWS WdgM for more details). Note that this value has to be recalculated with respect to the WdgM's own cycle time for ECU configuration.		

Table 6.58: SupervisedEntityNeeds



Class	ComMgrUserNeeds				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	Specifies the abstract needs on the configuration of the Communication Manager for one "user".				
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds			
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
maxComm Mode	MaxCommMod eEnum	MaxCommMod 1 attr Maximum communication mode requested by this			

Table 6.59: ComMgrUserNeeds

Class	EcuStateMgrUserNeeds				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	Specifies the abstract needs on the configuration of the ECU State Manager for one "user". This class currently contains no attributes. Its name can be regarded as a symbol identifying the user from the viewpoint of the component or module which owns this class.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds				
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
_	-	_	_	-	

Table 6.60: EcuStateMgrUserNeeds

Class	CryptoServiceNeeds				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	Specifies the needs on the configuration of the CryptoServiceManager for one ConfigID (see Specification AUTOSAR_SWS_CSM.doc). An instance of this class is used to find out which ports of an SWC belong to this ConfigID.				
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds			
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
maximumK eyLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The maximum length of a cryptographic key, that is used by the SWC or module for this configuration. Unit: bit.	

Table 6.61: CryptoServiceNeeds

Class	DItUserNeeds				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	Specifies the needs on the configuration of the Diagnostic Log and Trace module for one SessionId. This class currently contains no attributes. An instance of this class is used to find out which ports of an SWC belong to this SessionId in order to group the request and response ports of the same SessionId. The actual SessionId value is stored in the PortDefinedArgumentValue of the respective port specification.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
_	-	_	-	_	

Table 6.62: DltUserNeeds



Class	SyncTimeBaseMgrUserNeeds				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	Specifies the needs on the configuration of the Synchronized Time-base Manager for one time-base. This class currently contains no attributes. An instance of this class is used to find out which ports of a software-component belong to this time-base in order to group the request and response ports of the same time-base. The actual time-base value is stored in the PortDefinedArgumentValue of the respective port specification.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
_	-	_	_	-	

Table 6.63: SyncTimeBaseMgrUserNeeds

Class	DiagnosticCapat	oilityEle	ment (a	bstract)	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds				
Note	This class identifies the capability to provide generic information about diagnostic capabilities				
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable,ServiceNeeds	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
audience	DiagnosticAudie nceEnum	*	attr	This specifies the intended audience for the diagnostic object. Note that this is not only for the documentation but also subsequent audience specific implementation.	
diagRequir ement	DiagRequireme ntIdString	01	attr	This denotes the requirement identifier to which the object can be linked to. Note that with the implementation of a generic tracing concept in AUTOSAR this attribute might become obsolete.	
securityAc cessLevel	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute denotes the level of security which is touched by the diagnostic object. The higher the level the more relevance for the security exists. This level shall be mapped to the security level in the ECU.	

Table 6.64: DiagnosticCapabilityElement

Class	FunctionInhibitionNeeds			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	Specifies the abstract needs on the configuration of the Function Inhibition Manager for one Function Identifier (FID). This class currently contains no attributes. Its name can be regarded as a symbol identifying the FID from the viewpoint of the component or module which owns this class.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
-	-	_	_	-

Table 6.65: FunctionInhibitionNeeds



Class	DolpServiceNeed	ds (abst	ract)	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	This represents a	n abstra	ct base	class for ServiceNeeds related to DoIP.
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
_	_	_	_	-

Table 6.66: DolpServiceNeeds

6.12.2.1 NvM Service Dependencies

This chapter describes the usage of the specific meta-classes derived from Service-Needs within a Basic Software Module. The meta-class NvBlockNeeds is used to define requirements to configure the NVRAM Manager Service. There are several use cases how a Basic Software Module can interact with the NVRAM Manager service. Each use case is discussed in a separate sub-chapter.

6.12.2.1.1 Nvm Use Case: Permanent RAM Block

Scenario: a Basic Software Module is using an an NvBlock with a Permanent RAM Block.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04116] Setup for Nvm Use Case: Permanent RAM Block [

ServiceNeeds kind NvBlockNeeds

RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment

For every used BswModuleEntry provided by the NvM it is necessary to create a RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment and set the value of the attribute role of the RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment to the name of the used standardized BswModuleEntry. The following BswModuleEntryS shall (i.e. lower multiplicity > 0) or can (lower multiplicity = 0) be used in this context:

- NvM_ReadBlock [0..1]
- NvM_WriteBlock [0..1]
- NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults [0..1]
- NvM_EraseNvBlock [0..1]
- NvM_InvalidateNvBlock [0..1]
- NvM_ReadPRAMBlock [0..1]
- NvM_WritePRAMBlock [0..1]
- NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults [0..1]
- NvM_SetDataIndex [0..1]



Specification of BSW Module Description Template AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

- NvM_GetDataIndex [0..1]
- NvM_SetBlockProtection [0..1]
- NvM_GetErrorStatus [0..1]
- NvM_SetRamBlockStatus [0..1]
- NvM_SetBlockLockStatus [0..1]
- NvM_CancelJobs [0..1]
- NvM_SingleBlockCallbackFunction [0..1]
- InitBlockCallbackFunction [0..1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

RoleBasedDataAssignment shall be created that refers to the Variable-DataPrototype in the role usedDataElement. The value of the attribute role of the RoleBasedDataAssignment shall be set to ramBlock.

Optionally, it is possible to create an additional RoleBasedDataAssignment to a ParameterDataPrototype in the role usedParameterElement. The value of the ParameterDataPrototype is then taken as the initial or default value for the NvBlock. In this case the value of the attribute role of the Role-BasedDataAssignment shall be set to defaultValue.

Therefore, the following roles are applicable:

- ramBlock [1]
- defaultValue [0..1]

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

N/A

]()

For more information please refer to [SWS_NvM_00734], [SWS_NvM_00735], [SWS_NvM_00736], and [SWS_NvM_00737].

6.12.2.1.2 Nvm Use Case: Temporary RAM Block

Scenario: a Basic Software Module is using some NV blocks with a Temporary RAM Block.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04117] Setup for Nvm Use Case: Temporary RAM Block [

ServiceNeeds kind NvBlockNeeds



RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment valid roles:

For every used BswModuleEntry provided by the NvM it is necessary to create a RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment and set the value of the attribute role of the RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment to the name of the used standardized BswModuleEntry. The following BswModuleEntrys shall (i.e. lower multiplicity > 0) or can (lower multiplicity = 0) be used in this context:

- NvM_ReadBlock [0..1]
- NvM_WriteBlock [0..1]
- NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults [0..1]
- NvM_EraseNvBlock [0..1]
- NvM_InvalidateNvBlock [0..1]
- NvM_SetDataIndex [0..1]
- NvM_GetDataIndex [0..1]
- NvM_SetBlockProtection [0..1]
- NvM_GetErrorStatus [0..1]
- NvM_SetRamBlockStatus [0..1]
- NvM_SetBlockLockStatus [0..1]
- NvM_CancelJobs [0..1]
- NvM_SingleBlockCallbackFunction [0..1]
- InitBlockCallbackFunction [0..1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

RoleBasedDataAssignment may be created that refers to a ParameterDataPrototype in the role usedParameterElement. The value of the ParameterDataPrototype is then taken as the initial or default value for the NvBlock. In this case the value of the attribute role of the RoleBasedDataAssignment shall be set to defaultValue.

Therefore, the following roles are applicable:

• defaultValue [0..1]

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

This denotes the type of the temporary Ram Block. The type information can be used to calculate the NVRAM block. [constr_4088] applies.

• temporaryRamBlock [0..1]

]()



[constr_4088] Existence of RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment.role VS. Role-BasedDataAssignment.role [The usage of a RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment with attribute role set to the value temporaryRamBlock is only allowed if no Role-BasedDataAssignment defined with attribute role set to value defaultValue exists in the owning BswServiceDependency.]()

The rationale for [constr_4088] is that the existence of a RoleBasedDataAssignment would already provide sufficient information for the intended purpose. The parallel existence of a RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment is therefore fully redundant and could only lead to potential inconsistencies.

6.12.2.1.3 Nvm Use Case: RAM Block with explicit synchronization

Scenario: a Basic Software Module is using some NV blocks where the RAM Block is synchronized by means of explicit synchronizatin using the mirror interfaces.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04118] Setup for Nvm Use Case: RAM Block synchronised with explicit synchronization \lceil

RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment valid roles:

For every used BswModuleEntry provided by the NvM it is necessary to create a RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment and set the value of the attribute role of the RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment to the name of the used standardized BswModuleEntry. The following BswModuleEntrys shall (i.e. lower multiplicity > 0) or can (lower multiplicity = 0) be used in this context:

- NvM_ReadBlock [0..1]
- NvM_WriteBlock [0..1]
- NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults [0..1]
- NvM_EraseNvBlock [0..1]
- NvM_InvalidateNvBlock [0..1]
- NvM_ReadPRAMBlock [0..1]
- NvM_WritePRAMBlock [0..1]
- NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults [0..1]
- NvM_SetDataIndex [0..1]
- NvM_GetDataIndex [0..1]
- NvM_SetBlockProtection [0..1]
- NvM_GetErrorStatus [0..1]
- NvM_SetRamBlockStatus [0..1]
- NvM_SetBlockLockStatus [0..1]



- NvM_CancelJobs [0..1]
- NvM_SingleBlockCallbackFunction [0..1]
- InitBlockCallbackFunction [0..1]
- NvM_ReadRamBlockFromNvm [1]
- NvM_WriteRamBlockToNvm[1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

RoleBasedDataAssignment may be created that refers to a ParameterDataPrototype in the role usedParameterElement. The value of the ParameterDataPrototype is then taken as the initial or default value for the NvBlock. In this case the value of the attribute role of the RoleBasedDataAssignment shall be set to defaultValue.

Therefore, the following roles are applicable:

• defaultValue [0..1]

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

This denotes the type of the internal data structure synchronized with NvMRead-RamBlockFromNvM and NvMWriteRamBlockToNvM interface. The type information can be used to calculate the NVRAM block size and minimum RAM Mirror size. [constr_4088] applies.

• temporaryRamBlock [0..1]

]()

6.12.2.2 Diagnostic Service Dependency

This chapter describes the usage of the specific diagnostic meta-classes derived from ServiceNeeds within a Basic Software Module.

6.12.2.2.1 Function Inhibition Needs

The meta-class FunctionInhibitionNeeds is used to define requirements in order to configure the Function Inhibition Manager.

A BswInternalBehavior may provide several FunctionInhibitionNeeds elements, each defines the requirements related to one function inhibition ID (for the terms related to the AUTOSAR Function Inhibition Manager, see [19]).



6.12.2.2.1.1 Function Inhibition Manager Service use Case: read function permission

[TPS_BSWMDT_04119] Setup for Function Inhibition Manager Service use Case: read function permission [

Scenario: a Basic Software Module reads the function permission from FiM in order to enable or disable a functionality. In this case the following setup apply:

ServiceNeeds kind FunctionInhibitionNeeds

RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment valid roles:

• FiM_GetFunctionPermission[1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

N/A

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

N/A

]()

6.12.2.2.2 Diagnostic Event Needs

The meta-classes DiagnosticEventNeeds is used to define requirements in order to configure the Diagnostic Event Manager Service.

An BswInternalBehavior may provide several DiagnosticEventNeeds elements that each defines the requirements related to one diagnostic monitor. (For the terms related to the AUTOSAR Diagnostic Event Manager see [20]).

6.12.2.2.2.1 Dem Service Use Case: diagnostic monitor, debouncing by Dem

Scenario: a Basic Software Module implements a Diagnostic Monitor. The debouncing of the failure condition shall be configured and processed by the Dem. In this case the following setup apply:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04120] Basic Software Module implements a Diagnostic Monitor $\car{\car{l}}$

ServiceNeeds kind DiagnosticEventNeeds

RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment valid roles:

- Dem_ReportErrorStatus [1]
- Dem_ResetEventDebounceStatus [0..1]
- Dem_GetEventStatus [0..1]



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- Dem_GetEventFailed [0..1]
- Dem_GetEventTested [0..1]
- Dem_GetDTCOfEvent [0..1]
- Dem_SetEventDisabled [0..1]
- InitMonitorForEvent [0..1]
- DemTriggerOnEventStatus [0..1]
- DemClearEventAllowed [0..1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

N/A

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

N/A

]()

6.12.2.2.3 Diagnostic Communication Needs

The meta-class DiagnosticValueNeeds is used to define requirements in order to configure the Diagnostic Communication Manager Service as well as the Diagnostic Event Manager Service. The DcM and Dem can access local values via callback functions.

The attribute DiagnosticValueNeeds.diagnosticValueAccess of type DiagnosticValueAccessEnum allows for distinguishing between current values to read diagnostic information (readOnly) and data elements which are additionally classified as configurable (readWrite).

Class	DiagnosticValueNeeds					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds					
Note	Specifies the general needs on the configuration of the Diagnostic Communication Manager (DCM) which are not related to a particular item (e.g. a PID). The main use case is the mapping of service ports to the DCM which are not related to a particular item.					
	In the case of using a sender receiver communicated value, the related value shall be taken via assignedData in the role "signalBasedDiagnostics".					
	In case of using a client/server communicated value, the related value shall be communicated via the port referenced by asssignedPort. The details of this communication (e.g. appropriate naming conventions) are specified in the related software specifications (SWS).					
Base	ARObject, DiagnosticCapabilityElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds					
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note					



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
dataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute is applicable only if the ServiceNeed is aggregated within BswModuleDependency.
				This attribute represents the length of data (in bytes) provided for this particular PID signal.
diagnostic ValueAcce ss	DiagnosticValue AccessEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls whether the data can be read and written or whether it is to be handled read-only.
didNumber	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents a Data identifier for the diagnostic value. This allows to predefine the DID number if the responsible function developer has received a particular requirement from the OEM or from a standardization body.
fixedLengt h	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls whether the data length of the data is fixed.
processing Style	DiagnosticProce ssingStyleEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls whether interaction requires the software-component to react synchronously on a request or whether it processes the request in background but still the DCM has to issue the call again to eventually obtain the result of the request.

Table 6.67: DiagnosticValueNeeds

Enumeration	DiagnosticValueAccessEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds
Note	Defines the access of the configured diagnostic current values which will be used by the DEM or DCM module.
Literal	Description
readOnly	The access to the data element is limited to read-only. This is typically used to read-out diagnostic information (e.g. current values).
readWrite	The value of the diagnostic data element is classified as configurable (read and write access is possible).
writeOnly	The access to the data element is limited to write-only. This supports the use case where the Dcm just writes data to the application software without the intention to read it back,

Table 6.68: DiagnosticValueAccessEnum

Enumeration	DiagnosticProcessingStyleEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds
Note	
Literal	Description
processing StyleAsyn- chronous	The software-component processes the request in background but still the DCM has to issue the call again to eventually obtain the result of the request.
processing StyleSyn- chronous	The software-component is superposed to react synchronously on the request.

Table 6.69: DiagnosticProcessingStyleEnum



The meta-class DiagnosticRoutineNeeds is used to define requirements to configure the Diagnostic Communication Manager Service. A Basic Software Module may provide BswModuleEntrys (for example, "start", "stop", and "RequestResults"). The BswModuleEntrys correspond to the diagnostic service RoutineControl for one routine identifier. The enumeration parameter DiagnosticRoutineType-Enum is used to define whether the diagnostic server or client is responsible for stopping the routine.

Class	DiagnosticRouti	neNeed	s		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	Specifies the general needs on the configuration of the Diagnostic Communication Manager (DCM) which are not related to a particular item (e.g. a PID). The main use case is the mapping of service ports to the DCM which are not related to a particular item.				
Base	ARObject, DiagnosticCapabilityElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
diagRoutin eType	DiagnosticRouti neTypeEnum	1	attr	This denotes the type of diagnostic routine which is implemented by the referenced server port.	
ridNumber	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents a routine identifier for the diagnostic routine. This allows to predefine the RID number if the a function developer has received a particular requirement from the OEM or from a standardization body.	

Enumeration	DiagnosticRoutineTypeEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds
Note	This enumerator specifies the different types of diagnostic routines.
Literal	Description
asynchronous	This indicates that the diagnostic server is not blocked while the diagnostic routine is running.
synchronous	This indicates that the diagnostic routine blocks the diagnostic server in the ECU while the routine is running.

Table 6.71: DiagnosticRoutineTypeEnum

The meta-class DiagnosticIoControlNeeds is used to define requirements to configure the Diagnostic Communication Manager Service.



Class	DiagnosticloControlNeeds						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds						
Note	Specifies the general needs on the configuration of the Diagnostic Communication Manager (DCM) which are not related to a particular item (e.g. a PID). The main use case is the mapping of service ports to the DCM which are not related to a particular item.						
Base	ARObject, Diagnos Referrable, Referra			ement,Identifiable,Multilanguage			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
currentVal ue	DiagnosticValue Needs	01	ref	Reference to the DiagnosticValueNeeds indicating the access to the current value via signalBasedDiagnostics.			
didNumber	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents a Data identifier for the diagnostic value. This allows to predefine the DID number if the a function developer has received a particular requirement from the OEM or from a standardization body.			
freezeCurr entStateSu pported	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute determines, if the referenced port supports temporary freezing of I/O value.			
resetToDef aultSuppor ted	Boolean	01	attr	This represents a flag for the existence of the ResetToDefault operation in the service interface.			
shortTerm Adjustment Supported	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute determines, if the referenced port supports temporarily setting of I/O value to a specific value provided by the diagnostic tester.			

Table 6.72: DiagnosticloControlNeeds

Class	DiagnosticsCommunicationSecurityNeeds				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds			
Note	This meta-class represents the needs of a software-component to verify the access to security level via diagnostic services.				
Base	ARObject, DiagnosticCapabilityElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds				
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
_	_	-	Ι	-	

Table 6.73: DiagnosticsCommunicationSecurityNeeds

Class	DiagnosticComn	DiagnosticCommunicationManagerNeeds						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ServiceNeeds				
Note	Manager (DCM) v DiagnosticRoutine	Specifies the general needs on the configuration of the Diagnostic Communication Manager (DCM) which are not related to a particular item (e.g. a PID or DiagnosticRoutineNeeds). The main use case is the mapping of service ports to the DCM which are not related to a particular item.						
Base	ARObject, DiagnosticCapabilityElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds							
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note				



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
serviceReq uestCallba ckType	DiagnosticServi ceRequestCallb ackTypeEnum	01	attr	This represents the ability to define whether the usage of PortInterface ServiceRequestNotification has the characteristics of being initiated by a manufacturer or by a supplier.

Table 6.74: DiagnosticCommunicationManage	erNeeds

6.12.2.2.3.1 Dcm Service Use Case: read/write current values by BswModuleEntryS

Scenario: a Basic Software Module offers a BswModuleEntrys to read/write current value via diagnostic services.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04121] Basic Software Module Offers BswModuleEntrys to read/write current value via diagnostic services [

ServiceNeeds kind DiagnosticValueNeeds

RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment valid roles:

- Xxx_ReadData [0..1] (1 in case read is supported)
- Xxx_WriteData [0..1] (1 in case write is supported)
- Xxx_ReadDataLength [0..1] (1 in case of variable length)
- Xxx_ConditionCheckRead [0..1]](1 in case the read condition is provided by the BSW module)

RoleBasedDataAssignment

N/A

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

N/A

]()

6.12.2.2.3.2 Dcm Service Use Case: start/stop or request routine results

Scenario: a Basic Software Module offers a BswModuleEntrys to start/stop or request routines via diagnostic services.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04122] Basic Software Module Offers BswModuleEntrys to start/stop or request routines via diagnostic services [

ServiceNeeds kind DiagnosticRoutineNeeds

RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment valid roles:

• Xxx_Start [1]



- Xxx_Stop [0..1]
- Xxx_RequestResults [0..1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

N/A

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

N/A

]()

6.12.2.2.3.3 Dcm Service Use Case: IO control

Scenario: a Basic Software Module offers a BswModuleEntrys BswModuleEntrys to adjust the IO signal via diagnostic services.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04123] Basic Software Module Offers BswModuleEntrys to adjust the IO signal via diagnostic services [

ServiceNeeds kind DiagnosticIoControlNeeds

RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment valid roles:

- Xxx_ReadData[1]
- Xxx_ReturnControlToECU [0..1]
- Xxx_ResetToDefault [0..1]
- Xxx_FreezeCurrentState [0..1]
- Xxx_ShortTermAdjustment [0..1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

N/A

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

N/A

]()

6.12.2.2.3.4 Dcm Service Use Case: Access to protocol, session and security Information

Scenario: a Basic Software Module offers a BswModuleEntrys to access protocol, session and security information.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04124] Basic Software Module Offers BswModuleEntrys to access protocol, session and security information [



ServiceNeeds kind DiagnosticCommunicationManagerNeeds

RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment valid roles:

- Dcm_ResetToDefaultSession [0..1]
- Dcm_GetSecurityLevel [0..1]
- Dcm_GetSesCtrlTypel [0..1]
- Dcm_GetActiveProtocol [0..1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

N/A

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

N/A

]()

6.12.2.3.5 Dcm Service Use Case: Seed / Key handling for security level access

Scenario: a Basic Software Module offers BswModuleEntrys for the Seed and Key handling for security level access.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04125] Basic Software Module Offers BswModuleEntrys for the Seed adn Key handling for security level access [

ServiceNeeds kind DiagnosticsCommunicationSecurityNeeds

RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment valid roles:

- Xxx_CompareKey [1]
- Xxx_GetSeed [1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

N/A

RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment

N/A

]()

6.12.3 Basic Software Production Errors

The meta-class DiagnosticEventNeeds is used to specify production errors in a BSWMD.



Class	DiagnosticEventNeeds					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ServiceNeeds		
Note	one diagnostic event fi diagnostic event fi element.	ent. Its s rom the ostic eve	shortNar viewpoir ent speci	ne configuration of the Diagnostic Event Manager for me can be regarded as a symbol identifying the nt of the component or module which owns this ifies a production error, the shortName shall be the		
Base		sticCapa	abilityEle	ement,Identifiable,Multilanguage		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
considerPt oStatus	Boolean	01	attr	PTO (Power Take Off) has an impact on the respective emission-related event (OBD). This information shall be provided by SW-C description in order to consider the PTO relevance e.g. for readiness (PID \$01) computation. For events with dtcKind set to 'nonEmmissionRelatedDtc' this attribute is typically false.		
deferringFi d	FunctionInhibitio nNeeds	*	ref	This reference contains the link to a function identifier within the FiM which is used by the monitor before delivering a result.		
diagEvent Debounce Algorithm	DiagEventDebo unceAlgorithm	01	aggr	Specifies the abstract need on the Debounce Algorithm applied by the Diagnostic Event Manager.		
dtcKind	DtcKindEnum	01	attr	This attribute indicates the kind of the diagnostic monitor according to the SWS Diagnostic Event Manger. This attribute applies for the UDS diagnostics use case.		
inhibitingFi d	FunctionInhibitio nNeeds	01	ref	This represents the primary Function Inhibition Identifier used for inhibition of the diagnostic monitor. The FID might either inhibit the monitoring of a symptom or the reporting of detected faults.		
inhibitingS econdaryFi d	FunctionInhibitio nNeeds	*	ref	This represents the secondary Function Inhibition Identifier used for inhibition of the diagnostic monitor. Any of the FID inhibitions leads to an inhibition of the monitoring of a symptom or the reporting of detected faults.		
obdDtcNu mber	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents a reasonable Diagnostic Trouble Code. This allows to predefine the Diagnostic Trouble Code, e.g. if the a function developer has received a particular requirement from the OEM or from a standardization body. This attribute applies for the OBD diagnostics use case.		
reportBeha vior	ReportBehavior Enum	01	attr	This switch indicates whether or not the BSW module is allowed to report the related Events before Dem_Init().		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
udsDtcNu mber	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents a reasonable Diagnostic Trouble Code. This allows to predefine the Diagnostic Trouble Code, e.g. if the a function developer has received a particular requirement from the OEM or from a standardization body. This attribute applies for the UDS diagnostics use case.

Table 6.75: DiagnosticEventNeeds

Class	DiagEventDebounceAlgorithm (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ServiceNeeds		
Note	This class represents the ability to specify the pre-debounce algorithm which is selected and/or required by the particular monitor.					
	This class inherits from Identifiable in order to allow further documentation of the expected or implemented debouncing and to use the category for the identification of the expected / implemented debouncing.					
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject,Identifiable,MultilanguageReferrable,Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
_	-	_	—	-		

Table 6.76: DiagEventDebounceAlgorithm

Class	DiagEventDebounceCounterBased					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds					
Note				ility to indicate that the counter-based debounce M for this diagnostic monitor.		
	This is related to s DemDebounceCo			noice container DemDebounceAlgorithmClass to		
Base	ARObject, DiagEvent		ounceAlg	gorithm,Identifiable,Multilanguage		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
counterDe crementSt epSize	Integer	1	attr	This value shall be taken to decrement the internal debounce counter.		
counterFail edThreshol d	Integer	1	attr	This value defines the event-specific limit that indicates the "failed" counter status.		
counterIncr ementStep Size	Integer	1	attr	This value shall be taken to increment the internal debounce counter.		
counterJu mpDown	Boolean	1	attr	This value activates or deactivates the counter jump-down behavior.		
counterJu mpDownV alue	Integer	1	attr	This value represents the initial value of the internal debounce counter if the counting direction changes from incrementing to decrementing.		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
counterJu mpUp	Boolean	1	attr	This value activates or deactivates the counter jump-up behavior.
counterJu mpUpValu e	Integer	1	attr	This value represents the initial value of the internal debounce counter if the counting direction changes from decrementing to incrementing.
counterPa ssedThres hold	Integer	1	attr	This value defines the event-specific limit that indicates the "passed" counter status.

Table 6.77: DiagEventDebounceCounterBased

Class	DiagEventDebounceTimeBased				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ServiceNeeds	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to indicate that the time-based pre-debounce algorithm shall be used by the DEM for this diagnostic monitor.				
	This is related to set the ECUC choice container DemDebounceAlgorithmClass to DemDebounceTimeBase.				
Base	ARObject, DiagEvent		ounceAlg	orithm,Identifiable,Multilanguage	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
timeFailed Threshold	TimeValue 1 attr This value represents the event-specific delay indicating the "failed" status.				
timePasse dThreshold	TimeValue	1	attr	This value represents the event-specific delay indicating the "passed" status.	

Table 6.78: DiagEventDebounceTimeBased

Class	DiagEventDebou	nceMoi	nitorInte	ernal			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds					
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to indicate that the pre-debounce algorithm shall be used by the DEM for this diagnostic monitor.					
	This is related to s DemDebounceMo	0		C choice container DemDebounceAlgorithmClass to			
	If the FaultDetectionAlogrithm is already known to be implemented by a specific BswModuleEntry the reference bswModuleEntry points to the function specification.						
	If the FaultDetectionCounter value is accessible at a PortPrototype this PortPrototype shall be referenced by an assignedPort.						
Base	ARObject, DiagEventDebounceAlgorithm, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable						
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
_	-	-	-	-			

Table 6.79: DiagEventDebounceMonitorInternal



Package M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds						
Note	This enumeration defines the possible kinds of diagnostic monitors regarding the OBD relevance.					
Literal	Description					
emission RelatedDtc	This indicates that the monitor reports a OBD-relevant malfunction.					
nonEmmis- sionRelated Dtc	This indicates that the monitor reports a non-OBD-relevant malfunction.					

Table 6.80: DtcKindEnum

Enumeration ReportBehaviorEnum						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds					
Note	This enumeration specifies the report status of related events before or after diagnostic event initialization.					
Literal	Description					
reportAfterInit	This allows reporting related events after initialization					
reportBefore Init	This allows reporting related events before initialization					

Table 6.81: ReportBehaviorEnum

[TPS_BSWMDT_04110] Declaration of production errors [If a BSW module reports diagnostic events to the module DEM (= Diagnostic Event Manager ,see [20]), its BswInternalBehavior shall contain for each kind of diagnostic event one ServiceDependency element in the role serviceDependency.

This diagnostic event is further characterized by the element ServiceDependency.serviceNeeds which shall be an instance of meta-class DiagnosticEventNeeds. If the diagnostic event describes a production error, its DiagnosticEventNeeds.category attribute shall have one of the following values:

- **PRODUCTION_ERROR** if it represents a production error.
- EXTENDED_PRODUCTION_ERROR if it represents an extended production error.

Its DiagnosticEventNeeds.shortName shall be equal to the error symbol defined in the AUTOSAR SWS of the respective module if the production error is standardized.](RS_BSWMD_00045, RS_BSWMD_00069)

For further information on production error reporting refer to [21].

Production errors and extended production errors are reported to the DEM via the C-function $Dem_ReportErrorStatus()$. This scenario shall be specified in the following way:



[TPS_BSWMDT_04111]

BswServiceDependency refers to Dem_ReportErrorStatus()

A BswModuleEntry representing the signature of the C-function Dem_ReportErrorStatus() shall be specified. According to the rules [TPS_BSWMDT_04008] and [TPS_BSWMDT_04016] defined earlier in this document, its shortName shall have the value Dem_ReportErrorStatus and the package location in XML shall be:

AUTOSAR_Dem/BswModuleEntrys/

Each BswServiceDependency representing a production error in a BSDWMD shall refer to this BswModuleEntry via an aggregated assignedEntryRole which has its role attribute set to the value ReportErrorStatus.](RS_BSWMD_00045, RS_BSWMD_00069)

Note that in order to model the complete picture, the module in question should also have a BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDependency.requiredEntry⁶ referring to

AUTOSAR_Dem/BswModuleEntrys/Dem_ReportErrorStatus

and one more BswModuleCallPoints representing the calls into Dem_ReportErrorStatus(). This additional information is not mandatory to configure the DEM, but it can be used for documentation and call tree or timing analysis.

If the diagnostic event is associated with a callback routine to be called by the DEM and implemented by the module in question, this shall also be modeled by a BswModuleEntry which is referred as BswServiceDependency.assignedEntryRole. This holds namely for the standardized callback InitMonitorForEvent specified in [SWS_Dem_00256]:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04112] BswServiceDependency refers to InitMonitor-ForEvent [If a module implements the callback InitMonitorForEvent, a BswModuleEntry shall be defined with

• shortName = Service name as defined in [SWS_Dem_00256]

The BswServiceDependency representing this diagnostic event shall refer to this BswModuleEntry via its assignedEntry and its assignedEntryRole shall have the value InitMonitorForEvent.](RS_BSWMD_00045, RS_BSWMD_00069)

Note that in order to model the complete picture for such a callback, the module in question should also have a BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDependency.expectedCallback⁷ referring to the BswModuleEntry that describes the callback signature and a BswModuleEntity representing the implementation of the callback. This additional information is not mandatory to configure the DEM, but it can be used for documentation and call tree or timing analysis.

⁶This must be modeled differently, if the call crosses partition boundaries, see 5.5.2

⁷This must be modeled differently, if the call crosses partition boundaries, see 5.5.2



6.13 BSW Behavior Distributed over Partitions

There a valid use cases in which parts of a given BSW module are executed on different partitions related to different processor cores⁸ within one ECU (see [RS_BSWMD_00068] and [16]). This includes the case, that on a given ECU different services of the same module run within different partitions and also the case, that on the same ECU the same service is available within different partitions.

In a BSWMD there is no strict information on the association of software entities to partitions or processor cores. This information is added later in the ECU configuration phase through the mapping of BswEvents to OS tasks which in turn are mapped to OsApplications which are assigned to a partition and/or processor core (see [22]). The BswModuleEntity-s that are driven by these BswEvents are then indirectly mapped to partitions and cores.

Note that under certain circumstances (e.g. no memory protection, reentrancy) it is possible to use BswModuleEntity-s and BswOperationInvokedEvents that are not mapped to tasks but still can be accessed from several partitions (see [16] for details).

Likewise, the information whether a service is potentially called across partition boundaries is added via ECU configuration of the BSW Scheduler (in case of BSW communication) or via port connectors created at ECU configuration time (in case of AUTOSAR Services).

Nonetheless the BswInternalBehavior must be prepared for such a configuration because pieces of a module's code that potentially will run in different partitions and shall be explicitly mapped to different tasks must be driven by separate BswEvents. In addition, it is useful to distinguish the communication behavior of a BswModuleEntity per partition, for example if it sends out data when running on one processor core and receives them when running on another core. Such information may be needed for the fine grained configuration of the RTE and IOC as well as for documentation, timing and call tree analysis.⁹

In particular, the following rules can be stated:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04108] BswInternalBehavior containing BswModuleEntitys executed on different partitions [If a module is designed to let the same code entities (after proper ECU configuration) run in different partitions, each code entity shall be described by only one BswModuleEntity. In other words, for a given code there shall be no separate BswModuleEntity-s per partition.

Furthermore, in case the behavior per partition shall be distinguished, the following elements shall be provided in the module's <code>BswInternalBehavior</code>:

⁸AUTOSAR currently supports at most one BSW partition per core. However, the rules outlined here are independent on this restriction.

⁹The code has the possibility to retrieve information on which processor core it is running - see [16] and/or by which event it was started, see 6.8.



- Each potential partition context in which some of the contained BswModuleEntity-s are able to run shall be modeled by an aggregation of an instance of meta-class BswDistinguishedPartition, see figure 6.24. Note that this is an abstract notation and the concrete partition must be defined later in the process as part of the configuration of the "virtual" module EcuC, see [11].
- The BswEvents starting the BswModuleEntitys of this BswInternalBehavior must be separate per potential partition and - in case there are limitations shall indicate by the reference BswEvent.contextLimitation to which partition they are allowed to be mapped.
- The BswModuleCallPoints of this BswInternalBehavior shall in case there are limitations indicate by the reference BswModuleCallPoint.con-textLimitation in which partitions they are used.
- The BswVariableAccess elements of this BswInternalBehavior shall in case there are limitations indicate by the reference BswVariableAccess.con-textLimitation in which partitions they are accessed.

Note that no BswOperationInvokedEvent and no BswModuleClientServerEntry are needed for a function that is provided only for callers within one partition.

Furthermore, this rule is not applicable for <code>BswCalledEntity</code>-s that shall always run in the task context of the caller.](*RS_BSWMD_00068*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04109] BswInternalBehavior for the same AUTOSAR Service provided on different partitions [If a module is designed to implement an AUTOSAR Service - represented as a particular ServiceSwComponentType - which shall run (after proper ECU configuration) by the same code on several different BSW partitions in explicitly mapped tasks, then it is enough to define for each RunnableEntity one SwcBswRunnableMapping and one mapped BswModuleEntity. However, the necessary RTEEvents must be different for each potential partition.

This rule does not apply for those RTEEvents and their corresponding RunnableEntity-s and BswModuleEntity-s which shall not be mapped to tasks.

Rule [TPS_BSWMDT_04108] applies in addition, if the behavior of the involved BswModuleEntity-s shall be distinguished per partition.](RS_BSWMD_00068)



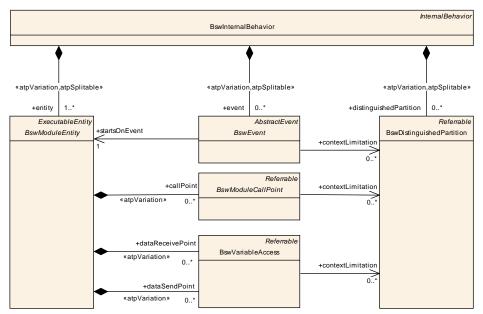


Figure 6.24: Usage of BswDistinguishedPartition.

Class	BswDistinguishedPartition				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswBehavior				
Note	Each instance of this meta-class represents an abstract partition in which context the code of the enclosing BswModuleBehavior can be executed. The intended use case is to distinguish between several partitions in order to implement different behavior per partition, for example to behave either as a master or satellite in a multicore ECU with shared BSW code.				
Base	ARObject,Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
_	-	_	_	-	

Table 6.82: BswDistinguishedPartition

[constr_4083] BswDistinguishedPartition shall be used only in the context of a particular BswInternalBehavior [All instances of BswEvent, BswModule-CallPoint and BswVariableAccess which refer to a BswDistinguishedPar-tition shall belong to the same BswInternalBehavior that also aggregates the referred BswDistinguishedPartition.]()



7 BSW Implementation

7.1 Overview

The template elements to be used by the developer in order to document the actual implementation of a BSW module or cluster are very similar to what is needed for the same purpose in the case of SWCs. Therefore it is based on the CommonStructure part or the meta-model. This includes also the documentation of resource consumption. The generic classes of the meta-model used to document implementation and resource consumption are described in chapter 8 and chapter 9 in this document.

There are however some special features in describing the implementation of BSW. This is the purpose of the meta-class <code>BswImplementation</code> (see Figure 7.1 and the following class table).

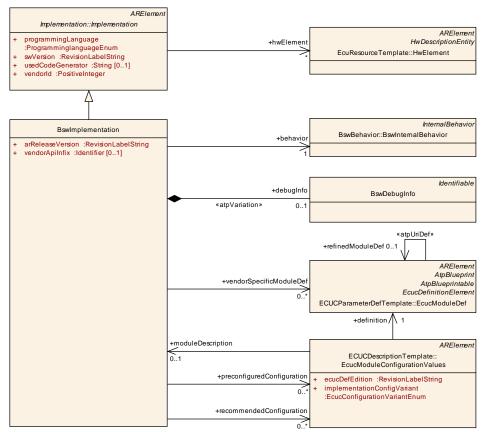


Figure 7.1: Overview of class BswImplementation



Class	BswImplementation						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswImplementation						
Note	Contains the implementation specific information in addition to the generic specification (BswModuleDescription and BswBehavior). It is possible to have several different BswImplementations referring to the same BswBehavior. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=BswImplementations						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Implementation, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
arRelease Version	RevisionLabelSt ring	1	attr	Version of the AUTOSAR Release on which this implementation is based. The numbering contains three levels (major, minor, revision) which are defined by AUTOSAR.			
behavior	BswInternalBeh avior	1	ref	The behavior of this implementation.			
debugInfo	BswDebugInfo	01	aggr	Collects the debug info for this implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
preconfigur edConfigur ation	EcucModuleCo nfigurationValue s	*	ref	Reference to the set of preconfigured (i.e. fixed) configuration values for this BswImplementation. If the BswImplementation represents a cluster of several modules, more than one EcucModuleConfigurationValues element can be referred (at most one per module), otherwise at most one such element can be referred. Tags: xml.roleWrapperElement=true			
recommen dedConfig uration	EcucModuleCo nfigurationValue s	*	ref	Reference to one or more sets of recommended configuration values for this module or module cluster.			



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
vendorApil nfix	Identifier	01	ref	In driver modules which can be instantiated several times on a single ECU, SRS_BSW_00347 requires that the names of files, APIs, published parameters and memory allocation keywords are extended by the vendorld and a vendor specific name. This parameter is used to specify the vendor specific name. In total, the implementation specific API name is generated as follows: <modulename>_<vendorld>_ <vendorapiinfix>_<api from="" name="" sws="">. E.g. assuming that the vendorld of the implementer is 123 and the implementer chose a vendorApiInfix of "v11r456" an API name Can_Write defined in the SWS will translate to Can_123_v11r456_Write. This attribute is mandatory for all modules with upper multiplicity > 1. It shall not be used for modules with upper multiplicity =1. See also SWS_BSW_00102.</api></vendorapiinfix></vendorld></modulename>
vendorSpe	EcucModuleDef	*	ref	Reference to
cificModule Def				 the vendor specific EcucModuleDef used in this BswImplementation if it represents a single module
				 several EcucModuleDefs used in this BswImplementation if it represents a cluster of modules
				 one or no EcucModuleDefs used in this BswImplementation if it represents a library
				Tags: xml.roleWrapperElement=true

Table 7.1: BswImplementation

[TPS_BSWMDT_04030] BswImplementation.arReleaseVersion [The inclusion of the AUTOSAR version information arReleaseVersion is specific for AUTOSAR BSW and specified per instance of BswImplementation. |(*RS_BSWMD_00001, RS_BSWMD_00025, RS_BSWMD_00043*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04031] Instances of BswImplementation [Note that in case a BSW module is used in multiple implementations on the same ECU (which means, that the code has to be there multiple times with the exception of shared libraries), for each module implementation there has to be a separate instance of BswIm-plementation. This allows to define name expansions required for global symbols via the attribute vendorApiInfix.](*RS_BSWMD_00001, RS_BSWMD_00025, RS_BSWMD_00043*)



The mechanism of vendorApiInfixes can be seen as a special method of resolving name conflicts. This aspect is further explained in [4] [TR_METH_03010].

The notation "Wayx" in Figure 7.2 and Figure 7.3 describes that a different HW mechanism (e.g. register set) can be used to achieve the same functionality (e.g. calculation of a PWM output).

Use-case for vendorApiInfixes would be that the microcontroller on chip and an off chip device provide the same functionality like e.g. CanDriver capabilities. Here the abstraction shall be done via the vendorApiInfixes.

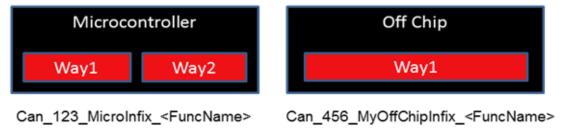
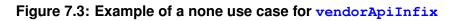


Figure 7.2: Example of a use case for vendorApiInfix

Non use-case for vendorApiInfixes would be that the microcontroller provides on chip for the calculation of a PWM different mechanisms for different channels. Here the abstraction shall be done via the handled ChannelNumber of the PWM.



Pwm_123_MicroInfix_<FuncName>



With attribute debugInfo it is possible to specify information for the AUTOSAR BSW Debug Module. This is further explained in chapter 7.3.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04032] Implementation.hwElement [The attribute hwElement allows to document special hardware dependencies of a BSW module or cluster in addition to what can be expressed by the generic attributes Implementation.processor and Implementation.resourceConsumption] (*RS_BSWMD_00009, RS_BSWMD_00026*) (see also chapter 9). The intended use case of this attribute is to document hardware dependencies of BSW modules or clusters namely in the layers MCAL, ECU Abstraction or Complex Drivers.

Finally it is possible to specify vendor specific configuration parameter definitions and predefined or recommended configuration parameter values within the scope of a BSW implementation and deliver them as part of a BSWMD. This is further explained in the next chapter.



7.2 Configuration Parameter Definitions and Values as Part of a BSWMD

[TPS_BSWMDT_04033] Reference to vendor specific configuration parameters [Vendor specific configuration parameters are expressed by an association from BswImplementation to EcucModuleDef.](*RS_BSWMD_00007, RS_BSWMD_00027, RS_BSWMD_00035, RS_BSWMD_00050*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04034] Reference to predefined or recommended configuration values [Predefined or recommended configuration parameter values are expressed by associations from BswImplementation to EcucModuleConfigurationValues.](*RS_BSWMD_00007, RS_BSWMD_00032, RS_BSWMD_00033*)

The meta-classes EcucModuleDef and EcucModuleConfigurationValues are specified in the ECU Configuration Specification document [11].

Note that different implementations of the same BswModuleDescription can have different predefined or recommended parameter values and different sets of vendor specific configuration parameters. Of course it is also possible that different implementations of the same module refer to the same configuration parameter definitions resp. to the same predefined or recommended configuration parameter values.

A BswImplementation can either represent the implementation of a single module (or library) or the implementation of a cluster of modules. Therefore the following constraints hold for the multiplicities of the vendor specific configuration parameters and predefined configuration values:

[constr_4047] Multiplicity of vendor specific configuration parameters [The association BswImplementation.vendorSpecificModuleDef shall be implemented as reference to one or more instances of EcucModuleDef if the underlying BswModuleDescription has the category BSW_CLUSTER. In all other cases, it shall refer to exactly one instance of EcucModuleDef (the one belonging to this module).]()

[constr_4048] Multiplicity of preconfigured values [The association BswImplementation.preconfiguredConfiguration shall be implemented as reference to zero or more different instances of EcucModuleConfigurationValues if the underlying BswModuleDescription has the category BSW_CLUSTER. In all other cases, it shall refer to at most one instance of EcucModuleConfigurationValues (the one belonging to this module).]()

In order to specify the roles of predefined or recommended parameter values and distinguish them from the parameter value sets used finally in the ECU configuration, the following constraints hold for the enumeration attribute EcucModuleConfigurationValues.implementationConfigVariant (see [11] for definition and further usage of this attribute in the ECU configuration):

[constr_4045] implementationConfigVariant of preconfigured configuration [An EcucModuleConfigurationValues element with the implementationCon-figVariant set to the value PreconfiguredConfiguration shall only be refer-



enced in the role preconfiguredConfiguration and no other value for implementationConfigVariant is allowed in this role.]()

[constr_4046] implementationConfigVariant of recommended configuration [An EcucModuleConfigurationValues element with the implementationConfigVariant set to the value RecommendedConfiguration shall only be referenced in the role recommendedConfiguration and no other value for implementationConfigVariant is allowed in this role.]()

[TPS_BSWMDT_04035] Published parameter values [Some AUTOSAR modules define so-called published parameters. A value of a published parameter cannot be set by the integrator, but has to be known. Thus the existence of published parameters always requires that their values have to be given as part of the preconfiguredCon-figuration.](*RS_BSWMD_00024, RS_BSWMD_00033, RS_BSWMD_00043*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04036] Back-reference from EcucModuleConfigurationValues [In addition the EcucModuleConfigurationValues from the ECU Configuration Template can refer to the BswImplementation for which it defines the configuration parameters. This relation is intended to be used by the integrator or tester to indicate for which BswImplementation an actual ECU configuration has been set up.](*RS_BSWMD_00001*)

7.3 BSW Debug Information

A BSW Module can declare local data for being accessible be the AUTOSAR BSW Debug Module. Note that this is a limited kind of debugging available for the integrator and has nothing to do with more powerful debugging tools the developer might use.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04037] BswDebugInfo [As shown in Figure 7.4 the container class BswDebugInfo is used to aggregate all data declarations exported from one module for debugging. These can be local data, which otherwise would be not visible in the description, or data that are already declared on the behavior level for measurement or calibration.](*RS_BSWMD_00061*)



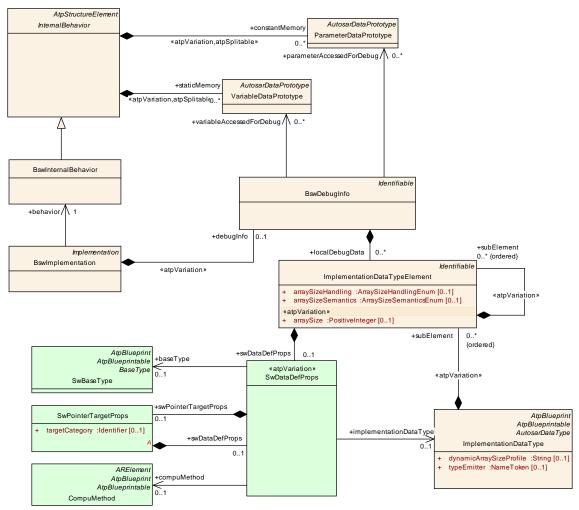


Figure 7.4: Aggregation of BswDebugInfo

Class	BswDebugInfo				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswImplementation				
Note	Collects the information on the data provided to the AUTOSAR debug module.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			geReferrable,Referrable	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
localDebug Data	Implementation DataTypeEleme nt	*	aggr	A data element declared locally to this module, cluster or library. It shall be used (within AUTOSAR) only for debugging purposes.	
parameter AccessedF orDebug	ParameterData Prototype	*	ref	Indicates a parameter as to be debugged.	
variableAc cessedFor Debug	VariableDataPr ototype	*	ref	Indicates a variable as to be debugged.	

Table 7.2: BswDebugInfo

[TPS_BSWMDT_04038] Data types for debug data [For the further detailing of BswDebugInfo.localDebugData, the system of ImplementationDataTypes



is used which is defined in the CommonStructure part of the meta-model.](RS_BSWMD_00061)

The usage of these data types is similar to the the declaration of SwServiceArg as explained in chapter chapter 5.1. For more details refer to [6].



8 Implementation

8.1 Introduction

This chapter explains, how the implementation details of AUTOSAR Software Components and Basic Software can be described. While AUTOSAR contains various component types, only Atomic Software Components and Basic Software Modules possess an Implementation. In the meta model this means that Implementation can be provided for AtomicSwComponentType or its derived classes and BswModuleDescription only.

On the other hand, compositions simply structure and encapsulate their contained components in a hierarchical manner, without adding any implementation relevant behavior or functionality. So they cannot be implemented directly. Instead, the leaf components in such a composition tree which by definition are again atomic, are implemented.

8.2 Implementation Description Overview

The Implementation class shown in Figure 8.1 serves the following main purposes:

- provide information about the resource consumption (chapter 9)
- link to code (source code, object code) (chapter 8.5)
- specify required and generated artifacts (chapter 8.6)
- specify the compiler (chapter 8.7)
- specify the linker (chapter 8.8)
- specify data to support measurement and calibration tools (chapter 10)



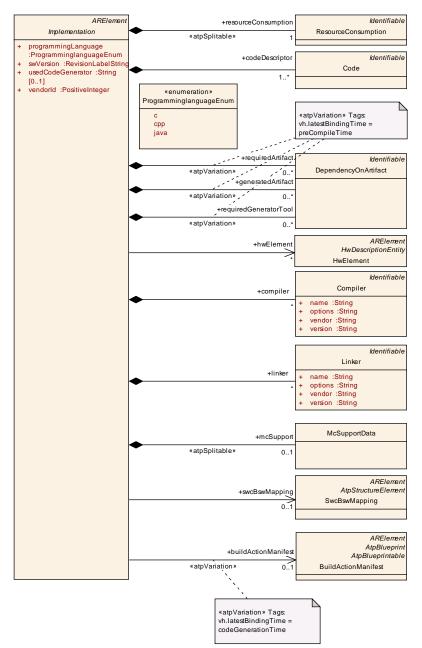


Figure 8.1: Overview of implementation description

As the figure shows, Implementation is derived from ARElement, i.e. it may be shipped as a separate engineering artifact, e.g. independent of the description of interfaces, ports and the component type.

The following table lists all attributes shown in Figure 8.1, thereby explaining the meaning of the remaining simple assertions and requirements of class Implementation.



Class	Implementation (abstrac	et)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Implementation					
Note	Description of an implementation a single software component or module.						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
buildAction Manifest	BuildActionMani fest	01	ref	A manifest specifying the intended build actions for the software delivered with this implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime			
codeDescri ptor	Code	1*	aggr	Specifies the provided implementation code.			
compiler	Compiler	*	aggr	Specifies the compiler for which this implementation has been released			
generated Artifact	DependencyOn Artifact	*	aggr	Relates to an artifact that will be generated during the integration of this Implementation by an associated generator tool. Note that this is an optional information since it might not always be in the scope of a single module or component to provide this information. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
hwElement	HwElement	*	ref	The hardware elements (e.g. the processor) required for this implementation.			
linker	Linker	*	aggr	Specifies the linker for which this implementation has been released.			
mcSupport	McSupportData	01	aggr	The measurement & calibration support data belonging to this implementation. The aggregtion is «atpSplitable» because in case of an already exisiting BSW Implementation model, this description will be added later in the process, namely at code generation time. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=mcSupport			
programmi ngLanguag e	Programmingla nguageEnum	1	attr	Programming language the implementation was created in.			
requiredArt ifact	DependencyOn Artifact	*	aggr	Specifies that this Implementation depends on the existance of another artifact (e.g. a library). This aggregation of DependencyOnArtifact is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the implementations. Different algorithms in the implementation might cause different dependencies, e.g. the number of used libraries. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
requiredGe neratorToo I	DependencyOn Artifact	*	aggr	Relates this Implementation to a generator tool in order to generate additional artifacts during integration. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
resourceC onsumptio n	ResourceConsu mption	1	aggr	All static and dynamic resources for each implementation are described within the ResourceConsumption class. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName
swVersion	RevisionLabelSt ring	1	attr	Software version of this implementation. The numbering contains three levels (like major, minor, patch), its values are vendor specific.
swcBswMa pping	SwcBswMappin g	01	ref	This allows a mapping between an SWC and a BSW behavior to be attached to an implementation description (for AUTOSAR Service, ECU Abstraction and Complex Driver Components). It is up to the methodology to define whether this reference has to be set for the Swc- or BswImplementtion or for both.
usedCode Generator	String	01	attr	Optional: code generator used.
vendorld	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Vendor ID of this Implementation according to the AUTOSAR vendor list

8.3 Assertions and Requirements

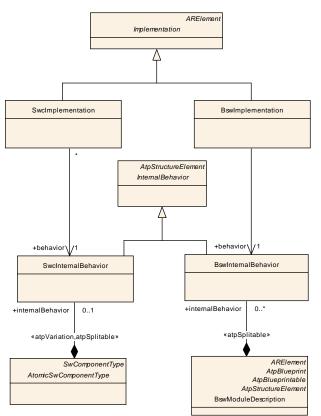
For some of the attributes mentioned below it is ambiguous whether they describe a requirement on the target environment or whether they are assertions made by the particular component implementation. The Implementation description's compiler attribute is an example for this: does it describe a requirement for source code to be compiled with the named compiler, or is this simply information which compiler was used in the process of creating an object file? The simple answer is: if possible, this is derived from the context. Otherwise the attribute needs to have proper documentation. For the compiler example just mentioned, the situation is straightforward: for source code, the attribute describes a requirement, for object code it is documented information. The same needs to be applied to all attributes in this section.

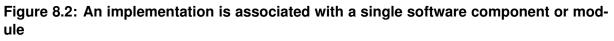
8.4 Implementation of a Software Component

[TPS_BSWMDT_04039] Association of an Implementation with a component or module [Probably the most important information in Implementation is which



Atomic Software Component or BSW Module is actually implemented. At first glance, this link seems to be missing in the overview in Figure 8.1. However, implementations are actually given for a particular component behavior, specified through the class SwcInternalBehavior respectively BswInternalBehavior. The contents of such a behavior are not of interest here, but as Figure 8.2 shows, it in turn is associated with a single AtomicSwComponentType or BswModuleDescription. |(RS_BSWMD_00001)





8.5 Linking to Code

When a component is released the descriptions are accompanied by actual implementation code. This code can come in different ways: Source code in C, C++ or Java, object code or even executable code¹.

Figure 8.3 shows how an Implementation is linked to Code.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04040] Implementation.codeDescriptor [For each available form of component code a Code element is used. For each codeDescriptor, all relevant artifacts are then referenced through the attribute artifactDescriptor (class AutosarEngineeringObject) which in turn references to a catalog of available files

¹Delivery of executable code is currently not supported by AUTOSAR.



through a set of attributes as shown below. If for instance a component implementation is given as source code only, then the respective Implementation would contain exactly one codeDescriptor, whose artifactDescriptor.category attribute would denote the files to be source files.](*RS_BSWMD_00001, RS_BSWMD_00025*)

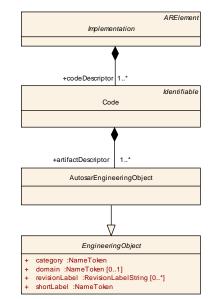


Figure 8.3: An Implementation references the code artifacts through the Code class

Class	Code				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Implementation				
Note				be of the code (source or object) is defined via the ed engineering object.	
Base	ARObject, Identifia	l <mark>ble</mark> ,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
artifactDes criptor	AutosarEnginee ringObject	1*	aggr	Refers to the artifact belonging to this code descriptor.	
callbackHe ader	ServiceNeeds	*	ref	The association callbackHeader describes in which header files the function declarations of callback functions are provided to a service module. With this information the service module can include the appropriate header files in its configuration files.	

Table 8.2: Code

8.6 Dependencies

An implementation can generally depend on other artifacts, e.g. files. Such files could for example be required header, configuration or library files.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04041] DependencyOnArtifact [This is described by the class DependencyOnArtifact which relates to meta-information via the class Au-



tosarEngineeringObject as shown in Figure 8.4.](*RS_BSWMD_00034, RS_BSWMD_00037, RS_BSWMD_00044*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04042] Usage of DependencyOnArtifact [The class DependencyOnArtifact can be aggregated by Implementation in several different roles. By this it can also be used to specify that a certain generator tool is required to integrate a module and/or that a certain artifact is generated.

For libraries, like e.g. a math.lib, the desired version numbers can be specified via the attribute revisionLabel, therefore trying to ensure compatibility. Note that the specification of version numbers and other attributes is a meta-information about certain artifacts which must refer to a concrete catalog description. $](RS_BSWMD_00034, RS_BSWMD_00037, RS_BSWMD_00044)]$ This mechanism is described in more detail in the AUTOSAR Methodology, see [4].

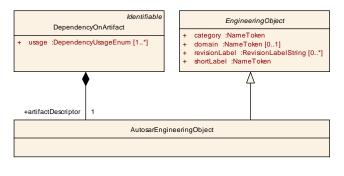




Figure 8.4: Dependencies of an Implementation

Class	DependencyOnArtifact				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::Implementation	
Note	Dependency on th	ne existe	ence of a	another artifact, e.g. a library.	
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
artifactDes criptor	AutosarEnginee ringObject	1	aggr	The specified artifact needs to exist.	
usage	DependencyUs ageEnum	1*	attr	Specification for which process step(s) this dependency is required.	

Table 8.3: DependencyOnArtifact

Enumeration	DependencyUsageEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Implementation
Note	Enumeration describing the process steps a dependency is valid in.
Literal	Description



build	The object referred by the dependency is required during the build process.
codegeneration	The object referred by the dependency is required during code generation
compile	The object referred by the dependency is required during compilation.
execute	The object referred by the dependency is required at execution time.
link	The object referred by the dependency is required during linking.

Table 8.4: DependencyUsageEnum

Class	AutosarEngineer	AutosarEngineeringObject				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Object	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Engineering Object				
Note		This denotes an engineering object being part of the process. It is a specialization of the abstract class EngineeringObject for usage within AUTOSAR.				
Base	ARObject, Engine	ARObject,EngineeringObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
_	-	_	_	-		

Table 8.5: AutosarEngineeringObject

Class	EngineeringObject (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Engineering Object					
Note	This class specifies an engineering object. Usually such an object is represented by a file artifact. The properties of engineering object are such that the artifact can be found by querying an ASAM catalog file.The engineering object is uniquely identified by					
Base	domain+category ARObject	+51101112	abei+iev			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
category	NameToken	1	attr	This denotes the role of the engineering object in the development cycle. Categories are such as		
				SWSRC for source code		
				SWOBJ for object code		
	SWHDR for a C-header file					
				Further roles need to be defined via Methodology.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
domain	NameToken	01	attr	This denotes the domain in which the engineering object is stored. This allows to indicate various segments in the repository keeping the engineering objects. The domain may segregate companies, as well as automotive domains. Details need to be defined by the Methodology. Attribute is optional to support a default domain. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40
revisionLa bel	RevisionLabelSt ring	*	attr	This is a revision label denoting a particular version of the engineering object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30
shortLabel	NameToken	1	attr	This is the short name of the engineering object. Note that it is modeled as NameToken and not as Identifier since in ASAM-CC it is also a NameToken.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=10

Table 8.6: EngineeringObject

8.7 Compiler

[TPS_BSWMDT_04043] Compiler [For the specification of the used (or to be used) compiler the Compiler element shall be used: |(*RS_BSWMD_00010*)

Class	Compiler	Compiler				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::Implementation		
Note		Specifies the compiler attributes. In case of source code this specifies requirements how the compiler shall be invoked. In case of object code this documents the used compiler settings.				
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
name	String	1	attr	Compiler name (like gcc).		
options	String 1 attr Specifies the compiler options.					
vendor	String	1	attr	Vendor of compiler.		
version	String	1	attr	Exact version of compiler executable.		

Table 8.7: Compiler

8.8 Linker

[TPS_BSWMDT_04044] Linker [For the specification of the to be used linker the Linker element shall be used:]()



Class	Linker						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Implementation					
Note	Specifies the linke	er attribu	tes used	to describe how the linker shall be invoked.			
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
name	String	1	attr	Linker name.			
options	String	1	attr	Specifies the linker options.			
vendor	String	1	attr	Vendor of linker.			
version	String	1	attr	Exact version of linker executable.			

Table 8.8: Linker

8.9 Build Action Manifest

[TPS_BSWMDT_04085] Implementation refers to a BuildActionManifest [An Implementation can optionally be linked to a BuildActionManifest in order to specify the intended build actions for the software delivered with this implementation.](RS_BSWMD_00001, RS_BSWMD_00025)

Class	BuildActionManifest						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::BuildActionManifest						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify a manifest for processing artifacts. An example use case is the processing of ECUC parameter values. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=BuildActionManifests xml.globalElement=false						
Base	ARElement, ARO	oject, <mark>Atp</mark>		t,AtpBlueprintable,Collectable PReferrable,PackageableElement,Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
buildAction	BuildAction	*	aggr	This represents a particular action in the build chain. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivation Time			
buildAction Environme nt	BuildActionEnvir onment	*	aggr	This represents a build action environment. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivation Time			
dynamicAc tion	BuildAction	*	ref	This denots an Action which is to be executed as part of the dynamic action set.			
startAction	BuildAction	*	ref	This specifies the list of actions to be performed at the beginning of the process. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-90			



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
tearDownA ction	BuildAction	*	ref	This specifies the set of action which shall be performed after all other actions in the manifest were performed. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-80

Table 8.9: BuildActionManifest

The setup of such a manifest is further explained in [1], see [TPS_GST_00294].

[TPS_BSWMDT_04086] Artifacts referred in Implementation and/or BuildActionManifest [It should be noted that the Implementation instance as well as the BuildActionManifest instance can aggregate descriptive elements derived from meta-class EngineeringObject which eventually represent file artifacts to be used by the integrator. These two sets of artifacts may differ but are not necessarily exclusive, i.e. it shall be allowed to describe the same artifact under Implementation and under BuildActionManifest as well (of course not in contradiction).

Especially, the element Implementation.codeDescriptor is mandatory, so this element cannot be omitted even if an equivalent EngineeringObject describing the code file is part of the BuildActionManifest.](RS_BSWMD_00001, RS_BSWMD_00025)



9 ResourceConsumption

AUTOSAR software needs to be mapped on ECUs at some point during the development. Application Software Components can be basically mapped to any ECU available within the car. The mapping freedom is limited by the *System Constraints* [7] and the available resources on each ECU. BSW Modules are present in each ECU which provides the corresponding service. The ResourceConsumption element provides information about the needed resources concerning memory and execution time for each SwcImplementation Or BswImplementation.

9.1 Static and Dynamic Resources

Resources can be divided into static and dynamic resources.

Static resources can only be allocated by one entity and stay with this entity. If the required amount of resources is bigger than the available resources the mapping does not fit physically. ROM is an example of a spare resource where obviously only the amount of data can be stored that is provided by the storage capacity.

Dynamic resources are shared and therefore can be allocated dynamically to different control threads over time. Processing time is a good example, where different tasks are given the processor for some time. If some runnable entity uses more processing time than originally planned, it can lead to functional failure. Also some sections of RAM can be seen as dynamic resources (e.g. stack, heap which grow and shrink dynamically).

9.2 Resource consumption overview

In Figure 9.1, the meta-model of the ResourceConsumption description is depicted.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04045] Implementation.resourceConsumption [The ResourceConsumption is attached to an Implementation. For each Implementation, there is one ResourceConsumption description.](RS_BSWMD_00001, RS_BSWMD_00005)



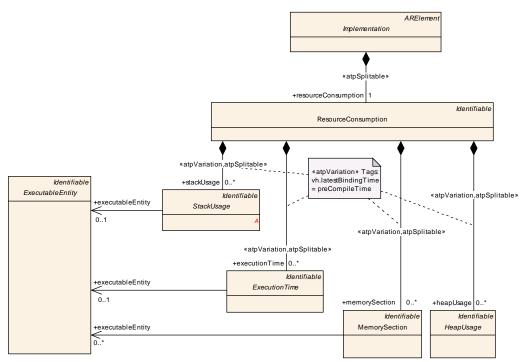


Figure 9.1: Resource consumption overview

As depicted by Figure 9.1, all resources are described within the ResourceConsumption meta-class.

ExecutionTime (chapter 9.5) and StackUsage (chapter 9.4.2) are used to provide information on the implementation specific resource usage of the ExecutableEntity defined in the InternalBehavior of SW-Component respectively in the BswInternalBehavior of BSW Module.

MemorySection (chapter 9.3.2) documents the resources needed to load the object file containing the implementation on the ECU.

HeapUsage (chapter 9.4.3) describes the dynamic memory usage of the software.

Class	ResourceConsu	mption		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ResourceConsumption
Note	Description of cor	nsumed	resource	es by one implementation of a software.
Base	ARObject, Identifia	able,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
executionT ime	ExecutionTime	*	aggr	Collection of the execution time descriptions for this implementation. The aggregation of executionTime is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of runnable entities. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
heapUsag e	HeapUsage	*	aggr	Collection of the heap memory allocated by this implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
memorySe ction	MemorySection	*	aggr	An abstract memory section required by this Implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
sectionNa mePrefix	SectionNamePr efix	*	aggr	A prefix to be used for the memory section symbol in the code.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
stackUsag e	StackUsage	*	aggr	Collection of the stack memory usage for each runnable entity of this implementation. The aggregation of StackUsage is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of runnable entities.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table 9.1:	ResourceConsumption
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9.3 Static Memory Needs

9.3.1 General

This sub-chapter describes how the static memory needs for the Implementation are specified. This includes all memory needs of software for code or data both at the class and at the instance level except for:

- stack space needed in the task that activates an ExecutableEntity of the implementation (see chapter 9.4.2)
- dynamic heap-behavior of the software (in case the software uses malloc/free to get/free buffers from the heap, see chapter 9.4.3¹)

9.3.2 Memory Sections

Memory will be needed to load the object-file containing an implementation of the software on an ECU. In which kind of memory the code and data of the software have to be allocated has to be defined in an abstract (i.e. platform and compiler independent) way in the source code of the software according to [23].

To support the integration and configuration of the software component or module the used (abstract) memory sections and their attributes have to be described also in XML via the MemorySection element from figure 9.2.

¹ This is often problematic in embedded and real-time systems: most software will only need static memory blocks and stack-size but will not require dynamic memory allocation



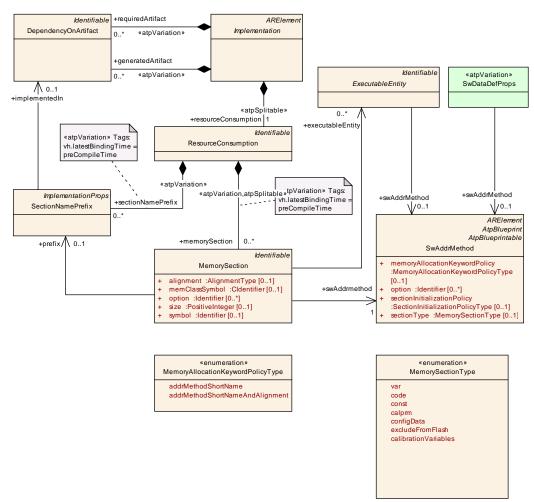


Figure 9.2: Meta-model related to the MemorySection

[TPS_BSWMDT_04046] Memory section name [The actual section name is given by the MemorySection.symbol, if this attribute is missing the MemorySection.shortName is taken as default (this is for backwards compatibility reasons). The section name of each MemorySection instance shall be a part of the so-called memory allocation keyword used in preprocessor statements in the actual code.](RS_BSWMD_00005, RS_BSWMD_00031)

For example for memory section entered by the macro а RTE START SEC VAR FAST 8 the MemorySection.symbol shall be VAR FAST 8.

The preprocessor macros contain in addition so-called prefixes which set up a kind of name space and by default are equal to the shortName of the enclosing BswMod-uleDescription or the AtomicSwComponentType (in the above example, the pre-fix is RTE).

[TPS_BSWMDT_04047] Memory section prefix [It is possible to supersede these prefixes by more fine granular values using the meta-class SectionNamePre-fix. The details are explained in the diagrams, tables and constraints below.](*RS_BSWMD_00031, RS_BSWMD_00014*)



The mapping of the allocation keywords to the compiler specific code is done via header files. It is possible to generate these header files from an ECU configuration description, which in turn is constrained by the MemorySections and SwAddrMethods used in the "upstream" descriptions of modules and components.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04092] Provide memory mapping header file names [As a default rule, there is one memory mapping header file per BSW module or per SWC and the name of this file includes the shortName of the BswModuleDescription resp. the AtomicSwComponentType as a prefix.

However, for BSW modules or clusters it is possible to supersede the default rule by explicit reference to one or more files with specific names and granularity. This is specified by defining one or more DependencyOnArtifact elements aggregated by BswImplementation in the role requiredArtifact and with DependencyOnArtifact.category set to the value MEMMAP.

The detailed rules on how these header file names are derived are given in [23]: [SWS_MemMap_00028], [SWS_MemMap_00029], [SWS_MemMap_00035]] (*RS_BSWMD_00025*)²

[TPS_BSWMDT_04097] Assigning different header files per section prefix [In case more than one memory mapping header is referred by one BswImplementation according to [TPS_BSWMDT_04092], the different header files have to be assigned to individual memory section prefixes by setting the references Section-NamePrefix.implementedIn.](RS_BSWMD_00025)

[constr_4072] Constraints of SectionNamePrefix.implementedIn [

- The SectionNamePrefix and the DependencyOnArtifact connected via this link must belong to the same BswImplementation.
- The DependencyOnArtifact referred by this link must be aggregated by BswImplementation in the role requiredArtifact.
- The DependencyOnArtifact referred by this link must have the category value set to MEMMAP.

]()

For a list of standardized allocation keywords, further explanation of the memory mapping header files and their configuration parameters see [23].

[TPS_BSWMDT_04048] Scope of declared memory sections [It is further important to note, that a BSW module or an SWC shall declare only those sections which are actually part of its implemented code.] (*RS_BSWMD_00005, RS_BSWMD_00052*)

That means in particular, if an SWC requires some data to be allocated by the RTE, for example shared calibration parameters or buffers for communication via ports, the

²Note that in any case the AUTOSAR memory mapping header files are considered as implementation of an own virtual BSW module MemMap, therefore other modules need to refer to these headers via the role requiredArtifact. In contrast, a BswImplementation representing the implementation of module MemMap would refer to these files via the role generatedArtifact.



memory sections of these data have to be declared via an BswImplementation which is generated by the RTE and represents the implementation of the module RTE.

Several different instances of MemorySection (also across module or component boundaries) can refer to the same SwAddrMethod, indicating that these abstract sections share a common means of being handled which is further characterized by SwAd-drMethod.sectionType.

The attributes of SwAddrMethod (namely sectionType, memoryAllocationKeywordPolicy,option and sectionInitializationPolicy) as well as Memory-Section.alignment put constraints on the selection of appropriate allocation keywords resp. their configuration values. This is further explained in [23].

Note that the shortName of SwAddrMethod also has some relationship to the allocation keyword and thus to the section name defined by MemorySection, which is an intended redundancy.

SwAddrMethod is also referred by the "upstream" specifications of the data or executable entities belonging to these sections, so that the section type can be predefined early in the process.

The attributes of MemorySection and SwAddrMethod are shown below:



Class	MemorySection					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe SectionUsage	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ResourceConsumption::Memory		
Note	Provides a description of an abstract memory section used in the Implementation for code or data. It shall be declared by the Implementation Description of the module o component, which actually allocates the memory in its code. This means in case of data prototypes which are allocated by the RTE, that the generated Implementation Description of the RTE shall contain the corresponding MemorySections.					
	component specif	ic sectio	n name	s missing: "shortName") defines the module or used in the code. For details see the document g". Typically the section name is build according the		
	<swaddrmethod s="" th="" where<=""><th>shortNa</th><th>me>[_<f< th=""><th>urther specialization nominator>][_<alignment>]</alignment></th></f<></th></swaddrmethod>	shortNa	me>[_ <f< th=""><th>urther specialization nominator>][_<alignment>]</alignment></th></f<>	urther specialization nominator>][_ <alignment>]</alignment>		
	• [< SwAddrl SwAddrMe		shortNa	ame>] is the shortName of the referenced		
	specializati	on in the nplemer	e case th	nominator>] is an optional infix to indicate the nat several MemorySections for different purpose of Description referring to the same or equally named		
	• [_ <alignment>] is the alignment attributes value and is only applicable in the case that the memoryAllocationKeywordPolicy value of the referenced SwAddrMethod is set to addrMethodShortNameAndAlignment</alignment>					
	MemorySection used to Implement the code of RunnableEntitys and BswSchedulableEntitys shall have a symbol (if missing: shortName) identical to the referred SwAddrMethod to conform to the generated RTE header files.					
	In addition to the section name described above, a prefix is used in the corresponding macro code in order to define a name space. This prefix is by default given by the shortName of the BswModuleDescription resp. the SwComponentType. It can be superseded by the prefix attribute.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
alignment	AlignmentType	01	attr	The attribute describes the alignment of objects within this memory section.		
executable Entity	ExecutableEntit y	*	ref	Reference to the ExecutableEntitites located in this section. This allows to locate different ExecutableEntitities in different sections even if the associated SwAddrmethod is the same.		
				This is applicable to code sections only.		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
memClass Symbol	Cldentifier	01	ref	Defines a specific symbol in order to generate the compiler abstraction "memclass" code for this MemorySection. The existence of this attribute supersedes the usage of swAddrmethod.shortName for this purpose. The complete name of the "memclass" preprocessor symbol is constructed as <prefix>_<memclasssymbol> where prefix is defined in the same way as for the enclosing MemorySection. See also AUTOSAR_SWS_CompilerAbstraction SWS_COMPILER_00040.</memclasssymbol></prefix>
option	Identifier	*	ref	 This attribute introduces the ability to specify further intended properties of this MemorySection. The following two values are standardized (to be used for code sections only and exclusively to each other): INLINE - The code section is declared with the compiler abstraction macro INLINE. LOCAL_INLINE - The code section is declared with the compiler abstraction macro is declared with the compiler abstraction macro LOCAL_INLINE
				In both cases (INLINE and LOCAL_INLINE) the inline expansion depends on the compiler specific implementation of these macros. Depending on this, the code section either corresponds to an actual section in memory or is put into the section of the caller. See AUTOSAR_SWS_CompilerAbstraction for more details.
prefix	SectionNamePr efix	01	ref	The prefix used to set the memory section's namespace in the code. The existence of a prefix element supersedes rules for a default prefix (such as the BswModuleDescription's shortName). This allows the user to define several name spaces for memory sections within the scope of one module, cluster or SWC.
size	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The size in bytes of the section.



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
swAddrmet hod	SwAddrMethod	1	ref	This association indicates that this module specific (abstract) memory section is part of an overall SwAddrMethod, referred by the upstream declarations (e.g. calibration parameters, data element prototypes, code entities) which share a common addressing strategy. This can be evaluated for the ECU configuration of the build support. This association shall always be declared by the Implementation description of the module or component, which allocates the memory in its code. This means in case of data prototypes which are allocated by the RTE, that the software components only declare the grouping of its data prototypes to SwAddrMethods, and the generated Implementation Description of the RTE actually sets up this association.
symbol	Identifier	01	ref	Defines the section name as explained in the main description. By using this attribute for code generation (instead of the shortName) it is possible to define several different MemorySections having the same name - e.g. symbol = CODE - but using different sectionNamePrefixes.

Table 9.2: MemorySection

Primitive	AlignmentType
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Primitive Types
Note	This primitive represents the alignment of objects within a memory section. The value is in number of bits or UNKNOWN (deprecated), 8, 16, 32 UNSPECIFIED or BOOLEAN. Typical values for numbers are 8, 16, 32.
	Tags:xml.xsd.customType=ALIGNMENT-TYPE;xml.xsd.pattern=[1-9][0-9]* 0x[0-9a-f]* 0[0-7]* 0b[0-1]* UNSPECIFIED UNKNOWN BOOLEAN;xml.xsd.type=string

Table 9.3: AlignmentType

Class	SwAddrMethod	SwAddrMethod				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::AuxillaryObjects		
Note		hese ob	ojects co	sing method, e.g. common memory section, to data uld actually live in different modules or components. =SwAddrMethods		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Collectable Element, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
memoryAll ocationKey wordPolicy	MemoryAllocati onKeywordPolic yType	01	attr	Enumeration to specify the name pattern of the Memory Allocation Keyword.
option	Identifier	*	ref	This attribute introduces the ability to specify further intended properties of the MemorySection in with the related objects shall be placed. These properties are handled as to be selected. The intended options are mentioned in the list. In the Memory Mapping configuration, this option list is used to determine an appropriate MemMapAddressingModeSet.
sectionIniti alizationPo licy	SectionInitializat ionPolicyType	01	attr	Specifies the expected initialization of the variables (inclusive those which are implementing VariableDataPrototypes). Therefore this is an implementation constraint for initialization code of BSW modules (especially RTE) as well as the start-up code which initializes the memory segment to which the AutosarDataPrototypes referring to the SwAddrMethod's are later on mapped. If the attribute is not defined it has the identical semantic as the attribute value "INIT"
sectionTyp	MemorySection	01	attr	Defines the type of memory sections which can be
e	Туре			associated with this addresssing method.

Table 9.4: SwAddrMethod

Enumeration	MemoryAllocationKeywordPolicyType
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::AuxillaryObjects
Note	Enumeration to specify the name pattern of the Memory Allocation Keyword.
Literal	Description
addrMethod ShortName	The MemorySection shortNames of referring MemorySections and therefore the belonging Memory Allocation Keywords in the code are build with the shortName of the SwAddrMethod. This is the default value if the attribute does not exist.
addrMethod ShortName AndAlign- ment	The MemorySection shortNames of referring MemorySections and therefore the belonging Memory Allocation Keywords in the code are build with the shortName of the SwAddrMethod and a variable alignment postfix.
	Thereby the alignment postfix needs to be consistent with the alignment attribute of the related MemorySection.

Table 9.5: MemoryAllocationKeywordPolicyType

Primitive	SectionInitializationPolicyType
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Primitive Types



Note	SectionInitializationPolicyType describes the intended initialization of MemorySections. The following values are standardized in AUTOSAR Methodology:
	• NO-INIT : No initialization and no clearing is performed. Such data elements shall not be read before one has written a value into it.
	• INIT : To be used for data that are initialized by every reset to the specified value (initValue).
	 POWER-ON-INIT: To be used for data that are initialized by "Power On" to the specified value (initValue). Note: there might be several resets between power on resets.
	• CLEARED: To be used for data that are initialized by every reset to zero.
	• POWER-ON-CLEARED : To be used for data that are initialized by "Power On" to zero. Note: there might be several resets between power on resets.
	Please note that the values are defined similar to the representation of enumeration types in the XML schema to ensure backward compatibility.
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=SECTION-INITIALIZATION-POLICY-TYPE; xml.xsd.type=NMTOKEN

Table 9.6: SectionInitializationPolicyType

Enumeration	MemorySectionType
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::AuxillaryObjects
Note	Enumeration to specify the essential nature of the data which can be allocated in a common memory class by the means of the AUTOSAR Memory Mapping.
Literal	Description
calibration Variables	This memory section is reserved for "virtual variables" that are computed by an MCD system during a measurement session but do not exist in the ECU memory.
calprm	To be used for calibratable constants of ECU-functions.
code	To be used for mapping code to application block, boot block, external flash etc.
configData	Constants with attributes that show that they reside in one segment for module configuration.
const	To be used for global or static constants.
excludeFrom Flash	This memory section is reserved for "virtual parameters" that are taken for computing the values of so-called dependent parameter of an MCD system. Dependent Parameters that are not at the same time "virtual parameters" are allocated in the ECU memory.
	Virtual parameters, on the other hand, are not allocated in the ECU memory. Virtual parameters exist in the ECU Hex file for the purpose of being considered (for computing the values of dependent parameters) during an offline-calibration session.
var	To be used for global or static variables. The expected initialization is specified with the attribute sectionInitializationPolicy.

Table 9.7: MemorySectionType



Class	SectionNamePrefix						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::Memory SectionUsage						
Note	A prefix to be used for generated code artifacts defining a memory section name in the source code of the using module.						
Base	ARObject, Implem	entation	Props,R	eferrable			
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note						
implement edIn	DependencyOn Artifact	01	ref	Optional reference that allows to Indicate the code artifact (header file) containing the preprocessor implementation of memory sections with this prefix.			
				The usage of this link supersedes the usage of a memory mapping header with the default name (derived from the BswModuleDescription's shortName).			

Table 9.8: SectionNamePrefix

Class	ImplementationProps (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::Implementation		
Note		Defines a symbol to be used as (depending on the concrete case) either a complete replacement or a prefix when generating code artifacts.				
Base	ARObject, Referra	ble				
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
symbol	Cldentifier	1	ref	The symbol to be used as (depending on the concrete case) either a complete replacement or a prefix.		

Table 9.9: ImplementationProps

[constr_4028] Semantics of memory section type [sectionType must be semantically compatible to the usage of the enclosing SwAddrMethod, this means especially that if SwAddrMethod is associated by ExecutableEntity-S, the sectionType must be usable as code section, if it is associated by SwDataDefProps, section-Type must be usable as data section.]()

In case sectionType has the value userDefined, additional documentation is needed to support the integrator in selecting the proper memory segment from the ECU.

Note: The section type userDefined is deprecated. Instead of this, user defined selection criteria shall be given by the attribute SwAddrMethod.option. This allows a more formal support for selecting the memory segment during integration. (see [23]).

Several values that can be used both for SwAddrMethod.option and MemorySection.option are predefined by AUTOSAR, see [TPS_SWCT_01456] in [6]. In addition to this, the following two values are standardized:



[TPS_BSWMDT_04080] Options for inline code sections [For code sections the following two values of MemorySection.option are standardized (to be used exclusively to each other):

- INLINE The code section is declared with the compiler abstraction macro IN-LINE.
- LOCAL_INLINE The code section is declared with the compiler abstraction macro LOCAL_INLINE

In both cases the inline expansion depends on the compiler specific implementation of these macros. Depending on this, the code section either corresponds to an actual section in memory or is put into the section of the caller. See [24] for more details.](RS_BSWMD_00005, RS_BSWMD_00031)

[constr_4054] Unambiguous links to addressing method [MemorySection.executableEntity must not be defined, if MemorySection.swAddrMethod represents a data section. MemorySection.executableEntity must not refer to an ExecutableEntity which is linked to a different SwAddrMethod than MemorySection.swAddrMethod.]()

[TPS_BSWMDT_04049] Usage of MemorySection.executableEntity [It is in general not mandatory to define the relation MemorySection.executableEntity for code sections because this relationship might be sufficiently determined via the SwAddrMethod referred by both MemorySection and ExecutableEntity. However, if explicit name spaces are defined using the MemorySection.prefix attribute and if MemorySection.sectionType defines a code section, it is mandatory to assign all ExecutableEntity. Note that this is not a constraint that can be checked on ARXML level.] (*RS_BSWMD_00005, RS_BSWMD_00014, RS_BSWMD_00031*)

The meta-classes described in this chapter are also used to predefine the so-called compiler abstraction memory class per memory section, so that the macro memclass can be generated as part of the AUTOSAR compiler abstraction header Compiler_Cfg.h:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04093] Memory classes for compiler abstraction [As a default rule, the memclass symbols for basic software are constructed with a prefix defined in the same way as for the associated memory section plus the SwAddrMethod.short-Name referred by the individual MemorySections. However, it is possible to supersede the rule for the 2nd part of the name (after the prefix) and define an individual memclass symbol by the value MemorySection.memClassSymbol. This is e.g. useful if many small callout code sections share a common SwAddrMethod.

For application software, the memclass symbols are always constructed from the AtomicSwComponentType.shortName plus the SwAddrMethod.shortName referred by the individual MemorySections.

For the detailed rule refer to [24], [SWS_COMPILER_00040].]()



9.4 Dynamic Memory Needs

9.4.1 General

The dynamic memory is mainly divided into two categories, the stack and the heap. While the stack is almost always used in embedded software, the heap is avoided as much as possible due to the complexity of its implementation, and fragmentation issues. The dynamic memory consumption of software has a much different quality than the static memory consumption. The amount of the static memory consumption can be retrieved from the compiler and is only dependent on the compiler and processor used as well as on the number of instances.

Dynamic memory consumption is heavily dependent on the actual code being executed which is dependent on the state of the software and the parameters. With the introduction of recursive concepts the uncertainty is even higher. Therefore the approach for dynamic memory consumption is far more related to the description of the execution time introduced in chapter 9.5.

9.4.2 Stack

The stack is an area in memory that is used to store temporary information like parameters and local variables of function calls. Therefore the stack usage is highly dependent on the calling hierarchy and the nesting level of function calls. The stack is organized in a LIFO (last in first out) manner. So each time a function is called the necessary stack memory is occupied. After leaving the function also the associated memory area is freed again and can be used for the next function call. Among tasks, that do not interrupt each other, fragmentation is not a problem for a stack. Only the available amount of stack memory is relevant from the software point of view. However, there can be several stacks in a concurrent task environment. Note that it is not in the scope of a module or component to define the number of stacks, only the amount of used stack memory can be given.

Different mechanisms can be used to describe the stack memory needs of software. Needed stack size can either be *calculated*, *measured* or *estimated*. This is shown in Figure 9.3.



Specification of BSW Module Description Template AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

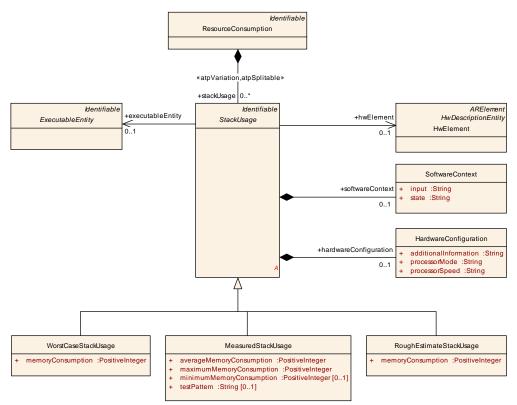


Figure 9.3: Stack Memory Consumption

The given stack memory consumption is dependent on the ECU, the software context and maybe also on the hardware configuration. The software context and the hardware configuration describe the state of the software and hardware under which the given stack usage was gathered. So for each given stack memory consumption these environmental descriptions have to be provided.

Class	StackUsage (abs	StackUsage (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ResourceConsumption::StackUsage			
Note	Describes the stat	ck mem	ory usag	e of a software.			
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mult	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
executable Entity	ExecutableEntit y	01	ref	The executable entity for which this stack usage is described.			
hardwareC onfiguratio n	HardwareConfig uration	01	aggr	Contains information about the hardware context this stack usage is describing.			
hwElement	HwElement	01	ref	Specifies for which hardware element (e.g. ECU) this stack usage is given.			
softwareC ontext	SoftwareContex t	01	aggr	Contains details about the software context this stack usage is provided for.			

Table 9.10: StackUsage



Class	WorstCaseStackUsage						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::StackUsage					
Note	Provides a formal	Provides a formal worst case stack usage.					
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, StackUsage					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note					
memoryCo nsumption	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Worst case stack consumption. Unit: byte.			

Table 9.11: WorstCaseStackUsage

Class	MeasuredStackUsage							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::StackUsage						
Note	The stack usage h	nas beer	n measu	ired.				
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mult	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable,StackUsage				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note				
averageMe moryCons umption	PositiveInteger	1	attr	The average stack usage measured. Unit: byte.				
maximum MemoryCo nsumption	PositiveInteger	1	attr	The maximum stack usage measured. Unit: byte.				
minimumM emoryCon sumption	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The minimum stack usage measured. Unit: byte.				
testPattern	String	01	attr	Description of the test pattern used to acquire the measured values.				

Table 9.12: MeasuredStackUsage

[constr_4029] Measured stack usage [The attribute values of Measured-StackUsage must fulfill:

minimumMemoryConsumption <= averageMemoryConsumption <= maximum-MemoryConsumption |()

Class	RoughEstimateStackUsage				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ResourceConsumption::StackUsage	
Note	Rough estimation	Rough estimation of the stack usage.			
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable,StackUsage	
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
memoryCo nsumption	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Rough estimate of the stack usage. Unit: byte.	

Table 9.13: RoughEstimateStackUsage



9.4.3 Heap

Heap is the memory segment that is used to cover dynamic memory needs with explicit memory allocation and de-allocation. Since the allocation of the memory is controlled by the application program it also survives changes in the context of invocation from entering a function nesting level and leaving it again. So a memory block allocated in the subroutine can be used in the calling routine after the subroutine has returned. Also the allocated memory can be freed again in a different context.

Because of the independence of the heap consumption from processes and tasks only the whole software component or BSW Module heap consumption is provided in the description. The meta-model is shown in Figure 9.4.

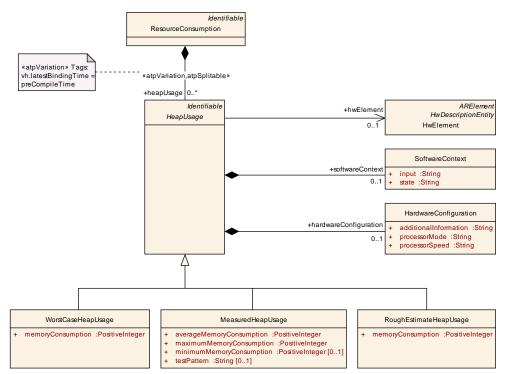


Figure 9.4: Heap Memory Consumption

The heap memory consumption also depends on the ECU, the software context and the hardware configuration.

Due to the highly dynamic nature of heap memory one problem is the fragmentation of the available memory area. So in some cases there can be not enough memory allocated, even though the total amount of free heap memory is big enough, because the available memory space is not available contiguously.

Class	HeapUsage (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::HeapUsage				
Note	Describes the hea	ip memo	ory usag	e of a SW-Component.	
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
hardwareC onfiguratio	HardwareConfig uration	01	aggr	Contains information about the hardware context this heap usage is describing.
n				
hwElement	HwElement	01	ref	Specifies for which hardware element (e.g. ECU) this heap usage usage is given.
softwareC ontext	SoftwareContex t	01	aggr	Contains details about the software context this heap usage is provided for.

Table 9.14: HeapUsage

Class	WorstCaseHeapUsage						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::HeapUsage					
Note	Provides a formal	Provides a formal worst case heap usage.					
Base	ARObject, HeapUs	ARObject, HeapUsage, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note					
memoryCo nsumption	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Worst case heap consumption. Unit: byte.			

Table 9.15: WorstCaseHeapUsage

Class	MeasuredHeapUsage					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::HeapUsage					
Note	The heap usage has been measured.					
Base	ARObject, HeapUsage, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
averageMe moryCons umption	PositiveInteger	1	attr	The average heap usage measured. Unit: byte.		
maximum MemoryCo nsumption	PositiveInteger	1	attr	The maximum heap usage measured. Unit: byte.		
minimumM emoryCon sumption	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The minimum heap usage measured. Unit: byte.		
testPattern	String	01	attr	Description of the test pattern used to acquire the measured values.		

Table 9.16: MeasuredHeapUsage

[constr_4030] Measured heap usage [The attribute values of MeasuredHeapUsage must fulfill:

minimumMemoryConsumption <= averageMemoryConsumption <= maximum-MemoryConsumption]()



Class	RoughEstimateHeapUsage						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::HeapUsage						
Note	Rough estimation of the heap usage.						
Base	ARObject, HeapUsage, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
memoryCo nsumption	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Rough estimate of the heap usage. Unit: byte.			

Table 9.17: RoughEstimateHeapUsage

9.5 Execution Time

9.5.1 General

This subsection defines a model to describe the ExecutionTime of a specific ExecutableEntity of a specific Implementation.

Chapter 9.5.3 describes the goals and scope of the ExecutionTime description proposed.

Chapter 9.5.4 lists all the thoughts and observations that lead to the actual model which is described in chapter 9.5.5.

9.5.2 Preliminaries

This subsection assumes that the reader is familiar with the definition of the following terminology (please see the AUTOSAR Glossary [5] for details):

- task
- thread
- process
- executable entity
- (worst case) execution time
- (worst case) response time

9.5.3 Scope

9.5.3.1 Assertions Versus Requirements

The ExecutionTime is an ASSERTION: a statement about the duration of the execution of a piece of code in a given situation. The execution time is NOT a REQUIRE-MENT on the software, on the hardware or on the scheduling policy.



9.5.3.2 In Scope

This section proposes a description of the ExecutionTime of an ExecutableEntity of an Implementation. Very roughly, this description includes:

- the nominal execution time ("0.000137 s") or a range of times
- a description of the entire context in which the execution time measurement or analysis has been made
- some indication of the quality of this measurement or estimation

The goal is to find a good compromise between flexibility and precision. The description must be flexible enough so that the entire range between analytic results ("worst-case execution time") and rough estimates can be described. The description should be precise enough so that it is entirely clear what the relevance or meaning of the stated execution time is. This implies that a large amount of context information needs to be provided. The following sections analyze what this context is and provide an appropriate structure for this information.

9.5.3.3 Out of Scope

It is however not in the scope of this section to specify how the execution time of a runnable entity can be or should be measured or analyzed. We will not discuss what tools or techniques can be used to find the execution time or worst-case execution time of a piece of software.

It also is not in the scope of this section to define how information about execution times is used when integrating various software onto one ECU. Similarly this section does not deal with the response time of the system to certain events. The response time does not only depend on the execution times of the involved software but also on the infrastructure overhead and on the scheduling policies which are used.

The focus also is on the description of the execution time of assembly instructions (typically generated out of compiled C or C_{++} code). The execution time of e.g. Java byte-code on a virtual machine has not been explicitly considered.

9.5.4 Background

This section provides some background to the proposed solution. Readers who want to skip to the result should go to chapter 9.5.5. The execution time can be described for a specific sequence of assembly instructions. It does not make sense to describe the execution time of a runnable provided as source-code unless a precise compiler (and compiler options) are also provided so that a unique set of assembly instructions can be generated out of the source-code. In addition, the execution time of such a sequence of assembly instructions depends on:



- 1. the hardware-platform
- 2. the hardware state
- 3. the logical (software) context
- 4. execution time of external pieces of code called from the software

These dependencies are discussed in detail in the following sections.

9.5.4.1 Dependency of the Execution Time on Hardware

The execution time depends both on the CPU-hardware and on certain parts of the peripheral hardware:

- The execution time depends on a complete description of the processor, including:
 - kind of processor (e.g. "PPC603")
 - the internal Processor frequency ("100 MHz")
 - amount of processor cache
 - configuration of CPU (e.g. power-mode)
- Aspects of the periphery that need to be described include:
 - external bus-speed
 - MMU (memory management unit)
 - configuration of the MMU (data-cache, code-cache, write-back,...)
 - external cache
 - memory (kind of RAM, RAM speed)

In addition, when other devices (I/O) are eventually accessed *as memory* by the I/O Hardware Abstraction, the speed of those devices potentially has a large influence on the execution time of software.

On top of this, the ECU might provide several ways to store the code and data that needs to be executed. This might also have a large influence on the execution time. For example:

- execution of assembly instructions stored in RAM versus execution out of ROM might have very different execution times
- when caching is present, the relative physical location of data accessed in memory might also influence the execution time



9.5.4.2 Dependency on Hardware State

In addition to the static configuration of the hardware and location of the code and data on this hardware, the dynamically changing state of the hardware might have a large influence on the execution time of a piece of code : some examples of this hardware state are:

- which parts of the code are available in the execution cache and what parts will need to be read from external RAM
- what part of the data is stored in data cache versus must be fetched from RAM
- potentially, the state of the processor pipeline

Although this influence is not relevant on simple or deterministic processors (without cache), the influence of the cache state on modern processors can be enormous (an order of magnitude difference is not impossible). Despite the potential importance of this initial hardware-state when caching is present, it is almost impossible and definitely impractical to describe this hardware state. Therefore it is important and clear that we will not provide explicit attributes for this purpose.

9.5.4.3 Dependency on Logical Context

This logical context includes:

- 1. the input parameters with which the runnable is called
- 2. also the logical "state" of the component to which the runnable belongs (or more precisely: the contents of all the memory that is used by the runnable)

While a description of the input-parameters is relatively straight-forward to specify, it might be very hard to describe the entire logical state that the software depends on.

In addition, in certain cases, one wants to provide a specific (e.g. measured or simulated) execution time for a very specific logical context; whereas in other cases, one wants to describe a *worst-case execution time* over all valid logical contexts or over a subset of logical contexts.

9.5.4.4 Dependency on External Code

Things get very complex when the piece of code whose execution time is described makes calls into ("jumps into") external libraries. To deal with this problem, we could take one of the following approaches:

1. Do not support this case at all: only code that does not rely on external libraries can be given an execution time



- 2. Support a description of the execution time for a very specific version (again at object-code level) of the libraries. The exact versions of external libraries used would be described together with the execution time. In addition, the relative location in memory of the runnable and the library, the HW-state with respect to the library (e.g. whether this code is in cache or not) and the logical state of the library might have an influence.
- 3. Conceptually, it might be possible to support a description of the software which explicitly describes the dependency on the execution times of the library. This description would include:
 - (a) the execution time of the code provided by the software itself
 - (b) a specification of which external library-calls are made (with what parameters, how often, in what order, ...)

Option 3 is deemed unrealistic and impractical and is not supported. Option 2 however is important as many software might depend on very simple but very common external libraries (like a math-library that provides floating-point capability in software). Option 2 will therefore be supported for the case that the external library does not have an additional logical context which influences its execution time.

9.5.5 Description-Model for the Execution Time

9.5.5.1 Detailed Structure of an Execution-Time Description

Figure 9.5 shows how the ExecutionTime is part of the overall description of the Implementation and how it relates to various other model elements.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04050] ExecutionTime [To each ExecutableEntity (of a specific Implementation) an arbitrary number of ExecutionTime descriptions can be related. Thereby this ExecutionTime description may also depend on code or data variant of the Implementation.](*RS_BSWMD_00016*)



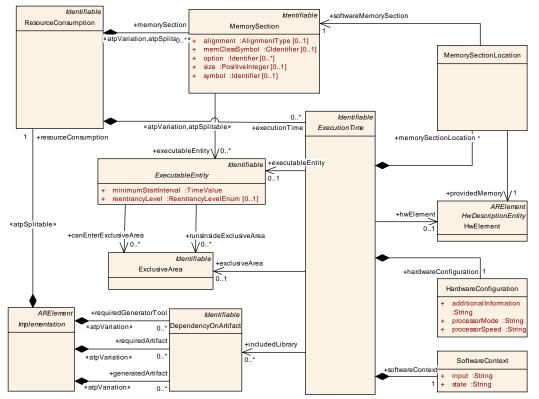


Figure 9.5: Detailed relations of an **ExecutionTime** description

It is expected that many ExecutableEntity-s will not have an associated ExecutionTime description. For ExecutableEntity-s that do have ExecutionTime descriptions, the software-implementor can provide several such descriptions with different scope: For example one per specific ECU on which the Implementation can run and on which the time was measured or estimated. Furthermore, even in a given ECU context it is possible to specify several different types of execution times, as will be explained below.

If an ExecutableEntity is defined to be running completely in an ExclusiveArea the related ExecutionTime can be considered as a constraint for configuring the data consistency mechanism in the RTE.

If an ExecutableEntity is defined to be able to enter an ExclusiveArea the ExecutionTime can be specified for each area. The time provided is the time consumed AFTER the call to enter the ExclusiveArea and BEFORE the call to leave the ExclusiveArea.

Figure 9.6 shows the various sub-classes of ExecutionTime. The following paragraphs describe the aspects of this model in more detail. For the definition of class TimeValue refer to the timing specification ([12]).



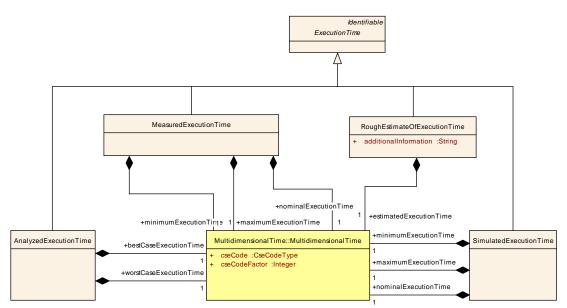


Figure 9.6: Sub-classes of ExecutionTime and their usage of TimeValue

Class	ExecutionTime (a	abstrac	t)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Time	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::Execution Time				
Note				to describe the ExecutionTime of software. The wided through this class.		
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
exclusiveA rea	ExclusiveArea	01	ref	Reference to the ExclusiveArea this execution time is provided for.		
executable Entity	ExecutableEntit y	01	ref	The executable entity for which this execution time is described.		
hardwareC onfiguratio n	HardwareConfig uration	1	aggr	Provides information on the HardwareConfiguration used to specify this ExecutionTime.		
hwElement	HwElement	01	ref	The hardware element (e.g. type of ECU) for which the execution time is specified.		
includedLi brary	DependencyOn Artifact	*	ref	If this dependency is specified, the execution time of the library code is included in the execution time data for the runnable.		
memorySe ctionLocati on	MemorySection Location	*	aggr	Provides information on the MemorySectionLocation which is involved in the ExecutionTime description.		
softwareC ontext	SoftwareContex t	1	aggr	Provides information on the detailed SoftwareContext used to provide the ExecutionTime description.		

The following shows the attributes of the ExecutionTime in tabular form:

Table 9.18: ExecutionTime



9.5.5.2 ExecutionTime References an "ECU"

[TPS_BSWMDT_04051] ExecutionTime references an ECU [The Execution-Time references an ECU (the concept ECU is defined by the ECU-Resource-Template [25]) via the attribute hwElement. This reference uniquely describes the hardware for which the ExecutionTime is provided.](*RS_BSWMD_00016*) This includes: the kind of processor, the type of MMU, the type of caches, type of memory available,...

Note that this reference to an HwElement has a different semantic than the attribute processor in the Implementation. The processor defines the family of processors on which the provided implementation may run (it is a requirement on the hardware on which the component may be deployed). The ECU on the other hand (of which the processor only is one part) is a statement on the context of the ExecutionTime. Of course, the processor of the ECU should be equal to the processor specified in the Implementation. Note that the ECU might include specific hardware that has no influence on the ExecutionTime. Despite of this, it seems better to specify a reference to the entire hardware-platform used rather than introduce another hardware sub-system that includes all hardware-elements that influence the ExecutionTime of software.

9.5.5.3 ExecutionTime Includes a HW-Configuration

[TPS_BSWMDT_04052] ExecutionTime.hardwareConfiguration [The ECU described through the hwElement attribute can still run in several HW-modes. For example, many ECUs can run in several "speed"-modes (for example a normal fast-mode and a low-power slow mode). The goal of the HardwareConfiguration is to describe this. The attributes processorSpeed and processorMode should describe the specific mode of the ECU.

Because of the potential dependency on many other HW-Configuration settings (such as caching policy, MMU-settings, ...), a generic attribute additionalInformation is provided. Because the exact structure of the information seems to depend so much on the specific case, all attributes are unstructured text. |(*RS_BSWMD_00016*)

Class	HardwareConfig	HardwareConfiguration				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ResourceConsumption		
Note	Describes in whic consumption.	Describes in which mode the hardware is operating while needing this resource consumption.				
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
additionall nformation	String	1	attr	Specifies additional information on the HardwareConfiguration.		
processor Mode	String	1	attr	Specifies in which mode the processor is operating.		
processor Speed	String	1	attr	Specifies the speed the processor is operating.		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note

 Table 9.19: HardwareConfiguration

9.5.5.4 ExecutionTime Includes a MemorySectionLocation

[TPS_BSWMDT_04053] ExecutionTime.memorySectionLocation [For each memorySection of the Implementation, the ExecutionTime must specify where this section was located on the physical memory of the ECU. The memorySections of the software are described in the resourceConsumption of the Implementation. The available memory-regions on the hardware are described inside the description of the ECU. The ExecutionTime contains descriptions of the location of the memory section to a hardware memory section on the ECU.](*RS_BSWMD_00016*)

Class	MemorySectionLocation					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Time	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::Execution Time				
Note	Specifies in which hardware ProvidedMemorySegment the softwareMemorySection is located.					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
providedM emory	HwElement	1	ref	Reference to the hardware ProvidedMemorySegment.		
softwareM emorySecti on	MemorySection	1	ref	Reference to the MemorySection which is mapped on a certain hardware memory segment.		

Table 9.20: MemorySectionLocation

9.5.5.5 ExecutionTime Includes a SoftwareContext

[TPS_BSWMDT_04054] ExecutionTime.softwareContext [The Software-Context is the logical context for which the ExecutionTime is given. This includes two aspects:

- 1. the values of the input-parameters to the software
- 2. the state the logic of the runnable depends on

In the current form, both attributes are of type String and can contain free-form text describing this state. |(*RS_BSWMD_00016*)

For the attribute input, it might be appropriate to refine this into a more formal description of the values of the parameters. For the attribute state, it is difficult to go beyond an informal text-field, because the state is a private matter of the component



and there currently is no explicit mechanism in AUTOSAR to describe the value of this state.

Further, it is possible to provide several execution times of a runnable entity, for example, in case of different values of the input-parameters. This is one of the reasons why the template supports an arbitrary number of ExecutionTimes.

Class	SoftwareContext	SoftwareContext				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ResourceConsumption		
Note	Specifies the cont	ext of th	e softwa	are for this resource consumption.		
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
input	String	1	attr	Specifies the input vector which is used to provide the ExecutionTime.		
state	String	1	attr	Specifies the state the software is in when the ExecutionTime is provided.		

Table 9.21: SoftwareContext

9.5.5.6 Dependency on External Libraries

[TPS_BSWMDT_04055] ExecutionTime.includedLibrary [The Execution-Time measurements can depend on the precise version of external libraries (such as a math-emulation library) that have been used. This information can be included by adding a reference to an object of type DependencyOnArtifact which must be aggregated by the corresponding Implementation.

If such a reference is specified, the ExecutionTime includes the execution time of that specific library version.

In case the Implementation aggregates attributes of type DependencyOnArtifact, to which the ExecutionTime does not refer, it means that the execution time of the library code is NOT included in the execution time of the ExecutableEntity. |(RS_BSWMD_00016)

9.5.5.7 Several Qualities of Execution Times

9.5.5.7.1 AnalyzedExecutionTime

The AnalyzedExecutionTime means that an "analytic" method was used to find guaranteed boundaries. These boundaries have a lower-limit (best case) and an upper-limit (worst case).

Considering the cache processor ECU, an execution time could be computed, and it depends on cache level. A <code>bestCaseExecutionTime</code> and a <code>bestCaseExecutionTime</code> have to be filled.



Class	AnalyzedExecuti	AnalyzedExecutionTime				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Time	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ResourceConsumption::Execution		
Note	AnalyzedExecutionTime provides an analytic method for specifying the best and worst case execution time.					
Base	ARObject, Execution	onTime,	Identifia	ble,MultilanguageReferrable,Referrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
bestCaseE xecutionTi me	Multidimensiona ITime	1	aggr	The best case execution time (BCET) defines the minimum amount of time the related executable entity requires for its execution.		
worstCase ExecutionT ime	Multidimensiona ITime	1	aggr	The worst case execution time (WCET) defines the maximum amount of time the related executable entity requires for its execution.		

Table 9.22: AnalyzedExecutionTime

[constr_4031] Analyzed execution time [The attribute values of AnalyzedExecutionTime must fulfill:

bestCaseExecutionTime <= bestCaseExecutionTime |()</pre>

9.5.5.7.2 MeasuredExecutionTime

The MeasuredExecutionTime describes the ExecutableEntity runtime on an ECU.

Class	MeasuredExecut	MeasuredExecutionTime				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Time	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ResourceConsumption::Execution Time				
Note	Specifies the Exec	cutionTi	ne whic	h has been gathered using measurement means.		
Base	ARObject, Executi	onTime,	Identifia	ble,MultilanguageReferrable,Referrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
maximumE xecutionTi me	Multidimensiona ITime	1	aggr	The maximum measured execution time.		
minimumE xecutionTi me	Multidimensiona ITime	1	aggr	The minimum measured execution time.		
nominalEx ecutionTim e	Multidimensiona ITime	1	aggr	The nominal measured execution time.		

Table 9.23: MeasuredExecutionTime

[constr_4032] Measured execution time [The attribute values of MeasuredExecutionTime must fulfill:

minimumExecutionTime <= nominalExecutionTime <= maximumExecution-Time |()



9.5.5.7.3 SimulatedExecutionTime

A SimulatedExecutionTime describes the time information which are coming from a simulation. Simulation could be based on:

- ExecutableEntity model on specific hardware with time weighting to simulate processor time behavior
- ExecutableEntity model before generation code

Class	SimulatedExecut	SimulatedExecutionTime				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Time	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ResourceConsumption::Execution		
Note	Specifies the Exec	cutionTi	me whic	h has been gathered using simulation means.		
Base	ARObject, Executi	onTime,	Identifia	ble,MultilanguageReferrable,Referrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
maximumE xecutionTi me	Multidimensiona ITime	1	aggr	The maximum simulated execution time.		
minimumE xecutionTi me	Multidimensiona ITime	1	aggr	The minimum simulated execution time.		
nominalEx ecutionTim e	Multidimensiona ITime	1	aggr	The nominal simulated execution time.		

Table 9.24: SimulatedExecutionTime

[constr_4033] Simulated execution time [The attribute values of SimulatedExecutionTime must fulfill:

minimumExecutionTime <= nominalExecutionTime <= maximumExecution-Time |()

9.5.5.7.4 RoughEstimateOfExecutionTime

A RoughEstimateOfExecutionTime describes the time information which are based on some estimation.

Class	RoughEstimateOfExecutionTime				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ResourceConsumption::Execution	
Note	Provides a descrip	otion of a	a rough	estimate on the ExecutionTime.	
Base	ARObject, Execution	onTime,	Identifia	ble,MultilanguageReferrable,Referrable	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
additionall nformation	String	1	attr	Provides description on the rough estimate of the ExecutionTime.	
estimatedE xecutionTi me	Multidimensiona ITime	1	aggr	The estimated execution time.	



Attribute Datatype Mul. Kind Note

Table 9.25: RoughEstimateOfExecutionTime



10 Measurement and Calibration Support

10.1 Overview on McSupportData

AUTOSAR allows to declare data for measurement and calibration (MC-data) in the description of software components as a well as for basic software. Software components can declare MC-data which are handled locally, as well as MC-data for which the location and access (during normal execution) is implemented by the RTE, for example data elements in ports, data shared between instances or data requiring software emulation support. BSW modules usually have only local data, but for software emulation support they also may declare calibration data that are handled by the RTE (see also chapter 6.10 for the various data roles).

For the final configuration of the measurement and calibration tools another representation is needed (so-called "A2L"-file) which is not part of AUTOSAR (see [26]).

For a given RTE generator and ECU configuration, the data description part of the A2L-file could in principle be generated out of the "upstream" AUTOSAR descriptions of all involved components and modules (with additional address information from the linker). However, instead of this it has been decided for the AUTOSAR methodology to provide an additional intermediate ARXML work product, the so-called MC Support Data which is produced rather late in the ECU configuration process, out of which (with additional address information from the linker) the final A2L-file can be generated. The reasons for this approach are:

- For the MC data coded by the RTE generator, the actual C-symbols which are needed to find the memory addresses depend on the RTE implementation and are not available in the "upstream" descriptions.
- The names used for the data in the BSWM- and SWC-descriptions are not necessarily unique, due to the distributed development in AUTOSAR. In order to define unique names for display in the MC system (and also for other use cases) a so-called ECU Flat Map is provided (see [4] [TR_METH_03008] and [TR_METH_02003] for the method and [7] for the meta-model). These names shall be made available to the MC tools through the MC-support-data.
- The definition of data attributes namely SwDataDefProps is subject to additions or redefinitions in several artifacts which could be produced in different process steps (for more on this see [6]). In many cases this finally has to be evaluated by the RTE generator, therefore it is convenient, that the RTE generator also puts these final decisions on the SwDataDefProps into a generated set of MC support data.
- Information on the so-called calibration method has to be provided which is currently only available in the ECU configuration of the RTE.
- By making use of a dedicated support format, an external tool is less dependent on the overall AUTOSAR meta-model.



• By making use of a dedicated support format, it is possible to restrict the information given to the operator of the final A2L generation to what is actually required in this step.

It has further been decided, that the MC support format (i.e. its part of the meta-model) reuses already existing concepts of the meta-model like categories and SwDataDef-Props, because these concepts are close to the "upstream" descriptions and to "A2L" concepts as well.

The resulting model is shown in an overview in figure 10.1, which illustrates also the placement in the context of an ECU configuration. As the figure shows, the root element of the MC support McSupportData is aggregated as splitable in an Implementation. This means, that one such element describes the calibration support for all data located in this implementation which could be a BSW module/cluster/library or an SWC as well. The splitable-stereotype allows, that the data can be defined as a separate artifact and at another point in time, than the Implementation itself. Especially, the support data for all calibration data located in the RTE shall be generated as part of the RTE's own BswImplementation.

In addition to the support for external MCD-tools, the MC-support-data produced by the RTE generator also can contain information which is needed to support the software emulation of calibration data inside the ECU. This is explained in more detail in chapter 10.3.

Furthermore, the MC-support-data produced by the RTE generator or a proprietary tool can contain information which is needed to support rapid prototyping. This is explained in chapter 10.5.



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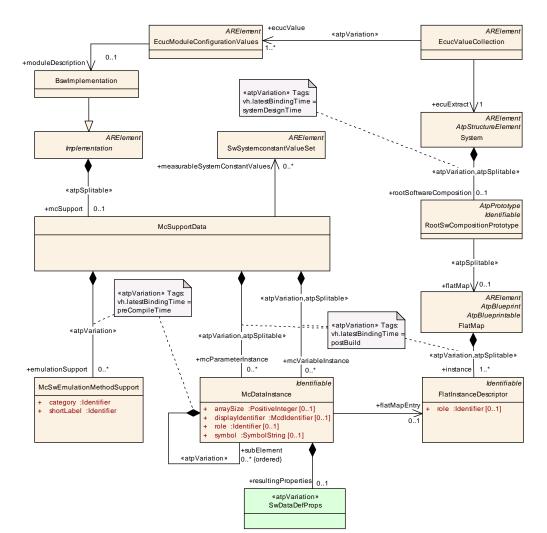


Figure 10.1: Calibration Support Data attached to Implementation

In general, MC support data must be generated for all data with measurement or calibration access in modules or components. For the methodology, we have to distinguish two cases:

- MC support data is generated by the RTE generator for those data, which are allocated also by the RTE (resp. the BSW Scheduler). For BSW modules, this means that those data need to be declared as BswInternalBehavior.perInstanceMemory. This is mandatory if calibration data need emulation support note that for measurement data within basic software there is no use case requiring BSW data allocation by the RTE resp. the BSW Scheduler.
- MC support data are generated by any other tool if the data are allocated by the module or component itself, i.e. for InternalBehavior.staticMemory and InternalBehavior.constantMemory

[TPS_BSWMDT_04056] Multiplicity of McSupportData [Thus in an ECU there will be at most one (generated) instance of McSupportData for each Implementation instance: |(*RS_BSWMD_00062*)



Class	McSupportData					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport				
Note	Root element for all measurement and calibration support data related to one Implementation artifact on an ECU. There shall be one such element related to the RTE implementation (if it owns MC data) and a separate one for each module or component, which owns private MC data.					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
emulationS upport	McSwEmulation MethodSupport	*	aggr	Describes the calibration method used by the RTE. This information is not needed for A2L generation, but to setup software emulation in the ECU.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
mcParame terInstance	McDataInstance	*	aggr	A data instance to be used for calibration. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		
mcVariable Instance	McDataInstance	*	aggr	A data instance to be used for measurement. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		
measurabl eSystemC onstantVal ues	SwSystemconst antValueSet	*	ref	Sets of system constant values to be transferred to the MCD system, because the system constants have been specified with "swCalibrationAccess" = readonly.		

Table 10.1: McSupportData

[TPS_BSWMDT_04057] Self-contained MC support artifact [It is important to understand, that the M1 model of an McSupportData element shall be a self-contained tree of XML elements witch can be given to an external tool without needing all the "upstream" descriptions. This rule cannot be expressed by the meta-model, it is part of the methodology. This means that all XML elements which are taken over from SWC and BSWM descriptions without change (e.g. data types) still have to be copied into an own artifact. Especially, the links to input variables of axis definitions must be modified as to point to the corresponding elements within the McSupportData.

There are several exceptions from this rule:

- The association to FlatMap shall be handled in a way that it points to the actual ECU Flat Map, in order to provide a backward link to the actual sources of the data for documentation purposes.
- In order to support software emulation of calibration data, a special reference to the description of the actual data in memory is needed (see 10.3). However, this is not relevant for A2L generation.



- As indicated in figure 10.1, the elements under McSupportData can still contain compile-time variation points. These need to be resolved in sync with the variants selected before compilation of the software, so that the generated A2L content corresponds to the actual code. Therefore, as long as the variants are not resolved, the variation points in the MC support artifact will depend on the system constants needed to resolve these variants.
- In order to support the functional modeling of measurement and calibration data, additional artifacts (based on meta-class McFunction) are (optionally) needed as input to the A2L generator, see 10.4.
- In order to support particular rapid prototyping solutions, references to the description of communication behavior of the involved software components are required, see chapter 10.5.

(*RS_BSWMD_00062*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04058] McSupportData.measurableSystemConstantValues [In addition to variables and parameters, also names and values of system constants may need to be transferred to an MCD tool in order to be displayed. These are modeled by the role McSupportData.measurableSystemConstantValues. Note that the values of system constants are also possibly subject to compile-time variation (not visible in the figure).](*RS_BSWMD_00062*)

For details on variant handling refer to [1].

The final A2L-generation is not part of AUTOSAR, but in order to get the complete picture, it should be mentioned, that in addition to the MC support data some further information is required (see also [4]) :

- Output from the linker to find the actual memory addresses, as the MC support data will only contain the C-symbols. In addition, the actual (physical) memory segments must be found from the linker output in cases where the address is not global. Note that the abstract sections defined by MemorySection do not deliver this information.
- Driver specific access information (so called IF-DATA sections) needed by the MC system as part of the A2L-file. These are described in a special non-AUTOSAR data format and shall be generated by the driver modules, e.g. XCP.
- Via the AUTOSAR meta-class AliasNameSet (see [7]) one can provide alternative names as identifiers for the A2L data which could be used by the A2L generator to supersede names given by the MC support data. One possible use case is to resolve name conflicts of system constants which may happen if SwSystemconst names are to be copied to the A2L file out of different ARPackages (this kind of name conflict cannot be resolved by a FlatMap).
- Administrative data for the A2L-File which are nor delivered by AUTOSAR.



• It is up to the A2L generator (and possibly project specific configuration) how data types are converted into A2L which are coded as C-enums.¹

10.2 Attributes for McSupportData

Figure 10.2 and the following class tables show the attributes which are to be attached to the McSupportData in order to support measurement and calibration by external tools.

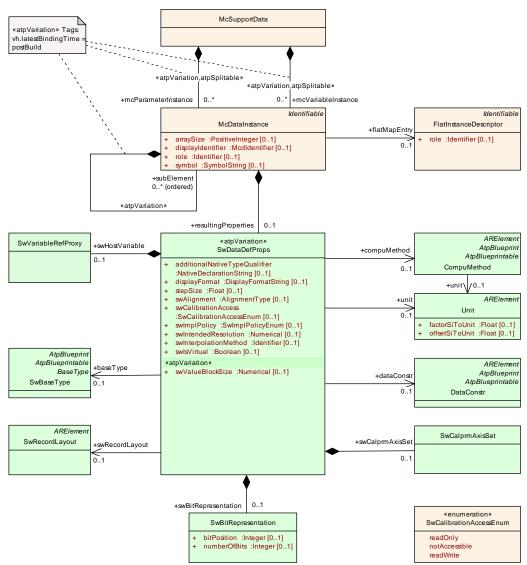


Figure 10.2: Attributes of MC Support Data

Note that McSupportData is a list of calibration elements (parameters) and measurement elements (variables) in which the component hierarchy has been removed. All elements of the list are described by meta-class McDataInstance. This meta-class

¹This is indicated by the string "enum" as part of the McDataInstance.resultingProperties.additionalNativeTypeQualifier.



allows to define arrays and structures, but is does not need a type-prototype-pattern, because it is not designed for reuse on M1:

Class	McDataInstance						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport			
Note	Describes the specific properties of one data instance in order to support measurement and/or calibration of this data instance.						
	The most importa	nt attrib	utes are	:			
			•	m the ECU Flat map (if applicable) and will be used by the MC system.			
	U U			n the corresponding data type (ApplicationDataType nentationDataType) as far as applicable.			
		actual r	memory	d in the programming language. It will be used to address by the final generation tool with the help of n.			
	It is assumed that in the M1 model this part and all the aggregated and referred elements (with the exception of the Flat Map and the references from ImplementationElementInParameterInstanceRef and McAccessDetails) are completely generated from "upstream" information. This means, that even if an element like e.g. a CompuMethod is only used via reference here, it will be copied into the M1 artifact which holds the complete McSupportData for a given Implementation.						
Base	ARObject, Identifia	<mark>ble</mark> ,Mul	tilangua	geReferrable,Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
arraySize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The existence of this attribute turns the data instance into an array of data. The attribute determines the size of the array in terms of number of elements.			
displayIde ntifier	Mcdldentifier	01	attr	An optional attribute to be used to set the ASAM ASAP2 DISPLAY_IDENTIFIER attribute.			
flatMapEnt ry	FlatInstanceDes criptor	01	ref	Reference to the corresponding entry in the ECU Flat Map. This allows to trace back to the original specification of the generated data instance. This link shall be added by the RTE generator mainly for documentation purposes.			
				The reference is optional because			
	The McDataInstance may represent array or struct in which only the subElements correspond to FlatMa entries.						
				• The McDataInstance may represent a task local buffer for rapid prototyping access which is different from the "main instance" used for measurement access.			



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
instanceIn Memory	Implementation ElementInPara meterInstanceR ef	01	aggr	Reference to the corresponding data instance in the description of calibration data structures published by the RTE generator. This is used to support emulation methods inside the ECU, it is not required for A2L generation.
mcDataAc cessDetail s	McDataAccess Details	01	aggr	Refers to "upstream" information on how the RTE uses this data instance. Use Case: Rapid Prototyping
mcDataAs signment	RoleBasedMcD ataAssignment	*	aggr	An assignment between McDataInstances.
resultingPr operties	SwDataDefProp s	01	aggr	These are the generated properties resulting from decisions taken by the RTE generator for the actually implemented data instance. Only those properties are relevant here, which are needed for the measurement and calibration system.
role	Identifier	01	ref	An optional attribute to be used for additional information on the role of this data instance, for example in the context of rapid prototyping.
subElemen t	McDataInstance	*	aggr	This relation indicates, that the target element is part of a "struct" which is given by the source element. This information will be used by the final generator to set up the correct addressing scheme. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbol	SymbolString	01	ref	This String is used to determine the memory address during final generation of the MC configuration data (e.g. "A2L" file) . It shall be the name of the element in the programming language such that it can be identified in linker generated information. In case the McDataInstance is part of composite data in the programming language, the symbol String may include parts denoting the element context, unless the context is given by the symbol attribute of an enclosing McDataInstance. This means in particular for the C language that the "." character shall be used as a separator between the name of a "struct" variable the name of one of its elements. The symbol can differ from the shortName in case of generated C data declarations. It is an optional attribute since it may be missing in case the instance represents an element (e.g. a single array element) which has no name in the linker map.

Table 10.2: McDataInstance



An McDataInstance may represent the root of a nested composite of arrays and/or structs. This is modeled by adding appropriate subElements. In this case, the attribute McDataInstance.symbol shall be set only for those elements which actually are visible in the linker map. This should be always the case for the the root element of such a composite (otherwise its address cannot be assigned via the linker map):

[constr_4062] Mandatory symbol for McDataInstance root [McDataInstances directly aggregated in McSupportData must have a valid McDataInstance.symbol.]()

[TPS_BSWMDT_04059] Granularity of McDataInstance.subElements [Note that it is possible to e.g. define single array elements or struct elements as to be measured or calibrated (the referencing mechanism used in the FlatInstanceDescriptor is capable of stating array indexes). In this case one needs to define one McDataInstance representing the globally visible C-array or -struct (and stating its symbol) and appropriate subElements for the nested elements to be measured and link these elements to the individual FlatInstanceDescriptors. [*(RS_BSWMD_00062)*]

[TPS_BSWMDT_04060] McDataInstance.resultingProperties [The figure also shows the meta-classes of the typical elements which might be attached to an McDataInstance via its SwDataDefProps. These elements (and their further detailing, which is not shown here) are used in the same way as in the SWCT (see [6]) though, as already mentioned, it is expected that the support data will contain copies of the elements found in the SWC- and BSWM-descriptions which refer to each other in a self-contained manner. |(*RS_BSWMD_00062*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04114] Using the hierarchical structuring of McDataIn-stance.subElements [The structure of the subElements shall follow the structure of the corresponding ApplicationDataType respectively Implementation-DataType. The value of the symbol attribute of the subElements shall exist and it shall reflect the symbol of the subElement only (as opposed to reflecting the full combined symbol starting from the root element).](*RS_BSWMD_00062*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04115] Use of indexing for array element of subElements [Mc-DataInstances have to be created for those array elements that are accessed by MCD in separate and these have to be put as subElements under an McDataInstance representing the whole array. The symbol of the subElement shall contain the array index in the C-notation, e.g [4].](*RS_BSWMD_00062*)

10.3 Support for Software Emulation of Calibration Data

The RTE generator provides several methods to allocate calibration data in a way, that they can be emulated by software on the ECU during an online calibration procedure, see [13] for a more detailed description. If such an emulation is configured, the calibration data changed during online calibration are "emulated" by e.g. a Complex Driver, but the access to these data by the functional software is still handled by the RTE. In order to generate or configure the emulation code of e.g. the Complex Driver, the RTE



generator has to publish a detailed description of the data structure of the calibration data and supporting elements which directly correspond to its C-code. This information is created by the RTE generator as part the <code>BswInternalBehavior</code> of its own BSWMD, namely by defining local data descriptions as had been shown earlier.

(Note: These local data descriptions should not be mixed up with the input defining the calibration data from the perspective of the module or component using the data. These are for example given as BswInternalBehavior.perInstanceMemory in the BSWMD of the using module, see figure 6.15.)

The generated data descriptions of the RTE are an M1 model of DataPrototypes based on ImplementationDataTypes using the "normal" meta-model elements. But in addition the RTE generator has to provide an information on the so-called calibration method which it actually uses and how this relates to the generated data structures (see [13] for details).

This is expressed by the meta-class McSwEmulationMethodSupport which for convenience is attached to the McSupportData as shown in figure 10.3 and the next two class tables.

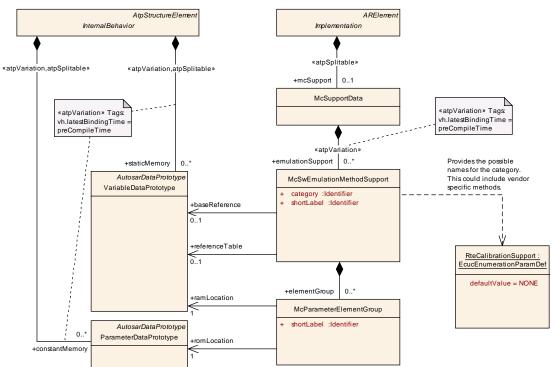


Figure 10.3: Describing the Software Emulation Method for Calibration Data



Class	McSwEmulationMethodSupport					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport					
Note	published by the I emulation method	RTE gen I in a Co	erator a mplex D	the RTE to handle the calibration data. It is nd can be used e.g. to generate the corresponding river. ven by the category attribute, not all attributes are		
	always needed:					
	 double poir 	ntered m	ethod: c	only baseReference is mandatory		
	 single poin 	tered me	ethod: o	nly referenceTable is mandatory		
	 initRam me 	ethod: or	nly elem	entGroup(s) are mandatory		
	Note: For single/double pointered method the group locations are implicitly accessed via the reference table and their location can be found from the initial values in the M1 model of the respective pointers. Therefore, the description of elementGroups is not needed in these cases. Likewise, for double pointered method the reference table description can be accessed via the M1 model under baseReference.					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
category	Identifier	1	ref	Identifies the actual method. The possible names shall correspond to the symbols of the ECU configuration parameter for the calibration method of the RTE, and can include vendor specific methods.		
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-90		
baseRefer	VariableDataPr ototype	01	ref	Refers to the base pointer in case of the		
ence	olotype			double-pointered method.		
elementGr oup	McParameterEl ementGroup	*	aggr	Denotes the grouping of calibration parameters in the actual RTE code. Depending on the category, this information maybe required to set up the emulation code.		
elementGr	McParameterEl	* 01	aggr ref	Denotes the grouping of calibration parameters in the actual RTE code. Depending on the category, this information maybe required to set up the		
elementGr oup referenceT	McParameterEl ementGroup VariableDataPr			Denotes the grouping of calibration parameters in the actual RTE code. Depending on the category, this information maybe required to set up the emulation code. Refers to the pointer table in case of the		

Table 10.3: McSwEmulationMethodSupport

Class	McParameterElementGroup			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport			
Note	Denotes a group of calibration parameters which are handled by the RTE as one data structure.			
Base	ARObject			
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
ramLocatio n	VariableDataPr ototype	1	ref	Refers to the RAM location of this parameter group. To be used for the init-RAM method.



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
romLocatio n	ParameterData Prototype	1	ref	Refers to the ROM location of this parameter group. To be used for the init-RAM method.
shortLabel	Identifier	1	ref	Assigns a name to this element.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-100

Table 10.4: McParameterElementGroup

[TPS_BSWMDT_04061] McSwEmulationMethodSupport.category [The value of McSwEmulationMethodSupport.category can either correspond to the enumeration value of the RTE configuration parameter RteCalibrationSupport (namely DOUBLE_POINTERED, SINGLE_POINTERED or INITIALIZED_RAM, see [13]), or it can be chosen differently in order to denote a vendor specific method. |(RS_BSWMD_00062)

[constr_4044] Content of McSwEmulationMethodSupport [The following constraints hold for the attributes of McSwEmulationMethodSupport:

- If category is DOUBLE_POINTERED, a baseReference must exist.
- If category is SINGLE_POINTERED, a referenceTable must exist.
- If category is INITIALIZED_RAM, one or more elementGroups must exist.

]()

[TPS_BSWMDT_04062] Upstream reference for emulation support [For a full support of software emulation, we also need a relation between the "upstream" parameter description (represented by an entry in the ECU Flat Map) and the actually implemented code element. This is shown in figure 10.4. The required reference ImplementationElementInParameterInstanceRef is attached to McDataInstance. This is mainly done for convenience, as McDataInstance is generated in the same step and already refers to the Flat Map. This part of the meta-model assumes, that the RTE generator uses ImplementationDataTypes to describe the implemented data structures and that each implemented parameter element is part of a group, thus resulting in a ImplementationDataTypeElement as the target of the reference.](*RS_BSWMD_00062*)



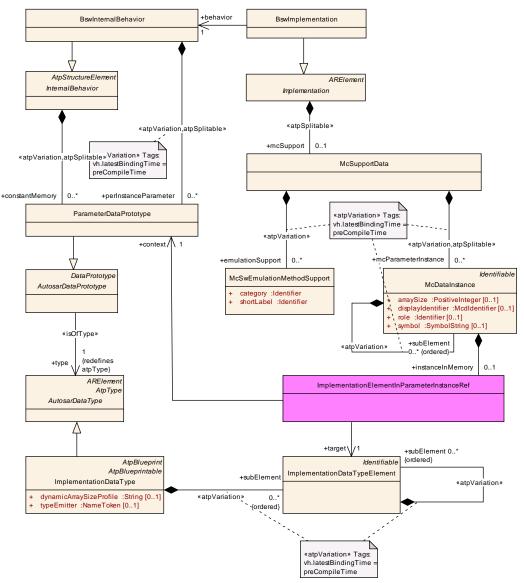


Figure 10.4: Reference to the Implemented Data needed for Emulation



Class	ImplementationE	lement	InParam	neterInstanceRef	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport				
Note	Describes a reference to a particular ImplementationDataTypeElement instance in the context of a given ParameterDataPrototype. Thus it refers to a particular element in the implementation description of a software data structure.				
	parameters in its B ParameterDataPro single calibration p "instance ref" is no Note that this clas based on the abst	BSW mo ototypes oaramet eeded. s follows ract clas	odule de s. Each l ers. In c s the pai	blishes its generated structure of calibration scription using the "constantMemory" role of ParameterDataPrototype describes a group of order to point to these single parameters, this ttern of an InstanceRef but is not implemented cause the ImplementationDataType isn't either, onDataTypeElement isn't derived from AtpPrototype.	
Base	ARObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
context	ParameterData 1 ref The context for the referred element. Prototype 1 ref The context for the referred element.				
	Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20				
target	Implementation DataTypeEleme	1	ref	The referred data element.	
	nt			Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30	

Table 10.5: ImplementationElementInParameterInstanceRef

[constr_4034] Target and context of MC emulation reference [Within one ImplementationElementInParameterInstanceRef, the target must refer to a sub-element of the ParameterDataPrototype which is referred as context. |()

If the elements to be measured or calibrated are part of arrays or structs, it is important to define the references in a consistent and complete way for all sub-elements involved in order to avoid ambiguities. Since the ImplementationElementInParameterInstanceRef allows to define only one context element, we need the following constraint:

[constr_4061] Completeness of MC emulation reference [If an McDataInstance in the role of a subElement of another McDataInstance specifies an instanceIn-Memory, then the containing McDataInstance must also specify an instanceIn-Memory. The target of the latter (i.e. upper level) instanceInMemory must be identical (including array index, if defined) to the context of the first (i.e. lower level) instanceInMemory. |()|

Without this constraint, it would be possible to define a reference to an inner element of nested arrays/structs without that the corresponding global C variable could be identified.



10.4 Support for Functional Modeling of Measurement and Calibration

The "A2L" description format for measurement and calibration data allows to associate the data with so-called *functions* in order to guide the calibration engineer in handling a large number of such data (see description of the keyword FUNCTION in [26]).

Such functions are mainly logical constructs and do not necessarily match to software objects like modules or components in the sense of AUTOSAR. However, since it is the goal of measurement and calibration support of AUTOSAR to be able to generate A2L descriptions from AUTOSAR XML descriptions, the AUTOSAR meta-model also provides the means to define such functions in the sense of A2L.

[TPS_BSWMDT_04078] Semantics of McFunction [The meta-class McFunction together with associated McFunctionDataRefSets can be used to define the association of measurement and/or calibration data in a software system to a logical function in various roles. In addition, it allows to structure such functions hierarchically. |(*RS_BSWMD_00062*)

Note that McFunction is an ARElement so it can be used to define standalone artifacts which strictly speaking do not belong to any particular BSWMD. Nonetheless this part of the meta-model is described in this document because it belongs to the overall support for measurement and calibration.



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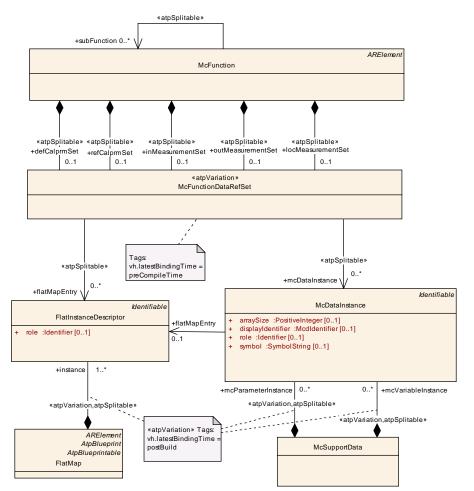


Figure 10.5: Meta-model for McFunction

Class	McFunction					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport		
Note	Represents a functional element to be used as input to support measurement and calibration. It is used to					
	 assign calibration parameters to a logical function 					
	 assign measurement variables to a logical function 					
	 structure functions hierarchically 					
	Tags: atp.recomm	nendedF	Package	=McFunctions		
Base				Element, Identifiable, Multilanguage		
	Referrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
defCalprm Set	McFunctionData RefSet	01	aggr	Refers to the set of adjustable data (= calibration parameters) defined in this function.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable		
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=variationPoint.shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=10		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
inMeasure mentSet	McFunctionData RefSet	01	aggr	Refers to the set of measurable input data for this function.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=variationPoint.shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=30
locMeasur ementSet	McFunctionData RefSet	01	aggr	Refers to the set of measurable local data in this function.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=variationPoint.shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=50
outMeasur ementSet	McFunctionData RefSet	01	aggr	Refers to the set of measurable output data from this function.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=variationPoint.shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=60
refCalprm Set	McFunctionData RefSet	01	aggr	Refers to the set of adjustable data (= calibration parameters) referred by this function.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=variationPoint.shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=20
subFunctio n	McFunction	*	ref	A sub-function that is seen as part of the enclosing function.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=subFunction xml.sequenceOffset=60

Table 10.6: McFunction

Class	<pre>«atpVariation» McFunctionDataRefSet</pre>						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport						
Note	Refers to a set of data assigned to an McFunction in a particular role. The data are given						
	 either by entries in a FlatMap 						
	 or by data instances that are part of MC support data. 						
	These two possibilities are exclusive within a given McFunctionDataRefSet. Which one to use depends on the process and tool environment.						
	The set is subject to variability because the same functional model may be used with various representation of the data.						
	Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime						
Base	ARObject						
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note						



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
flatMapEnt ry	FlatInstanceDes criptor	*	ref	Refers to an entry in a FlatMap that is part of the set, for example a calibration parameter or measured variable.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=flatMapEntry
				xml.sequenceOffset=10
mcDataIns tance	McDataInstance	*	ref	Refers to a data instance within MC support data that is part of the set, i.e. a calibration parameter or measured variable.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=mcDataInstance xml.sequenceOffset=20

[TPS_BSWMDT_04087] Scope of McFunctionDataRefSets [It should be noted that McFunctionDataRefSets can refer to the data either via instances of FlatIn-stanceDescriptor Or McDataInstance:

- The first possibility, i.e. the association via a FlatMap allows to define McFunctions rather early in the project on ECU or even System level before the actual McSupport has been generated.
- The second possibility, the association to McDataInstances allows to define (or transform) McFunctions for usage in a self-contained manner together with the McSupport data for A2L generation.

](*RS_BSWMD_00062*)

[TPS_BSWMDT_04088] Usage of McFunction [Since the use cases for McFunction are considered as rather project specific and the specification how to generate A2L does not belong to AUTOSAR, not all possible constraints on the attributes and association owned by McFunction are specified in this document. Especially it is not standardized, how instances of McFunctions have to be derived from an M1 model of AUTOSAR software components or modules. |*(RS_BSWMD_00062)*

Still some constraints are considered as mandatory:

[constr_4067] Exclusive usage of data references in McFunctionDataRefSet [The roles McFunctionDataRefSet.flatMapEntry and McFunctionDataRef-Set.mcDataInstance shall be used exclusively within one McFunctionDataRef-Set and one McFunction. This means, all instance of McFunctionDataRefSet aggregated by one McFunction shall use the same and only one of the two kinds of referencing their data.]()

[constr_4068] Semantics of McFunctionDataRefSet.flatInstanceDescriptor



- An McFunctionDataRefSet aggregated in the role of McFunction.defCalprmSet or McFunction.refCalprmSet shall only refer to FlatInstanceDescriptors that can be traced down to a ParameterDataPrototype and are declared for calibration access i.e. have an associated Sw-DataDefProps.swCalibrationAccess Set to readWrite or readOnly.
- An McFunctionDataRefSet aggregated in the role of McFunction.inMeasurementSet, McFunction.outMeasurementSet Or McFunction.locMeasurementSet shall only refer to FlatInstanceDescriptors that can be traced down to either a VariableDataPrototype, an ArgumentDataPrototype Or a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype and are declared as measurable i.e. have an associated SwDataDefProps.swCalibrationAccess set to readOnly.

 $|0\rangle$

[constr_4069] Semantics of McFunctionDataRefSet.mcDataInstance [

- An McFunctionDataRefSet aggregated in the role of McFunction.defCalprmSet or McFunction.refCalprmSet shall only refer to McDataInstances that are declared for calibration access i.e. are aggregated in the role McSupportData.mcParameterInstance.
- An McFunctionDataRefSet aggregated in the role of McFunction.inMeasurementSet, McFunction.outMeasurementSet Or McFunction.locMeasurementSet shall only refer to McDataInstances that are declared as measurable i.e. are aggregated in the role McSupportData.mcVariableInstance.

]()

Older versions of the meta-model didn't contain the meta-class McFunction but there was already the possibility to specify the name of a function associated with a data object by the attribute SwDataDefProps.mcFunction. This had serious limitations as is was neither possible to define input data to a function, nor to define more than one function associated with some data, nor to define sub-functions. For backward compatibility reasons this possibility still exists but the attribute has been tagged as obsolete.

10.5 McSupportData for Rapid Prototyping

The AUTOSAR meta-model supports the description of a software system that include rapid prototyping scenarios of Application Software Components. The high level part of such a description is done with the help of the meta-class RapidPrototypingScenario, see [6] for documentation.

So far this "high level" description of rapid prototyping is not a topic for the BSWMDT. However some special solutions for rapid prototyping require a direct access to RTE



internal data buffers that are used to hold the data for communication between software components:

- The rapid prototyping implementation (which could run on an external ECU or as a Complex Driver on the same ECU) may directly² access the RTE data buffers in a similar way as it is done from an MCD system (e.g. via an XCP driver)
- The rapid prototyping functionality may be embedded in the RTE itself. In this case, external data access is needed to monitor the data as well as to switch between the "prototyping" and the "original" behavior of the RTE for a particular data access point.

In order to configure a rapid prototyping system that works according to the solutions outlined above, some knowledge on the RTE internal data buffers has to be provided to external tools in a similar way as for MCD access. Therefore the meta-classes below McSupportData are used for this purpose too. Several extensions to these meta-classes are needed for these use cases.

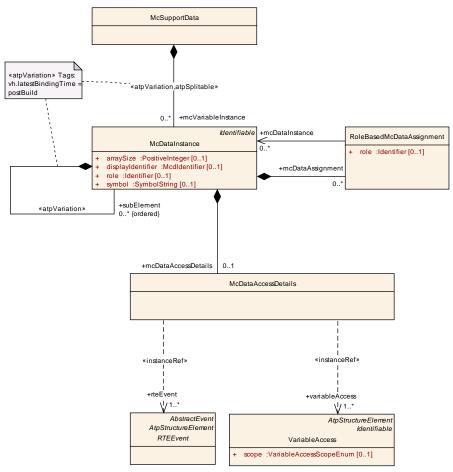


Figure 10.6: Extension of McSupportData for Rapid Prototyping

[TPS_BSWMDT_04094] Details of McDataInstance for rapid prototyping [Especially for the prototyping of a RunnableEntity with implicit communication, typically

²"directly" means not via an RTE API or an RTE hook function



more than one RTE internal buffer needs to be accessed and it needs to be described what kind of data access and what RTE event is associated with each buffer.

This information can be provided (for example generated) by setting the references in McDataInstance.mcDataAccessDetails. The base of these references shall be the ECU Extract to which also the RTE implementation belongs for which the McSupportData is meant (see also constraint below).

In addition to this, the attribute McDataInstance.role may be used to add more information on the particular role of this data instance. Note the the content of this attribute is not standardized. |(*RS_BSWMD_00065*)

[constr_4073] McDataAccessDetails shall refer to one ECU Extract [Within one given McDataAccessDetails, all instances of System referenced as the base of any McDataAccessDetails.roleMcDataAccessDetails or as the base of any McDataAccessDetails.roleMcDataAccessDetails shall be identical and of category ECU_EXTRACT.]()

Class	McDataAccessD	etails			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport				
Note	 This meta-class allows to attach detailed information about the usage of a data buffer by the RTE to a corresponding McDataInstance. Use Case: Direct memory access to RTE internal buffers for rapid prototyping. In case of implicit communication, the various task local buffers need to be identified in relation to RTE events and variable access points. Note that the SwComponentPrototype, the RunnableEntity and the VariableDataPrototype are implicitly given be the referred instances of RTEEvent and 				
	VariableAccess.				
Base	ARObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
rteEvent	RTEEvent	1*	iref	The RTE event used to receive the data via this buffer.	
variableAc cess	VariableAccess	1*	iref	The VariableAccess for which the data buffer is used.	

 Table 10.8: McDataAccessDetails

[TPS_BSWMDT_04095] Relationships between McDataInstances [In the case that rapid prototyping is embedded in the RTE, several McDataInstances are needed which have relationships to each other. For example, there could be a buffer holding the "original" data, a buffer holding the "replacement" data coming from a prototype implementation and a data instance holding the "switch" for switching between normal and replacement functionality.

The meta-class RoleBasedMcDataAssignment offers the possibility to express the relationships between such associated RTE data formally and use them as input to configure external software. Note that the meta-model is rather generic at this point in



order to allow project specific use cases. Therefore the values of the attribute Role-BasedMcDataAssignment.role are not standardized except one:

• The value mainInstance of this attribute shall be used to characterize the relation to that particular McDataInstance that represent the main instance of this data buffer - i.e. the one that would be normally displayed in an MCD system.

](*RS_BSWMD_00065*)

Class	RoleBasedMcDataAssignment				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport				
Note	This meta-class allows to define links that specify logical relationships between single McDataInstances. The details on the existence and semantics of such links are not standardized.				
	Possible Use Case: Rapid Prototyping solutions in which additional communication buffers and switches are implemented in the RTE that allow to switch between the usage of the original and the bypass buffers. The different buffers and the switch can be represented by McDataInstances (in order to be accessed by MC tools) which have relationships to each other.				
Base	ARObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
mcDataIns tance	McDataInstance	*	ref	The target of the assignment.	
role	Identifier	01	ref	Shall be used to specify the role of the assigned data instance in relation to the instance that owns the assignment.	

Table 10.9: RoleBasedMcDataAssignment

[TPS_BSWMDT_04096] Split between different use cases of McSupportData [It should be noted that the aggregation of McDataInstance by McSupportData is splitable. This allows to keep the data description for MCD use cases and rapid prototyping use cases in separate artifacts and also to generate them at a different points in time. |(*RS_BSWMD_00065*)



11 BSW Variant Handling

The BSWMDT includes variation points which allow to describe a set of variants of a BSW module or cluster by a single XML artifact (for general information on variant handling in AUTOSAR see [1]).

Variation points are provided at all three levels of the template.

11.1 BSW Interface Variation Points

[TPS_BSWMDT_04063] BSW Interface Variation Points [The variation points in the scope of BswModuleDescription with latestBindingTime = preCompileTime allow to declare variable sets of optional documentation, communication interfaces, dependencies, triggers and mode groups as part of one BSW module description, see figures 11.1 and 11.2. Further variation points in this hierarchy with can be bound at compile-time are not allowed in order to keep the meta-model and the resulting M1 models maintainable.](*RS_BSWMD_00049*)

If for example one wants to specify two variants of a module which handles a certain C-function argument either as a 16 bit or as a 32 bit type respectively and this needs to be bound at compile-time, this is possible by variation of the associations to BswModuleEntry, but is is not possible to declare a single BswModuleEntry with two compile-time variants just for a single argument.

However, at an earlier stage of development it is possible to include this kind of additional variability into Blueprints of BswModuleEntry-s (see [9]). This is especially useful if a BSWMD is used to represent an SWS of the AUTOSAR standard, since interfaces are specified here on the level of Blueprints, i.e. they still contain optional or alternative function arguments:

[TPS_BSWMDT_04090] Variation Points for BswModuleEntry arguments [It is possible to declare a BswModuleEntry.argument as a variation point but its binding time must not be later than blueprintDerivationTime, see figure 11.1](*RS_BSWMD_00049*)



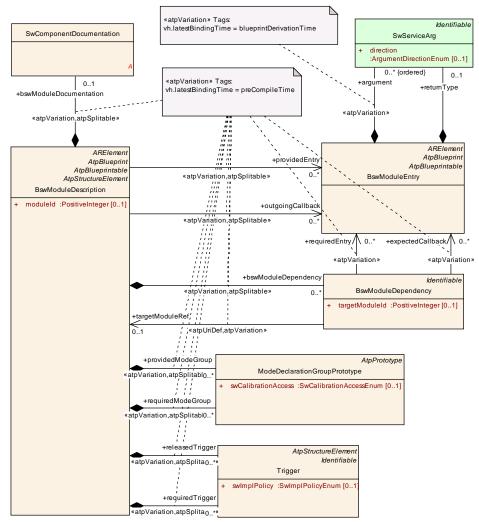


Figure 11.1: Variation points under BswModuleDescription, Part 1

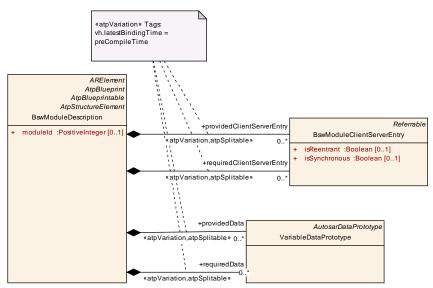


Figure 11.2: Variation points under BswModuleDescription, Part 2



One use case is to maintain a specification which includes optional or alternative interfaces/dependencies for a module at design time. For example, as already mentioned above, it is possible to provide one BSWMD (as an XML artifact) which describes the AUTOSAR standard for the C-interfaces of a standardized AUTOSAR module including specification of the optional parts as variants. These variants will be selected in the BSWMD of a module which is actually implemented against such a specification.

Another use case is to deliver a BSWMD still including some variation points to the integrator, which means in this case the variants will be selected by the integrator. Since most of the variation points described in this section influence the executable code, this use case requires that the relevant parts of the code are regenerated and/or recompiled at integration time. Due to this reason, the latest possible binding time of most variation points described here is set to to preCompileTime.

The second use case may require that the actual selection of a variation points will constraint the ECU configuration parameter values of the module (for example, if a configuration parameter configures the existence/non-existence of a callback function this will be constrained by deselecting a variant of the attributes <code>outgoingCallback/expectedCallback</code>. This could simply be done by delivering sets of preconfigured parameter values which obey to the same variant conditions as the corresponding elements referred/aggregated by <code>BswModuleDescription</code>. However, a more elegant solution will be to derive the parameter definition in question "automatically" (.e. via its definition) from the condition which is implicitly defined in the M1 model with each variant selection (see [1]).

11.2 BSW Behavior Variation Points

[TPS_BSWMDT_04064] BSW Behavior Variation Points [In a similar way, variation points underneath BswInternalBehavior allow to declare variants in the aggregation of BswModuleEntity-S, BswEvents and further elements, see figure 11.3.

Likewise, several references and aggregations owned by BswModuleEntity are variation points, see figure 11.4.

The figure 11.3 also shows the variation point in the aggregation of local data for calibration and measurement and of ExclusiveArea by the base class InternalBehavior.](RS_BSWMD_00049)

The use cases are similar to the ones described above (chapter 11.1). For the same reasons, the latest possible binding time for these variation points is defined as Pre-CompileTime.



Specification of BSW Module Description Template AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

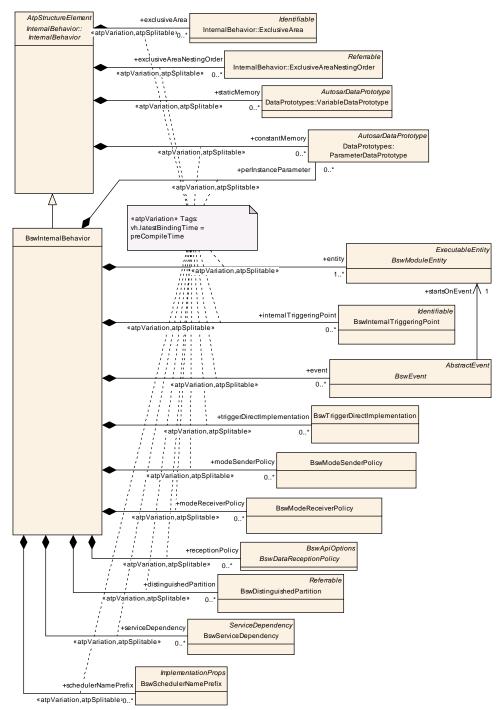


Figure 11.3: Variation points under **BswInternalBehavior**



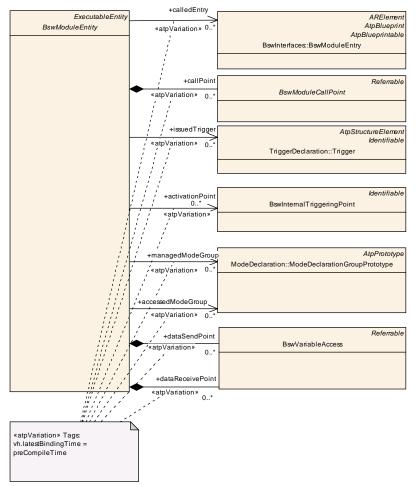


Figure 11.4: Variation points under BswModuleEntity

11.3 BSW Implementation Variation Points

[TPS_BSWMDT_04065] BSW Implementation Variation Points [Figure 11.5 shows the only variation point below meta-class BswImplementation which is the aggregation debugInfo. Also for this variation point the latest possible binding time is preCompileTime.

In addition, there are several variation points in the base class Implementation and the elements aggregated from there. These are visible in the respective figures of chapter 8. They are usable for BSW and SWC descriptions as well. They all support the use case, that a module or component is delivered as source code leading to several implementation variants.

Furthermore, if an Implementation contains McSupportData, these can also have variation points, as explained in chapter 10.1. $](RS_BSWMD_00049)$

The associations to vendorSpecificModuleDef and preconfiguredConfigu- ration are not considered as variation points, since they correspond to artifacts which



are supposed to be fixed at the time a module is delivered. Also recommendedConfiguration corresponds to a fixed set of artifacts at delivery time.

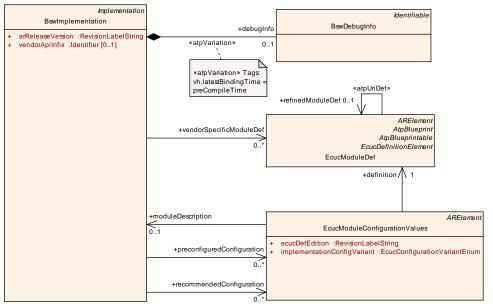


Figure 11.5: Variation points under BswImplementation



12 Implementation Conformance Statement

12.1 Background

This chapter describes, which elements of the BSWMDT have to be used to specify the delivery of a BSW module for the purpose of an AUTOSAR conformance test. For the background on conformance tests refer to [27].

The use case assumed in this chapter is as follows:

- The test is done for an ICC3 module.
- The code to be tested is delivered as fully configured object code. Note that this could be more than one file, e.g. core code + separately compiled configuration data.
- The tester has no means to change the configuration. This implies that, if AUTOSAR has specified tests for several different sets of configuration values, corresponding sets of object code files must be delivered.
- In addition to the object code, header files and ARXML-descriptions are delivered as far as needed to declare the conformity and to set up the test.

Especially, the BSWMD (and the attached configuration parameter definitions and configuration values) shall contain the Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS). The purpose of the ICS is to declare the extent to which the module covers the relevant AUTOSAR specification. See also [5] for the overall definition of the ICS.

The ARXML model elements that form an Implementation Conformance Statement shall be aggregated under a ARPackage with the category **ICS**. It is not required (but possible) that sub-packages below this package also have the category **ICS**, but they may not have the category **BLUEPRINT**. See [1] for formal constraints on the package categories.

Note that in the current AUTOSAR release, the standardized specification elements (i.e. the content of an SWS) for an ICC3 module are published by AUTOASAR not in the format of ARXML, but as pdf-Document. Therefore, the mechanism how to trace between a given BSWMD and the corresponding SWS is currently not standardized.

12.2 Interface Level

[TPS_BSWMDT_04066] Relevant elements for ICS on Interface level [On the Interface level of the BSWMDT, the following elements are relevant for the Conformance Test:

• BswModuleDescription.moduleId

This identifies the ICC3 module and its specification.



• BswModuleDescription.providedEntry BswModuleDescription.outgoingCallback

These elements are required to describe the name and signature of standardized provided functions resp. outgoing callbacks which are actually present in the tested code (mandatory as well as optional ones). Vendor specific functions/callbacks shall not be included.

Note: If the names of callbacks are configurable, the respective configuration values must also be delivered.

• BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDependency.targetModuleId BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDependency.requiredEntry BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDependency.expectedCallback

These elements are required as far as they describe the dependency on standardized elements of other standardized ICC3 modules (identified by the targetModuleId).

Note: Conformance test cases on standardized functions must be executable without any dependency on non-standardized functions/modules. Therefore the test setup must be possible by knowing only the dependencies of the module on other standardized elements.

• BswModuleEntry.shortName BswModuleEntry. - all attributes of this meta-class BswModuleEntry.argument.swDataDefProps BswModuleEntry.returnType.swDataDefProps

Here, BswModuleEntry stands for the root element for a function signature referred by the function declarations - e.g. providedEntry - listed above. The major amount of the aggregated or referred elements below SwDataDefProps are not required for the ICS. Only those parts of SwDataDefProps are needed, which uniquely specify the C data type of the arguments and the returnType. Please refer to chapter "Implementation Data Type" of [6] for example how to describe C data types in this way.

](RS_BSWMD_00039, RS_BSWMD_00040, RS_BSWMD_00041, RS_BSWMD_00042)

The rest of the elements on the Interface level of the BSWMDT are not relevant for the conformance test. They are listed here for completeness:

• BswModuleDescription.providedModeGroup BswModuleDescription.requiredModeGroup BswModuleDescription.releasedTrigger BswModuleDescription.requiredTrigger

These elements are used to support the delegation of mode switching or triggering to the BSW Scheduler. These mechanisms are currently not referred by any standardized ICC3 specification; they are mainly targeted at Complex Drivers or



IO HW Abstraction. Therefore is its currently not required to use these elements within the ICS.

12.3 Internal Behavior Level

[TPS_BSWMDT_04067] No relevant elements for ICS on Internal Behavior level [On the Internal Behavior level of the BSWMDT, there are no elements relevant for the conformance test] (*RS_BSWMD_00030*) as the following overview shows:

BswInternalBehavior.entity
 BswInternalBehavior.event
 BswInternalBehavior.triggeringPoint
 BswInternalBehavior.bswTriggerDirectImplementation
 BswInternalBehavior.modeSenderPolicy

The main use case of these elements is to provide input for configuring the Basic Software Scheduler (part of the RTE). In addition, they provide information for timing or call-chain analysis. These elements are neither relevant for the ICS nor otherwise needed for the conformance test, since the conformance test does not need this information to call single C-functions.

• BswInternalBehavior.constantMemory BswInternalBehavior.staticMemory

These elements are used to declare data that are local to the module, main use case is for measurement and calibration and for data needed to set up the configuration of the NVRAM Manager. They need not to be declared for the conformance test.

• BswInternalBehavior.serviceDependency

This element (and further elements aggregated by it) are used to declare requirements on the configuration of other standardized service modules like NVRAM Manager or DEM. It is not considered as relevant for the conformance test, since the conformance test environment does not have to simulate the behavior of these service modules in such detail, that is needs to be configured in response to <u>ServiceNeeds</u> (see chapter 6.12).

12.4 Implementation Level

[TPS_BSWMDT_04068] Relevant elements for ICS on Implementation level [On the Implementation level of the BSWMDT, a couple of elements are relevant for the Conformance Test. Though not part of the ICS in a strict sense, they are required for administrative reasons and to set up the test environment. The following Elements are relevant on the implementation level of the BSWMDT:



• BswImplementation.programmingLanguage BswImplementation.swVersion BswImplementation.arRelaseVersion BswImplementation.vendorId BswImplementation.vendorApiInfix BswImplementation.codeDescriptor BswImplementation.compiler BswImplementation.linker

Defining the programming language, version information, identifiers to expand the API names (in case of multiple instantiation), code files attached to the delivery, compiler and linker settings. For details see chapters 7 and 8.

• BswImplementation.hwElement

This may be added in case there is a formal description of hardware dependency, especially for MCAL modules. However, the details and the amount of this information are not standardized.

(*RS_BSWMD_00010*, *RS_BSWMD_00025*, *RS_BSWMD_00026*)

The rest of the elements on the Implementation level of the BSWMDT are not relevant for the conformance test. They are listed here for completeness:

• BswImplementation.usedCodeGenerator BswImplementation.requiredArtifact BswImplementation.requiredGeneratorTool BswImplementation.generatedArtifact

Since only object code is delivered, information on code generation is not needed. Also as far as the test cases is concerned, there should be no dependencies on other artifacts except on other ICC3 modules, but the latter are already defined via bswModuleDependency on the interface level.

• BswImplementation.resourceConsumption BswImplementation.mcSupport BswImplementation.debugInfo

Information about resource consumption, measurement, calibration and data for debugging is not relevant for the conformance test.

• BswImplementation.swcBswMapping

This is not relevant to test the conformity of the "naked" ICC3 module. The additional specification of Ports on top of a BSW module does not change its code. They are relevant to generate the RTE but not to set up the test environment



12.5 Configuration and Variants

[TPS_BSWMDT_04069] Configuration in ICS [Configuration parameters and configuration values also form part of the ICS. They shall be attached to the BSWMD as follows:

• BswImplementation.vendorSpecificModuleDef

This is needed for two reasons:

- It must be possible to run the ICC3 test cases without knowledge of nonstandardized vendor specific configuration parameters. However, copies of the supported standardized parameter definitions is also part of the vendorSpecificModuleDef (as usual) and is needed here, because the preconfiguredConfiguration references them.
- 2. Vendor specific parameter definitions which are "derived" from standardized ones have to be included for static test (i.e. whether they are derived according to the standard). Parameters should also declare the value range that is supported by the given release of the module even if only some of the values are actually pre-configured and tested (see below).

However, it is not required to include completely new vendor specific parameter definitions (no "origin" in the standardized configuration parameters), because in this case there is nothing to be tested for conformity.

• BswImplementation.preconfiguredConfiguration

Since each delivered implementation is a fully configured object code, for each such implementation a complete set of pre-configured values (i.e. values for all of the parameters given in the above vendorSpecificModuleDef) must be attached. Of course, if more than one configuration set shall be tested, there will be several such preconfiguredConfigurations (and likewise several BswImplementations and object files) but only one vendorSpecificMod-uleDef (the one belonging to the release of this module).

](*RS_BSWMD_00024*, *RS_BSWMD_00027*, *RS_BSWMD_00035*)

The following is obviously not relevant for the conformance test, because the tester cannot change the configuration:

• BswImplementation.recommendedConfiguration

[TPS_BSWMDT_04070] No variants in ICS [A BSWMD that describes an actual product can contain variation points (see chapter 11). But since the conformance tester gets fully configured object code, this means also, that the ICS-version of a BSWMD must be free of any variation points, because the tester has no means to resolve the variants.



If several variants of such a module shall be tested for conformance, for each variant a separate extract of the BSWMD (representing the ICS) plus object code must be delivered to the tester](*RS_BSWMD_00049*).



A Constraint and Specification History

- A.1 Constraint History of this Document according to AUTOSAR R4.0.1
- A.1.1 Changed Constraints in R4.0.1

N/A

A.1.2 Added Constraints in R4.0.1

Number	Heading
[constr_4013]	BSW service identifier
[constr_4014]	Call type and execution context
[constr_4015]	calledEntry constraints
[constr_4016]	BswCalledEntity constraints
[constr_4017]	BswSchedulableEntity constraints
[constr_4018]	BswInterruptEntity constraints
[constr_4019]	BSW module identifier
[constr_4020]	Categories of BswModuleDescription
[constr_4021]	Implementation policy of function pointer target ¹
[constr_4022]	BswModuleEntry only uses the module's interface
[constr_4023]	External trigger must belong to the interface
[constr_4024]	Semantics of BSW mode switch event
[constr_4025]	Modes used by BSW mode switch event
[constr_4026]	Mode group used by BSW mode switch acknowledge event
[constr_4028]	Semantics of memory section type
[constr_4029]	Measured stack usage
[constr_4030]	Measured heap usage
[constr_4031]	Analyzed execution time
[constr_4032]	Measured execution time
[constr_4033]	Simulated execution time
[constr_4034]	Target and context of MC emulation reference
[constr_4036]	Entries linked to BswModuleDescription
[constr_4037]	Entries linked to BswModuleDependency
[constr_4038]	bswModuleDependency must refer to a different module
[constr_4039]	Semantics of SwcBswMapping
[constr_4040]	Synchronized mode groups must have same type
[constr_4041]	Synchronized mode groups must have same context
[constr_4042]	Synchronized triggers must have same context
[constr_4043]	Period of BswTimingEvent
[constr_4044]	Content of McSwEmulationMethodSupport
[constr_4045]	<pre>implementationConfigVariant of preconfigured configuration</pre>
[constr_4046]	<pre>implementationConfigVariant of recommended configuration</pre>

Table A.1: Added Constraints in R4.0.1

¹this constraint was by mistake named **Bsw service identifier** in R4.0.1 and R4.0.2



A.1.3 Deleted Constraints

N/A

A.2 Constraint History of this Document according to AUTOSAR R4.0.2

A.2.1 Changed Constraints in R4.0.2

N/A

A.2.2 Added Constraints in R4.0.2

Number	Heading
[constr_4047]	Multiplicity of vendor specific configuration parameters
[constr_4048]	Multiplicity of preconfigured values

Table A.2: Added Constraints in R4.0.2

A.2.3 Deleted Constraints in R4.0.2

N/A

A.3 Constraint and Specification History of this Document according to AUTOSAR R4.0.3

A.3.1 Changed Constraints in R4.0.3

N/A

A.3.2 Added Specification Items in R4.0.3

Number	Heading
[TPS_BSWMDT_04000]	BSW modules with AUTOSAR Interfaces
	Attaching SwComponentDocumentation to a BSWMD
	Usage of BswModuleEntry
	BswModuleDependency
	BswModuleDescription.providedModeGroup
	BswModuleDescription.releasedTrigger
[TPS_BSWMDT_04006]	BswModuleDescription.internalBehavior
[TPS_BSWMDT_04007]	BswModuleEntry



[TPS BSWMDT 04008]	C-symbol of BswModuleEntry
TPS BSWMDT 04009	
TPS BSWMDT 04010	
[]	SwServiceArg.swDataDefProps.implementationDataType
[TPS_BSWMDT_04011]	
[]	SwServiceArg.swDataDefProps.swPointerTargetProps
[TPS_BSWMDT_04012]	
TPS BSWMDT 04014	
	Usage of Trigger in BSW
TPS BSWMDT 04016	
	Reference to standardized BswModuleEntry-s
TPS BSWMDT 04018	
TPS BSWMDT 04019	BswModuleEntity attributes
TPS BSWMDT 04020	Usage of BswSchedulerNamePrefix
[TPS_BSWMDT_04021]	
TPS BSWMDT 04022	
TPS BSWMDT 04023	
[TPS_BSWMDT_04024]	
[TPS_BSWMDT_04025]	Mode switches and events in BSW
[TPS_BSWMDT_04026]	Local BSW data without RTE or BSW Scheduler support
[TPS_BSWMDT_04027]	Local BSW data accessed via BSW Scheduler API
[TPS_BSWMDT_04028]	Determination of argument names for BSW functions called via ports
[TPS_BSWMDT_04029]	Usage of BswServiceDependency
[TPS_BSWMDT_04030]	BswImplementation.arReleaseVersion
[TPS_BSWMDT_04031]	Instances of BswImplementation
[TPS_BSWMDT_04032]	Implementation.hwElement
[TPS_BSWMDT_04033]	Reference to vendor specific configuration parameters
[TPS_BSWMDT_04034]	Reference to predefined or recommended configuration values
[TPS_BSWMDT_04035]	
[TPS_BSWMDT_04036]	
[TPS_BSWMDT_04037]	
	Data types for debug data
[TPS_BSWMDT_04039]	
[TPS_BSWMDT_04040]	
[TPS_BSWMDT_04041]	
[TPS_BSWMDT_04042]	Usage of DependencyOnArtifact
[TPS_BSWMDT_04043]	Compiler
[TPS_BSWMDT_04044]	Linker
[TPS_BSWMDT_04045]	Implementation.resourceConsumption
[TPS_BSWMDT_04046]	Memory section name
[TPS_BSWMDT_04047]	Memory section prefix
[TPS_BSWMDT_04048]	Scope of declared memory sections
[TPS_BSWMDT_04049]	Usage of MemorySection.executableEntity
[TPS_BSWMDT_04050]	ExecutionTime
[TPS_BSWMDT_04051]	ExecutionTime references an ECU
[TPS_BSWMDT_04052]	ExecutionTime.hardwareConfiguration
[TPS_BSWMDT_04053]	ExecutionTime.memorySectionLocation
[TPS_BSWMDT_04054]	ExecutionTime.softwareContext
[TPS_BSWMDT_04055]	ExecutionTime.includedLibrary
[TPS_BSWMDT_04056]	Multiplicity of McSupportData
[TPS_BSWMDT_04057]	Self-contained MC support artifact
[TPS_BSWMDT_04058]	McSupportData.measurableSystemConstantValues
[TPS_BSWMDT_04059]	Granularity of McDataInstance.subElements



	McDataInstance.resultingProperties
	McSwEmulationMethodSupport.category
	Upstream reference for emulation support
	BSW Interface Variation Points
	BSW Behavior Variation Points
	BSW Implementation Variation Points
[TPS_BSWMDT_04066]	Relevant elements for ICS on Interface level
	No relevant elements for ICS on Internal Behavior level
	Relevant elements for ICS on Implementation level
[TPS_BSWMDT_04069]	
[TPS_BSWMDT_04070]	No variants in ICS

Table A.3: Added Specification Items in 4.0.3

A.3.3 Added Constraints in R4.0.3

Number	Heading
[constr_4051]	RoleBasedDataAssignment in BSW
[constr_4052]	BswModuleEntry returnType direction
[constr_4053]	BswModuleEntry argument direction
[constr_4054]	Unambiguous links to addressing method
[constr_4056]	BswModuleEntry with no returnType
[constr_4057]	BswModuleEntry with no argument
[constr_4058]	Different mode groups in mapped BSWM and SWC must have different names
[constr_4059]	Different mode groups referred by a BSWM must have different names
[constr_4060]	Allowed values of Trigger.swImplPolicy for BSW
[constr_4061]	Completeness of MC emulation reference
[constr_4062]	Mandatory symbol for McDataInstance root
[constr_4063]	Restrictions of ModeRequest TypeMap in BSW
[constr_4064]	Synchronized triggers must implement same policy
[constr_4065]	Allowed values of BswInternalTriggeringPoint.swImplPolicy

Table A.4: Added Constraints in R4.0.3

A.3.4 Deleted Constraints in R4.0.3

N/A

A.4 Constraint and Specification History of this Document according to AUTOSAR R4.1.1

A.4.1 Changed Specification Items in R4.1.1

Number	Heading
[TPS_BSWMDT_04021]	Usage of BswEvent
[TPS_BSWMDT_04025]	Mode switches and events in BSW
[TPS_BSWMDT_04057]	Self-contained MC support artifact
[TPS_BSWMDT_04063]	BSW Interface Variation Points



[TPS_BSWMDT_04064] BSW Behavior Variation Points

Table A.5: Changed Specification Items in 4.1.1

A.4.2 Changed Constraints in R4.1.1

Number	Heading
[constr_4015]	calledEntry constraints for direct calls
[constr_4022]	BswModuleEntry only uses the module's interface

Table A.6: Changed Constraints in R4.1.1

A.4.3 Added Specification Items in R4.1.1

Number	Heading
[TPS_BSWMDT_04071]	Usage of module identifier and category
[TPS_BSWMDT_04072]	Executable entity in BSW
[TPS_BSWMDT_04073]	Exclusive area in BSW
[TPS_BSWMDT_04074]	Synchronization of mode switches or triggers
[TPS_BSWMDT_04075]	RunnableEntity in BSW for RTE access
[TPS_BSWMDT_04126]	General meta-model methodology
[TPS_BSWMDT_04076]	ECUC features
[TPS_BSWMDT_04077]	Timing requirements and guarantees
[TPS_BSWMDT_04078]	Semantics of McFunction
[TPS_BSWMDT_04079]	Usage of module shortName
[TPS_BSWMDT_04080]	Options for inline code sections
[TPS_BSWMDT_04081]	ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder
[TPS_BSWMDT_04082]	Indicate that the locking behavior is fully described for BswModuleEn-
	tity
[TPS_BSWMDT_04083]	Locking behavior is not described for BswModuleEntity-s
[TPS_BSWMDT_04084]	Relation of BswModuleCallPoint to ExclusiveAreaNestin-
	gOrder
[TPS_BSWMDT_04085]	Implementation refers to a BuildActionManifest
[TPS_BSWMDT_04086]	Artifacts referred in Implementation and/or BuildActionMani-
	fest
[TPS_BSWMDT_04087]	Scope of McFunctionDataRefSetS
[TPS_BSWMDT_04088]	Usage of McFunction
[TPS_BSWMDT_04089]	Access to activation reason
[TPS_BSWMDT_04090]	Variation Points for BswModuleEntry arguments
[TPS_BSWMDT_04091]	Function signature containing the keyword enum in C
[TPS_BSWMDT_04092]	Provide memory mapping header file names
[TPS_BSWMDT_04093]	Memory classes for compiler abstraction
[TPS_BSWMDT_04094]	Details of McDataInstance for rapid prototyping
[TPS_BSWMDT_04095]	Relationships between McDataInstances
[TPS_BSWMDT_04096]	Split between different use cases of McSupportData
[TPS_BSWMDT_04097]	Assigning different header files per section prefix
[TPS_BSWMDT_04098]	Declaration of BswModuleClientServerEntry
[TPS_BSWMDT_04099]	Semantics of BswModuleClientServerEntry attributes
[TPS_BSWMDT_04100]	Different ways of referring BswModuleEntry
[TPS_BSWMDT_04101]	Declaration of providedData and requiredData
[TPS_BSWMDT_04102]	Usage of BswSynchronousServerCallPoint



[TPS_BSWMDT_04103]	BswModuleEntity reentrancy level
[TPS_BSWMDT_04104]	Usage of BswAsynchronousServerCallPoint
[TPS_BSWMDT_04105]	Usage of BswAsynchronousServerCallResultPoint
[TPS_BSWMDT_04106]	BswModuleEntity attributes for sender-receiver data exchange
[TPS_BSWMDT_04107]	Data reception policy
[TPS_BSWMDT_04108]	BswInternalBehavior containing BswModuleEntity-s executed
	on different partitions
[TPS_BSWMDT_04109]	BswInternalBehavior for the same AUTOSAR Service provided
	on different partitions
[TPS_BSWMDT_04110]	Declaration of production errors
[TPS_BSWMDT_04111]	BswServiceDependency refers to Dem_ReportErrorStatus()
[TPS_BSWMDT_04112]	BswServiceDependency refers to InitMonitorForEvent
[TPS_BSWMDT_04113]	Rule for setting RoleBasedPortAssignment.role
[TPS_BSWMDT_04114]	Use the hierarchical structuring of McDataInstance.subElements
[TPS_BSWMDT_04115]	Use of indexing for array element of subElements

A.4.4 Added Constraints in R4.1.1

Number	Heading
[constr_1275]	Applicability of reference <pre>startsOnEvent</pre> for <pre>BswScheduleEvent</pre>
[constr_1276]	Applicability of reference <pre>startsOnEvent</pre> for <pre>BswOperationInvokedEvent</pre>
[constr_4066]	BswModeSwitchEvent and the definition of ModeTransition
[constr_4067]	Exclusive usage of data references in McFunctionDataRefSet
[constr_4068]	Semantics of McFunctionDataRefSet.flatInstanceDescriptor
[constr_4069]	Semantics of McFunctionDataRefSet.mcDataInstance
[constr_4070]	Applicability of BswModuleEntity.activationReason
[constr_4071]	Synchronized runnables and schedulable entities must be consistent
[constr_4072]	Constraints of SectionNamePrefix.implementedIn
[constr_4073]	McDataAccessDetails shall refer to one ECU Extract
[constr_4074]	Compatibility of BswModuleClientServerEntry-S
[constr_4075]	Constraints for providedData and requiredData
[constr_4076]	Constraints on BswModuleEntry used for Client-Server
[constr_4077]	Constraints for BswModuleEntity.reentrancyLevel
[constr_4078]	Consistent usage of BswOperationInvokedEvent
[constr_4079]	calledEntry constraints for client-server calls
[constr_4080]	Existence of reception policy
[constr_4081]	Mode group used by BSW mode manager error event
[constr_4083]	BswDistinguishedPartition shall be used only in the context of a particular
	BswInternalBehavior
[constr_4084]	Consistency of references of InternalBehavior
[constr_4085]	Consistency of references of InternalBehavior

Table A.8: Added Constraints in R4.1.1

A.4.5 Deleted Specification Items in R4.1.1

N/A



A.4.6 Deleted Constraints in R4.1.1

N/A

A.5 Constraint History of this Document according to AUTOSAR R4.2.1

A.5.1 Changed Constraints in R4.2.1

N/A

A.5.2 Added Constraints in R4.2.1

Number	Heading
[constr_4086]	invocation of ExecutableEntitys by direct function call dependent from BswExe-
	cutionContext
[constr_4087]	Usage of category "MACRO"
[constr_4088]	Existence of RoleBasedDataTypeAssignment.role VS. RoleBasedDataAs-
	signment.role

Table A.9: Added Constraints in R4.2.1

A.5.3 Deleted Constraints in R4.2.1

N/A

A.5.4 Changed Specification Items in R4.2.1

Number	Heading
[TPS_BSWMDT_04113]	Rule for setting RoleBasedBswModuleEntryAssignment.role

Table A.10: Changed Specification Items in 4.2.1

A.5.5 Added Specification Items in R4.2.1

Number	Heading
[TPS_BSWMDT_04116]	Setup for Nvm Use Case: Permanent RAM Block
[TPS_BSWMDT_04117]	Setup for Nvm Use Case: Temporary RAM Block
[TPS_BSWMDT_04118]	Setup for Nvm Use Case: RAM Block synchronised with explicit syn- chronisation
[TPS_BSWMDT_04119]	Setup for Function Inhibition Manager Service use Case: read function permission
[TPS_BSWMDT_04120]	Basic Software Module implements a Diagnostic Monitor



[TPS_BSWMDT_04121]	Basic Software Module offers BswModuleEntrys to read/write current value via diagnostic services
[TPS_BSWMDT_04122]	Basic Software Module Offers BswModuleEntrys to start/stop or request routines via diagnostic services
[TPS_BSWMDT_04123]	Basic Software Module offers BswModuleEntrys BswMod- uleEntrys to adjust the IO signal via diagnostic services
[TPS_BSWMDT_04124]	Basic Software Module offers BswModuleEntrys to access protocol, session and security information
[TPS_BSWMDT_04125]	Basic Software Module offers BswModuleEntrys for the Seed adn Key handling for security level access

Table A.11: Added Specification Items in 4.2.1

A.5.6 Deleted Specification Items in R4.2.1

N/A

A.6 Constraint History of this Document according to AUTOSAR R4.2.2

A.6.1 Added Traceables in 4.2.2

ld	Heading
[TPS_BSWMDT_04076]	ECUC features
[TPS_BSWMDT_04077]	Timing requirements and guarantees
[TPS_BSWMDT_04116]	Setup for Nvm Use Case: Permanent RAM Block
[TPS_BSWMDT_04117]	Setup for Nvm Use Case: Temporary RAM Block
[TPS_BSWMDT_04118]	Setup for Nvm Use Case: RAM Block synchronised with explicit syn-
	chronization
[TPS_BSWMDT_04126]	General meta-model methodology
[TPS_BSWMDT_04127]	Callback header declarations
[TPS_BSWMDT_04128]	BSW measurement data accessed via BSW Scheduler API

Table A.12: Added Traceables in 4.2.2

A.6.2 Changed Traceables in 4.2.2

ld	Heading
[TPS_BSWMDT_04027]	Local BSW data accessed via BSW Scheduler API

Table A.13: Changed Traceables in 4.2.2

A.6.3 Deleted Traceables in 4.2.2

ld	Heading
[TPS_BSWMDT_04116]	Setup for Nvm Use Case: Permanent RAM Block



[TPS_BSWMDT_04117]	Setup for Nvm Use Case: Temporary RAM Block				
[TPS_BSWMDT_04118]	Setup for Nvm Use Case: RAM Block synchronised with explicit syn-				
	chronization				
[TPS_BSWMDT_GEN]	General meta-model methodology				
[TPS_BSWMDT_GEN_04076]	ECUC features				
[TPS_BSWMDT_GEN_04077]	Timing requirements and guarantees				

Table A.14: Deleted Traceables in 4.2.2

A.6.4 Added Constraints in 4.2.2

ld	Heading
[constr_4089]	Association callbackHeader is only applicable for BSW modules
[constr_4090]	The callbackHeader reference has to be consistent with behavior reference

Table A.15: Added Constraints in 4.2.2

A.6.5 Changed Constraints in 4.2.2

none

A.6.6 Deleted Constraints in 4.2.2

none



B Mentioned Class Tables

For the sake of completeness, this chapter contains a set of class tables representing meta-classes mentioned in the context of this document but which are not contained directly in the scope of describing specific meta-model semantics.

Class	ARElement (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage			
Note	An element that can be defined stand-alone, i.e. without being part of another element (except for packages of course).				
Base	ARObject,CollectableElement,Identifiable,MultilanguageReferrable,Packageable Element,Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
_	_	—	—	-	

Table B.1: ARElement

Class	ARPackage				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage				
Note	AUTOSAR package, allowing to create top level packages to structure the contained ARElements.				
	ARPackages are open sets. This means that in a file based description system multiple files can be used to partially describe the contents of a package.				
	This is an extende	d versio	on of MS	R's SW-SYSTEM.	
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Collectable Element, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
arPackage	ARPackage	*	aggr	This represents a sub package within an ARPackage, thus allowing for an unlimited package hierarchy.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30	
element	PackageableEle ment	*	aggr	Elements that are part of this package	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime xml.sequenceOffset=20	



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
referenceB ase	ReferenceBase	*	aggr	This denotes the reference bases for the package. This is the basis for all relative references within the package. The base needs to be selected according to the base attribute within the references.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=10

Table B.2: ARPackage

Enumeration	AdditionalBindingTimeEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::VariantHandling
Note	This enumeration specifies the additional binding times applicable for vh.latestBindingTime of variation points.
Literal	Description
blueprint Derivation Time	The point in time when an object is created from a blueprint.
postBuild	After the executable has been built.

Table B.3: AdditionalBindingTimeEnum

Class	AliasNameSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::FlatMap			
Note	be an input to the	This meta-class represents a set of AliasNames. The AliasNameSet can for example be an input to the A2L-Generator. It shall not be used by the RTE generator to generate the MC-Support.			
	In a given instance of AliasNameSet in the bound system there must be at most one aliasName per FlatInstanceDescriptor. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=AliasNameSets				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Collectable				
				eReferrable,PackageableElement,Referrable	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
aliasName	AliasNameAssig nment	1*	aggr	AliasNames contained in the AliasNameSet.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation	
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime	

Table B.4: AliasNameSet



Class	ApplicationData	ApplicationDataType (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes			
Note		ApplicationDataType defines a data type from the application point of view. Especially it should be used whenever something "physical" is at stake.			
	such as measurer bit-size, endianes	ment uni s, etc. ble to m	its. It do odel the	ts a set of values as seen in the application model, es not consider implementation details such as application level aspects of a VFB system by using	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, Autosar DataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
-	-	_	-	-	

Table B.5: ApplicationDataType

Class	ArgumentDataPr	ototype)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface					
Note		An argument of an operation, much like a data element, but also carries direction information and is owned by a particular ClientServerOperation.				
Base				e,AutosarDataPrototype,Data geReferrable,Referrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
direction	ArgumentDirecti onEnum	1	attr	This attribute specifies the direction of the argument prototype.		
serverArgu mentImpIP olicy	ServerArgument ImplPolicyEnum	01	attr	This defines how the argument type of the servers RunnableEntity is implemented. If the attribute is not defined this has the same semantics as if the attribute is set to the value useArgumentType for primitive arguments and structures and to the value useArrayBaseType for arrays.		
typeBluepri nt	AutosarDataTyp e	01	ref	This allows to denote the intended type within blueprints. It shall be replaced by a proper type when deriving Interfaces from the Blueprint. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivation Time		

Table B.6: ArgumentDataPrototype



Class	AtomicSwCompo	onentTy	vpe (abs	tract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components			
Note	An atomic software component is atomic in the sense that it cannot be further decomposed and distributed across multiple ECUs.			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, Atp Type, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, SwComponentType			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
internalBe havior	SwcInternalBeh avior	01	aggr	The SwcInternalBehaviors owned by an AtomicSwComponentType can be located in a different physical file. Therefore the aggregation is «atpSplitable». Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=internalBehavior, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbolPro ps	SymbolProps	01	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps for the AtomicSwComponentType. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName

Table B.7: AtomicSwComponentType

Class	AtpBlueprint (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::StandardizationTemplate::AbstractBlueprintStructure			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to act as a Blueprint. As this class is an abstract one, particular blueprint meta-classes inherit from this one.				
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
blueprintP olicy	BlueprintPolicy	*	aggr	This role indicates whether the blueprintable element will be modifiable or not motifiable.	

Table B.8: AtpBlueprint

Class	AutosarDataPrototype (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	Base class for pro	Base class for prototypical roles of an AutosarDataType.			
Base		ARObject,AtpFeature,AtpPrototype,DataPrototype,Identifiable,Multilanguage Referrable,Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
type	AutosarDataTyp e	1	tref	This represents the corresponding data type.	
				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table B.9: AutosarDataPrototype



Class	AutosarParamet	erRef							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Elements	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::Data					
Note	This class repres of the following us			to a parameter within AUTOSAR which can be one					
	localParameter:								
	 localParameter which is used as whole (e.g. sharedAxis for curve) 								
	autosarVariable:								
	 a parameter 	•	ed via P	ortPrototype which is used as whole (e.g.					
				posite local parameter typed by haredAxis for a curve)					
				posite parameter provided via Port and typed by haredAxis for a curve)					
	autosarParamete	rInImpID	atatype	:					
 an element inside of a composite local parameter typed by ImplementationDatatype 				posite local parameter typed by					
	 an element inside of a composite parameter provided via PortPrototype and typed by ImplementationDatatype 								
Base	ARObject								
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note					
autosarPar ameter	DataPrototype	01	iref	This instance reference is used if the callibration parameter is either imported via a port or is part of a composite data structure.					
localParam eter	DataPrototype	01	ref	In the majority of cases this reference goes to ParameterDataPrototyoes rather than VariableDataPrototypes. Pointing the reference to a VariableDataPrototype is limited to special use cases, e.g. if the AutosarParameterRef is used in the context of an SwAxisGrouped.					
				This reference is used if the arParameter is local to the current component.					
				Of course, it would technically also be feasible to use an InstanceRef for this case. However, the InstanceRef would not have a contextElement (because the cureent instance is the context).					
				Hence, the local instance is a special case which may provide further optimization. Therefore an explicit reference is provided for this case.					

Table B.10: AutosarParameterRef



Class	AutosarVariable	Ref				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Elements	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::Data		
Note	This class represents a reference to a variable within AUTOSAR which can be one of the following use cases:					
	localVariable:					
	 localVariable for curve) 	le which	is used	as whole (e.g. InterRunnableVariable, inputValue		
	autosarVariable:					
	 a variable p 	orovided	via Port	t which is used as whole (e.g. dataAccesspoints)		
	 an element (e.g. input) 			posite local variable typed by ApplicationDatatype)		
				posite variable provided via Port and typed by nputValue for a curve)		
		inside d	of a com	posite local variable typed by		
	 ImplementationDatatype (e.g. nvramData mapping) an element inside of a composite variable provided via Port and typed by ImplementationDatatype (e.g. inputValue for a curve) 					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
autosarVar iable	DataPrototype	01	iref	This references a variable which is provided by a port and/or which is part of a CompositeDataType.		
autosarVar iableInImpl Datatype	ArVariableInImp lementationData InstanceRef	01	aggr	This is used if the target variable is inside of variableDataPrototype typed by an ImplementationDataType.		
localVariab le	VariableDataPr ototype	01	ref	This reference is used if the variable is local to the current component. It would also be possible to use the instance refence here. Such an instance ref would not have a contextElement, since the current instance is the context. But the local instance is a special case which may provide further optimization. Therefore an expclicit reference is provided for this case.		

Table B.11: AutosarVariableRef

Enumeration	BindingTimeEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::VariantHandling
Note	This enumerator specifies the applicable binding times for the pre build variation points.
Literal	Description



codeGenera- tionTime	 Coding by hand, based on requirements document. Tool based code generation, e.g. from a model. The model may contain variants. Only code for the selected variant(s) is actually generated.
linkTime	Configure what is included in object code, and what is omitted Based on which variant(s) are selected E.g. for modules that are delivered as object code (as opposed to those that are delivered as source code)
preCompile Time	This is typically the C-Preprocessor. Exclude parts of the code from the compilation process, e.g., because they are not required for the selected variant, because they are incompatible with the selected variant, because they require resources that are not present in the selected variant. Object code is only generated for the selected variant(s). The code that is excluded at this stage code will not be available at later stages.
systemDe- signTime	 Designing the VFB. Software Component types (PortInterfaces). SWC Prototypes and the Connections between SWCprototypes. Designing the Topology ECUs and interconnecting Networks Designing the Communication Matrix and Data Mapping

Table B.12: BindingTimeEnum

Primitive	Boolean
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Primitive Types
Note	A Boolean value denotes a logical condition that is either 'true' or 'false'. It can be one of "0", "1", "true", "false"
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=BOOLEAN; xml.xsd.pattern=0 1 true false; xml.xsd.type=string

Table B.13: Boolean



Class	ClientServerInterface						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::PortInterface			
Note	server by a client.	A client/server interface declares a number of operations that can be invoked on a server by a client.					
	Tags: atp.recomm	nendedF	Package	=PortInterfaces			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, Atp Type, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, PortInterface, Referrable						
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
operation	ClientServerOp eration	1*	aggr	ClientServerOperation(s) of this ClientServerInterface.			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivation Time			
possibleErr or	ApplicationError	*	aggr	Application errors that are defined as part of this interface.			

Table B.14: ClientServerInterface

Class	ClientServerOperation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::PortInterface	
Note	An operation decla	ared wit	hin the s	cope of a client/server interface.	
Base	ARObject, AtpClas Referrable, Referra	-	pFeature	e,AtpStructureElement,Identifiable,Multilanguage	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
argument (ordered)	ArgumentDataP rototype	*	aggr	An argument of this ClientServerOperation Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivation	
				Time	
possibleErr or	ApplicationError	*	ref	Possible errors that may by raised by the referring operation.	

Table B.15: ClientServerOperation

Class	ComplexDeviceD	ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTer	nplates	::SWCoi	mponentTemplate::Components			
Note	that has direct acc specific ECU or sp introduces the pos description provide	The ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType is a special AtomicSwComponentType that has direct access to hardware on an ECU and which is therefore linked to a specific ECU or specific hardware. The ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType introduces the possibility to link from the software representation to its hardware description provided by the ECU Resource Template.					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtomicSwComponentType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Atp Classifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, SwComponentType						
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
hardwareE lement	HwDescriptionE ntity	*	ref	Reference from the ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType to the description of the used HwElements.

Table B.16: ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType

Class	CompuMethod						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::ComputationMethod						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express the relationship between a physical value and the mathematical representation.						
	specifies the form	ula how	the inte	of the technical implementation in data types. It only rnal value corresponds to its physical pendant.			
	Tags: atp.recomm						
Base				nt,AtpBlueprintable,Collectable eReferrable,PackageableElement, <mark>Referrable</mark>			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
compulnter nalToPhys	Compu	01	aggr	This specifies the computation from internal values to physical values.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=80			
compuPhy sToInternal	Compu	01	aggr	This represents the computation from physical values to the internal values.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=90			
displayFor mat	DisplayFormatS tring	01	attr	This property specifies, how the physical value shall be displayed e.g. in documents or measurement and calibration tools.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20			
unit	Unit	01	ref	This is the physical unit of the Physical values for which the CompuMethod applies.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30			

Table B.17: CompuMethod

Class	DataPrototype (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes					
Note	Base class for pro	Base class for prototypical roles of any data type.					
Base	ARObject,AtpFeat	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note					
swDataDef	SwDataDefProp 01 aggr This property allows to specify data definition						
Props	S			properties which apply on data prototype level.			

Table B.18: DataPrototype



Class	DataTypeMappin	gSet			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes	
Note	This class represents a list of mappings between ApplicationDataTypes and ImplementationDataTypes. In addition, it can contain mappings between ImplementationDataTypes and ModeDeclarationGroups. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=DataTypeMappingSets				
Base				nt,AtpBlueprintable,Collectable eReferrable,PackageableElement,Referrable	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
dataTypeM ap	DataTypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an ApplicationDataType and its ImplementationDataType.	
modeRequ estTypeMa p	ModeRequestT ypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an ModeDeclarationGroup and its ImplementationDataType.	

Class	EcuAbstractionS	wComp	onentT	уре		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Components		
Note	The ECUAbstraction is a special AtomicSwComponentType that resides between a software-component that wants to access ECU periphery and the Microcontroller Abstraction. The EcuAbstractionSwComponentType introduces the possibility to link from the software representation to its hardware description provided by the ECU Resource Template.					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtomicSwComponentType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Atp Classifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, SwComponentType					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
hardwareE lement	HwDescriptionE ntity	*	ref	Reference from the EcuAbstractionComponentType to the description of the used HwElements.		

Table B.20: EcuAbstractionSwComponentType



Class	EcucModuleConfigurationValues							
Package		-		DescriptionTemplate				
Note	Head of the config the RTE and ECU			Module. A Module can be a BSW module as well as				
	As part of the BSW module description, the EcucModuleConfigurationValues element has two different roles:							
	The recommende BSW module vene		uration o	contains parameter values recommended by the				
	The preconfigured by the implementation			ontains values for those parameters which are fixed the changed.				
		guration	Values (tionValues are used when the base (as part of the base ECU configuration) is created to				
	Tags: atp.recomm	nendedF	ackage	=EcucModuleConfigurationValuess				
Base	ARElement, AROL Referrable, Packag			Element, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note				
container	EcucContainerV alue	1*	aggr	Aggregates all containers that belong to this module configuration.				
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00078]				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=definition, shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=10				
definition	EcucModuleDef	1	ref	Reference to the definition of this EcucModuleConfigurationValues element. Typically, this is a vendor specific module configuration.				
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-10				
ecucDefEd ition	RevisionLabelSt ring	1	attr	This is the version info of the ModuleDef ECUC Parameter definition to which this values conform to / are based on.				
				For the Definition of ModuleDef ECUC Parameters the AdminData shall be used to express the semantic changes. The compatibility rules between the definition and value revision labels is up to the module's vendor.				
implement ationConfi gVariant	EcucConfigurati onVariantEnum	1	attr	Specifies the kind of deliverable this EcucModuleConfigurationValues element provides. If this element is not used in a particular role (e.g. preconfiguredConfiguration or recommendedConfiguration) then the value must be one of VariantPreCompile, VariantLinkTime, VariantPostBuild.				



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
moduleDe scription	BswImplementa tion	01	ref	Referencing the BSW module description, which this EcucModuleConfigurationValues element is configuring. This is optional because the EcucModuleConfigurationValues element is also used to configure the ECU infrastructure (memory map) or Application SW-Cs. However in case the EcucModuleConfigurationValues are used to configure the module, the reference is mandatory in order to fetch module specific "common" published information.

Table B.21: EcucModuleConfigurationValues

Class	EcucModuleDef						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCParameterDefTemplate						
Note	Used as the top-level element for configuration definition for Software Modules, including BSW and RTE as well as ECU Infrastructure. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=EcucModuleDefs						
Base		nitionEl		nt,AtpBlueprintable,AtpDefinition,Collectable dentifiable,MultilanguageReferrable,Packageable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
apiService Prefix	Cldentifier	01	ref	For CDD modules this attribute holds the apiServicePrefix.			
				The shortName of the module definition of a Complex Driver is always "Cdd". Therefore for CDD modules the module apiServicePrefix is described with this attribute.			
container	EcucContainerD ef	1*	aggr	Aggregates the top-level container definitions of this specific module definition. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName xml.sequenceOffset=11			
postBuildV ariantSupp ort	Boolean	01	attr	Indicates if a module supports different post-build variants (previously known as post-build selectable configuration sets). TRUE means yes, FALSE means no.			
refinedMod uleDef	EcucModuleDef	01	ref	Optional reference from the Vendor Specific Module Definition to the Standardized Module Definition it refines. In case this EcucModuleDef has the category STANDARDIZED_MODULE_DEFINITION this reference shall not be provided. In case this EcucModuleDef has the category VENDOR_SPECIFIC_MODULE_DEFINITION this reference is mandatory.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef			



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
supported ConfigVari ant	EcucConfigurati onVariantEnum	*	attr	Specifies which ConfigurationVariants are supported by this software module. This attribute is optional if the EcucModuleDef has the category STANDARDIZED_MODULE_DEFINITION. If the category attribute of the EcucModuleDef is set to VENDOR_SPECIFIC_MODULE_DEFINITION then this attribute is mandatory.

Table B.22: EcucModuleDef

Class	ExecutableEntity	ExecutableEntityActivationReason			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::InternalBehavior	
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to define the reason for the activation of the enclosing ExecutableEntity.			
Base	ARObject, Implem	ARObject, ImplementationProps, Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
bitPosition	PositiveInteger	1	attr	This attribute allows for defining the position of the enclosing ExecutableEntityActivationReason in the activation vector.	

Table B.23: ExecutableEntityActivationReason

Class	FlatInstanceDescriptor					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::FlatMap					
Note	Represents exactly one node (e.g. a component instance or data element) of the instance tree of a software system. The purpose of this element is to map the various nested representations of this instance to a flat representation and assign a unique name (shortName) to it.					
	Use cases:					
	 Specify unique names of measurable data to be used by MCD tools 					
	 Specify unique names of calibration data to be used by MCD tool 					
	 Specify a unique name for an instance of a component prototype in the ECU extract of the system description 					
	Note that in addition it is possible to assign alias names via AliasNameAssignment.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note					



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
ecuExtract Reference	AtpFeature	01	iref	Refers to the instance in the ECU extract. This is valid only, if the FlatMap is used in the context of an ECU extract.
				The reference shall be such that it uniquely defines the object instance. For example, if a data prototype is declared as a role within an SwcInternalBehavior, it is not enough to state the SwcInternalBehavior as context and the aggregated data prototype as target. In addition, the reference shall also include the complete path identifying instance of the component prototype and the AtomicSoftwareComponentType, which is refered by the particular SwcInternalBehavior.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40
role	Identifier	01	ref	The role denotes the particular role of the downstream memory location described by this FlatInstanceDescriptor.
				It applies to use case where one upstream object results in multiple downstream objects, e.g. ModeDeclarationGroupPrototypes which are measurable. In this case the RTE will provide locations for current mode, previous mode and next mode.
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProp s	01	aggr	The properties of this FlatInstanceDescriptor.
upstreamR eference	AtpFeature	01	iref	Refers to the instance in the context of an "upstream" descriptions, wich could be the system or system extract description, the basic software module description or (if a flat map is used in preliminary context) a description of an atomic component or composition. This reference is optional in case the flat map is used in ECU context.
				The reference shall be such that it uniquely defines the object instance in the given context. For example, if a data prototype is declared as a role within an SwcInternalBehavior, it is not enough to state the SwcInternalBehavior as context and the aggregated data prototype as target. In addition, the reference shall also include the complete path identifying the instance of the component prototype that contains the particular instance of SwcInternalBehavior.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table B.24: FlatInstanceDescriptor



Class	FlatMap					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::FlatMap				
Note	instances and to r RootSwCompositi system extract or	Contains a flat list of references to software objects. This list is used to identify instances and to resolve name conflicts. The scope is given by the RootSwCompositionPrototype for which it is used, i.e. it can be applied to a system, system extract or ECU-extract.				
	An instance of FlatMap may also be used in a preliminary context, e.g. in the scope of a software component before integration into a system. In this case it is not referred by a RootSwCompositionPrototype. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=FlatMaps					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Collectable Element, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note					
instance	FlatInstanceDes criptor	1*	aggr	A descriptor instance aggregated in the flat map. The variation point accounts for the fact, that the system in scope can be subject to variability, and thus the existence of some instances is variable. The aggregation has been made splitable because the content might be contributed by different stakeholders at different times in the workflow. Plus, the overall size might be so big that eventually it becomes more manageable if it is distributed over several files. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		

Table B.25: FlatMap

Class	HwElement				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::EcuRe	sourceTemplate	
Note	This represents the ability to describe Hardware Elements on an instance level. The particular types of hardware are distinguished by the category. This category determines the applicable attributes. The possible categories and attributes are defined in HwCategory. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=HwElements				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, HwDescription Entity, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
hwElement Connectio n	HwElementCon nector	*	aggr	This represents one particular connection between two hardware elements.	
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime xml.sequenceOffset=110	



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
hwPinGrou p	HwPinGroup	*	aggr	This aggregation is used to describe the connection facilities of a hardware element. Note that hardware element has no pins but only pingroups.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation
				Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime xml.sequenceOffset=90
nestedEle ment	HwElement	*	ref	This association is used to establish hierarchies of hw elements. Note that one particular HwElement can be target of this association only once. I.e. multiple instantiation of the same HwElement is not supported (at any hierarchy level).
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime xml.sequenceOffset=70

Table B.26: HwElement

Class	Identifiable (abst	ract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable					
Note	Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (within the namespace borders). In addition to this, Identifiables are objects which contribute significantly to the overall structure of an AUTOSAR description. In particular, Identifiables might contain Identifiables.					
Base	ARObject,Multilan	iguageF	leferrabl	e,Referrable		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
desc	MultiLanguage OverviewParagr aph	01	aggr	This represents a general but brief (one paragraph) description what the object in question is about. It is only one paragraph! Desc is intended to be collected into overview tables. This property helps a human reader to identify the object in question. More elaborate documentation, (in particular how the object is built or used) should go to "introduction". Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-60		
category	CategoryString	01	attr	The category is a keyword that specializes the semantics of the Identifiable. It affects the expected existence of attributes and the applicability of constraints. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-50		
adminData	AdminData	01	aggr	This represents the administrative data for the identifiable object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-40		



uuid String 01 attr The purpose of this attribute is to provide a globally unique identifier for an instance of a meta-class. The values of this attribute should be globally unique strings prefixed by the type of identifier. For example, to include a DCE UUID as defined by The Open Group, the UUID would be preceded by "DCE:". The values of this attribute may be used to support merging of different AUTOSAR models. The form of the UUID (Universally Unique Identifier) is taken from a standard defined by the Open Group (was Open Software Foundation). This standard is widely used, including by Microsoft for COM (GUIDs) and by many companies for DCE, which is based on CORBA. The method for generating these 128-bit IDs is published in the standard and the effectiveness and uniqueness of the IDs is not in practice disputed. If the id namespace is omitted, DCE is assumed. An example is "DCE:2fac1234-31f8-11b4-a222-08002b34c003".	Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
n Block object in question is built or is used. Therefore it is a DocumentationBlock. uuid String 01 attr The purpose of this attribute is to provide a globally unique identifier for an instance of a meta-class. The values of this attribute should be globally unique strings prefixed by the type of identifier. For example, to include a DCE UUID as defined by The Open Group, the UUID would be preceded by "DCE:". The values of this attribute may be used to support merging of different AUTOSAR models. The form of the UUID (Universally Unique Identifier) is taken from a standard defined by the Open Group (was Open Software Foundation). This standard is widely used, including by Microsoft for COM (GUIDs) and by many companies for DCE, which is based on CORBA. The method for generating these 128-bit IDs is published in the standard and the effectiveness and uniqueness of the IDs is not in practice disputed. If the id namespace is omitted, DCE is assumed. An example is "DCE:2fac1234-31f8-11b4-a222-08002b34c003". The uuid attribute has no semantic meaning for an AUTOSAR model and there is no requirement for	annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	defining a model element (e.g. the ECU Configuration Parameter Values). These are not intended as documentation but are mere design notes.
globally unique identifier for an instance of a meta-class. The values of this attribute should be globally unique strings prefixed by the type of identifier. For example, to include a DCE UUID as defined by The Open Group, the UUID would be preceded by "DCE:". The values of this attribute may be used to support merging of different AUTOSAR models. The form of the UUID (Universally Unique Identifier) is taken from a standard defined by the Open Group (was Open Software Foundation). This standard is widely used, including by Microsoft for COM (GUIDs) and by many companies for DCE, which is based on CORBA. The method for generating these 128-bit IDs is published in the standard and the effectiveness and uniqueness of the IDs is not in practice disputed. If the id namespace is omitted, DCE is assumed. An example is "DCE:2fac1234-31f8-11b4-a222-08002b34c003". The uuid attribute has no semantic meaning for an AUTOSAR model and there is no requirement for			01	aggr	object in question is built or is used. Therefore it is a DocumentationBlock.
Tags: xml.attribute=true	uuid	String	01	attr	globally unique identifier for an instance of a meta-class. The values of this attribute should be globally unique strings prefixed by the type of identifier. For example, to include a DCE UUID as defined by The Open Group, the UUID would be preceded by "DCE:". The values of this attribute may be used to support merging of different AUTOSAR models. The form of the UUID (Universally Unique Identifier) is taken from a standard defined by the Open Group (was Open Software Foundation). This standard is widely used, including by Microsoft for COM (GUIDs) and by many companies for DCE, which is based on CORBA. The method for generating these 128-bit IDs is published in the standard and the effectiveness and uniqueness of the IDs is not in practice disputed. If the id namespace is omitted, DCE is assumed. An example is "DCE:2fac1234-31f8-11b4-a222-08002b34c003". The uuid attribute has no semantic meaning for an AUTOSAR model and there is no requirement for AUTOSAR tools to manage the timestamp.

Table B.27: Identifiable

Class	ImplementationD	ImplementationDataType						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTer	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ImplementationDataTypes						
Note	correspond to a ty	pedef ir	n C-code	n the implementation level. This will typically e. =ImplementationDataTypes				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, Autosar DataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable							
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note				



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
dynamicAr raySizePro file	String	01	attr	Specifies the profile which the array will follow in case this data type is a variable size array.
subElemen t (ordered)	Implementation DataTypeEleme nt	*	aggr	Specifies an element of an array, struct, or union data type. The aggregation of ImplementionDataTypeElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a ImplementationDataType representing a structure. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbolPro ps	SymbolProps	01	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps for the ImplementationDataType. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName
typeEmitte r	NameToken	01	attr	This attribute is used to control which part of the AUTOSAR toolchain is supposed to trigger data type definitions.

Table B.28: ImplementationDataType

Class	ImplementationDataTypeElement					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::ImplementationDataTypes		
Note	Declares a data o used within the sc	-		cally aggregated. Such an element can only be aggregated.		
	This element eithe swDataDefProps.	er consis	sts of fur	ther subElements or it is further defined via its		
	There are several a local declaration		es withi	n the system of ImplementationDataTypes fur such		
	 It can represent the elements of an array, defining the element type and array size 					
	 It can repre 	sent an	elemen	t of a struct, defining its type		
	 It can be the local declaration of a debug element. 					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
arraySize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The existence of this attributes (if bigger than 0) defines the size of an array and declares that this ImplementationDataTypeElement represents the type of each single array element.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
arraySizeH andling	ArraySizeHandli ngEnum	01	attr	The way how the size of the array is handled in case of a variable size array.
arraySizeS emantics	ArraySizeSema nticsEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls the meaning of the value of the array size.
subElemen t	Implementation DataTypeEleme nt	*	aggr	Element of an array, struct, or union in case of a nested declaration (i.e. without using "typedefs"). The aggregation of ImplementionDataTypeElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a ImplementationDataType representing a structure. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProp s	01	aggr	The properties of this ImplementationDataTypeElementt.

Table B.29: ImplementationDataTypeElement

Class	OperationInvoke	OperationInvokedEvent				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Events	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::RTE Events				
Note	The OperationInvo	The OperationInvokedEvent references the ClientServerOperation invoked by the client.				
Base	ARObject,AbstractEvent,AtpClassifier,AtpFeature,AtpStructure Element,Identifiable,MultilanguageReferrable,RTEEvent,Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note					
operation	ClientServerOp eration	01	iref	The operation to be executed as the consequence of the event.		

Table B.30: OperationInvokedEvent

Class	PortDefinedArgumentValue					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Options	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::PortAPI Options				
Note	A PortDefinedArgumentValue is passed to a RunnableEntity dealing with the ClientServerOperations provided by a given PortPrototype. Note that this is restricted to PPortPrototypes of a ClientServerInterface.					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
value	ValueSpecificati on	1	aggr	Specifies the actual value.		
valueType	Implementation DataType	1	tref	The implementation type of this argument value. It should not be composite type or a pointer.		
				Stereotypes: isOfType		

Table B.31: PortDefinedArgumentValue



Class	PortPrototype (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components					
Note	Base class for the ports of an AUTOSAR software component. The aggregation of PortPrototypes is subject to variability with the purpose to support					
Base	the conditional exit ARObject,AtpBlue Referrable,Referra	printabl		ature,AtpPrototype,Identifiable,Multilanguage		
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
clientServe rAnnotatio n	ClientServerAnn otation	*	aggr	Annotation of this PortPrototype with respect to client/server communication.		
delegated PortAnnota tion	DelegatedPortA nnotation	01	aggr	Annotations on this delegated port.		
ioHwAbstr actionServ erAnnotati on	IoHwAbstraction ServerAnnotatio n	*	aggr	Annotations on this IO Hardware Abstraction port.		
modePortA nnotation	ModePortAnnot ation	*	aggr	Annotations on this mode port.		
nvDataPort Annotation	NvDataPortAnn otation	*	aggr	Annotations on this non voilatile data port.		
parameter PortAnnota tion	ParameterPortA nnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this parameter port.		
senderRec eiverAnnot ation	SenderReceiver Annotation	*	aggr	Collection of annotations of this ports sender/receiver communication.		
triggerPort Annotation	TriggerPortAnn otation	*	aggr	Annotations on this trigger port.		

Table B.32: PortPrototype

Class	RTEEvent (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::RTE Events				
Note	Abstract base clas	s for all	RTE-re	lated events	
Base	ARObject, AbstractEvent, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructure Element, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Attribute	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
disabledM ode	ModeDeclaratio n	*	iref	Reference to the Modes that disable the Event.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable	
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=contextPort, contextMode	
	DeclarationGroupPrototype, targetMode			DeclarationGroupPrototype, targetMode	
	Declaration				
startOnEve	RunnableEntity	01	ref	RunnableEntity starts when the corresponding	
nt				RTEEvent occurs.	

Table B.33: RTEEvent



Class	RapidPrototyping	gScena	rio			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::RPTScenario					
Note	This meta class provides the ability to describe a Rapid Prototyping Scenario. Such a Rapid Prototyping Scenario consist out of two main aspects, the description of the byPassPoints and the relation to an rptHook. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=RapidPrototypingScenarios					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note				
hostSyste m	System	1	ref	System which describes the software components of the host ECU.		
rptContain er	RptContainer	1*	aggr	Top-level rptContainer definitions of this specific rapid prototyping scenario. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
rptSystem	System	01	ref	System which describes the rapid prototyping algorithm in the format of AUTOSAR Software Components. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=rptSystem		

Table B.34:	RapidPrototypingScenario
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Class	Referrable (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Generi	cStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable		
Note		Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (while adhering to namespace borders).				
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
shortName	Identifier	1	ref	This specifies an identifying shortName for the object. It needs to be unique within its context and is intended for humans but even more for technical reference. Tags: xml.enforceMinMultiplicity=true; xml.sequenceOffset=-100		
shortName Fragment	ShortNameFrag ment	*	aggr	This specifies how the Referrable.shortName is composed of several shortNameFragments. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-90		

Table B.35: Referrable



Class	RoleBasedPortA	ssignm	ent		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::Service Mapping				
Note	This class specifies an assignment of a role to a particular service port (RPortPrototype or PPortPrototype) of an AtomicSwComponentType. With this assignment, the role of the service port can be mapped to a specific ServiceNeeds element, so that a tool is able to create the correct connector.				
Base	ARObject				
Attribute	Datatype	Datatype Mul. Kind Note			
portPrototy pe	PortPrototype	1	ref	Service port used in the assigned role. This port shall either belong to the same AtomicSoftwareComponent as the SwcInternalBehavior which owns the ServiceDependency or to the same NvBlockComponentType as the NvBlockDescriptor.	
role	Identifier	1	ref	This is the role of the assigned Port in the given context. The value shall be a shortName of the Blueprint of a PortInterface as standardized in the Software Specification of the related AUTOSAR Service.	

Table B.36: RoleBasedPortAssignment

Class	RunnableEntity					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior					
Note	A RunnableEntity represents the smallest code-fragment that is provided by an AtomicSwComponentType and are executed under control of the RTE. RunnableEntities are for instance set up to respond to data reception or operation invocation on a server.					
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Executable Entity, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note		
argument (ordered)	RunnableEntity Argument	*	aggr	This represents the formal definition of a an argument to a RunnableEntity.		
asynchron ousServer CallResult Point	AsynchronousS erverCallResult Point	*	aggr	The server call result point admits a runnable to fetch the result of an asynchronous server call. The aggregation of AsynchronousServerCallResultPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of client server PortPrototypes and the variant existence of server call result points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
canBeInvo kedConcur rently	Boolean	1	attr	If the value of this attribute is set to "true" the enclosing RunnableEntity can be invoked concurrently (even for one instance of the corresponding AtomicSwComponentType). This implies that it is the responsibility of the implementation of the RunnableEntity to take care of this form of concurrency. Note that the default value of this attribute is set to "false".
dataReadA ccess	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has implicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The aggregation of dataReadAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of dataReadAccess in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataReceiv ePointByAr gument	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The result is passed back to the application by means of an argument in the function signature. The aggregation of dataReceivePointByArgument is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver PortPrototype or the variant existence of data receive points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataReceiv ePointByV alue	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The result is passed back to the application by means of the return value. The aggregation of dataReceivePointByValue is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of data receive points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
dataSendP oint	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit write access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The aggregation of dataSendPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver PortPrototype or the variant existence of data send points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataWriteA ccess	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has implicit write access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The aggregation of dataWriteAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of dataWriteAccess in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
externalTri ggeringPoi nt	ExternalTriggeri ngPoint	*	aggr	The aggregation of ExternalTriggeringPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of trigger ports or the variant existence of external triggering points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
internalTrig geringPoin t	InternalTriggerin gPoint	*	aggr	The aggregation of InternalTriggeringPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the variant existence of internal triggering points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
modeAcce ssPoint	ModeAccessPoi nt	*	aggr	The runnable has a mode access point. The aggregation of ModeAccessPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of mode ports or the variant existence of mode access points in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
modeSwitc hPoint	ModeSwitchPoi nt	*	aggr	The runnable has a mode switch point. The aggregation of ModeSwitchPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of mode ports or the variant existence of mode switch points in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
parameter Access	ParameterAcce ss	*	aggr	The presence of a ParameterAccess implies that a RunnableEntity needs read only access to a ParameterDataPrototype which may either be local or within a PortPrototype.
				The aggregation of ParameterAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of parameter ports and component local parameters as well as the variant existence of ParameterAccess (points) in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
readLocal Variable	VariableAccess	*	aggr	The presence of a readLocalVariable implies that a RunnableEntity needs read access to a VariableDataPrototype in the role of implicitInterRunnableVariable or explicitInterRunnableVariable.
				The aggregation of readLocalVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of implicitInterRunnableVariable and explicitInterRunnableVariable or the variant existence of readLocalVariable (points) in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
serverCall Point	ServerCallPoint	*	aggr	The RunnableEntity has a ServerCallPoint. The aggregation of ServerCallPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of client server PortPrototypes or the variant existence of server call points in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbol	Cldentifier	1	ref	The symbol describing this RunnableEntity's entry point. This is considered the API of the RunnableEntity and is required during the RTE contract phase.



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
writtenLoc alVariable	VariableAccess	*	aggr	The presence of a writtenLocalVariable implies that a RunnableEntity needs write access to a VariableDataPrototype in the role of implicitInterRunnableVariable or explicitInterRunnableVariable or explicitInterRunnableVariable. The aggregation of writtenLocalVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of implicitInterRunnableVariable and explicitInterRunnableVariable or the variant existence of writtenLocalVariable (points) in the implementation. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table B.37: RunnableEntity

Class	ServiceSwComp	onentTy	/pe	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::Components
Note	Instances of this c specific purpose c	lass are of the se	only to rvice co	d for configuring services for a given ECU. be created in ECU Configuration phase for the nfiguration. =SwComponentTypes
Base	Classifier,AtpType	,Collect	ableEler	ComponentType,AtpBlueprint,AtpBlueprintable,Atp nent,Identifiable,Multilanguage Referrable,SwComponentType
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
-	_	-	-	_

Table B.38: ServiceSwComponentType

Primitive	String
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Primitive Types
Note	This represents a String in which white-space must be normalized before processing. For example: in order to compare two Strings:
	 leading and trailing white-space needs to be removed
	• consecutive white-space (blank, cr, lf, tab) needs to be replaced by one blank.
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=STRING; xml.xsd.type=string

Table B.39: String



Class	SwAddrMethod			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::AuxillaryObjects
Note		hese ob	ojects co	sing method, e.g. common memory section, to data uld actually live in different modules or components. =SwAddrMethods
Base				nt,AtpBlueprintable,Collectable eReferrable,PackageableElement,Referrable
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
memoryAll ocationKey wordPolicy	MemoryAllocati onKeywordPolic yType	01	attr	Enumeration to specify the name pattern of the Memory Allocation Keyword.
option	Identifier	*	ref	This attribute introduces the ability to specify further intended properties of the MemorySection in with the related objects shall be placed. These properties are handled as to be selected. The intended options are mentioned in the list. In the Memory Mapping configuration, this option list is used to determine an appropriate MemMapAddressingModeSet.
sectionIniti alizationPo licy	SectionInitializat ionPolicyType	01	attr	Specifies the expected initialization of the variables (inclusive those which are implementing VariableDataPrototypes). Therefore this is an implementation constraint for initialization code of BSW modules (especially RTE) as well as the start-up code which initializes the memory segment to which the AutosarDataPrototypes referring to the SwAddrMethod's are later on mapped. If the attribute is not defined it has the identical semantic as the attribute value "INIT"
sectionTyp e	MemorySection Type	01	attr	Defines the type of memory sections which can be associated with this addresssing method.

Table B.40: SwAddrMethod

Class	SwBaseType			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::BaseTypes
Note				e type used within ECU software.
	Tags: atp.recomm	nendedF	ackage	=BaseTypes
Base				it,AtpBlueprintable,BaseType,Collectable eReferrable,PackageableElement, <mark>Referrable</mark>
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
_	-	_	_	-

Table B.41: SwBaseType



Enumeration	SwCalibrationAccessEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::DataDefProperties
Note	Determines the access rights to a data object w.r.t. measurement and calibration.
Literal	Description
notAccessi- ble	The element will not be accessible via MCD tools, i.e. will not appear in the ASAP file.
readOnly	The element will only appear as read-only in an ASAP file.
readWrite	The element will appear in the ASAP file with both read and write access.

Table B.42: SwCalibrationAccessEnum

Class	SwComponent	ocumer	ntation	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe Documentation	emplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::SoftwareComponent
Note	This class specifi according to ASA		oility to v	vrite dedicated documentation to a component type
Base	ARObject			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
chapter	Chapter	*	aggr	These chapters provide additional information about the software component that do not fit in the other chapters. Note that this is subject to variation because Chapter aggregations in the role chapter are variant within the documentation in general. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.roleElement=true; xml.roleWrapper Element=false; xml.sequenceOffset=100; xml.type Element=false
swCalibrati onNotes	Chapter	01	aggr	This element contains calibration instructions and hints for a calibration engineer. Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.sequence Offset=60; xml.typeElement=false
swCarbDo c	Chapter	01	aggr	This element records the documentation requested by CARB. Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.sequence Offset=80; xml.typeElement=false
swDiagnos ticsNotes	Chapter	01	aggr	This element contains general information about diagnostics issues within the component. Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.sequence Offset=75; xml.typeElement=false



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
swFeature Def	Chapter	01	aggr	This element contains the definition of the physical functionality of this software component. This definition is more or less formal and is intended to be delivered from modeling tools. Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.sequence Offset=20; xml.typeElement=false
swFeature Desc	Chapter	01	aggr	This element contains the textual description of the software functionality of this software component. Expert should write this description. Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.sequence Offset=30; xml.typeElement=false
swMainten anceNotes	Chapter	01	aggr	This element contains information regarding the software maintenance of the component. Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.sequence Offset=70; xml.typeElement=false
swTestDes c	Chapter	01	aggr	This element contains suggestions and hints for the test of the software functionality of this software component. Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.sequence Offset=50; xml.typeElement=false

Table B.43: SwComponentDocumentation



Class	≪atpVariatio	n≫ SwI	DataDef	Props
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::DataDefProperties
Note	One could consid	ler this c	lass as a	rties relevant for data objects under various aspects. a "pattern of inheritance by aggregation". The ojects of all classes in which SwDataDefProps is
	Hence, the proce	ss defini	ition (e.g	or associated elements are useful all of the time. . expressed with an OCL or a Document Control of implementing limitations.
	SwDataDefProps	covers	various a	aspects:
	curve, or a are mappe	map, bu d/conve). This is	ut also th rted to th	ent for calibration use cases: is it a single value, a ne recordLayouts which specify how such elements ne DataTypes in the programming language (or in expressed by properties like swRecordLayout and
	swVariable	Access	mplPolic	ainly expressed by swImplPolicy, y, swAddrMethod, swPointerTagetProps, baseType, nd additionalNativeTypeQualifier
	 Access pol 	licy for th	ne MCD	system, mainly expressed by swCalibrationAccess
	a			
	 Semantics unit, dataC 			nent, mainly expressed by compuMethod and/or ue
	unit, dataC	constr, in eration p	ivalidValı olicy pro	ue vided by swRecordLayout
Base	unit, dataC • Code gene	constr, in eration p	ivalidValı olicy pro	ue vided by swRecordLayout
Base Attribute	unit, dataC • Code gene Tags: vh.latestBi	constr, in eration p	ivalidValı olicy pro	ue vided by swRecordLayout
	unit, dataC • Code gene Tags: vh.latestBi ARObject	constr, in eration p ndingTin	validValı olicy pro ne=code	ue vided by swRecordLayout GenerationTime
Attribute additionalN ativeType	unit, dataC • Code gene Tags: vh.latestBi ARObject Datatype NativeDeclarati	constr, in eration p ndingTin Mul.	validValı olicy pro ne=code <i>Kind</i>	vided by swRecordLayout GenerationTime Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one
Attribute additionalN ativeType	unit, dataC • Code gene Tags: vh.latestBi ARObject Datatype NativeDeclarati	constr, in eration p ndingTin Mul.	validValı olicy pro ne=code <i>Kind</i>	vided by swRecordLayout GenerationTime Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string.
Attribute additionalN ativeType Qualifier	unit, dataC • Code gene Tags: vh.latestBi ARObject Datatype NativeDeclarati onString	constr, in eration p ndingTin Mul. 01	ne=code	vided by swRecordLayout GenerationTime Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow
Attribute additionalN ativeType Qualifier	unit, dataC • Code gene Tags: vh.latestBi ARObject Datatype NativeDeclarati onString	constr, in eration p ndingTin Mul. 01	ne=code	vided by swRecordLayout GenerationTime Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true; xml.roleWrapper Element=true; xml.sequenceOffset=20; xml.type



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
compuMet hod	CompuMethod	01	ref	Computation method associated with the semantics of this data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=180
dataConstr	DataConstr	01	ref	Data constraint for this data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=190
displayFor mat	DisplayFormatS tring	01	attr	This property describes how a number is to be rendered e.g. in documents or in a measurement and calibration system.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=210
implement ationDataT ype	Implementation DataType	01	ref	This association denotes the ImplementationDataType of a data declaration via its aggregated SwDataDefProps. It is used whenever a data declaration is not directly referring to a base type. Especially
				 redefinition of an ImplementationDataType via a "typedef" to another ImplementationDatatype
				 the target type of a pointer (see SwPointerTargetProps), if it does not refer to a base type directly
				 the data type of an array or record element within an ImplementationDataType, if it does not refer to a base type directly
				 the data type of an SwServiceArg, if it does not refer to a base type directly
		0.4		Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=215
invalidValu e	ValueSpecificati on	01	aggr	Optional value to express invalidity of the actual data element.
	—			Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=255
stepSize	Float	01	attr	This attribute can be used to define a value which is added to or subtracted from the value of a DataPrototype when using up/down keys while calibrating.
swAddrMet hod	SwAddrMethod	01	ref	Addressing method related to this data object. Via an association to the same SwAddrMethod it can be specified that several DataPrototypes shall be located in the same memory without already specifying the memory section itself.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
swAlignme nt	AlignmentType	01	attr	The attribute describes the intended alignment of the DataPrototype. If the attribute is not defined the alignment is determined by the swBaseType size and the memoryAllocationKeywordPolicy of the referenced SwAddrMethod.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=33
swBitRepr esentation	SwBitRepresent ation	01	aggr	Description of the binary representation in case of a bit variable.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=60
swCalibrati onAccess	SwCalibrationA ccessEnum	01	attr	Specifies the read or write access by MCD tools for this data object.
awCalarm	Succiorm Avia	01	oggr	Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=70
swCalprm AxisSet	SwCalprmAxisS et	01	aggr	This specifies the properties of the axes in case of a curve or map etc. This is mainly applicable to calibration parameters. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=90
swCompari	SwVariableRefP	*	aggr	Variables used for comparison in an MCD process.
sonVariabl e	roxy		aggi	Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=170; xml.type Element=false
swDataDe pendency	SwDataDepend ency	01	aggr	Describes how the value of the data object has to be calculated from the value of another data object (by the MCD system). Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=200
swHostVar	SwVariableRefP	0.1	oggr	
iable	roxy	01	aggr	Contains a reference to a variable which serves as a host-variable for a bit variable. Only applicable to bit objects. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=220; xml.type
				Element=false
swImplPoli cy	SwImplPolicyEn um	01	attr	Implementation policy for this data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=230



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
swIntende dResolutio n	Numerical	01	attr	The purpose of this element is to describe the requested quantization of data objects early on in the design process.
				The resolution ultimately occurs via the conversion formula present (compuMethod), which specifies the transition from the physical world to the standardized world (and vice-versa) (here, "the slope per bit" is present implicitly in the conversion formula).
				In the case of a development phase without a fixed conversion formula, a pre-specification can occur through swIntendedResolution.
				The resolution is specified in the physical domain according to the property "unit".
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=240
swInterpol ationMetho d	Identifier	01	ref	This is a keyword identifying the mathematical method to be applied for interpolation. The keyword needs to be related to the interpolation routine which needs to be invoked.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=250
swlsVirtual	Boolean	01	attr	This element distinguishes virtual objects. Virtual objects do not appear in the memory, their derivation is much more dependent on other objects and hence they shall have a swDataDependency . Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=260
swPointerT	SwPointerTarge	01	aggr	Specifies that the containing data object is a
argetProps	tProps	-	33	pointer to another data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=280
swRecordL ayout	SwRecordLayo ut	01	ref	Record layout for this data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=290
swRefresh Timing	Multidimensiona ITime	01	aggr	This element specifies the frequency in which the object involved shall be or is called or calculated. This timing can be collected from the task in which write access processes to the variable run. But this cannot be done by the MCD system.
				So this attribute can be used in an early phase to express the desired refresh timing and later on to specify the real refresh timing.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=300



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
swTextPro ps	SwTextProps	01	aggr	the specific properties if the data object is a text object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=120
swValueBl ockSize	Numerical	01	attr	This represents the size of a Value Block Stereotypes: atpVariation
				Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=80
unit	Unit	01	ref	Physical unit associated with the semantics of this data object. This attribute applies if no compuMethod is specified. If both units (this as well as via compuMethod) are specified the units shall be compatible.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=350
valueAxisD ataType	ApplicationPrimi tiveDataType	01	ref	The referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType represents the primitive data type of the value axis within a compound primitive (e.g. curve, map). It supersedes CompuMethod, Unit, and BaseType.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=355

Table B.44: SwDataDefProps

Enumeration	SwImplPolicyEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::DataDefProperties
Note	Specifies the implementation strategy with respect to consistency mechanisms of variables.
Literal	Description
const	forced implementation such that the running software within the ECU shall not modify it. For example implemented with the "const" modifier in C. This can be applied for parameters (not for those in NVRAM) as well as argument data prototypes.
fixed	This data element is fixed. In particular this indicates, that it might also be implemented e.g. as in place data, (#DEFINE).
measurement Point	The data element is created for measurement purposes only. The data element is never read directly within the ECU software. In contrast to a "standard" data element in an unconnected provide port is, this unconnection is guaranteed for measurementPoint data elements.
queued	The content of the data element is queued and the data element has 'event' semantics, i.e. data elements are stored in a queue and all data elements are processed in 'first in first out' order. The queuing is intended to be implemented by RTE Generator. This value is not applicable for parameters.
standard	This is applicable for all kinds of data elements. For variable data prototypes the 'last is best' semantics applies. For parameter there is no specific implementation directive.

Table B.45: SwImpIPolicyEnum



Class	SwSystemconst				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::Comm	onStructure::SystemConstant	
Note	 This element defines a system constant which serves an input to select a particular variation point. In particular a system constant serves as an operand of the binding function (swSyscond) in a Variation point. Note that the binding process can only happen if a value was assigned to to the referenced system constants. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SwSystemconsts 				
	• .		•	•	
Base	ARElement, AROb Referrable, Packag			n,CollectableElement,Identifiable,Multilanguage Referrable	
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note	
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProp s	01	aggr	This denotes the data definition properties of the system constant. In particular it is the limits and - in case the system constant is an enumeration - the compu method.	
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40	

Table B.46: SwSystemconst

Class	SwcImplementat	ion					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcImplementation					
Note	This meta-class represents a specialization of the general Implementation meta-class with respect to the usage in application software. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SwcImplementations						
Base	ARElement, AROL Referrable, Packag			Element,Identifiable,Implementation,Multilanguage Referrable			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note			
behavior	SwcInternalBeh avior	1	ref	The internal behavior implemented by this Implementation.			
perInstanc eMemoryS ize	PerInstanceMe morySize	*	aggr	Allows a definition of the size of the per-instance memory for this implementation. The aggregation of PerInstanceMemorySize is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects, in this case PerInstanceMemory. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
requiredRT EVendor	String	01	attr	Identify a specific RTE vendor. This information is potentially important at the time of integrating (in particular: linking) the application code with the RTE. The semantics is that (if the association exists) the corresponding code has been created to fit to the vendor-mode RTE provided by this specific vendor. Attempting to integrate the code with another RTE generated in vendor mode is in general not possible.			



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note

Table B.47: SwcImplementation

Class	SwcInternalBeha	vior		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates	::SWCo	mponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior
Note		tware-co	omponei	omicSwComponentType describes the relevant nt with respect to the RTE, i.e. the RunnableEntities to.
Base	ARObject,AtpClas Behavior,Multilang			e,AtpStructureElement,Identifiable,Internal e,Referrable
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
arTypedPe rInstanceM emory	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	Defines an AUTOSAR typed memory-block that needs to be available for each instance of the SW-component. This is typically only useful if supportsMultipleInstantiation is set to "true" or if the component defines NVRAM access via permanent blocks. The aggregation of arTypedPerInstanceMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
event	RTEEvent	*	aggr	This is a RTEEvent specified for the particular SwcInternalBehavior. The aggregation of RTEEvent is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of RTE events. Note: the number of RTE events might vary due to the conditional existence of PortPrototypes using DataReceivedEvents or due to different scheduling needs of algorithms. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
explicitInte rRunnable Variable	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	Implement state message semantics for establishing communication among runnables of the same component. The aggregation of explicitInterRunnableVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
handleTer minationAn dRestart	HandleTerminat ionAndRestartE num	1	attr	This attribute controls the behavior with respect to stopping and restarting. The corresponding AtomicSwComponentType may either not support stop and restart, or support only stop, or support both stop and restart.
implicitInte rRunnable Variable	VariableDataPr ototype	*	aggr	Implement state message semantics for establishing communication among runnables of the same component. The aggregation of implicitInterRunnableVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
includedDa taTypeSet	IncludedDataTy peSet	*	aggr	The includedDataTypeSet is used by a software component for its implementation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=includedDataTypeSet
includedM odeDeclar ationGroup Set	IncludedModeD eclarationGroup Set	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the included ModeDeclarationGroups Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=includedModeDeclaration GroupSet



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
instantiatio nDataDefP rops	InstantiationDat aDefProps	*	aggr	The purpose of this is that within the context of a given SwComponentType some data def properties of individual instantiations can be modified. The aggregation of InstantiationDataDefProps is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of PortPrototypes and component local memories like "perInstanceParameter" or "arTypedPerInstanceMemory". Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=instantiationDataDefProps, variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
perInstanc eMemory	PerInstanceMe mory	*	aggr	Defines a per-instance memory object needed by this software component. The aggregation of PerInstanceMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
perInstanc eParamete r	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Defines parameter(s) or characteristic value(s) that needs to be available for each instance of the software-component. This is typically only useful if supportsMultipleInstantiation is set to "true". The aggregation of perInstanceParameter is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
portAPIOpt ion	PortAPIOption	*	aggr	Options for generating the signature of port-related calls from a runnable to the RTE and vice versa. The aggregation of PortPrototypes is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=portAPIOption, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
runnable	RunnableEntity	1*	aggr	This is a RunnableEntity specified for the particular SwcInternalBehavior.
				The aggregation of RunnableEntity is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of RunnableEntities. Note: the number of RunnableEntities might vary due to
				the conditional existence of PortPrototypes using DataReceivedEvents or due to different scheduling needs of algorithms.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel
		*		vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
serviceDep endency	SwcServiceDep endency	*	aggr	Defines the requirements on AUTOSAR Services for a particular item.
				The aggregation of SwcServiceDependency is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports as well as the conditional existence of ServiceNeeds.
				The SwcServiceDependency owned by an SwcInternalBehavior can be located in a different physical file in order to support that SwcServiceDependency might be provided in later
				development steps or even by different expert domain (e.g OBD expert for Obd related Service Needs) tools. Therefore the aggregation is «atpSplitable».
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
sharedPar ameter	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Defines parameter(s) or characteristic value(s) shared between SwComponentPrototypes of the same SwComponentType The aggregation of sharedParameter is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
supportsM ultipleInsta ntiation	Boolean	1	attr	Indicate whether the corresponding software-component can be multiply instantiated on one ECU. In this case the attribute will result in an appropriate component API on programming language level (with or without instance handle).



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
variationPo intProxy	VariationPointPr oxy	*	aggr	Proxy of a variation points in the C/C++ implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName

Class	System								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate								
Note	 The top level element of the System Description. The System description defines five major elements: Topology, Software, Communication, Mapping and Mapping Constraints. The System element directly aggregates the elements describing the Software, Mapping and Mapping Constraints; it contains a reference to an ASAM FIBEX description specifying Communication and Topology. 								
Baaa	Tags: atp.recomm			-					
Base				er,AtpFeature,AtpStructureElement,Collectable eReferrable,PackageableElement, <mark>Referrable</mark>					
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note					
clientIdDefi nitionSet	ClientIdDefinitio nSet	*	ref	Set of Client Identifiers that are used for inter-ECU client-server communication in the System.					
containerl PduHeade rByteOrder	ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	Defines the byteOrder of the header in ContainerIPdus.					
ecuExtract Version	RevisionLabelSt ring	01	attr	Version number of the Ecu Extract.					
fibexEleme nt	FibexElement	*	ref	Reference to ASAM FIBEX elements specifying Communication and Topology.					
		All Fibex Elements used within a System Description shall be referenced from the System Element.							
				atpVariation: In order to describe a product-line, all FibexElements can be optional.					
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild					



Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note
mapping	SystemMapping	*	aggr	Aggregation of all mapping aspects (mapping of SW components to ECUs, mapping of data elements to signals, and mapping constraints). In order to support OEM / Tier 1 interaction and shared development for one common System this aggregation is atpSplitable and atpVariation. The content of SystemMapping can be provided by several parties using different names for the SystemMapping. This element is not required when the System description is used for a network-only use-case. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation
				Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
pncVector Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of the partial networking request release information vector (in bytes).
pncVector Offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Absolute offset (with respect to the NM-PDU) of the partial networking request release information vector that is defined in bytes as an index starting with 0.
rootSoftwa reComposi tion	RootSwCompos itionPrototype	01	aggr	Aggregation of the root software composition, containing all software components in the System in a hierarchical structure. This element is not required when the System description is used for a network-only use-case. atpVariation: The RootSwCompositionPrototype can vary.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime
systemDoc umentation	Chapter	*	aggr	Possibility to provide additional documentation while defining the System. The System documentation can be composed of several chapters.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=shortName, variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime xml.sequenceOffset=-10
systemVer sion	RevisionLabelSt ring	1	attr	Version number of the System Description.

Table B.49: System

Primitive	TimeValue						
		_	 	 	 		



Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Primitive Types
Note	This primitive type is taken for expressing time values. The numerical value is supposed to be interpreted in the physical unit second.
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=TIME-VALUE; xml.xsd.type=double

Table B.50: TimeValue

Class	RTEEvent (abstra	act)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::RTE Events						
Note	Abstract base clas	s for all	RTE-re	ated events			
Base				ifier,AtpFeature,AtpStructure eReferrable, <mark>Referrable</mark>			
Attribute	Datatype	Mul. Kind Note					
disabledM ode	ModeDeclaratio n	*	iref	Reference to the Modes that disable the Event. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=contextPort, contextMode DeclarationGroupPrototype, targetMode			
startOnEve nt	RunnableEntity	01	ref	Declaration RunnableEntity starts when the corresponding RTEEvent occurs.			

Table B.51: RTEEvent

Class	VariableAccess							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::Data Elements							
Note	The presence of a VariableAccess implies that a RunnableEntity needs access to a VariableDataPrototype. The kind of access is specified by the role in which the class is used.							
Base	ARObject, AtpClas Referrable, Referra	-	pFeatur	e,AtpStructureElement,Identifiable,Multilanguage				
Attribute	Datatype	Mul.	Kind	Note				
accessedV ariable	AutosarVariable Ref	1	aggr	This denotes the accessed variable.				
scope	VariableAccess ScopeEnum	01	attr	This attribute allows for constraining the scope of the corresponding communication. For example, it possible to express whether the communication is intended to cross the boundary of an ECU or whether it is intended not to cross the boundary of a single partition.				

Table B.52: VariableAccess



C Upstream Mapping

C.1 Introduction

This chapter describes the mapping of the ECU Configuration parameters (M1 model) onto the meta-classes and attributes of the BSWMDT.

The relationships between BSWMDT and ECU Configuration are described in order to answer typical questions like:

- How shall a supplier use the information in a System Description in order to fulfill the needs defined by the systems engineer?
- How is a tool vendor supposed to generate an ECU Configuration Description out of an ECU Extract of System Description and BSWMDs delivered for an ECU?

Please note that the tables contain the following columns:

BSW Module: Name of BSW module

BSW Context: Reference to parameter container

BSW Parameter: Name of the BSW parameter

BSW Type: Type of parameter

BSW Description: Description from the configuration document

M2 Template: The upstream templates

M2 Description: Description from the upstream template definition

M2 Parameter: Name of the upstream template parameter

Mapping Rule: Textual description on how to transform between M2 and BSW domains

Mapping Type:

- local: no mapping needed since parameter local to BSW
- partial: some data can be automatically mapped but not all
- full: all data can be automatically mapped

C.2 NvM

BSW Module	BSW Context	
NvM	NvM	
BSW Parameter		BSW Type
NvMBlockDescripto	or	EcucParamConfContainerDef
BSW Description		



Container for a management structure to configure the composition of a given NVRAM Block Management Type. Its multiplicity describes the number of configured NVRAM blocks, one block is required to be configured. The NVRAM block descriptors are condensed in the NVRAM block descriptor table.

scriptor table.	
Template Description	
Specifies the abstract needs on the configuration of a single NVRAM Block.	
M2 Parameter	
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds	
Mapping Rule	Mapping Type
In case the owner of the NvBlockNeeds is a BSW module then the NvMBlock	
Descriptor.shortName = {capitalizedMip}_{ServiceDependency.symbolicName	full
Props.symbol}.	
Mapping Status	Mapping ID
valid	up_NvM_00002

BSW Module	BSW Context						
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor						
BSW Parameter		BSW Type					
NvMBlockJobPriori	ity	EcucIntegerParamDe	ef				
BSW Description							
Defines the job price	prity for a NVRAM block (0 = Immediate	priority).					
Template Descrip	tion						
Requires the priorit	ty of writing this block in case of concur	rent requests to write o	other blocks.				
M2 Parameter							
CommonStructure:	:ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.writingF	Priority					
Mapping Rule	Mapping Type						
It is the integrators Priority to NvMBloo writingPriority=MEI Priority=HIGH etc.	full						
Mapping Status	Mapping ID						
valid			up_NvM_00016				

BSW Module	BSW Context						
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor						
BSW Parameter		BSW Type					
NvMBlockManager	mentType	EcucEnumerationPar	amDef				
BSW Description							
Defines the block n	nanagement type for the NVRAM block.	.[NVM137]					
Template Descript							
Reliability against c	data loss on the non-volatile medium.						
M2 Parameter							
CommonStructure:	:ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.reliabilit	Ŋ					
Mapping Rule	Mapping Type						
if (reliability == erro							
	= NVM_BLOCK_NATIVE.						
if reliability == error	ntType = NVM_BLOC	full					
K_REDUNDANT.							
[constr_1095] appli							
Mapping Status			Mapping ID				
valid			up_NvM_00009				



BSW Module	BSW Context		
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
NvMBlockUseAuto	Validation	EcucBooleanParamD	ef
BSW Description			
Defines whether th	e RAM Block shall be auto validated du	ring shutdown phase.	
true: if auto validation mechanism is used, false: otherwise Template Description If set to true the RAM Block shall be auto validated during shutdown phase. M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.useAutoValidationAtShutDown			
Mapping Rule Map		Mapping Type	
1:1 mapping		full	
Mapping Status		Mapping ID	
valid			

BSW Module	BSW Context			
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor			
BSW Parameter		BSW Type		
NvMBlockUseCRC	CompMechanism	EcucBooleanParamD	ef	
BSW Description				
Defines whether the CRC of the RAM Block shall be compared during a write job with the CRC which was calculated during the last successful read or write job. true: if compare mechanism is used, false: otherwise				
Template Description				
If set to true the CRC of the RAM Block shall be compared during a write job with the CRC which was calculated during the last successful read or write job in order to skip unnecessary NVRAM writings.				
M2 Parameter	M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure	::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.useCR	CCompMechanism		
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type	
1:1 mapping			full	
Mapping Status			Mapping ID	
valid				

BSW Module	BSW Context		
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
NvMBlockUseCrc		EcucBooleanParamDef	
BSW Description			
Defines CRC usag	e for the NVRAM block, i.e. memory sp	pace for CRC is reserved in RAM and NV	
memory.			
true: CRC will be u	sed for this NVRAM block.		
false: CRC will not be used for this NVRAM block.			
Template Description			
Reliability against o	Reliability against data loss on the non-volatile medium.		
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure:	:ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.reliabilit	y	



Mapping Rule	Mapping Type
reliability == errorCorrection errorDetection means that NvmBlockUseCrc shall bet set to true, else NvmBlockUseCrc = false	full
Mapping Status	Mapping ID
valid	up_NvM_00003

BSW Module	BSW Context			
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor			
BSW Parameter		BSW Type		
NvMBlockUseSetF	lamBlockStatus	EcucBooleanParamD	ef	
BSW Description				
Defines if NvMSetF	RamBlockStatusApi shall be used for thi	s block or not.		
Note: If NvMSetRamBlockStatusApi is disabled this configuration parameter shall be ignored. true: calling of NvMSetRamBlockStatus for this RAM block shall set the status of the RAM block.				
false: calling of Nvl	MSetRamBlockStatus for this RAM bloc	k shall be ignored.		
Template Descrip	tion			
This attribute define	es how the management of the RAM BI	ock status is controlled	l.	
M2 Parameter				
CommonStructure:	:ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.ramBloo	ckStatusControl		
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type	
ControlEnum.api th If the value of NvB	lockNeeds.ramBlockStatusControl is se ne parameter shall be set to true. lockNeeds.ramBlockStatusControl is se mManager it shall be set to false.		full	
Mapping Status			Mapping ID	
valid			up_NvM_00017	

BSW Module	BSW Context			
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor			
BSW Parameter		BSW Type		
NvMBlockWritePro	t	EcucBooleanParamD)ef	
BSW Description				
Defines an initial w	rite protection of the NV block			
	rite protection is enabled.			
false: Initial block w	vrite protection is disabled.			
Template Descrip	tion			
True: data of this	True: data of this NVRAM Block are write protected for normal operation (but protection can be			
disabled)				
false: no restriction	false: no restriction			
M2 Parameter				
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.readonly				
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type	
1:1 mapping			full	
Mapping Status			Mapping ID	
valid			up_NvM_00005	



BSW Module	BSW Context		
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
NvMCalcRamBlock	Crc	EcucBooleanParamD	ef
BSW Description			
	alculation for the permanent RAM bloc	k or NVRAM blocks wh	nich are configured
to use explicit sync	hronization mechanism.		
true: CRC will be (e)calculated for this permanent RAM b	lock.	
false: CRC will not be (re)calculated for this permanent RAM block.			
Template Description			
Defines if CRC (re)calculation for the permanent RAM Block is required.			
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.calcRamBlockCrc			
Mapping Rule		Mapping Type	
1:1 mapping		full	
Mapping Status		Mapping ID	
valid			up_NvM_00007

BSW Module	BSW Context		
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
NvMNvBlockNum		EcucIntegerParamDe	ef
BSW Description			
Defines the numb	er of multiple NV blocks in a contigu	uous area according	to the given block
management type.			
	blocks to be configured of block manag	ement type NVM_BLO	CK_DATASET. The
actual range is limi	ted according to SWS_NvM_00444.		
	ks to be configured of block manageme	Int type INVIM_BLOCK_	
2 For NIVRAM bloc	ks to be configured of block manageme	nt type NVM BLOCK	
Template Descrip	U		
NvBlockNeeds.nD			
	ts to be provided by the NVRAM manage	er for this block.	
	mber of ROM Blocks and RAM Blocks.		
NvBlockNeeds.re	liability:		
Reliability against of	data loss on the non-volatile medium.		
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure	::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.nDataS	ets,CommonStructure:	::ServiceNeeds::
NvBlockNeeds.relia	ability		
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type
	&& reliability ==noProtection errorDe	tection) then NvMNv	
BlockNum = 1.			full
	&& reliability ==noProtection errorDe	tection) then NvMNv	
BlockNum = nData	Sets.		
Mapping Status			Mapping ID
valid			up_NvM_00011

BSW Module BSW Context



NvM NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter	BSW Type	
NvMResistantToChangedSw	EcucBooleanParamDef	
BSW Description		
Defines whether a NVRAM block shall be treated resistant no default data available at configuration time then the application data. In this case the application has to distinguish between first initialization and corrupted data true: NVRAM block is resistant to changed software. false: NVRAM block is not resistant to changed software.	plication shall be responsible for providing as to use NvM_GetErrorStatus()to be able	
Template Description		
Defines whether an NVRAM Block shall be treated resistant to configuration changes (true) or not (false). For details how to handle initialization in the latter case, please refer to the NVRAM specification.		
M2 Parameter		
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.resistar	ntToChangedSw	
Mapping Rule	Mapping Type	
1:1 Mapping	full	
Mapping Status	Mapping ID	
valid	up_NvM_00006	

BSW Module	BSW Context		
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
NvMRomBlockNum	1	EcucIntegerParamDef	
BSW Description			
Defines the number	er of multiple ROM blocks in a contig	uous area according	to the given block
management type.			
	blocks to be configured of block manag	ement type NVM_BLO	CK_DATASET. The
actual range is limit	ted according to SWS_NvM_00444.		
0-1 For NVRAM blo	ocks to be configured of block managen	nent type NVM_BLOCH	K_NATIVE
0-1 For NVRAM blocks to be configured of block management type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT			
Template Description			
Number of ROM Blocks to be provided by the NVRAM manager for this block. Please note that these			
multiple ROM Blocks are given in a contiguous area.			
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.nRomBlocks			
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type
1:1 mapping			full
Mapping Status		Mapping ID	
valid			up_NvM_00008

BSW Module	BSW Context	
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor	
BSW Parameter		BSW Type
NvMSelectBlockFo	rReadAll	EcucBooleanParamDef
BSW Description		



Defines whether a NVRAM block shall be processed during NvM_ReadAll or not. This configuration parameter has only influence on those NVRAM blocks which are configured to have a permanent RAM block or which are configured to use explicit synchronization mechanism.

true: NVRAM block shall be processed by NvM_ReadAll

false: NVRAM block shall not be processed by NvM ReadAll

Template Description

Defines whether the associated RAM Block shall be implicitly restored during startup by the basic software.

M2 Parameter

CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.restoreAtStart

Mapping Rule	
1.1 Monning	Ī

Mapping Rule	Mapping Type
1:1 Mapping	full
Mapping Status	Mapping ID
valid	up_NvM_00013

BSW Module	BSW Context		
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
NvMSelectBlockFo	rWriteAll	EcucBooleanParamD	ef
BSW Description			
Defines whether a NVRAM block shall be processed during NvM_WriteAll or not. This configuration parameter has only influence on those NVRAM blocks which are configured to have a permanent RAM block or which are configured to use explicit synchronization mechanism. true: NVRAM block shall be processed by NvM_WriteAll false: NVRAM block shall not be processed by NvM_WriteAll Template Description Defines whether or not the associated RAM Block shall be implicitly stored during shutdown by the basic software.			
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.storeAtShutdown			
Mapping Rule Mapping Type			
1:1 Mapping	1:1 Mapping full		full
Mapping Status Mapping ID		Mapping ID	
valid			up_NvM_00014

BSW Module	BSW Context		
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
NvMStaticBlockID0	Check	EcucBooleanParamD	Def
BSW Description			
Defines if the Station	c Block ID check is enabled.		
	ID check is disabled.		
true: Static Block ID check is enabled.			
Template Descrip	tion		
Defines if the Station	c Block Id check shall be enabled.		
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure:	::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.checkS	taticBlockId	
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type
1:1 mapping			full



Mapping Status	Mapping ID
valid	up_NvM_00012

BSW Module	BSW Context		
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
NvMWriteBlockOnd	ce	EcucBooleanParamD	ef
BSW Description			
Defines write protection after first write. The NVRAM manager sets the write protection bit after the NV block was written the first time. This means that some of the NV blocks in the NVRAM should never be erased nor be replaced with the default ROM data after first initialization. [NVM276].			
true: Defines write	protection after first write is enabled.		
	protection after first write is disabled.		
Template Descript	lion		
	ction after first write:		
true: This block is prevented from being changed/erased or being replaced with the default ROM data after first initialization by the software-component. false: No such restriction.			
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.writeOnlyOnce			
Mapping Rule	Mapping Rule Mapping Type		
1:1 mapping			full
Mapping Status			Mapping ID
valid			up_NvM_00015

BSW Module	BSW Context		
NvM	NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
NvMWriteVerification	on	EcucBooleanParamD	ef
BSW Description			
Defines if Write Ver	rification is enabled.		
false: Write verification is disabled. true: Write Verification is enabled.			
Template Description			
Defines if Write Verification shall be enabled for this NVRAM Block.			
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::NvBlockNeeds.writeVerification			
Mapping Rule Mapping Type			
1:1 mapping			full
Mapping Status			Mapping ID
valid			up_NvM_00010

C.3 WdgM

BSW Module	BSW Context	
WdgM	WdgM/WdgMConfigSet/WdgMMode/WdgMLocalStatusParams	
BSW Parameter		BSW Type
WdgMFailedAliveSupervisionRefCycleTol		EcucIntegerParamDef



BSW Description

This parameter shall contain the acceptable amount of reference cycles with incorrect/failed alive supervisions for this Supervised Entity.

Template Description

Number of consecutive failed alive cycles for this SupervisedEntity which shall be tolerated until the supervision status of the SupervisedEntity is set to WDGM_ALIVE_EXPIRED (see SWS WdgM for more details).

Note that this value has to be recalculated with respect to the WdgM's own cycle time for ECU configuration.

M2 Parameter

CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::SupervisedEntityNeeds.toleratedFailedCycles	
Mapping Rule Mapping Type	
1:1	full
Mapping Status	Mapping ID
valid	up_WdgM_00001

BSW Module	BSW Context			
WdgM	WdgM/WdgMGeneral			
BSW Parameter		BSW Type		
WdgMSupervisedE	Intity	EcucParamConfCont	ainerDef	
BSW Description				
This container coll	ects all common (mode-independent)	parameters of a Supe	rvised Entity to be	
supervised by the V	Natchdog Manager.			
Template Descrip	tion			
	Specifies the abstract needs on the configuration of the Watchdog Manager for one specific Super-			
vised Entity.	vised Entity.			
M2 Parameter				
CommonStructure:	CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::SupervisedEntityNeeds			
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type	
	ner of the SupervisedEntityNeeds			
then the WdgMSupervisedEntity.shortName = {capitalizedMip}_{ServiceDepen-			full	
dency.symbolicNar	neProps.symbol}.			
Mapping Status			Mapping ID	
valid			up_WdgM_00002	

C.4 Dem

BSW Module	BSW Context		
Dem	Dem/DemConfigSet		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
DemEventParamet	er	EcucParamConfContainerDef	
BSW Description			
This container cont	ains the configuration (parameters) for	events.	
Template Description			
Specifies the abstract needs on the configuration of the Diagnostic Event Manager for one diagnostic event. Its shortName can be regarded as a symbol identifying the diagnostic event from the viewpoint of the component or module which owns this element.			
In case the diagnostic event specifies a production error, the shortName shall be the name of the production error.			



M2 Parameter	
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::DiagnosticEventNeeds	
Mapping Rule	Mapping Type
In case the owner of the DiagnosticEventNeeds is a BSW module then the Dem	
EventParameter.shortName = {capitalizedMip}_{ServiceDependency.symbolic	full
NameProps.symbol}.	
Mapping Status	Mapping ID
valid	up_Dem_00002

BSW Module	BSW Context		
Dem	Dem/DemConfigSet/DemEventParameter		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
DemReportBehavi	or	EcucEnumerationPar	amDef
BSW Description			
	ting behavior of the BSW Module (Dem	EventKind == DEM_E\	/ENT_KIND_BSW)
in order to determin	ne the size of the reporting queue.		
If the parameter is not defined it means REPORT_BEFORE_INIT. Template Description This switch indicates whether or not the BSW module is allowed to report the related Events before Dem_Init().			
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::DiagnosticEventNeeds.reportBehavior			
Mapping Rule Mapping Type			
1:1 mapping full			full
Mapping Status Mapping ID		Mapping ID	
valid			up Dem 00003

BSW Module	BSW Context		
Dem	Dem/DemConfigSet/DemEventParameter/DemReportBehavior		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
REPORT_AFTER_	INIT	EcucEnumerationLite	eralDef
BSW Description			
Indicates that the E	Event will not be reported before Dem_I	nit().	
Template Descrip	tion		
This allows reporting related events after initialization			
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure:	::ServiceNeeds::ReportBehaviorEnum.r	reportAfterInit	
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type
			full
Mapping Status		Mapping ID	
valid			up_Dem_00005

BSW Module	BSW Context	
Dem	Dem/DemConfigSet/DemEventParameter/DemReportBehavior	
BSW Parameter	BSW Type	
REPORT_BEFOR	RE_INIT EcucEnumerationLiteralDef	
BSW Description		
Indicates that the Event may be reported before Dem_Init().		
Template Description		



This allows reporting related events before initialization	
M2 Parameter	
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::ReportBehaviorEnum.reportBeforeInit	
Mapping Rule	Mapping Type
	full
Mapping Status	Mapping ID
valid	up_Dem_00004

BSW Module	BSW Context		
Dem	Dem/DemGeneral		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
DemRatio		EcucParamConfCont	ainerDef
BSW Description			
	ains the OBD-specific in-use-monitor p		juration.
It is related to a spe	ecific event, a FID, and an IUMPR group	ρ.	
Template Descript	Template Description		
	act needs of a component or module	5	
relation to a particular "ratio monitoring" which is supported by this component or module.			
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure:	:ServiceNeeds::ObdRatioServiceNeed	S	
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type
In case the owner	of the ObdRatioServiceNeeds is a B	SW module then the	
DemRatio.shortName = {capitalizedMip}_{ServiceDependency.symbolicName		full	
Props.symbol}.			
Mapping Status			Mapping ID
valid			up_Dem_00001

C.5 FiM

BSW Module	BSW Context		
FiM	FiM/FiMConfigSet		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
FiMFID		EcucParamConfCont	ainerDef
BSW Description			
This container inclu	ides symbolic names of all FIDs.		
Template Descript			
	act needs on the configuration of the Fu		
	s class currently contains no attributes		
	identifying the FID from the viewpoint of the component or module which owns this class.		
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds::FunctionInhibitionNeeds			
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type
	r of the FunctionInhibitionNeeds is a		
the FiMFID.shortName= {capitalizedMip}_{ServiceDependency.symbolicName		full	
Props.symbol}.			
Mapping Status			Mapping ID
valid			up_FiM_00001

C.6 ComM



BSW Module	BSW Context		
ComM	ComM/ComMConfigSet		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
ComMUser		EcucParamConfCont	ainerDef
BSW Description			
This container cont	tains a list of identifiers that are needed	d to refer to a user in t	he system which is
designated to requ	est Communication modes.		
Template Descrip			
Specifies the abstract needs on the configuration of the Communication Manager for one "user".			
M2 Parameter			
CommonStructure:	:ServiceNeeds::ComMgrUserNeeds		
Mapping Rule		Mapping Type	
In case the owne	r of the ComMgrUserNeeds is a BS	W module then the	
ComMUser.shortName = {capitalizedMip}_{ServiceDependency.symbolicName		full	
Props.symbol}.			
Mapping Status			Mapping ID
valid			up_ComM_00003

C.7 StbM

BSW Module	BSW Context		
StbM	StbM		
BSW Parameter		BSW Type	
StbMSynchronized	TimeBase	EcucParamConfCont	ainerDef
BSW Description			
Synchronized time	base collects the information about a s	specific time-base prov	ider within the sys-
tem.			
Template Descrip			
	s on the configuration of the Synchroniz		
This class currently	contains no attributes. An instance of t	his class is used to find	d out which ports of
a software-component belong to this time-base in order to group the request and response ports of			
the same time-bas	the same time-base. The actual time-base value is stored in the PortDefinedArgumentValue of the		
respective port specification.			
M2 Parameter			
	::ServiceNeeds::SyncTimeBaseMgrUse	rNeeds	
Mapping Rule			Mapping Type
In case the owner of the SyncTimeBaseMgrUserNeeds is a BSW module			
then the StbMSynchronizedTimeBase.shortName= {capitalizedMip}_{Service		full	
Dependency.symbolicNameProps.symbol}.			
Mapping Status		Mapping ID	
valid		up_StbM_00001	



D Splitable Elements in the Scope of this Document

This chapter contains a table of all model elements stereotyped $\ll atpSplitable \gg$ in the scope of this document.

Each entry in Table D.1 consists of the identification of the specific model element itself and the applicable value of the tagged value atp.Splitkey.

For more information about the concept of splitable model elements and how these shall be treated please refer to [1].

Name of splitable element	Splitkey	
ARPackage.arPackage	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel	
ARPackage.element	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel	
ARPackage.referenceBase	shortLabel	
BswEvent.disabledInMode	disabledInMode	
BswInternalBehavior.bswPerInstanceMemoryPolicy	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.clientPolicy	clientPolicy, variationPoint.shortLa- bel	
BswInternalBehavior.distinguishedPartition	shortName, variationPoint.ShortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.entity	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.event	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.exclusiveAreaPolicy	exclusiveAreaPolicy, variationPoint. shortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.includedDataTypeSet	includedDataTypeSet	
BswInternalBehavior.internalTriggeringPoint	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.internalTriggeringPointPolicy	internalTriggeringPointPolicy, varia- tionPoint.shortPoint	
BswInternalBehavior.modeReceiverPolicy	<pre>modeReceiverPolicy, variationPoint. shortLabel</pre>	
BswInternalBehavior.modeSenderPolicy	<pre>modeSenderPolicy, variationPoint. shortLabel</pre>	
BswInternalBehavior.parameterPolicy	parameterPolicy, variatioPoint.short- Label	
BswInternalBehavior.perInstanceParameter	atp.Splitkey shortName, variation- Point.shortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.receptionPolicy	receptionPolicy, variationPoint.short	
BswInternalBehavior.releasedTriggerPolicy	releasedTriggerPolicy, variationPoint.	
BswInternalBehavior.schedulerNamePrefix	schedulerNamePrefix, variationPoint. ShortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.sendPolicy	sendPolicy, variationPoint.shortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.serviceDependency	serviceDependency, variationPoint.	
BswInternalBehavior.triggerDirectImplementation	triggerDirectImplementation, varia- tionPoint.shortLabel	
BswInternalBehavior.variationPointProxy	shortName	
BswModuleDependency.serviceItem	shortName	
BswModuleDependency	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel	
BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDocumentation	bswModuleDocumentation, variation- Point.shortLabel	
BswModuleDescription.internalBehavior	shortName	
BswModuleDescription.outgoingCallback	outgoingCallback, variationPoint.	
BswModuleDescription.providedClientServerEntry	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel	



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BswModuleDescription.providedData	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
BswModuleDescription.providedEntry	providedEntry, variationPoint.shortLa- bel
BswModuleDescription.providedModeGroup	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
BswModuleDescription.releasedTrigger	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
BswModuleDescription.requiredClientServerEntry	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
BswModuleDescription.requiredData	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
BswModuleDescription.requiredModeGroup	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
BswModuleDescription.requiredTrigger	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
BswServiceDependency.assignedEntryRole	assignedEntryRole, variationPoint. shortLabel
Implementation.mcSupport	mcSupport
Implementation.resourceConsumption	shortName
ImplementationDataType.symbolProps	shortName
InternalBehavior.constantMemory	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
InternalBehavior.constantValueMapping	constantValueMapping
InternalBehavior.dataTypeMapping	dataTypeMapping
InternalBehavior.exclusiveArea	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
InternalBehavior.exclusiveAreaNestingOrder	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
InternalBehavior.staticMemory	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
McFunction.defCalprmSet	variationPoint.shortLabel
McFunction.inMeasurementSet	variationPoint.shortLabel
McFunction.locMeasurementSet	variationPoint.shortLabel
McFunction.outMeasurementSet	variationPoint.shortLabel
McFunction.refCalprmSet	variationPoint.shortLabel
McFunction.subFunction	subFunction
McFunctionDataRefSet.flatMapEntry	flatMapEntry
McFunctionDataRefSet.mcDataInstance	mcDataInstance
McSupportData.mcParameterInstance	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
McSupportData.mcVariableInstance	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
ResourceConsumption.executionTime	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
ResourceConsumption.heapUsage	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
ResourceConsumption.memorySection	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel
ResourceConsumption.stackUsage	shortName, variationPoint.shortLabel

Table D.1: Usage of splitable elements



E Variation Points in the Scope of this Document

This chapter contains a table of all model elements stereotyped $\ll atpVariation \gg$ in the scope of this document.

Each entry in Table E.1 consists of the identification of the model element itself and the applicable value of the tagged value vh.latestBindingTime.

For more information about the concept of variation points and how model elements that contain variation points shall be treated please refer to [1].

Variation Point	Latest Binding Time
ARPackage.arPackage	blueprintDerivationTime
ARPackage.element	systemDesignTime
ArrayValueSpecification.element	preCompileTime
BswImplementation.debugInfo	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.bswPerInstanceMemoryPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.clientPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.distinguishedPartition	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.entity	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.event	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.exclusiveAreaPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.internalTriggeringPoint	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.internalTriggeringPointPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.modeReceiverPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.modeSenderPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.parameterPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.perInstanceParameter	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.receptionPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.releasedTriggerPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.schedulerNamePrefix	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.sendPolicy	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.serviceDependency	preCompileTime
BswInternalBehavior.triggerDirectImplementation	preCompileTime
BswModuleDependency.expectedCallback	preCompileTime
BswModuleDependency.requiredEntry	preCompileTime
BswModuleDependency.targetModuleRef	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDependency	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.bswModuleDocumentation	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.outgoingCallback	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.providedClientServerEntry	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.providedData	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.providedEntry	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.providedModeGroup	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.releasedTrigger	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.requiredClientServerEntry	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.requiredData	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.requiredModeGroup	preCompileTime
BswModuleDescription.requiredTrigger	preCompileTime
BswModuleEntity.accessedModeGroup	preCompileTime
BswModuleEntity.activationPoint	preCompileTime
BswModuleEntity.calledEntry	preCompileTime
BswModuleEntity.callPoint	preCompileTime



BswModuleEntity.dataReceivePoint	preCompileTime
BswModuleEntity.dataSendPoint	preCompileTime
BswModuleEntity.issuedTrigger	preCompileTime
BswModuleEntity.managedModeGroup	preCompileTime
BswModuleEntry.argument	blueprintDerivationTime
BswServiceDependency.assignedData	preCompileTime
BswServiceDependency.assignedEntryRole	preCompileTime
Implementation.buildActionManifest	codeGenerationTime
Implementation.generatedArtifact	preCompileTime
Implementation.requiredArtifact	preCompileTime
Implementation.requiredGeneratorTool	preCompileTime
ImplementationDataType.subElement	preCompileTime
ImplementationDataTypeElement.arraySize	preCompileTime
ImplementationDataTypeElement.subElement	preCompileTime
InternalBehavior.constantMemory	preCompileTime
InternalBehavior.exclusiveArea	preCompileTime
InternalBehavior.exclusiveAreaNestingOrder	preCompileTime
InternalBehavior.staticMemory	preCompileTime
McDataInstance.subElement	preCompileTime
McSupportData.emulationSupport	preCompileTime
McSupportData.mcParameterInstance	postBuild
McSupportData.mcVariableInstance	postBuild
ModeDeclarationGroup.modeDeclaration	blueprintDerivationTime
NumericalOrText.vf	preCompileTime
NumericalValueSpecification.value	preCompileTime
RecordValueSpecification.field	preCompileTime
ResourceConsumption.executionTime	preCompileTime
ResourceConsumption.heapUsage	preCompileTime
ResourceConsumption.memorySection	preCompileTime
ResourceConsumption.sectionNamePrefix	preCompileTime
ResourceConsumption.stackUsage	preCompileTime
RuleArguments.vf	preCompileTime
RuleArguments.vtf	preCompileTime
RuleBasedValueSpecification.arguments	preCompileTime
ServiceDependency.assignedDataType	preCompileTime
SwcBswMapping.runnableMapping	preCompileTime
SwcBswMapping.synchronizedModeGroup	preCompileTime
SwcBswMapping.synchronizedTrigger	preCompileTime

Table E.1:	Usage o	of variation	points
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