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## Table of Contents

1	Scope of Document .....	5
2	How to read this document.....	6
2.1	Conventions used.....	6
2.2	Requirements structure .....	7
3	Functional Overview .....	8
4	Acronyms and abbreviations .....	9
5	Requirement Specification.....	10
5.1	Functional Requirements .....	10
5.1.1	General .....	10
5.1.1.1	[SRS_Pwm_12459] The PWM Driver shall provide a scaling scheme for duty cycle.....	10
5.1.1.2	[SRS_Pwm_12383] The PWM driver shall provide a 16 bit interface to set the duty cycle .....	10
5.1.2	Configuration.....	10
5.1.2.1	[SRS_Pwm_12375] The PWM Driver shall allow the module wide configuration of the numbers of PWM channels .....	10
5.1.2.2	[SRS_Pwm_12293] The PWM driver shall allow the static configuration of PWM channel properties .....	11
5.1.2.3	[SRS_Pwm_12378] The PWM driver shall be able to assign notification to each edges of the PWM-signal.....	11
5.1.2.4	[SRS_Pwm_12379] All PWM Channels which work with the same MCU Timer shall have either the same frequency or independent frequencies	11
5.1.2.5	[SRS_Pwm_12389] The PWM driver shall allow only static configuration of the frequency for some PWM channels.....	12
5.1.3	Initialization .....	12
5.1.3.1	[SRS_Pwm_12380] By initializing the PWM driver, all PWM-channels shall be started .....	12
5.1.3.2	[SRS_Pwm_12381] By de-initializing the PWM driver, all PWM-channels shall be stop .....	12
5.1.4	Normal Operation.....	13
5.1.4.1	[SRS_Pwm_12295] The PWM driver shall provide a service for setting the duty cycle of a selected channel.....	13
5.1.4.2	[SRS_Pwm_12382] The PWM Driver shall wait to the end of the signal period to update the duty cycle of a PWM signal.....	13
5.1.4.3	[SRS_Pwm_12358] The PWM driver shall be capable to set the output of selected channel to a given state immediately.....	13
5.1.4.4	[SRS_Pwm_12385] The PWM driver shall provide a service to get the state of a PWM channel output.....	14
5.1.4.5	[SRS_Pwm_12297] The PWM driver shall provide a service for setting the period of a selected channel.....	14

5.1.4.6	[SRS_Pwm_12299] The PWM driver shall allow to enable/disable the PWM edges notification during runtime .....	15
5.1.4.7	[SRS_Pwm_12460] An API shall be able to read the current power state of the PWM HW module.....	15
5.1.4.8	[SRS_Pwm_12461] An API shall be able to read the target power state of the <PWM/ADC> HW module .....	15
5.1.4.9	[SRS_Pwm_12462] The PWM Driver shall separate the power state setting procedure in to parts .....	16
5.1.4.10	[SRS_Pwm_12463] It shall be possible to select a synchronous or asynchronous power state transition process .....	16
5.2	Non-Functional Requirements.....	16
5.2.1	[SRS_Pwm_12386] The PWM driver shall not cover a PWM emulation on general purpose I/O.....	16
6	Related Documentation .....	18
6.1	Deliverables of AUTOSAR .....	18

## 1 Scope of Document

This document specifies requirements on the module PWM Driver.

### Constraints

First scope for specification of requirements on basic software module is systems which are not safety relevant. For this reason safety requirements are assigned to medium priority.

## 2 How to read this document

Each requirement has its unique identifier starting with the prefix “BSW” (for “Basic Software”). For any review annotations, remarks or questions, please refer to this unique ID rather than chapter or page numbers!

### 2.1 Conventions used

- The representation of requirements in AUTOSAR documents follows the table specified in [5].
- In requirements, the following specific semantics are used

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted . Note that the requirement level of the document in which they are used modifies the force of these words.

- **MUST:** This word, or the terms "REQUIRED" or "SHALL", mean that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification.
- **MUST NOT:** This phrase, or the phrase „SHALL NOT“, means that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification.
- **SHOULD:** This word, or the adjective "RECOMMENDED", mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore a particular item, but the full implications must be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.
- **SHOULD NOT:** This phrase, or the phrase "NOT RECOMMENDED" mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behavior is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications should be understood and the case carefully weighed before implementing any behavior described with this label.
- **MAY:** This word, or the adjective „OPTIONAL“, means that an item is truly optional. One vendor may choose to include the item because a particular marketplace requires it or because the vendor feels that it enhances the product while another vendor may omit the same item. An implementation, which does not include a particular option, **MUST** be prepared to interoperate with another implementation, which does include the option, though perhaps with reduced functionality. In the same vein an implementation, which does include a particular option, **MUST** be prepared to interoperate with another implementation, which does not include the option (except, of course, for the feature the option provides.)

## 2.2 Requirements structure

Each module specific chapter contains a short functional description of the Basic Software Module. Requirements of the same kind within each chapter are grouped under the following headlines (where applicable):

Functional Requirements:

- Configuration (which elements of the module need to be configurable)
- Initialisation
- Normal Operation
- Shutdown Operation
- Fault Operation
- ...

Non-Functional Requirements:

- Timing Requirements
- Resource Usage
- Usability
- Output for other WPs (e.g. Description Templates, Tooling,...)
- ...

### 3 Functional Overview

This specification specifies the functionality, API and the configuration of the AUTOSAR Basic Software module Pwm driver.

Each PWM channel is linked to a hardware PWM which belongs to the microcontroller. The type of the PWM signal ( for example center Align, left Align, Etc.. ) is not defined within this specification and is left up to the implementation.

The driver provides services for initialization and control of the microcontroller internal PWM stage (pulse width modulation). The PWM module generates pulses with variable pulse width. It allows the selection of the duty cycle and the signal period time.



## 4 Acronyms and abbreviations

Acronyms and abbreviations that have a local scope are not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary. These must appear in a local glossary.

<b>Acronym:</b>	<b>Description:</b>
CS	Chip Select
DIO	Digital Input Output
ECU	Electric Control Unit
DMA	Direct Memory Access
HIS	Herstellerinitiative Software
ICU	Input Capture Unit
MAL	Old name of Microcontroller Abstraction Layer (replaced by MCAL because 'MAL' is a french term meaning 'bad')
MCAL	Microcontroller Abstraction Layer
MCU	Microcontroller Unit
MISO	Master Input Slave Output
MMU	Memory Management Unit
MOSI	Master Output Slave Input
Master	A device controlling other devices (slaves, see below)
Slave	A device being completely controlled by a master device
NMI	Non Maskable Interrupt
OS	Operating System
PLL	Phase Locked Loop
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
RX	Reception (in the context of bus communication)
SPAL	The name of this working group
SFR	Special Function Register
RTE	RunTime Environment

<b>Abbreviation:</b>	<b>Description:</b>
STD	Standard
REQ	Requirement
UNINIT	Uninitialized (= not initialized)

As this is a document from professionals for professionals, all other terms are expected to be known.

## 5 Requirement Specification

### 5.1 Functional Requirements

#### 5.1.1 General

##### 5.1.1.1 [SRS\_Pwm\_12459] The PWM Driver shall provide a scaling scheme for duty cycle

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM Driver shall provide the following scaling scheme for duty cycle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 = 0%</li> <li>• 0x8000 = 100%</li> </ul> <p>0x8000 gives the highest resolution while allowing 100% duty cycle to be represented with a 16 bit value.</p>
<b>Rationale:</b>	The value 0x8000 (32768) is chosen because the following calculation can be implemented efficiently.
<b>Use Case:</b>	Source code example: AbsoluteDutyCycle = ((uint32)AbsolutePeriodTime * RelativeDutyCycle) >> 15;
<b>Dependencies:</b>	[SRS_Pwm_12383] Resolution of duty cycle
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

](RS\_BRF\_01992)

##### 5.1.1.2 [SRS\_Pwm\_12383] The PWM driver shall provide a 16 bit interface to set the duty cycle

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall provide a 16 bit interface to set the duty cycle.
<b>Rationale:</b>	--
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	The duty cycle is always the active level of the signal (High or low, depends on idle level configuration, see [SRS_Pwm_12293])
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

](RS\_BRF\_01992)

#### 5.1.2 Configuration

##### 5.1.2.1 [SRS\_Pwm\_12375] The PWM Driver shall allow the module wide configuration of the numbers of PWM channels

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM Driver shall allow the module wide configuration of the following parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Number of PWM channels</li> </ul>
<b>Rationale:</b>	Basic configuration
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--

<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--
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](RS\_BRF\_01856)

### 5.1.2.2 [SRS\_Pwm\_12293] The PWM driver shall allow the static configuration of PWM channel properties

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	<p>The PWM driver shall allow the static configuration of the following options for each PWM channel.</p> <p>Mandatory parameters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• assigned HW channel</li> <li>• default value for period</li> <li>• default value for duty cycle</li> <li>• Polarity ( high or low )</li> <li>• idle state (duty cycle = 0%) high or low</li> <li>• Type of Channel: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Fixed Period</li> <li>- Fixed Period, shifted (if supported by hardware)</li> <li>- Variable Period</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Optional parameters (if supported by hardware):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• channel phase shift</li> <li>• Reference channel for phase shift</li> <li>• microcontroller specific channel properties</li> </ul>
<b>Rationale:</b>	Basic channel configuration.
<b>Use Case:</b>	Channel phase shift: to avoid EMC problems
<b>Dependencies:</b>	[SRS_Pwm_12383], [SRS_Pwm_12459]
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	BMW Specification MCAL V1.0a, MAL13.1.4 The idle level configuration covers the 'active phase' requirement from Hella.

](RS\_BRF\_01856)

### 5.1.2.3 [SRS\_Pwm\_12378] The PWM driver shall be able to assign notification to each edges of the PWM-signal

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall be able to assign notification to each edges of the PWM-signal. This notification shall be statically configurable.
<b>Rationale:</b>	--
<b>Use Case:</b>	PWM edge triggered ADC conversions PWM signal diagnosis
<b>Dependencies:</b>	[SRS_Pwm_12299], [SRS_Pwm_12293]
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

](RS\_BRF\_02200)

### 5.1.2.4 [SRS\_Pwm\_12379] All PWM Channels which work with the same MCU Timer shall have either the same frequency or independent frequencies

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	All PWM Channels which work with the same MCU Timer shall have either the same frequency or independent frequencies.

<b>Rationale:</b>	Depending on the microcontroller hardware it can be possible that not every PWM channel has it's own timer. In this case the PWM channels have to share one timer. The frequencies of the PWM channels have to be either the same or independent from the HW timer frequency. The configuration has to take this into account.
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

](RS\_BRF\_01008)

### 5.1.2.5 [SRS\_Pwm\_12389] The PWM driver shall allow only static configuration of the frequency for some PWM channels

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall allow only static configuration of the frequency for some PWM channels.
<b>Rationale:</b>	--
<b>Use Case:</b>	The frequency of some PWM channels shall not be changeable during runtime
<b>Dependencies:</b>	[SRS_Pwm_12293] configuration of the Type of channel.
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

](RS\_BRF\_01856)

## 5.1.3 Initialization

### 5.1.3.1 [SRS\_Pwm\_12380] By initializing the PWM driver, all PWM-channels shall be started

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	By initializing the PWM driver, all PWM-channels are started.
<b>Rationale:</b>	--
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

](RS\_BRF\_01136,RS\_BRF\_01096)

### 5.1.3.2 [SRS\_Pwm\_12381] By de-initializing the PWM driver, all PWM-channels shall be stop

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	By de-initializing the PWM driver, all PWM-channels shall be stopped.The state of the PWM outputs shall be configurable.
<b>Rationale:</b>	--
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	[SRS_Pwm_12293] Configuration of PWM channel properties
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

](RS\_BRF\_01096)

## 5.1.4 Normal Operation

### 5.1.4.1 [SRS\_Pwm\_12295] The PWM driver shall provide a service for setting the duty cycle of a selected channel

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall provide a service for setting the duty cycle of a selected channel. The parameters shall be <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PWM channel</li> <li>• PWM duty cycle (range: 0..100%; 0% = Inverted polarity level, 100% = Polarity level, no spikes allowed)</li> </ul>
<b>Rationale:</b>	Basic functionality.
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	[SRS_Pwm_12459], [SRS_Pwm_12383]
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	BMW Specification MCAL V1.0a, MAL13.x

](RS\_BRF\_01136)

### 5.1.4.2 [SRS\_Pwm\_12382] The PWM Driver shall wait to the end of the signal period to update the duty cycle of a PWM signal

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM Driver shall wait to the end of the signal period to update the duty cycle of a PWM signal. This feature shall be configurable.
<b>Rationale:</b>	Duty cycle not valid during a period. Duty cycle changes during a period can lead to undesired artefacts on the output signal (insertion of one pulse that is too short/too long). I know this as "buffered/unbuffered PWM output operation" (Freescale HC08). Buffered operation (which avoids those dirt effects) requires 2 registers instead of one.
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

](RS\_BRF\_01136)

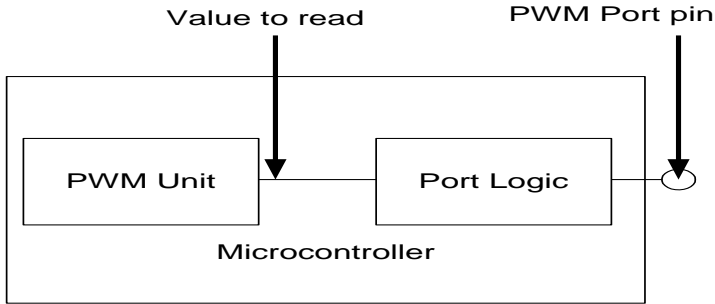
### 5.1.4.3 [SRS\_Pwm\_12358] The PWM driver shall be capable to set the output of selected channel to a given state immediately

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall be capable to set the output of selected channel to a given state immediately.
<b>Rationale:</b>	Allow disabling a PWM output.
<b>Use Case:</b>	Brake slope of an MOSFET controlled DC motor: The duty cycle is reduced step wise within a slope. After having reached the target brake duty cycle value (e.g. 35 %), the MOSFET is switched off by setting the duty cycle immediately to 0%.
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--

<b>Supporting Material:</b>	This shall be a separate interface
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](RS\_BRF\_01448)

**5.1.4.4 [SRS\_Pwm\_12385] The PWM driver shall provide a service to get the state of a PWM channel output**

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall provide a service to get the state of a PWM channel (high or low) if supported by hardware.
<b>Rationale:</b>	<p>Allow to read back the state of the PWM for diagnosis.</p>  <pre> graph LR     subgraph Microcontroller         direction LR         PWM_Unit[PWM Unit] --- Port_Logic[Port Logic]     end     Value_to_read[Value to read] --&gt; PWM_Unit     Port_Logic --&gt; PWM_Port_pin((PWM Port pin))     </pre>
<b>Use Case:</b>	<p>Diagnostic of low frequency PWM outputs. Edge detection using polling when modulating</p> <p>Explanation of Hella on 17.02.2005: A power stage is connected to a PWM output pin. The diagnosis output of the power stage is connected to an ADC input pin. The evaluation of the diagnosis output shall be started after the requested level appears on the PWM output pin.</p>
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

](RS\_BRF\_01448)

**5.1.4.5 [SRS\_Pwm\_12297] The PWM driver shall provide a service for setting the period of a selected channel**

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	<p>The PWM driver shall provide a service for setting the period of a selected channel. The parameters shall be</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PWM channel</li> <li>• PWM period</li> <li>• PWM duty cycle</li> </ul> <p>This functionality is available only for the PWM channel configured as type of channels "Variable Period".</p>
<b>Rationale:</b>	The PWM duty cycle parameter is necessary to maintain the consistency between frequency and duty cycle. Otherwise, the effective duty cycle would change when the period is valid or the PWM driver would have to recalculate the valid duty cycle by itself.
<b>Use Case:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kojak siren with stable 50% duty cycle square wave</li> <li>• LED blinking with different frequencies</li> </ul>

<b>Dependencies:</b>	[SRS_Pwm_12459] PWM duty cycle scaling
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	BMW Specification MCAL V1.0a, MAL13.8.0 Kojak movies (in case you do not know Kojak)

|(RS\_BRF\_01992)

#### 5.1.4.6 [SRS\_Pwm\_12299] The PWM driver shall allow to enable/disable the PWM edges notification during runtime

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall allow to enable/disable the PWM edges notification during runtime.
<b>Rationale:</b>	Allow synchronization with other modules
<b>Use Case:</b>	PWM edge triggered ADC conversions PWM signal diagnosis Update of duty cycle using the notification in case of single buffer
<b>Dependencies:</b>	[SRS_Pwm_12293] Configuration of PWM channel properties
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	HIS Specification I/O Driver V2.1.3

|(RS\_BRF\_01968)

#### 5.1.4.7 [SRS\_Pwm\_12460] An API shall be able to read the current power state of the PWM HW module

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall implement an API which allows to read the current power state of the HW peripheral from outside of the MCAL module. This API can be used by IoHwAbs and CDD SW Components.
<b>Rationale:</b>	It must be possible to gather information on the current power state of a peripheral; this is useful to assert the actual state of the peripheral e.g. in order to know what operations are supported by the peripheral in a given moment or to decide in which power state it should be set.
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	Concept n. 596 ECU Degradation

|(RS\_BRF\_01448,RS\_BRF\_01184)

#### 5.1.4.8 [SRS\_Pwm\_12461] An API shall be able to read the target power state of the <PWM/ADC> HW module

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall implement an API which allows to read the target power state of the HW peripheral from outside of the MCAL module. This API can be used by IoHwAbs and CDD SW Components.
<b>Rationale:</b>	It is necessary to get information on the target power state in order to understand if a power state transition is being executed and, in positive case, which one.
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	Concept n. 596 ECU Degradation

|(RS\_BRF\_01448,RS\_BRF\_01184))

#### 5.1.4.9 [SRS\_Pwm\_12462] The PWM Driver shall separate the power state setting procedure in to parts

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM Driver shall separate the power state transition sequence in two parts, a preparation phase (preliminary configuration changes to allow the peripheral to enter the target power state) and a setting phase (effective enabling of the valid power state).
<b>Rationale:</b>	Some peripherals may take more time than others to execute all preliminary transitions needed to get into a given power state. Moreover there could be some HW-related dependency between module, requiring to set a different peripheral in a specific power state or HW configuration before being able to transition the target peripheral. By splitting the process in a preparation and a setting phase, it is possible to synchronize different peripherals which than enter their valid power state all at the same time and it is also possible to coordinate HW state intermediate transitions.
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	Concept n. 596 ECU Degradation

[( RS\_BRF\_01448,RS\_BRF\_01184))

#### 5.1.4.10 [SRS\_Pwm\_12463] It shall be possible to select a synchronous or asynchronous power state transition process

<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	It shall be possible to configure a synchnous or an asynchronous power state transition behavior. In case a synchronous behavior is configured, the power transition preparation shall happen atomically and the SWC executing it must wait on the result. In case an asynchronous behavior is configured, the power transition preparation shall progress in background once requested and the MCAL module shall notify the registered SWC upon completion.
<b>Rationale:</b>	Some peripheral can be prepared to the valid power state in a negligible or acceptable time, which allows to spare the infrastructure needed to handle notifications, while blocking the caller for the time needed by the preparation. Some other peripheral could require some lengthier time to be prepared for the target power state, in this case the SWCs which expect a notification can instruct different modules to prepare for power state and go on with its execution, until all notifications are issued by the involved MCAL module.
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	Concept n. 596 ECU Degradation

[( RS\_BRF\_01448,RS\_BRF\_01184))

## 5.2 Non-Functional Requirements

### 5.2.1 [SRS\_Pwm\_12386] The PWM driver shall not cover a PWM emulation on general purpose I/O

[



<b>Type:</b>	Valid
<b>Description:</b>	The PWM driver shall only work with the PWM pins on the MCU. The PWM driver shall not cover a PWM emulation on general purpose I/O.
<b>Rationale:</b>	--
<b>Use Case:</b>	--
<b>Dependencies:</b>	--
<b>Supporting Material:</b>	--

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## 6 Related Documentation

### 6.1 Deliverables of AUTOSAR

- [1] List of Basic Software Modules  
AUTOSAR\_TR\_BSWModuleList.pdf
- [2] Layered Software Architecture  
AUTOSAR\_EXP\_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf
- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules  
AUTOSAR\_SRS\_BSWGeneral.pdf
- [4] General Requirements on SPAL  
AUTOSAR\_SRS\_SPALGeneral.pdf
- [5] Software Standardization Template  
AUTOSAR\_TPS\_StandardizationTemplate.pdf