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# 1 References

[1] AUTOSAR Template UML Profile and Modeling Guide https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22\_Releases AUTOSAR\_TemplateModelingGuide

[2] Specification of RTE Software <u>https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22\_Releases</u> AUTOSAR\_SWS\_RTE.pdf

[3] Software Component Template https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22\_Releases AUTOSAR\_SoftwareComponentTemplate.pdf

[4] AUTOSAR Model Persistence Rules for XML https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22\_Releases AUTOSAR\_ModelPersistenceRulesforXML

[5] MISRA-C: 2004. Guidelines for the use of the C language in critical systems.

[6] AUTOSAR: Technical Overview <u>https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22\_Releases</u> AUTOSAR\_TechnicalOverview



# 2 Scope

The limits of my language mean the limits of my world. Ludwig Wittgenstein

This document gives guidelines and conventions on using the AUTOSAR model elements in order to build AUTOSAR systems. It does **not** contain guidelines for the AUTOSAR meta model. This is already covered by [1].



## 3 How to read this document

All rules are identified by an ID.

The ID starts with "MR" for the Modeling Rules followed by three digits (MRxxx). The ID starts with "NR" for the Naming Rules followed by three digits (NRxxx).

The provided XML examples conform to the AUTOSAR metamodel R2.0.0.

## 3.1 Conventions used

In requirements, the following specific semantics are used (taken from Request for Comment RFC 2119 from the Internet Engineering Task Force IETF)

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119. Note that the requirement level of the document in which they are used modifies the force of these words.

- MUST: This word, or the terms "REQUIRED" or "SHALL", mean that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification.
- MUST NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "SHALL NOT", means that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification.
- SHOULD: This word, or the adjective "RECOMMENDED", mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore a particular item, but the full implications must be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.
- SHOULD NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "NOT RECOMMENDED" mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behavior is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications should be understood and the case carefully weighed before implementing any behavior described with this label.
- MAY: This word, or the adjective "OPTIONAL", means that an item is truly optional. One vendor may choose to include the item because a particular marketplace requires it or because the vendor feels that it enhances the product while another vendor may omit the same item. An implementation, which does not include a particular option, MUST be prepared to interoperate with another implementation, which does include the option, though perhaps with reduced functionality. In the same vein an implementation, which does include a particular option, MUST be prepared to interoperate with another implementation, which does not include the option (except, of course, for the feature the option provides.)



# 4 Requirements traceability

Document: AR\_RS\_SWC\_System\_Modeling

Requirement	Satisfied by
	4.3.1 ARPackage: All standardized entities are
standardized model elements of type ARElement	placed in the "autosar" package. No non-
	standardized entities are in the "autosar"
	package.
[MG002] Name should reflect the purpose of the	6.1, 6.4.2, 0
interface and/or data element	,, .
[MG005] Easy creation of names	6.3
[MG006] Model Elements names shall be self-	6.1, 6.4.2, 0, 6.4.4, 6.4.6, 6.4.7, 6.4.8
explanatory	····, ···· <u>-</u> , ·, ····, ····, ····, ····
[MG007] Distinguish model elements of different	5
model element suppliers of not standardized	
model elements	
[MG010] Model Element Names shall follow	6.3.1
semantic rules	
[MG011] Model Element Names are composed by	6.3
arranging standardized keywords	
[MG012] Semantic of Model Element Names shall	6.3.1
allow variable number of keywords	
[MG014] Length restriction for short names of	6.1,
Identifiable	,
[MG015] Interface and Data Type Names should	6.3.1
indicate the vector length in case of a vector of	
individual data of the same type	
[MG016] Names shall allow to indicate if the value	6.3 covers this requirement only partially. Values
is a direct measurement or a conditioned value	for keywords are needed
[MG017] Names should follow the ISO 8855 for	6.1 covers this requirement only partially,
English naming	standard is not mentioned.
[MG026] The naming convention shall provide an	6.3 covers this requirement only partially.
attribute to describe the data flow property	
[MG030] Use English as Standard Language for	6.1
Names	
[MG031] No Architectural Information in Names	6.4.6, 6.4.7
[MG034] Usage of Unique Keywords	6.3 Keywords are used to compose names
[MG039] Avoid usage of Trailing underscores	6.1
[MG040] Avoid sequences of underscores	6.1
characters	
[MG041] Do not rely on uppercase/lowercase	6.1.
difference only	
	6.2
domain experts	
[MG048] Easy lookup of names in databases	6.3.1
[MG049] Support Identifiable already present in	6.4
the MasterTable	
[MG050] comprehensive long names	6.1, 6.2.1
[MG054] Provide guidelines how to resolve name	
conflicts	
[MG052] Definition of Package Structure	6.4.1
[MG053] Model shall be compliant to the Meta	5
Model	
[MG055] Continuous Data Type resolution should	5
be a power of two	
[MG056] Standardized model elements shall not	4, 6.4.1
contain non standardized elements	



# 5 Modeling Rules

[MR001] Model shall be compliant to the Meta Model.

[MR002] Continuous Data Type resolution should be a power of two.

[MR003] Use AR Package concept for SW-C to distinguish different suppliers of SW-C. This helps to trace SW-C supplier in case of errors due to the usage of non standardized elements within an AUTOSAR Package (e.g. the set of data that is in AUTOSAR Release 3.0 for WP10.x).

[MR004] Each not standardized element is identifiable by the Package Name (e.g. SW-C HORN has a Package Name different from the official AUTOSAR Name, e.g. SUPPLIER1)

### 5.1 Reuse of model element

### 5.1.1 Reuse of one interface for multiple port

[MR005] The reuse of interfaces is encouraged.

Example:

The *Temperature* interface is used for the *InsideTemperature* port and *OutsideTemperature* port of a component type.

### 5.1.2 Reuse of one data type for multiple interfaces

[MR006]The reuse of data types is encouraged.

Example:

The *Torque* data type is used in the interfaces *MinimumTorqueAtClutch* and *MaximumTorqueAtClutch*.

## 5.2 Use of multiple ComponentPrototypes

[MR007] If the same port P of multiple ComponentPrototypes  $A_{1..n}$  of the same ComponentType is connected to another ComponentPrototype B, the name of the ports should be constructed by concatenating the name of the connected ComponentPrototype  $A_i$  and the name of the connected port P.

Example: The "Washer" ComponentType has an RPort "Activation". There are three ComponentPrototypes of this type: "FrontWasher", "RearWasher", and "HeadLampWasher". The WWManager ComponentType should have seprate PPorts that are connected to the RPorts of the three ComponentPrototypes. These PPorts should have the names "FrontWasherActivation", "RearWasherActivation", and "HeadLampWasherActivation".



# 6 Naming Convention for AUTOSAR Model Elements

This section contains naming conventions for AUTOSAR model elements.

## 6.1 General Rules for Names

[NR001] The language for the names shall be English.

A model element name shows up as a SHORT-NAME in XML in, for example: <SHORT-NAME>MyName</SHORT-NAME>

According to the rules for AUTOSAR XML files the short name has the type AR:IDENTIFIER (see the AUTOSAR Model Persistence Rules for XML ) and is restricted by the following regular expression:  $[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]{0,31}$ 

[NR002] This means that a short name must be between 1 and 32 characters long, shall begin with a letter and shall contain letters and numbers.

[NR003] As additional requirement to the MetaModel, underscores are not allowed in the short names.

Rules NR002 and NR003 lead to the following regular expression for short names:  $[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]{0,31}$ 

[NR004] Names shall not differ in capitalization only.

Do not distinguish names only from uppercase/lowercase format since the user can easily mix up names that differ only for capitalization. The following example lists not allowed name differentiation: Short name 1: DoorLocked

Short Name2: doorLocked

[NR005] A name must be usable as valid identifier in source code for C, C++ and C-preprocessor.

The rationale behind this rule is, that some of the names are used by code generators, especially the RTE generator, to produce source code symbols. Since it would be difficult to state for each individual name if and in which context it will ever be used by generators, this general restriction is made.

[NR006] The names of elements shall document their meaning or use.

[NR007] No prefixes at all shall be used for AUTOSAR model identifiers (types, units, ports, interfaces, data elements...).

Reasons for not using prefixes:

- Shorter names, e.g. if it shows up in the RTE API in names as RTE\_...
- If we had any prefix for e.g. interfaces, prefixes would have to be defined for all elements (ports, SWCs, data types,...).



- Prefixes can be introduced by code generators for the identifiers of programming language APIs.
- The information, whether some element is a Component, DataType, Interface, etc., is already contained in the structure of the XML file.

## 6.2 Relation between Model Level and the Implementation Level

This section describes the relation between the model level of AUTOSAR and the implementation level. A "model" in this chapter means an AUTOSAR model, i.e., an instance of the AUTOSAR meta model. "Implementation" means the realization of the model in a programming language, like C. For a more detailed explanation please see the "AUTOSAR Technical Overview" [6].

### 6.2.1 Length Restrictions

The RTE Specification 0 contains rules on how to map model-level names to generated names on implementation-level.

For example, an implementation-level name for a sender/receiver implicit write is created as follows:

Rte\_IWrite\_<runnable-entity-name>\_<port-name>\_<data-element-name>

This name is visible to the linker as an external identifier. MISRA [5] rule 1.4 requires that the significant part of such a name must not exceed 31 chars. Since AUTOSAR decided to allow a deviation from this rule, the size of the generated name can exceed 31. Taking into account that each single name from the model cannot exceed 32 characters, the name given above could have as much as 11 + 1 + 32 + 1 + 32 + 1 + 32 = 143 characters.

It is currently not yet decided, whether compilers/linkers must support this worst case for AUTOSAR or a lower limit for the total budget of the name size will be defined.

### 6.2.2 Data Types

[NR008] Data type names in an AUTOSAR model shall conform to C/C++ names for typedefs (e.g. they should not be C keywords).

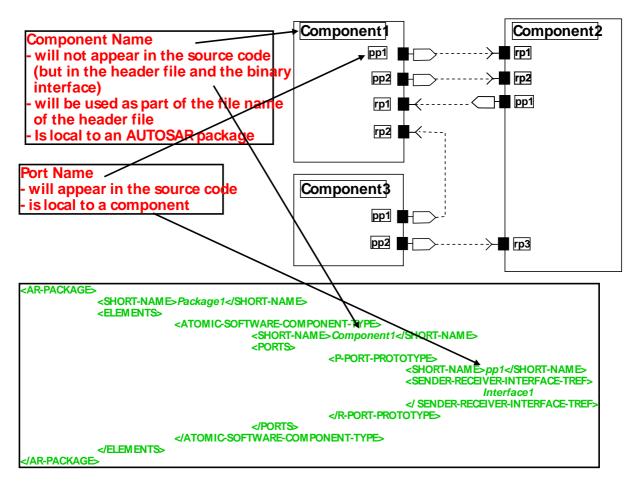
The implementation level "typedef" names (generated by the RTE API generator) must be unique on an ECU to avoid compiler name clashes.

### 6.2.3 RTE rules of name mapping

- The following RTE requirements describe the mapping from modeling level to implementation level:
  - rte\_sws\_1143
  - rte\_sws\_1155



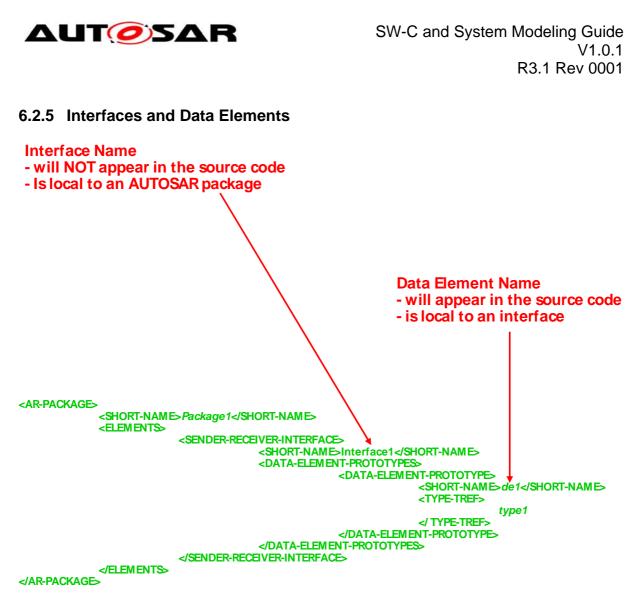
- rte\_sws\_1156
- rte sws 1144
- Example: <sup>1</sup>
  - Name/Abbr of component type: Washer / Was
  - Name/Abbr of the component prototype: FrontWasher / FnWas
  - Name/Abbr of runnable entity: monitor
  - Name/Abbr of provide port: OutsideTemperature / OutT
  - Name/Abbr of sender-receiver interface of this port: Temperature
  - Name/Abbr the data element: value / val
  - According to the rte\_sws rules the following name will be used at implemenation level (example): Std\_ReturnType Rte\_IRead\_monitor\_OutT\_val(RTEInstance self);
  - The following name will be visible as an external name of the binary SWC: Rte IRead Was monitor OutT val

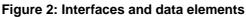


#### 6.2.4 Components and Ports

Figure 1: Components and ports

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The keywords and keyword abbreviations used in this example may not be consistent to the keyword list. 12 of 55





## 6.3 Usage of Keywords

Depending on its role in the component design, names for component types, ports, port interfaces or data elements can make use of the keywords and abbreviations for signal names, which are described in more detail in 6.3.1. The advantage is, that this results in relatively short names with established meaning.

[NR009] No underscores shall be used to separate keywords, because the RTE uses them to separate port names from Data Element names. Instead of underscores **capital letters** shall be used to separate the keywords.

### 6.3.1 Keyword Composition Semantic Rules

[NR010] Names are composed by concatenating predefined keywords.



[NR011] Each keyword shall start with an uppercase letter, or a number, followed by lowercase letters.

[NR013] Keywords shall be single English word. To shorten the names within maximum allowed numbers of characters keyword abbreviations are provided.

[NR018] A keyword (abbreviation) should not be a valid single English word unless the meanings of the keyword and the English word are the same. This avoids potential misunderstanding while reading short names.

[NR014] Short names shall contain keyword abbreviations only.

[NR015] Long names should contain keywords and use keyword abbreviations only if name length restrictions require it.

[NR016] Keywords and keyword abbreviations must be unique.

[NR017] Some terms of common usage in the automotive environment cannot be expressed by a single English word. In such a case the abbreviation and the keyword shall be identical.

Examples:

Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish
Engine	Eng	Engine
Abs	Abs	Antilock Braking System

 Table 1 Example of common use keyword abbreviation

[NR018] In order to build readable and understandable names keywords must be arranged according to semantic rules. Such rules define **Fields** that must be used in a defined sequence:

Sequence	Field Name	Description	Rules and Examples
1	Mean / Environment / Device	Physical mean, environment. Define the element subject of <b>Action.</b>	definition. Abbreviation or acronym cannot end
2	Action / Physical Type	type conditioning or modifying the	The Action shall be a verb. The Physical Type shall be a noun. It can be also a compound. Abbreviation or acronym cannot end with a digit.



Sequence	Field Name	Description	Rules and Examples			
3	Condition / Qualifier	event issuing or	compound definition. Abbreviation or acronym cannot end with a digit. Examples for Condition: Absolute, Current, Old, New, Differential, AbsoluteEstimated, Examples for Qualifier: Request, Command,			
4	Index / Dimension	Identifies the signal as part of a logically structured information or its dimension. Can be used to identify elements multiply instanced (index) or section of information.	When used, it is always the last keyword in the sequence: Examples for Index: BrakeSwitch1			

#### **Table 2 Fields**

Fields are concatenated according to the **Sequence** column numbering: <u>MeanEnvironmentDeviceActionPhysicaltypeConditionQualifierIndexDimen</u> <u>sion</u>

[NR034] Prepositions can not be classified as belonging to any of the semantic fields. Therefore their usage shall be limited. When they are used, they restart the sequence of the semantic fields. This leads to the following naming pattern: <u>MeanEnvironmentDeviceActionPhysicaltypeConditionQualifierIndexDimen</u> <u>sionPrepositionMeanEnvironmentDeviceActionPhysicaltypeConditionQu</u> <u>alifierIndexDimensionPreposition</u> ...

[NR019] None of the fields are mandatory and fields can be repeated, i.e. names can be built by using an arbitrary number of fields.

[NR020] Only keywords classified as **Index/Dimension** can start with a number. When used, **Index/Dimension** field is always the last in the sequence of keywords.

The following examples are valid long names: <u>Gear</u>Actual <u>MirrorMoveCommand</u> <u>EngineSpeed</u> <u>EngineSpeedMaximum</u>

resulting in the following short names: <u>Gear</u>Act <u>MirrMoveCmd</u> <sup>15 of 55</sup>



Eng*Spd* Eng*Spd*Max

Keywords can be concatenated to build compound definitions. Examples (long names): BrakePedalSwitch1 VehicleBodyVerticalAccelerationBaseMeasured OpenCloseRequest DamperStatusActive

resulting in the short names: BrkPedISwi1 VehBodyVertABaseMeasd OpenClsReq DamprStsAcv

The following example shows the usage of prepositions: Long Name: EngineSpeedAtGearTarget Short Name: EngSpdAtGearTar

[NR021] The following table shows what **Fields** are allowed to compose names for different Model Elements.

All Model Elements but SW-COMPU-METHOD are listed since such element is not part of the Functional Interfaces Master Table.

Model Element	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index/Dimension
ARPackage	X			X
SenderReceiverInterface	X	x	X	X
DataElementPrototype	X	x	X	X
DataType	X	x	X	X
ComponentType	X	x	X	X
ComponentPrototype	X	x	X	X
PortType	X	x	X	X
Unit	X		Х	

#### Table 3 Allowed combinations of keywords for meta model elements

The following examples show incorrect names:

Naming a PortType: MaximumEngineSpeed causes a keyword sequence error: Condition/Qualifier keyword cannot precede Mean/Environment/Device keyword. The correct sequencing is: EngineSpeedMaximum



Naming a DataElementPrototype: <u>MirrMoveCmd</u> causes a Forbidden Field name for Model Element error: <u>Mean/Environment/Device</u> and <u>Action</u> keywords cannot be used for DataElementPrototype. To workaround this define an interface <u>MirrMove</u> having a data element named Cmd.

## 6.4 Model Elements

The naming conventions apply to the *ShortName* (*SHORT-NAME*) attribute and the *LongName* (*LONG-NAME*) of the element. The element must be a specialization of *Identifiable*. The elements are referred to by their meta-model name. The names in brackets are the XML element names.

To come to a reasonable naming conventions, for each element the objectives of the convention are described first.

[NR031] Long Names shall be constructed from keywords according to the rules given in Section 6.3.

[NR032] Short names shall be constructed from keyword abbreviations according to the rules given in Section 6.3.

#### 6.4.1 ARPackage (AR-PACKAGE)

An ARPackage creates a name space. In one system package names have to be unique. Packages can have sub-packages.

The following rules are defined for the package structure:

- [NR022] Below the root an ARPackage called AUTOSAR shall be placed. Everything inside the top-level package AUTOSAR is standardized by the AUTOSAR consortium (see requirement [MG001], [MG056]). The top-level package name AUTOSAR is reserved by the AUTOSAR consortium and shall not be used elsewhere.
- [NR023] Within this ARPackage packages called DataTypes, Units, SenderReceiverInterfaces, and Compositions shall be placed.

These rules define the package structure for the standardized elements of the M1 modeling level. According to requirement MG056 the AUTOSAR package is a reserved name space. Only elements which are standardized by the AUTOSAR consortium shall be added to this name space. These elements shall not be modified.

The following figure shows an example for the resulting package structure.



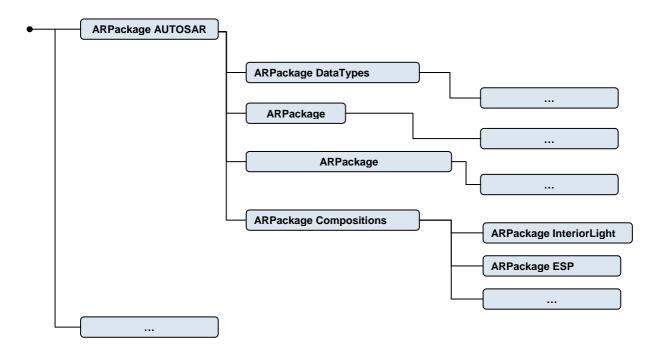


Figure 3: AUTOSAR Package structure

#### 6.4.2 SenderReceiverInterface (SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE)

**Recommendations:** 

[NR024] A SenderReceiverInterface is a reusable element. So if reuse is intended, the name should be independent of its concrete usage by components and ports and should only reflect its general purpose.

Example:

```
<SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>

<SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>

<LONG-NAME>BatU</SHORT-NAME>

<DESC>Provides the actual voltage level as measured at the battery.</DESC>

<DATA-ELEMENTS>

<DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE>

<SHORT-NAME>value</SHORT-NAME>

<DESC></DESC>

<TYPE-TREF>/AUTOSAR/DataTypes/BatV</TYPE-TREF>

<IS-QUEUED>false</IS-QUEUED>

</DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE>

</DATA-ELEMENTS>

</SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>
```

[NR025] To allow reuse, the communication path shall not be encoded in the interface name.



The following names are bad examples for interface names:

SSM2EPBRequestedVehicleBrakeTorque

SSM2ESPRequestedVehicleBrakeTorque

The interface name in this example shall be "RequestedVehicleBrakeTorque" and the names of the ports could be "SSM2EPBRequestedVehicleBrakeTorque" and "SSM2ESPRequestedVehicleBrakeTorque".

#### 6.4.3 DataElementPrototype (DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE)

Objectives:

- Should only be significant relative to the SenderReceiverInterface.
- Shall be a unique name per SenderReceiverInterface.

**Recommendations:** 

- [NR026] The name shall reflect the content of the data. If no sensible name for the data element can be found and the interface is used to indicate a data transfer, the name Value should be used.
- [NR027] If the data element prototype contains no value information, but an operation, the name shall reflect the operation that is driven by the data element prototype.

Example: Close.

- [NR028] If no sensible name for the data element prototype can be found and the interface is used to indicate an operation, the name Operation should be used.
- [NR029] If the SenderReceiverInterface contains more than one data element prototype denoting the same operation, a "Mean/Environment/Device" keyword must be used to differentiate the operations. (Here "operation" is not used in the sense of ClientServerInterface operations, but as an operation or action which is triggered by a SenderReceiver communication. "Operation" is also not identical to the semantic field "Action".) Example:

```
ExteriorLightDisplay
ParkingLightDisplay
```

ExtLiDisp PrkgLiDisp

Remark: In the above example "Display" is used as "Action/Physical Type". Hence it is after the "Mean/Environment/Device" keyword.

[NR030] Data element prototype names should start with capital letters. If they
contain multiple words, the words should be visibly separated by starting them
with upper case letters.

Example:

```
<DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE>

<SHORT-NAME>value</SHORT-NAME>

<DESC></DESC>

<TYPE-TREF>/AUTOSAR/DataTypes/BatV</TYPE-TREF>

<IS-QUEUED>false</IS-QUEUED>

</DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE>
```



### 6.4.4 DataType (DATA-TYPE)

The following classes are subclasses of the class DataType in the AUTOSAR meta model. Therefore, the naming convention applies also to these classes. PrimitiveType (PRIMITIVE-TYPE) CompositeType (COMPOSITE-TYPE) ArrayType (ARRAY-TYPE)

Recommendations:

- [NR031] The name shall reflect the meaning of the type.
- The name will show up at implementation level via "typedef"
- [NR032] No prefixes, such as "t\_" shall be used in the type name.
- [NR044] If there are several data types, which represent the same physical entity, but with different ranges or resolution, the name shall reflect the use case of the different types. If no such generic use case can be found, the type names shall end with a sequence number. No meaning should then be associated with the number.

The rule NR044 ensures the reusability of the types.

Example: Temperature1, Temperature2, Temperature3

Example XML:

```
<PRIMITIVE-TYPE>

<SHORT-NAME>BatV</SHORT-NAME>

<LONG-NAME>BatteryVoltage</LONG-NAME>

<DESC>It represents the battery voltage level</DESC>

<SEMANTICS-REF>/AUTOSAR/DataTypes/compu/BatV</SEMANTICS-REF>

<TYPE-REF>/AUTOSAR/DataTypes/UInt8</TYPE-REF>

</PRIMITIVE-TYPE>
```

### 6.4.5 CompuMethod (SW-COMPU-METHOD)

[NR033] SW-COMPU-METHOD elements must be placed in their own package to avoid name clashes with the types they are used in. This allows using the same name for the type and the CompuMethod.

Example:

```
<COMPU-METHOD>

<SHORT-NAME>BatV</SHORT-NAME>

<LONG-NAME>BatteryVoltage</LONG-NAME>

<CATEGORY>LINEAR</CATEGORY>

<UNIT-REF>/AUTOSAR/Units/volt</UNIT-REF>

<COMPU-PHYS-TO-INTERNAL>

<COMPU-PHYS-TO-INTERNAL>

<COMPU-SCALES>

<COMPU-SCALE>

<COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>

<COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>

<COMPU-NUMERATOR>

<V>0</V>
```



<v>0,1</v>
<compu-denominator></compu-denominator>
<v>1</v>

## 6.4.6 ComponentType (COMPONENT-TYPE)

The following classes are subclasses of the class ComponentType in the AUTOSAR metamodel. Therefore, the naming convention applies also to these classes. CompositionType (COMPOSITION-TYPE) AtomicSoftwareComponentType (ATOMIC-SOFTWARE-COMPONENT-TYPE) SensorActuatorSoftwareComponentType (SENSOR-ACTUATOR-SOFTWARE-COMPONENT-TYPE)

**Objectives:** 

- Avoid name clashes within the package
- Classification of components •
- Not for component prototypes (see 6.4.7) ٠

**Recommendations:** 

- Use concatenation of nouns. а noun or Example SensorSpeed SnsrSpd
- [NR035] Using a prefix to indicate the application domain (such as powertrain, • body, chassis) of the ComponentType is **not** allowed.
- The name should be understandable. •
- Names shall be constructed from keywords, where applicable, see 6.3. ٠

Examples	
VehicleSpeed	VehSpd
VehicleMotionDemand	VehMtnDmd
WiperWasher	WiprWas

#### Example:

```
<COMPOSITION-TYPE>
   <SHORT-NAME>RemKey</SHORT-NAME>
  <LONG-NAME>RemoteKey</LONG-NAME>
  <PORTS>
   <P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
    <SHORT-NAME>CarFindr</SHORT-NAME>
    <LONG-NAME>CarFinder</LONG-NAME>
    <PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF>/AUTOSAR/Interfaces/CarFindrReq</PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF>
   </P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
    <P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
    <SHORT-NAME>AccessRemoteKey</SHORT-NAME>
    <PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF>/AUTOSAR/Interfaces/CenLckgReq</PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF>
    </P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
   </PORTS>
                                                         Document ID 207: AUTOSAR_SWC_System_Modeling.doc
```

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<COMPONENTS/> <CONNECTORS/> </COMPOSITION-TYPE>

### 6.4.7 ComponentPrototype (COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE)

Objectives of naming conventions for component prototypes (which are the instances of each component type):

- avoid name clashes within the composition
- classification of components

These names are not used within the API to the RTE.

Rules:

• Use a noun or concatenation of nouns.

[NR036] Using a prefix to indicate the application domain (such as powertrain, body, chassis) of the ComponentPrototype is **not** allowed.

The name should be understandable. In case a composition contains more than one instance of the same component type, the prototype name should reflect the role of this specific instance in the composition.

Example: LeftDoor, RightDoor

Example:

```
<COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE>
<SHORT-NAME>CenLckgMst</SHORT-NAME>
<LONG-NAME>CentralLockingMaster</LONG-NAME>
<TYPE-TREF>/AUTOSAR/ComponentTypes/CenLckgMst</TYPE-TREF>
</COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE>
```

### 6.4.8 PortPrototype (P-PORT-PROTOTYPE, R-PORT-PROTOTYPE)

**Objectives:** 

- should only be significant relative to the SW component (e.g. left, right etc.)
- unique name per component

**Recommendations:** 

• [NR037] The PortPrototype shall indicate the operation or data that is provided/required by the port

Example: Long-Name: Status Short-Name: Sts

#### DON'TS:



• [NR038] Do not include the component name in the port name.

#### Example:

```
<R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>

<SHORT-NAME>PassDoorLckSt</SHORT-NAME>

<LONG-NAME>PassengerDoorLockState</LONG-NAME>

<REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF>/AUTOSAR/Interfaces/LckSt</REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF>

</R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
```

### 6.4.9 Units (UNIT)

**Objectives:** 

• Shall be unique.

Recommendations:

- [NR040] If the unit is a formula containing "power of 2" the name shall contain "Squared"
- [NR041] If the unit is a formula containing "power of 3" the name shall contain "Cubed"
- [NR042] If the unit is a formula containing "power of >3" the name shall contain ToPwrOf<number>.
- [NR043] If the unit is a formula containing a division the name shall contain "Per"

Example:

### 6.4.10 Enumerations

There is no explicit support for enumeration types in the metamodel. Enumerations are modeled by using a PrimitiveType and a CompuMethod.

#### Example:

<PRIMITIVE-TYPE>
 <SHORT-NAME>GearLvrPsn</SHORT-NAME>



```
<LONG-NAME>GearLeverPosition</LONG-NAME>
        <DESC>Only defined for automatic transmissions. Based on the lever position.</DESC>
        <SEMANTICS-REF>/AUTOSAR/DataTypes/enum/GearLvrPsn</SEMANTICS-REF>
        <TYPE-REF>/AUTOSAR/DataTypes/UInt3</TYPE-REF>
</PRIMITIVE-TYPE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
   <SHORT-NAME>enum</SHORT-NAME>
   <ELEMENTS>
      <COMPU-METHOD>
        <SHORT-NAME>GearLvrPsn</SHORT-NAME>
        <LONG-NAME>GearLeverPosition</LONG-NAME>
        <CATEGORY>TEXTTABLE</CATEGORY>
        <DESC>Enumeration{ N, P, R, D, S, D1, D2, D3 }</DESC>
        <COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
            <COMPU-SCALES>
                <COMPU-SCALE>
                    <DESC>0 = N</DESC>
                    <LOWER-LIMIT>0</LOWER-LIMIT>
                    <UPPER-LIMIT>0</UPPER-LIMIT>
                    <COMPU-CONST><VT>N</VT></COMPU-CONST>
                </COMPU-SCALE>
                <COMPU-SCALE>
                    <DESC>1 = P</DESC>
                    <LOWER-LIMIT>1</LOWER-LIMIT>
                    <UPPER-LIMIT>1</UPPER-LIMIT>
                    <COMPU-CONST><VT>P</VT></COMPU-CONST>
                </COMPU-SCALE>
                <COMPU-SCALE>
                    <DESC>2 = R < /DESC>
                    <LOWER-LIMIT>2</LOWER-LIMIT>
                    <UPPER-LIMIT>2</UPPER-LIMIT>
                    <COMPU-CONST><VT>R</VT></COMPU-CONST>
                </COMPU-SCALE>
                <COMPU-SCALE>
                    <DESC>3 = D</DESC>
                    <LOWER-LIMIT>3</LOWER-LIMIT>
                    <UPPER-LIMIT>3</UPPER-LIMIT>
                    <COMPU-CONST><VT>D</VT></COMPU-CONST>
                </COMPU-SCALE>
                <COMPU-SCALE>
                    <DESC>4 = S</DESC>
                    <LOWER-LITMIT>4</LOWER-LITMIT>
                    <UPPER-LIMIT>4</UPPER-LIMIT>
                    <COMPU-CONST><VT>S</VT></COMPU-CONST>
                </COMPU-SCALE>
                <COMPU-SCALE>
                    <DESC>5 = D1 < /DESC>
                    <LOWER-LIMIT>5</LOWER-LIMIT>
                    <UPPER-LIMIT>5</UPPER-LIMIT>
                    <COMPU-CONST><VT>D1</VT></COMPU-CONST>
                </COMPU-SCALE>
                <COMPU-SCALE>
                    <DESC>6 = D2</DESC>
                    <LOWER-LIMIT>6</LOWER-LIMIT>
                    <UPPER-LIMIT>6</UPPER-LIMIT>
                    <COMPU-CONST><VT>D2</VT></COMPU-CONST>
                </COMPU-SCALE>
                <COMPU-SCALE>
                    <DESC>7 = D3 < /DESC>
                    <LOWER-LIMIT>7</LOWER-LIMIT>
                    <UPPER-LIMIT>7</UPPER-LIMIT>
                    <COMPU-CONST><VT>D3</VT></COMPU-CONST>
                </COMPU-SCALE>
            </COMPU-SCALES>
        </COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
    </COMPU-METHOD>
   </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
```



# 7 Appendix: Keywords

Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
0		Index 0. This keyword is used to express the number zero in form of an index				x	
1		Index 1. This keyword is used to express the number one in form of an index				x	BrakePedalSwitch1
2		Index 2. This keyword is used to express the number two in form of an index				x	BrakePedalSwitch <b>2</b>
3		Index 3. This keyword is used to express the number three in form of an index				x	
4		Index 4. This keyword is used to express the number four in form of an index				x	
5		Index 5. This keyword is used to express the number five in form of an index				x	
6		Index 6. This keyword is used to express the number six in form of an index				x	
7		Index 7. This keyword is used to express the number seven in form of an index				x	
8		Index 8. This keyword is used to express the number eight in form of an index				x	
9		Index 9. This keyword is used to express the number nine in form of an index index 1D. used for location of oxigen sensors (4 banks and 2 sensors) - Parameter Identification 1D according with ISO15031-5. 2 banks and 4 sensors are identified by the				x	
1d 4wd	4wd	The four wheel drive is a feature of some cars where four wheels are used to transmit the force of the engine to the ground.			x	x	
Abs	Abs	antilock braking system	х				AbsControlActivation
Absolute	Absv	absolute value			x		BodyPitchAngle <b>Absolu</b> teEstimated
Ac	Ac	alternating current/voltage	X				
Acc Acceleration	Acc	Adaptive Cruise Control This keyword is used to give the physical value of acceleration. It is the value of gaining speed.	x	x			Acc WheelVerticalAccelerat ionEstimated
Accelerator	Accr		х				Accelerator Pedal Ratio
Access	Acs			x			AccessRequestKeyles s
Accommodation	Acco				x		
Acknowledge	Ack				x		
Acknowledged	Ackd				x		
Acoustic	Aco				x		
Acquire	Acq			x			
Acquired	Acqd				x		
Acquisition	Acqn	action for function calls. The keyword ACTION is used to express function calls. All ACTION- calls are collected in a document			x		
Action	Actn	'action_collection.xls' in the Naming-folder.	_		х		Mirror Action Status
Activate	Acvt	Ŭ.		x			
Activated	Acvd				х		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Activation	Acvn			x			AbsControlActivation
Active	Acv		x		X		ActiveDamperStatus
Actual	Act				x		Gear <b>Actual</b>
Actuator	Actr		X				BrakeActuatorMode
Adapter	Adpr		X				MirrorActuatorAdapter
Adaptive	Adpv				X		AdditionalSteeringAngl
Additional	Addl		x		х		eFront
Additive	Add				х		
Address	Adr				х		
Adhesion	Adh			x			
Adjust	Adi						MirrorManualAdjustRe
Adjust Adjustment	Adj Adjmt			x x			quest
Advance	Ady			^	x		
Advance	Aft		x		^		
Aging	Agi		^		x		
Aid	Aid			x	^		PullAidCommand
							Ambient Air Temperatur
Air	Air	Also used as definition of "fresh gas"	x				e
Airbag	Airb	airbag	х				
Alarm	Alrm				X		AlarmRequestVisual EngineModeAllowable
Allowable	Allwbl				х		Requests
Allowed	Allwd				v		TorqueAtClutchMaximu m <b>Allowed</b> ForTransmis sionProtection
Alternative	Altv		v		X		SIGNETOLECIION
Alternative	Altv		x				AlternatorDeactivation
Alternator	Alt	alternator	x				Flag
Altitude	Alti	in case of class = "Physical meaning": Unit must be [m]			x		
Ambient	Amb		x				AmbientAirTemperatur e
Amount	Amnt		^	х			Rain <b>Amount</b> Status
Ampere	Ampr		х				
					2		RoadExcitationAmplitu
Amplitude	Amp	automated manual transmission. use: LV_PUMP_AMT_ON activation of hydraulic			x		de
Amt	Amt An	pump for AMT-actuator supply	X		, <u>,</u>		Amt
Analog					x		TqAtCrksftBySlow <b>And</b> F
And	And	Preposition	x	x	x	<u> </u>	astPathMin
Angle	Ag			x			BodyPitch <b>Angle</b> Absolut eEstimated Wheel <b>Angular</b> Velocity
Angular	Agr				x		Standard
Anti	Anti		x				AntiTheftSystem
Application	Appl		х				
Arbitrated	Arbd				x		DeltaTorqueRequested Front <b>Arbd</b>
Arbitration	Arbn			x			Acceleration <b>Arbitration</b> Result
Area	Ar			x			



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		This keyword described the constructional element of an armature. It should be used e.g.					
Armoturo	A	for calculations of the armature movement of a coil actuator.					
Armature Array	Arm Ary		x		x		
Ash	Ash		x		^		
Asr	Asr	anti slip regulation (Acceleration Slip Control)	x				
Assist	Assi	assistant (assistance). this keyword expresses the availability of an electronic assitant or assistance for a component or system. For example: the electronic brake assistant. assistant (assistance). this keyword expresses the availability of an electronic assitant or	x				Brake <b>Assist</b> Request
Assistant	Asi	assistance for a component or system. For example: the electronic brake assistant.	x				
Assisted	Assid		x				
Asw	Asw	Application Software	x				
Asynchronous	Async		x				
A.4		Descention for location, time, process					Torque <b>At</b> ClutchMaximu
At Ata	At Ata	Preposition for location, time, presence American Trucking Associations Diagnostics Bus. The SAE (Society of Automotive Engineers) in conjunction with the ATA (American Trucking Associations) established the J1708/J1587 diagnostics bus for trucks	x	×	x		m
Attenuator	Attn	The attenuator switch is a part of the powerstage which drives the piezo injectors.			x		
Autarkic							
Authorization	Authn			x			
Authorize Automatic	Auth			x	x		Mirror <b>Automatic</b> MoveR equest
Auxiliary	Aux				x		equesi
Available	Avl				x		TqImdt <b>Available</b> ForPtc AtCrksft <b>Max</b>
							AwdPtTqDistributionTo
Awd Axis	Awd Axis	All Wheel Drive	X				Wheels4Req AxisPositionStatus
Axle	Axie		x x				Front <b>Axle</b> ActiveStabiliz erStatus
B1	B1	misfire type			х		
B4	B4	misfire type			x		
Back	Back				х		
Backlit	Backlt				x		
Backlite	Backlite		x				
Balance	Bal			x			DynamicHandling <b>Balan</b> <b>ce</b> Coefficient
Balancing	Baln			x			
Bank	Bank		x				Road Bank Acceleration
Bar	Bar	As unit of measure	x				
Barometric	Baro	Preprocessed sensor data, model free,			X	ļ	
Base	Bas	abstraction of the sensor hardware.	<u> </u>		x		PitchRateBase
Battery	Bat		x				BatteryVoltage
Bdc	Bdc	bottom dead center	x				
Beginning	Beg				X		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		seat belt. this keyword is used to express the seat belt, which is a kind of security rope to					
Della	DI	keep the passenger in the seat in case of an					
Belt Bench	Blt	accident. bench mode. During OBD I / OBD II diagnoses and error management validation and tuning, the bench mode has to be used so as to force some failures.	x				
Bi	Bi	Prefix for double	^				
Bit	Bit				х		
Blind	Bli				x		
Blink	Blink			х			
Block	Blk				x		
Blocked	Blkd				х		
Bls	Bls	brake light switch	х				
Board	Bd		x				
Dedu	Dedu						BodyPitchAngleAbsolut
Body Boolean	Body Bool		X		x		eEstimated
Boost	Boost	A general expression to increase performance for a short period of time or to give a higher output. e.g. to give high voltage output or to support the combustion engine with additional torque (e.g. with a Integrated Starter Generator) for acceleration	×				
Boot	Boot				х		
Bottom	Botm		x				
Bounce	Bnce		x				
Bracket	Brkt		X				
Brake	Brk		X				BrakeActuatorMode
Bridge	Brdg	bridge contact			X		Outside <b>Brightness</b> Stat
Brightness	Bri	Basic Software. This keyword is used to describe a certain functional relationship with the infrastructural part of the software. Do not mix up with INFR which gives the architectural		x			us
Bsw	Bsw	relationship, e.g. in an Action call.	х				
Buffer	Buf				х		
Burner	Brnr		х				
Burning	Brng			x	x		
Bus	Bus				x		
Button	Btn		х				EpbControlButtonState
Buzzer	Buz				x		
Ву	Ву	Preposition	x	x	x		TqAtCrksftRealized <b>By</b> S lowPathMin
Bypass	Вур	BYP shall describe a component of a bypass.		x			SlipControl <b>Bypass</b> Req uest
Byte	Byte	byte			x		
C2	C2	class 2. class 2 is a GM version of J1850			x		
Cabin	Cbn		х				
Cac	Cac	Charged Air Cooler	х				
Calculated	Clcd				x		
Calculation	Clcn			x			
Calibration	Cal				x		
Call	Call				x		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Camshaft	Camsft		x				,
Can	Can	Controller Area Network	х				
Cancel	Cncl			х			
Cancelled	Cncld				х		
Candela	Cd	Unit of measure of luminous intensity	х				
Canister	Cstr		х				
							SensorDetectionCapab
Capability	Cpby	this keyword is used to express the Physical Meaning of a capacity (e.g. thermal capacity of			X		ility
Capacity	Ср	oil)		X			
Car	Car		X				<b>Car</b> FinderRequest
Carried	Carrd				X		
Case	Case		X				
Catalyst	Cat		X		-		
Centigrade	Cgrd		X				Degree Centigrade
Center	Ce				X		
Central	Cen		X		X		<b>Central</b> LockingStatus
Chamber	Chmb		x				
Change	Chg			x			
Changeable	Chgb	This becaused is used to suppose a shortest A			X		
Channel	Chn	This keyword is used to express a channel. A channel is a defined port (of a bundle of ports) of a data line.			x		
Characteristic	Chartc			x			
Charcoal	Chrcl		x				
Charge	Ch				X		
Charger	Chrgr		x				
Chassis	Chassis		x				ChassisNumber
Check	Chk				x		
Checksum	Cks				X		<b>Child</b> Drotestian Discusses
Child	Chd		x				ChildProtectionDiagnos isRequest
Choke	Choke	Choking, choke line. this keyword is used to describe the appearance of choking effects in an (air-)stream, e.g. at the choke line of a turbocharger (which is a characteristic parameter)	x				
Circuit	Circ		x				
Circumference	Circum	Used in the meaning of the wheel circumference CIR_WHEEL	x				WheelSpeed <b>Circumfer</b>
Circumferential	Circuml		L		x		entialStandard
Clamp	CImp			x			ClampControl
Clamped	Clmpd				x		
Class	Class				x		
Cleaner	Clnr		x				
Cleaning	Cing	Cleaning. this keyword describes the the action of cleaning e.g. a component.			x		
Clear	Clr			X		<u> </u>	
Cleared	Clrd				X	<u> </u>	
Climatisation	Clima			X			
Clock	Clk				X		
Close	Cls			X			Open <b>Close</b> Request
Closed	Clsd				Х	I	Open <b>Closed</b> Status



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Closure	Clsr				x		T MOLELINE
Clutch	Clu		x				TorqueAt <b>Clutch</b> Maxim um
Cng	Cng	compressed natural gas	x				
		carbon monoxide. carbon monoxide is one of the main exhaust gas pollutants of a					
Со	Co	combustion engine	x		-		
Coasting	Coast	situation of vehicle, where the clutch is kept open and the vehicle is moving by its own inertia, e.g. rolling downhill (coast driving state of a vehicle is a typical transmission / clutch function).		x			
Coated	Cot				х		
Code	Cod				x		<b></b>
Coefficient	Coeff				x		DynamicHandlingBalan ce <b>Coefficient</b>
Cog	Cog	Center of Gravity		x			<b>Cog</b> PositionEstimated
Coil	Coil		х				
Cold	Cold				х		
Collector	Coll		х		-		
Collision	Cllsn			x			<b>Collision</b> Mitigation
Column	Col				X		
Combustion	Cmb		x	x			<b>Combustion</b> Engine, Engine <b>Combustion</b> Sta tus
Comfort	Cmft	comfort. this keyword is used to express something as comfortable or convenient	x	x	x		ComfortAccelerationCo mmandInterface
Coming	Cmng		x		x		ComingHomeLeavingH omeRequest
Command	Cmd				х		Brightness Command
		common. for common environmental data					
Common	Cmn	(stored with all failures of one project).			x		
Communication	Com				x		
Commutation	Cmu				x		
Comparison	Comp				X		
Compartment	Cmptmt		x				Roll <b>Compensation</b> Lev
Compensation	Cmp				X		elActual
Complement	Cpl				X		
Complete	Cmpl				X		
Component Compression	Cpt				x		
Compressor	Cmpn Cmpr	This keyword is used to express a component producing a compressed (= with raised pressure) working medium, e.g. air, refrigerant.	x		X		AirConditioning <b>Compre</b> <b>ssor</b> TorqueRequest
Concentration	Conc			x			Tenevie AtOne shake (IF
Condition	Cdn				x		TorqueAtCrankshaftFor PtcAtOptimum <b>Conditio</b> <b>n</b> Maximum
Conditioner	Cdnr		х			İ	
Conditioning	Cdng		x		x		Air <b>Conditioning</b> Compr essorTorqueRequest
Configuration	Cfg				x		
Configured	Cfgd				х		
Confirmation	Cfm				х		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Confirmed	Cfmd				х		
Constant	Con				х		
Consumption	Cns				X		
Continuous	Contns				X		
Control	Ctl			X			BodyLevelControl
Controlled	Ctld				X		
Controller	Ctlr		X				
Convection	Cnvc				X		Engine TeM/heelTergue
Conversion	Cnvn			x			EngineToWheelTorque Ratio <b>Conversion</b>
Converter	Cnvr				х		
Convertible	Cnvtb		х				ConvertibleRoof
Coolant	Coolt		x				
Cooling	Coolg	This keyword is used to describe the cooling system e.g. of the engine. A cooling request can be fulfilled by air, coolant, ECF, CWP, etc.	x		x		FromSteeringTo <b>Coolin</b> <b>g</b> Request
Coordinated	Coord				х		
Coordination	Coorn				х		
Coordinator	Coorr		х		х		
Сору	Сору				х		
Corrected	Corrd				х		
Correction	Corrn				x		EngineTorque <b>Correcti</b> onDynamic
Correlation	CorrIn				х		
Coulomb	С	Unit of measure for Electric charge	х				
Count	Ct				х		
Counter	Ctr Ctrsft	Also applicable to running indexes. counter shaft. the keyword CNTS for a counter shaft is used to express the existance of this mechanical component.	x	X	X		Gearbox <b>Countershaft</b> Activated
Country	Ctry		х				CountryCode
Coupled	Coupld	It is the keyword for any linkage of software modules or functionalities or to express a kind of strict connection between two elsewise not linked parts.			x		
Cpu	Cpu	central processing unit	х		^		
Crankcase	Crkcs		x				
Crankshaft	Crksft		x				EngineTorqueAt <b>Cranks</b> haftActual
Crash	Crash		x				CrashStatus
Crawl	Crawl			х			
Criteria	Cta				х		
Critical	Crit				x		
Cruise	Crs		x				
Cubic	Cub				х		
Cubed	Cubd				х		
Current	Cur				х		
Customer	Cus		x				
Cut	Cut				X		
Cutoff	Cutoff			х			
Cvt	Cvt	continuous variable transmission	x				
Cycle	Сус				X		
Cylinder	Cyl		х	<u> </u>			



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
D	D	Differential part of a control structure			x		
Damper	Dampr		x				Active Damper Status
Damping	Dampg				X		
Das	Das	Driver Assistant Steering	x				AbsFront <b>Das</b> DriverTorq ueRequest
Dashboard	Dshb		x				<b>Dashboard</b> Brightness
Dashpot	Dash				х		g
Data	Da			х			Variance <b>Data</b> Type
Data	Data	date, point of time. This keyword is used to refer to a precise moment or a specific date. This can be a "time stamp" or a calendar date as well.			~		
Date Dc	Date Dc	direct current/voltage			x x		
Dcc	Dcc	distance cruise control. In case of cruise control on, the distance to the vehicle ahead is measured. If the distance falls below a defined limit, the vehicle speed is reduced automatically.	x				
Dct	Dct	Dual Clutch Transmission	x				
Deactivation	Deac		^		x		Alternator <b>Deactivation</b> Flag
							BrakeActuator <b>Deadban</b>
Deadband	Dbnd			X	-		dLower
Debounce	Deb	deceleration. formerly DEACC introduced by		x			
Deceleration	Dece	Mr. Kunz decrease, decrementation. this keyword is			x		
Decrease	Dec	used to express the stepwise descent of a value or counter.			x		
Default	Dft	default			x		
Defective	Dfct				x		
Defueling	Defu	defueling. It shall be used to describe the action of taking fuel out of the tank.			x		
Degree	Deg		x				DegreeCentigrade
Delay Delta	Dly				x		FrontArb <b>Delta</b> TorqueR equested
Demand	Dena				x x		HoldOn <b>Demand</b> State
Density	Dens			x			TioloonDemandState
Depression	Dep			^	x		
Desired	Des				x		
Detected	Detd				х		Kickdown <b>Detected</b> Sensor <b>Detection</b> Capab
Detection	Detn			x			ility
Deviation	De				X		
Device	Dev		X				
Dew Diagnosis	Dew	Dew Point	x	x			ChildProtection <b>Diagno</b> sisRequest
Diagnostic	Diagc		x	^			<b>Diagnostic</b> Monitor
Diameter	Diage	This name describes the component size, e.g. of driving wheels	^		x		2 agrostemontor
Diesel	Dsl		х				
Difference	Dif				x		FrontWheelEstimatedL oad <b>Difference</b>
Differential	Dftl	drive train context	x				Active <b>Differential</b> YawS tabilityControlStatus



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Digital	Dig				X		
Diluition	Dil				X		Global <b>Dim</b> LightComma
Dim	Dim	used as compound with Ligth	x				nd
Direction	Dir				x		Driving <b>Direction</b> Intend ed
Directory	Dire				x		
Disable	Di				х		ParkingLightDisable
Disappear	Disa	disappear. used, in order to define a state of failure: "disappeared failure"		x			
Discharge	Dcha				х		
Discrete	Dis				x		
Disk	Dsk		x				
Displacement	Dpl				х		
Display	Disp	In both meanings, the display (Component) and to display (Characteristic)	x	x			
Displayed	Dispd	In both meanings, the display (Component) and to display (Characteristic).			x		SpeedSetpoint <b>Displaye</b>
Distance	Dst			x			TravelledWheel <b>Distanc</b> eStandard RollMoment <b>Distributio</b>
Distribution	Dibtn				x		n
Division	Div				х		
Door	Door	use: LV_DOOR_OPEN driver door is open	х				DoorStatus
Down	Dwn				x		
Downhill	Dwnhl		x				
Downstream	Ds				X		
Dprt	Dprt	Derivative part of a control structure resistance, caused by mechanical, aerodynamical of topographical influences,			X		
Drag	Drg	being effective against a movement			х		
Drift	Drift				X		
Drive Driver	Drv Drvr	drive (gear engaged) Driver of the vehicle.	v		x		DriverPresenceFlag
Drivetrain	Dt		X		x		DrivetrainOpen
Driving	Drvg	Action of driving the vehicle.	x				DrivingDirectionIntend ed
Drop	Drp				х		
Dry	Dry	dry. dry is the opposite of lubricated in case of friction			x		
Dual	Dual		х				
Dummy	Dummy				x		
Duration	Dur				x		
Duty	Duty			x			Domensial la sull'a sub-st
Dynamic	Dyn		x				<b>Dynamic</b> HandlingBalan ceCoefficient
Dynamometer	Dyno		x				
E2p Economy	E2p Eco	e2prom economy. related to the detection of driver type either an economy/comfort oriented or a sportive/power requesting driver can be distinguished.	X		x		
Ecu	Ecu	electronic control unit	x		*		
Edge	Edge		^		x		
Edit	Edit			x	^		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Effective	Efc				х		
Efficiency	Eff			x			
Egr	Egr	exhaust gas recirculation electro hydraulic brake. ECU get CAN	x				
Ehb	Ehb	messages from EHB system.	х				
Elapsed	Elpd				х		
Electric	Elt		х		х		Electric Machine
Electrical	Eltl		х		х		
Electronic	Eltc		х		х		
Electronically	Eltcly		х		х		
Electropneumatic	Eltpnm		x		x		
Element	Elm		х				
Emission	Emi		х				
Emulated	Emuld				х		
Emulation	Emuln				х		
Enable	Ena				х		
Enabled	Enad				х		
Enabling	Enag				х		
End	End				х		
Energy	Egy			x			
Engaged	Engd				х		ParkGear <b>Engaged</b>
Engagement	Engg	engagement. to express the situation of engaging e.g. a gear from neutral position / transmission gutter until synchronisation performed.	x				
Engine	Eng		x				EngineCombustionStat us
Enhanced	Enhd		Â		х		45
Enhancement	Enht				x		
Enrichment	Enchm				x		
Entry	Entry			x	^		
Environmental	Envtl		x	^			
Epb	Epb	Electric Parking Brake	x				EpbActuatorMode
Equal	Equ		^		х		
Equipment	Equip		х				
Equivalent	Equiv				х		
Error	Err	The signal information of a defect is named with the keyword ERR. The physical meaning of ERR is the error itself.					Lamp <b>Error</b> Status
Enoi	Esc	electronic stability control	x		X		EscMapShiftRequest
Estimated	Estimd		^		v		BodyPitchAngleAbsolut eEstimated
Estimation	Estimn				X X		5L3IIIIaleu
Estimator	Estimr				x		
Evaluation	Evin			x			EvaluatorWipingAutom atic
Evaluator	Evlr		x				EvaluatorWipingAutom atic
Evaporative	Evap		x				
Event	Eve				х		
Exceed	Exc			х			
Excenter	Excr				х		
Exception	Excpn				х		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		the keyword EXCT is used to express the					
Excitation	Exct	technical effect of excitation, e.g. in connection with a current or a voltage in a generator		x			Road <b>Excitation</b> Amplitu de
Exhaust	Exh	with a current of a voltage in a generator		^	x		
Exotherm	Exo		x		^		
Execution		This keyword can be used for the expansion	~				
Expansion	Exp	phase of the engine cycle.			х		
Experiment	Expt	experiment. EXPT is the keyword for the "EXPERIMENT". In opposite to the keyword TEST, it is not used to check an existing functionality, but to try something new.			x		
Export	Exprt			x			
Extended	Extd		x				ExtendedRangeRollRa teBase
Exterior	Extr		x				102400
External	Ext				х		LightDisable <b>External</b>
Extrapolation	Extrpn			х			
Factor	Fac	factor, coefficient		x			
Fade	Fade			x			
Failure	Fai				х		
Falling	Fall				х		
Fan	Fan		х				
Farad	Frd	Unit of measure for Electric capacitance	х				
							TorqueAtClutchRequest
Fast	Fast				X		edFastMaximum
Fault	Flt		X				Light <b>Fault</b> Status
Favourable	Fav				X		Locking <b>Feedback</b> Requ
Feedback	Fb			x			est
Field	Fie				х		
File	File		х				
Filling	Fillg			х			
Filter	Fil				х		
							AcceleratorPedalRatioF
Filtered	Fild		~		X		iltered
Finder	Findr		x				Car <b>Finder</b> Request
Fine First	Fine First				x x		
1 1130	1 1131				^		AlternatorDeactivation <b>F</b>
Flag	Flg				х		lag
Flank	Flk		х				
Flap	Flap		x				Tank <b>Flap</b>
Flash	Fls				x		
Flashing	Flsg				x		
Flood	Flood				x		
Flow	Flow	is used as example in the definition of CRCV: FLOW_CRCV			x		
Fluctuation	Fluc				x		
Fluid	Fld				x		
Flywheel	Flywh		x				
Fm	Fm	frequency modulation	x				
Follower	Fol				х		
For	For	Preposition	x	x	x		TqAtCrksft <b>For</b> PtcAtOpti mumCdnMax
1	F	describes the physical parameter 'force'	1	x			Damper <b>Force</b> Estimate d

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Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Format	Fmt				Х		
Freewheeling	Fw				X		
Frequency	Frq			x			RoadExcitationFrequen cy
Friction	Fric	Friction torque from turbo charger			x		Brake Friction Status
From	From	Preposition	x	x	x		FromSteeringToCoolin gRequest
Front	Frnt				x		AdditionalSteeringAngle Front
Frozen	Frzn				x		
Fsm	Fsm	Fail Safe Mode. FSM describes one state of a state machine which is entered in case of failure. FSM is rather hardware-related and independent from Limp-Home or Monitoring functionalities.	x				
Fuel	Fu		х				
<b>F</b>	Full						FullActiveSuspensionSt
Full	Full		X				atus XyzSteering <b>Function</b> St
Function	Fct	Purpose			x		atus
Functional	Fctl				x		
Functionality	Fcty	Feature	-		x		
Gain	Gain				X		
Gap	Gap		-		X		
Gas	Gas		X				
Gasoline	Gsl	This keyword is used to express the fuel type "gasoline".	x				
Gear	Gear		х				GearActual
Gearbox	Gearb		x				GearboxCountershaftA ctivated
Generated	Gend				X		
Generator	Genr		х				PulseGeneratorMode
Generic	Gen		X				
Get	Get			x			
Gigahertz	Ghz	Unit of measure for frequency	X				DimLight <b>Global</b> Comma
Global	Glb				X		nd
Glow	Glw		X				
Governor	Govr		X				
Grade	Grd	avadiant/alana	x		~		AcceleratorPedalGradi
Gradient	Grdt	gradient/slope This keyword describes the force of attraction			X		ent
Gravity	Grv	between to masses, well known as gravity.	x				
Ground	Gnd		x				
	11-16	half, semi This keyword is used to characterize something for being only one part of two that make a whole item. Example: the					
Half	Half	time for a half engine segment.			x		HandbrokeCuitet
Handbrake	Hndbrk		X				HandbrakeSwitch DynamicHandlingBala
Handling	Hndlg	This keyword is used to express a relationship	X				nceCoeff
Hardware	Hw	to Hardware within a functionality or an environmental tools, e.g. Labcar.	x				
Head	Hea		х				
Header	Hd				x		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		This keyword is needed for functions that try to					
Heal	Heal	heal a failure. E.g. an actuator or a control valve is blocked due to a dirt particel. A free- shaking control signal can lead to releasing the partikel from the actuator.		x			
Heat	Heat		X				
Heated	Heatd		х				
Heater	Heatr		X				
Heating	Heatg				X		
Hectopascal	Hpa	Unit of measure for pressure	X				
Hertz	Hz	Unit of measure for frequency	X				Ride <b>Height</b> LevelEstima
Height	Hei			x			tedFront
High	Hi				х		
Hill	Hill		х				
History	His	for data stored in history memory			х		
Hmi	Hmi	Human-Machine Interface	х				
Hold	Hld			x			HoldOnDemandState
Home	Home		x				Coming <b>Home</b> Leaving <b>H</b> omeReq
Homogeneous	Hom	this keyword is used to describe the method of homogeneous injection in a general way (in all variants it may occur). Homogeneous injection means: the whole cylinder volume is filled with a mixture of fuel and air with a constant air- fuel-ratio allover wh			x		
		engine hood. e.g. for use LV_HOOD_OPEN			^		
Hood	Hood Hot	engine hood is open	X				
Hot Hotel	Htl		v		x		HotelMode
Hour	Hr	Unit of measure for time	X X				notelimode
Housing	Housg		x				
Hp	Hp	high pressure	x				
		head up display. This keyword is used to express the feature of show information right in the field of view of the driver, e.g. by					
Hud	Hud	mirroring it onto the wind screen. the keyword HUM is used to assign the	X				
Humidity	Hum	amount of water in a gas or a gaseous mixture. Example: the humidity in the exhaust gas.			x		
Hybrid	Hyb	Any vehicle that combines two or more sources of power that can directly or indirectly provide propulsion power is a hybrid			x		
Hydraulic	Hyd	used to characterize hydraulic components			x		
Hysteresis	Hys				X		
1	1	Electric current		x			
12c	12c	i2c bus (similar spi)			x		
Ic Ice	lc lce	integrated circuit This keyword expresses an interrelation with ice or with an icy environment, e.g. a functionality to improve the drivability on frosted streets.	x		X		
Identifier	ld				x		
Idle	Idle		х				
Ignition	lg		х				



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		this keyword is used to assign a requirement of minimum delay time or the need to take					
Immediate	Imdt	action as soon as possible.			x		
							Torque <b>Immediately</b> Ava ilableForPtcAtCranksha
Immediately	Imdty				X		ftMaximum
Immobilizer	Imob		x				To any of inside tion For Day
Implausibility	Imply				x		TorqueLimitationForBra keAndAcceleratorPedal ImplausibilityRequest
Import	Imprt			x			in pladelointy toquoot
Impossible	Impo				x		
Impulse	Imp		х				
In	In	Preposition for location or condition	х	x	x		Rsc <b>In</b> Control
Inclination	Incln			x			RoadInclinationAccele ration
Increase	Inc	This keyword is used to express a stepwise accretion of a value or counter		x			
Increase		This keyword is used to express a stepwise		^			
Increment	Inct	accretion of a value or counter			x		
Index	ldx			x	х		
Indicated	Indcd				х		
Indication	Indcn				х		DirectionIndication
Indicator	Indcr		х				
Individual	Ind				х		
Inductive	Indu				X	-	
Inertia	J	this keyword is used to express the physical effect that the mass of a body is interacting against its acceleration		x			
Information	Info				x		YawStabilityInformatio
Inhibition	Inh				x		AccOrCruShift <b>Inh</b> Req
Initial	Ini				х		
Initialization	Inin				х		
Injection	Inj			x			
Injector	Injr		х				
Input	Inp		x		x		Transmission <b>Input</b> Spe ed
Inside	Insd		^	x	^		BrightnessSt <b>Outside</b>
Instance	Inst	This keyword is used for the characterisation e.g. of a diagnosis. The instance of the intake air temperature diagnosis is TIA. (DIAG_INST = TIA)		~	x		
Intake	Intk		x				IntakeManifoldAirPress ure
Integer	Intgr				X		
Integral	Intgl				x		DrivingDirectionIntende
Intended	Intd				X		a Brokol jahtolatara
Intensity	Inten		~	x			BrakeLightsIntensity
Intercooler	lco		X				ComfortAccelerationCo
Interface	lf				x		mmandInterface
Intermediary	Intery				x		
Intermediate	Inter				х		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Interior	Intr		x				InteriorLightRequest
Internal	Int				x		EngineTorqueLossesInt ernal
Interpolation	Intrpn			x			
Interpreter	Itp	For the networklayer of KWP2000		~	х		
Interrupt	lt			x	~		
Interval	Intl				х		
Intervention	Intv			x			
Inverse	lvs				х		
Invert	lvt			х			
Irreversible	Irry	this keyword is used to express something can not return to a previous status, e.g.inCruise Control deactivation: IRV means in this case that cruise can not be activated again in the same driving cycle once a deactivation occured			x		
Jam	Jam			х			
Jerk	Jerk		х				
Joule	Jou	Unit of measure for energy, work	х				
Jump	Jmp			х			
Kelvin	К	Unito of measure for temperature	х				
Кеу	Кеу		x				Mechanical <b>Key</b> Access Request
Kaulaaa	Kaula						AccessRequest <b>Keyles</b>
Keyless	Keyls Kickdw				X		s KickdownDetected
Kickdown			X				KickdownDelected
Kilogram Kilohertz	Kg Khz	Linit of modeuro for frequency	X				
Kilometer	Km	Unit of measure for frequency kilometer	X				
Knock	Knk	Kilometei	x x				
Кр	Кр	proportional amplification. this keyword is used to express an proportional amplification in the context of control engineering	x				
Kr	Kr	gain for discret control structures. This keyword is used in control engineering context as gain for discret control structures	x				
Lambda	Lam	Air/Fuel Ratio	Â	x			
Lamp	Lamp	this keyword is used do describe the component of a lamp, e.g in the display of the instrument panel	x	~			LampErrorStatus
Large	Lrg		L		х	L	
Last	Lst				х		
Latch	Ltch		х				ReleaseLatchRequest
	LICH						<b>atoral</b> Acceleration Rac
Lateral	Lat				x		LateralAccelerationBas e
		The powerstope for the size initiation has	x		x x		
Lateral	Lat	The powerstage for the piezo injectors has a special hardware (leakage compensation) to avoid discharging of capacities.	x				e Driver <b>Lead</b> TorqueAtClu
Lateral Lead	Lat Lead	special hardware (leakage compensation) to	x		x		e Driver <b>Lead</b> TorqueAtClu
Lateral Lead Leak	Lat Lead Leak Lean Lrn	special hardware (leakage compensation) to	x	x	x x		e Driver <b>Lead</b> TorqueAtClu
Lateral Lead Leak Lean Learn Learning	Lat Lead Leak Lean Lrn Lrn	special hardware (leakage compensation) to	x		x x		e Driver <b>Lead</b> TorqueAtClu tchRequest
Lateral Lead Leak Lean Learn	Lat Lead Leak Lean Lrn	special hardware (leakage compensation) to	x	x	x x x		e Driver <b>Lead</b> TorqueAtClu tchRequest



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
	Lvl				~		RollCompensationLeve
Level Lever	Lvr		x		x		Gear <b>Lever</b> Position
Lid	Lid		x				LidRearState
Light	Li		x				ParkingLightDisable
Lighting	Ltg		Â		x		i aning <b>righ</b> eloable
Limit	Lim				x		
Limitation	Limn			x	~		PowertrainTorqueAtWh eelsMaximumTotalForV ehicleSpeedSafetyLimi tation
Limited	Limd				х		
Limiter	Limr		x				
		local interconnect network. LIN is a commonly					
Lin	Lin	used abbreviation for a bus system	x		x		
Line	Line		x				
Linear	Lnr	used for description of linear qualities			x		FrontWheel <b>Load</b> Estima
Load	Loa	Unit must be percent		x			tedDiff
Lock	Lock			x			LockCommand
Locked	Lockd				х		
							Central Locking Reques
Locking	Lockg		x				t
Logical	Logl		x				
Long Longitudinal	Long Lgt	longitudinal			x		PowertrainTorqueAtWh eelsRequestedTotalFor LongitudinalControl
Loop	Loop		x				E e sta Tanna I a se sta
Loss	Loss				x		EngineTorque <b>Losses</b> In ternal
Lost	Lost				x		
Low	Lo				x		
Lower	Lowr				x		ActuatorAcceDeadband Lower
Lp	Lp	low pressure	x				
Machine	Mac		x				
Magnetic	Mag		x				
Magnitude	Mgn				X		
Main	Mai				X		
Maintenance	Mntn				X		
Manage	Mng	Used for the realisation of the combustion management within the design guidelines for Simulink/Matlab to construct names of the		x			TheActTqAtCluWoutShi
Management	Mngt	module.			X		ftEnergy <b>Mng</b>
Manager	Mgr				x		
Manifold	Mnfld		x				Mirror <b>Manual</b> AdjustReq
Manual	Man				x		uest
Мар	Мар		x				Esp <b>Map</b> ShiftRequest
Mapping	Мрд		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	x		
Marked	Mkd	useful to define some data as "marked".			х		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		the keyword MKT is used to express market in the meaning of delivery areas, e.g. to characterize deviances in a component or function due to different customer market					
Market Mask	Mkt Mask	requirements. this keyword is used to characterize a masking of a certain value to separate it from the non- masked one.	x		x		
Mass	M			х	~		Vehicle <b>Mass</b> Estimated
Massage	Massg			x			MassageAdjustReques
Master	Mst				х		CentralLockingMaster
Mathematical	Mat				х		
Maximum	Max				x		TorqueAtClutch <b>Maximu</b> m
Measure	Meas				х		
							VehicleBodyVerticalAcc elerationBase <b>Measure</b>
Measured	Measd				X		d
Mechanic	Mec				X		MechanicalKeyAccess
Mechanical	Mecl		x		х		Req
Megahertz	Mhz	Unit of measure for frequency	х				
Memorise	Memr			х			
Memorized	Memd				х		
Memory	Mem		x				MemoryPositionStoreR equest MemoryMirrorPositionS tatus
Message	Msg		x		х		
Meter	Mtr		х				MeterPerSecond
Method	Meth			x			
Micrometer	Micron		х				
Microsecond	Micros		х				
Middle	Mid				х		
Mileage	Milg			x			Mileage
Millimeter	Mm	Unit of measure for length	х				
Millisecond	Ms	Unit of measure for time	x				Tanan A () 4/1 1881 - 1
Minimum	Min				x		TorqueAtWheel <b>Minimu</b> m
Minute	Mins	Unito of measure for time	х				
Mirror	Mirr		x				MirrorManualAdjustRe quest
Misfire	Misf			х			
Misfiring	Misfg				х		
Missing	Miss				х		
Mitigation	Mtgtn				х		Collision Mitigation
Mode	Mod				x		BrakeActuatorMode
Model	Mdl		x				
Modulation	ModIn			x			
Mole	Mol		x				
Moment	Mom		x				Roll Moment Distribution
Momentum	Momtm			x			
Monitor	Monr		x				Diagnostic <b>Monitor</b>
Monitoring	Mon			x			
Motion	Mtn			x			Vehicle Motion State



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Motor	Mot		x				ActiveSteer <b>Motor</b> Angle FrontBase
Mounted	Mntd		^		x		TIONEDUSC
Mounting	Mntg			x	^		
- The difficulty				~			MirrorAuto Move Reques
Move	Move			x			t
Movement	Movmt				X		
Msr	Msr	deceleration slip control			X		
Mt	Mt	manual shifted transmission	X				
Multimedia	Mmed		X				
Multiple	Mpl				X		
Multiplexer	Mux	rotational speed. used for all kinds of rotational	X				
N	N	speeds (in a common sense). The formerly use of N and N_32 for engine speed is still accepted but at least for interfaces to drivetrain functionalities, N_ENG is recommended to express engine speed.		x			
Nack	Nack	no acknowledge			х		
Name	Name		х		х		
Natural	Nat				х		
Negation	Negn				х		
Negative	Neg				х		
Network	Net Neut	NET describes all kind of networks in general, e. g. an electric network consisting of any type of consumsers and generators. voltage range not defined (14V, 42 V,)	x		x		
New	New				x		
Newton	Nwt		х		^		
Night	Night		x				NightPanelRequest
Nonlinear	Ninr	nonlinear. used for description of non linear characteristics (e.g. for an optional additional nonlinear correction) NOD is the basic keyword for a junction or			x		
Node	Nod	joining of lines or ways. The battery node is used to control the battery voltage of the Labcar to generate the appropriate battery voltage for the ECU.	x				
Noise	Noise		^		x		
Nominal	Nom				x		
Normal	Norm	this keyword is used to describe something as being in the most common mode, e.g. a state machine has a state normal when running properly witout disturbance. Do not mix it with BAS for description of fulfilling a basic or minimum requirement.			x		
-							WheelTorqueRequest N
Not	Not	Preposition for negation	X	X	X		otActivated
Now Nox	Now Nox	in this moment nox. This keyword is used to describe the nitrogen oxides (NOx) part of the emissions of a combustion engine.	x		X		
Nozzle	Noz		x				
Number	No	this keyword is used to express a numbering in physical meaning (the corresponding unit is "piece"). The utilization in the keyword class "Characteristic" is tolerated for old names (before 04/2002)		x			Chassis <b>Number</b>



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Observe	Obs			х			
Occupant	Occpt		x				
Of	Of	Preposition	x	X	X		
Off	Off				X		YawRate <b>Offset</b> Standar
Offset	Ofs			x			d
Ohm	Ohm	Unit of measure for electric resistance	x				
	Oil		~				Transmission <b>Oil</b> Tempe
Oil Ok	Ok		x		x		rature
<u>Ok</u>		in the calculation period n, the keyword OLD			^		
Old	Old	assigns a value from the period (n-1).			x		
On	On				х		
One	One				v		EngineTorqueInterventi onType <b>One</b> Requested ByPtc
One Open	Open			x	x x		OpenCloseRequest
Opening	Opg	Used to describe the opening of a valve or similar actuator (e.g.idle speed actuator). The opening is described in percent of the opening range (0 to 100%) to be independent of component details. Keyword will be used for inverse IMM (C008).			x		
Operation	Oper		x		x		<b>Operation</b> ModeStatus
Optimum	Optm				x		TqAtCrksftForPtcAt <b>Opti</b> mumCdnMax
Optional	Opt				x		
Orientation	Orntn			x			VehicleOrientation
Os	Os	operating system			X		
Oscillate	Osc	This keyword is used to describe occurrences of pulsation or oscillation This keyword is used to describe occurrences		x			
Oscillation	Oscn	of pulsation or oscillation			x		
Output	Out				х		
Outside	Outd			X			BrightnessSt <b>Outside</b>
Over Overflow	Over				X		
Overnow	Ovf				x		BrakeActuator <b>Overheat</b>
Overheated	Ovrheatd				х		ed
Overheating	Ovrheatg				x		
Overload	Ovld	The keyword is used for an electrical actuator, if the requested power exceeds the allowed longtime power limit. The overload must be possible for a certain time.			x		
Overridden	Ovrdn				x		VlcRequest <b>Overridden</b> ByDriverRequest TractionControl <b>Overrid</b>
Override	Ovrd			x			e
Oxidation	Oxd				x		
Pad	Pad		x				Key <b>Pad</b>
Panel	Pan		~				Mirror <b>Panel</b> AutomaticA djustmentRequest
Parameter	Prm	ACTION Parameter. PRM is used exclusively to identfy any Parameter of any ACTION call. It is mandatory to start every Parameter with "PRM_". Any other use of this keyword is not allowed.	x		x		gustinentivequest
Parity	Par		<u> </u>		x		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Park	Park			x			
Parking	Prkg		x				ParkingLightDisable
Partial	Ptl	this keyword expresses the characterization of "only partly, not completely"			x		
Pascal	Ра	Unit of measure for pressure	x				
Passenger	Pass		x				
Passive	Pas				X		T 4/0 1 1 //F
Path	Pah		x				TorqueAtCrankshaftFor PtcRealizedBySlow <b>Pat</b> <b>h</b>
Pattern	Pat				X		
Peak	Peak				X		
Pedal	Pedl		x				Accelerator Pedal Ratio
Pedestrian	Ped	This keyword is used to build the "pending" fault used in the error management aggregate defined by the the ISO 15031-5.5 service \$07.	x				
Pending Per	Pnd Per	Preposition	x	x	x x		Meter <b>Per</b> Second
Percent	Perc		X		x		Meter Fer Second
Percentage	Percg				x		
Period	Perd				x		
Personal	Prsnl				x		
Personalization	Pen				x		PersonalizationProfile Status
Phase	Pha				х		
Physical	Phy				х		
Pi	Pi				х		
Pid	Pid	pid. proportional integral differential			x		
Pin	Pin		х		-		
Pinion	Pinion		x				FrontSteer <b>Pinion</b> Angle Base
Piston	Pist	central component in a combustion engine. It serves to transform the gas pressure within the cylinder into a movement. The keyword is used e.g. to express the name for piston temperature	x				
Pitch	Pitch				x		Body <b>Pitch</b> AngleAbsolut eEstimated
		Simulation items containing the plant, I.e. the simulation of the "real world", start with the					
Plant	Pla	keyword PLA.	X				
Plausible Pneumatic	Plaus Pnm	used e.g. for description of pneumatic actuators (such as recirculation valve actuator or wastegate actuator)			x		
Pointer	Ptr				x		
Port	Port				x	<u> </u>	
Position	Posn			x		1	GearLever <b>Position</b>
Positive	Pos				х		
Post	Post				х		
Potentiometer	Poti		x				
Power	Pwr	Also valid for Power Supply	x	x			PowerSteeringLoadAct ual TotPtTqAtWhIReqByVe
Powertrain	Pt		x				hLgtCtrlMax
Pprt	Pprt	proportional part of a control structure			х		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
_		used to express any kind of pre-processing					
Pre	Pre	like e.g. for pre-injection TI_PRE			х		
Precharge	Prec				X		EngineTorqueAtTarget
Predicted	Pred				х		Gear <b>Predicted</b>
Preliminary	Prel				х		
Premature	Prem				x		
Preparation	Prep	this characteristic is used to express a general status of preperation, e.g. processing of certain tasks before an activation of a certain component or functionality			x		
Presence	Pres			х			Driver <b>Presence</b> Flag
Present	Prest				х		
Pressed	Psd				х		BrakePedal Pressed
Pressure	P			x			AmbientAir <b>Pressure</b> ComfortGearShift <b>Preve</b>
Prevention	Prevn				X		ntion
Previous	Prev				X		
Primary	Prim				X		
Priority	Prio				X		Personalization <b>Profile</b> S
Profile	Prof			x			tatus
Program	Prog				х		
Programming	Progm				х		
Progress	Progs				X		ShiftIn <b>Progress</b>
Progression	Progrn				X		
Project	Prj				X		
Property	Ppty		х		X		Dynamic <b>Property</b>
Proportional Propulsive	Prop Prp	opposite of drag resistance. Notion of positive forces generated by a system. Example: for a car, we can list internal combustion engine + starter/generator + electrical engine			x x		
Protected	Protd				x		
Protection	Protn			x			Child <b>Protection</b> Diagno sisRequest
Ptc	Ptc	Power Train Controller	X		-		
Pull	Pu	a pulse is a simple electrical signal with a		X			PullAidCmd
Pulse	Pls	defined shape	x				PulseGeneratorMode
Pump	Pmp	use if the component cannot be assigned to one particular functionality. e.g. the same pump can be used for AMT as well as for PSTE	x				TransmissionOil <b>Pump</b> L oadActual
Purge	Purg			x			
Purging	Purgg	this keyword expresses a characteristic relationship with the operation of purging (e.g. a filter or a catalyst) push (start), towing, power on driving, press. keyword for push or active towing (e.g. if a vehicle has to be started by towing, a button is pressed, if there is positive torque inside			x		
Push	Push	powertrain)		x			
Put	Put			x			
Pwm	Pwm	pulse width modulation			x		
Pyrometer	Pyro	this keyword is used to express a relationship to a pyrometer which is a contactless	x				



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		instrument to measure high temperatures					
		This keyword is used to express the word					
Quality	Qly	'quality'			X		
Quantity	Qnty			X			
Quotient	Quo				X		
Radian	Rad	As unit of measure for angles	x				
Radiator	Radr	a radiator is a component, that sens out heat. It can be found e.g. in the cooling circiut of a car.	x				
Radius	Rd			x			Wheel <b>Radius</b> Tolerance Coefficient
Rail	Rail	common rail. This keyword shall be used to express the common rail, which is a core component in some fuel system configurations (esp. diesel). It is a high pressure fuel container mostly in form of a tube and located close to the engine.	×				
Rain	Rain		х				
Ram	Ram	Random Access Memory	х				
Ramp	Ramp				х		
Random	Rnd				х		
							RollRateBaseWithRang
Range	Rng			x			eExtended
Rate	Rate	this keyword is used to express a rate in physical meaning. The utilization in the keyword class "Characteristic" is tolerated for old names (before 04/2002)		x			Pitch <b>Rate</b> Base
Ratio	Rat	RATIO is used to describe a value gained from a proportion of other values. The unit of RATIO must be [-] (no unit).		x			AcceleratorPedal <b>Ratio</b>
Raw	Raw	Unprocessed sensor data.			X		
Recirculation	Rcl	recirculation		x			
Reactivation	Reac				х		
Read	Read			x			
Ready	Rdy	readiness identification			х		ReadyBrakeRequest
Real	Real	Real part			X		
Realized	Relzd				x		TqAtCrksft <b>Realized</b> ByS lowPathMin <b>Rear</b> SteerGradientMaxi
Rear	Re				x		mum
Receive	Rx			x			
Reception	Rxn				х		
Reciprocal	Recpr				х		MeterReciprocal
Record	Rec				х		
Reduction	Redn				x		
Reference	Ref				x		YawRate <b>Reference</b> Val ue
Refuel	Refu			x	~		
Regeneration	Rgn				x		
		this keyword is used to describe e.g. a process as being in a normal status in sense of correctness. It is behaving like wanted (it behaves like wanted to treat a disturbance), it					
Regular	Rgl	is not out of order. It is the opposite of WRG.			X		
Reinforce Relative	Reinf Rel			X	x		BodyRollAngle <b>Relative</b> Measured



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Relay	Rly		x		х		
Release	Rels		x				ReleaseLatchRequest
Relevant	Rlv				х		
Remote	Rem				v		KeyAccessRequest <b>Re</b> mote
Repeat	Rep			x	X		mote
Repetition	Repn			^	x		
Reprogrammation	Rpg				x		
Request	Req				x		MirrorManAdjust <b>Reque</b> st
Requested	Reqd				x		51
Required	Rqrd				x		
Reserve	Resv		x		^		Torque <b>Reserve</b> Reques tFromEngineToPtc
Reset	Rst				х		
Residual	Resi				x		
Resistance	R	Unit must be Ohm		х	~		
Resolution	Resl	In the module <vehicle calculation="" speed=""> it is necessary to distinguish between the normal resolution VS (1 km/h) and VS_H_RES (0.01 km/h).</vehicle>			x		
Response	Resp				х		
Restart	Rstrt				х		
Result	Res				x		AccelerationArbitration Result
Resume	Resu				х		
Retard	Rtd				х		
Retarder	Rtdr				х		
Reverse	Rvs	This keyword is used to express something can return to a previous status, e.g. in Cruise Control deactivation: RV means in this case that cruise can be activated again in the same			X		
Reversible	Rvsb	driving cycle once a deactivation occured.			х		
Revolution	Rev	As unit of measure	x				
Rho Rich	Rho Rich	density		X	X		
Ricirculation	Rcrltn				X		
Ride	Ride			x	X		RideHeightLevelEstima tedFront
Right	Ri	right			х		
Rise	Rise	~			x	İ	
Rising	Risng				х		
Road	Road	ithis keyword is used to express the conditions a street can apply to the vehicle. This can be in the meaning of simulation or in the meaning chassis dyno against road use.	x		x		RoadExcitationAmplitu
Roll	Roll		x				RollCompensationLeve IActual
Roller	Rollr		Ê		x		
Rolling	Rollg				x		
Rollover	Rlov	Info from airbag control unit			x		
Rom	Rom	read only memory	x		^		
Ron	Ron	research octane number		x			
Roof	Roof		x				



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Rotation	Rot	This keyword is used to express circular motions. This keyword is used to express circular			x		Wheel <b>Rotational</b> Directi
Rotational	Rotl	motions.			x		onStandard
Roughness	Roughns			х			
Row	Row		х				
Rpm	Rpm	As unit of measure for frequency	х				
Run	Run			х			
Running	Runng				х		
Runtime	Rt				х		
Sae	Sae	SAE International standard. SAE international is an Engineering Society crating standards and norms. The Keyword SAE in the context of Naming Convention shall be used to indicate that a certain variable or interface is defined according to the norms of SAE.	x				
Safety	Sfty			x			PowertrainTorqueAtWh eelsMaximumTotalForV ehicleSpeed <b>Safety</b> Limit ation
Sale	Sale			x			allon
Sample	Sample		x	^	x		
Saturation	Satn		^	x	^		
Save	Save			x			
Save	Saved			^	v		
Scale	Sca				x x		
Scan	Scan			x	^		
Scanner	Scanr		x	^			
Scavenging	Scav	The process of pushing fresh gas from the inlet into the exhaust by having big overlap of opened inlet and outlet valve, especially at charged engines is called scavening.	~		x		
Scheduler	Sdl	charged engines is called scaverning.			x		
Seat	Seat		x		^		
Seating	Seatg		^		х		
Second	Sec	As an adjective or as time unit	x	x	~		MeterPer <b>Second</b>
Security	Secu				х		
Seed	Seed				х		
Segment	Seg		х				
Segmented	Segd		х				
Selected	Seld				х		
Selection	Seln	SELN is used to assign e.g. the selection of a certain fuctionality (one out of several strategies) or component (one of several gears, sensors,) as well as in simulation to select a single entry of an Array by putting SELN at the end of the name			x		
Send	Snd			x			
Sensing	Sen				x		
Sensitivity	S				x		
Sensor	Snsr		x				SensorDetectionCapab ility
Sequence	Seq				х		
Sequential	Seql				x		
Serial	Serl				x		
Serie	Ser		х				



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		a service is a processing routine within a					
Service	Srv	certain functionality. This keyword is used to nominate such services.			x		
Servo	Servo				x		
Set	Set				x		
Setpoint	Sp				х		EngineSpeedSetpoint
Shaft	Sft	a shaft is a rotating rod, carrying out a certain task or transmitting a force in a powertrain.					
		Example: outbox gearbox shaft.			X		
Shield	Shd				X		ComfortGear <b>Shift</b> Preve
Shift	Shift			x			ntion
Short	Sho	short trip			x		
Shortening	Shong			x			
							Gear Shup Request Fro
Shup	Shup	shift up		x			mDriver
Shutter	Shttr		х				
Side	Side	This keyword is intended for common consideration of inlet and exhaust side.			x		
Signal	Sig				X		
Signaling	Signg				х		
Simulated	Simd				X		
Simulation	Simn				x		
Single	Sng				х		
Sinus	Sin				х		
Slave	Slave				х		
Sliding	Sldg				х		Root Sliding Status
01	Oliv						SlipControlBypassReq
Slip	Slip			X			uest
Slope	Slop				X		TqAtCrksftRealizedBy <b>S</b>
Slow	Slow				x		lowPathMin
Smart	Smt	more and more electronic components take over tasks that had been done before by a central processing unit. Such components are seen as "intelligent" or "smart", whereas the second expression is the one used more generally.			x		
Smoothing	Smotng			x			
Software	Sw		X				
Soi	Soi	start of injection. Unit must be angle			X		
Solenoid	Soln		X				
Soon	Soon				X		
Source	Src				X		
Spare	Spare	for opposition oppironmental data (atom t			X		
Specific	Spc	for specific environmental data (stored individualy with particular failures of one project).			x		
Crearl	Crack						WheelCircumferenceSp
Speed	Spd	acriel peripheral interface			X		eedStandard
Spi Spontaneous	Spi Spo	serial peripheral interface this Keyword characterizes a sudden, unexpected occurrence. E.g. a not pre- arranged catalyst regeneration phase.			x x		
Sport	Spt	Related to the (short- and long term) detection of driver type either an economic/comfort oriented or a sportive/ power requesting driver			x		
1 A A							SWC_System_Modeling.doc



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		can be distinguished.					
Spring	Sprg		х				<b>Spring</b> ForcesEstimated
Square	Sq	the Keyword SQ is used ot describe the relationship of a Functional Data to the arithmetic procedure of multiplication of a value with itself.			x		
Squared	Sqd				x		
Ssm	Ssm	Stand Still Manager	x		x		Bod <b>Ssm</b> BrakeActuator Status
Stability	Staby		x		x		ActiveDftlYaw <b>Stability</b> ControlSt
Stabilization	Stabn		^	x	^		
Stabilizer	Stabr		х	^			Active Stabilizer Status
Stable	Stab				x		
Stage	Stg		х				
Stall	Stall		x				
Stalling	Stallg				x		
Stamp	Stamp			x			DateTime <b>Stamp</b>
Standard	Std	Signals that are computed by a model, offset compensated and/or filtered, which can be combination of more than one base signals.			x		WheelCircumSpeed <b>Sta</b> ndard
Standardization	Stdn	combination of more than one base signals.			x		Tuaru
Standby	Stb				x		
Start	Strt			x	^		
Starter	Strtr		х	~			
Starting	Strtg				x		
State	St	Redefinition of the old keyword STATE (created before 1995), suiting to the use of describing states of an states automaton. Unit is [-].			x		Clutch <b>State</b> Actual
Static	Stat				х		
Stationary	Staty	This keyword is used to describe a situation, where a movable part is at rest or a certain condition does not change			x		
Statistic	Stc				x		
Status	Sts	This keyword is used to express the steering		x	x		ActiveDamperStatus SteeringWheelAngleBa
Steering	Steer	of a car.	X	x			se
Step	Step				X		
Steradian Stiffness	Srad Stfn	As a unit of measure for solid angle stiffness is the grade of hardness of a material, e.g. in a damper: it is composed of a spring (stiffness part: force proportional to displacement) and a fluid friction (viscous part: force proportional to speed)	X		x		Stabilizer <b>Stiffness</b> Actu al
		The stimulation descibes the inputs for testing					
Stimulation	Sti	of functions.			X		
Stoichiometric	Stoi				X		
Stop	Stop			x			PositionMemory <b>Store</b> R
Store	Store			X			equest
Strategy	Stgy				X		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
		stratified. this keyword is used to describe the method of stratified injection in a general way					
		(in all variants it may occur). Stratified injection means: only a small amout of fuel deposited to the spark plug is being burned, all other areas					
Stratified	Strat	in the cylinder have a			X		
Stroke	Stk				X		
Structure	Struct	the keyword STUCK is used to express e.g. a "stuck reading" coolant temperature sensor. This is an official expression of the CARB (Californian Air Resources Board) and is used			x		
Stuck	Stuck	in term of OBD II requirements.			X		
Substitute	Sub				X		
Subtractive	Subt				X		TransmissionSubturne
Subtype Suction	Subtyp Suctn			x	X		Transmission <b>Subtype</b>
Sulphur	Sucin		x	X			
Sum	Sum		^		x		
Supercharger	Scha		х		^		
Superior	Sup		^		х		
Supplementary	Sppl				x		
Supply	Sply			х			Power <b>Supply</b> Status
Suppress	Supp			х			
Surge	Surge	surging, surge line. this keyword is used to describe the appearance of surging effects in an (air-)stream, e.g. at the surge line of a turbocharger (which is a characteristic parameter)			x		FullActive <b>Suspension</b> S
Suspension	Susp				x		tatus
Suspicion	Suspc				x		
Swirl	Swirl		х				
Switch	Swt		х				BrakePedalSwitch1
0 * 1 1	0.1						SwitchableSpringCtrlT
Switchable Symptom	Swil Sym				X		uningActual
Synchronization	Syncn				x x		
Synchronize	Sync			x	^		
Synchronized	Syncd			^	x		
System	Sys		x				PtTqAtWheelsFromTra ns <b>Sys</b> 4Act
Table	Tbl				х		
Tank	Tank	this keyword is used to express the container of a liquid e.g. the fuel tank	x				
Target	Tar				x		GearRatioTarget
Tau	Tau	Time constant of a control sys. (-> P, I, D!)			х		
Tdc	Tdc	top dead center			x		
Telematics	Telm		x				
Tomporature	-						AmbientAir <b>Temperatur</b>
Temperature	T Tmp			x	v		e
Temporary Term	Term				x x		
Test	Test				x		
Theft	Thft		х		~		Anti <b>Theft</b> System
Theoretical	Theo		Ê		x		TqAtCluWoutShiftEnerg



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
							yMng <b>Theo</b> Act
Thermal	Therm				х		
Thermo	Thermo				х		
Thermostat	Th		x				
Three	Three				x		
Threshold	Thd				X		
Throttle	Thr		x				
Tightness	Tgtnss			X			
Time	Ti	Time, duration		x			
Timer	Tmr	this keyword is used to express a timer. A timer is counter for a defined time span.			x		
Tinting	Tintg	Action of changing the color of an object			x		Mirror Tinting Command
Тір	Тір				х		
Tire	Tire		x				<b>Tire</b> Temperature
Titanium	Tit	time constant for discret ctl structures. This	X				
Tn	Tn	keyword is used in control engineering context as time constant for discret control structures			x		
							Engine <b>To</b> WheelTorque
To	То	toward something,	x	x	X		RatioConversion
Toggle	Тод				X		ToggleRequest WheelRadiusTolerance
Tolerance	Tolr			х			Coefficient
Tooth	Tooth				х		
Тор	Тор		x				Move <b>Top</b> Incline
Torque	Τq			x			TorqueAtClutchMaximu m
Torsion	Tors				х		
Total	Tot				x		RoadWheelAngleFront TotalRequest
Tout	Tout	time out			x		
Traction	Trac			x			Override <b>Traction</b> Contr ol
Traction	That	a wheeled but not motorized vehicle which can		^			
Trailer	Trlr	be pulled by a motorized vehicle	x				TrailerStatus
Transfer	Trf				x		
Transient	Tra				X		
	Tran				X		TransmissionInputSpe
Transmission	Trsm	In a mechanical context	x				ed
Transmit	Тх	In a communication protocol context transversal in opposite to longitudinal. e.g.		X			
Transversal	Trv	used for acceleration			x		
Trap	Trap		<u> </u>	x			
Trapping	Trapg	In case of scavening the total fresh gas flowing into the cylinder is bigger than the mass air flow staying in the cylinder. The ratio of the mass air flow in the cylinder to the total mass air flow is called TRAPPING efficency (EFF_TRAP)			x		
Travel	Trvl			x			SpringTravel TravelledWheelDistanc
Travelled	Trvld				x		eStandard
Treatment Trigger	Treat Trig				x x		



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Trouble	Tro				х		
Trunk	Tr		х				
Tube	Tube	the keyword TUBE expresses any kind of a pipe, for instance the exhaust.			x		
Tumble	Tumb				х		
							DamperControlTuning
Tuning	Tun	To describe a turbine (turbine wheel) in			X		Actual
Turbine	Trb	general, e.g. in a hydraulic torque converter or in a turbocharger Flow regime characterized by chaotic	x				
Turbulence	Trbl	stochastic property changes			x		
Туре	Тур				x		VarianceData <b>Type</b>
Two	Тwo				x		EngineTorqueInterventi onType <b>Two</b> Requested ByPtc
Uds	Uds	Unified Diagnostic Services. UDS (Unified Diagnostic Services) is a new world-wide standard for Diagnostics according to ISO14229-1	x				
Unfavourable	Unfav				х		
Unit	Unit				х		
Unlock	Unlck			х			Lock <b>Unlock</b> Request
Up	Up			x			GearShitf <b>Up</b> RequestFr omDriver
Update	Upd			x			
Upper	Uppr				x		ActuatorAcceDeadband Upper
Upstream	Us	and the second second second			X		
Use	Use Usr	compiler switch	X				
User Vacuum	Vac		x		v		
Vag	Vac	vag tester protocol	x		X		
Valid	Vid		^		х		
Validity	Vldy				x		
Value	Val				x		BrakePedalValue
Valve	Vlv				х		
Vapor	Vap				х		
Variable	Var		х		х		
Variance	Vari			х			VarianceDataType
Variant	Vrnt				х		
Vcc	Vcc	supply voltage		х			
Vcv	Vcv	high pressure pump volume control valve	x				
Vector	Vect				x		
Vehicle	Veh		x				VehicleBodyVerticalAc celerationBaseMeasure d
Velocity	V			x			WheelAngular <b>Velocity</b> Standard
Vent	Vent		x				
Ventilation	Ventn			x			
Version	Vers				x		
Vertical	Vert				x		WheelForcesEstimated Vertical



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Vin	Vin	vehicle identification number. this keyword is used to decribe the vehicle identification number. This is certain code which is unique for every vehicle and is used for its identification.	x				
							AcceleratorPedalVirtua
Virtual	Virt	viscosity describes the thickness of a fluid, e.g. in a damper: it is composed of a spring (stiffness part: force proportional to displacement) and a fluid friction (viscous part: force proportional to speed)			x		IRatio
Visibility	Visy				x		
Visual	Vis				x		AlarmRequest <b>Visual</b>
Volt	Volt	As unit of measure for voltage	x		^		/ lamitequest <b>isua</b>
Voltage	U	As unit of measure for voltage	^	x			Battery <b>Voltage</b>
Volume	Vol			x			Dattery Voltage
Volumetric	Volmc			^	х		
Wait	Wait			х	^		
Warm	Wrm			^	х		
Warning	Warn				x		
Washer	Wshr		х		^		
Washing	Wshng		^	x			
Washing	Wtr		v	^			
Watt	Watt	As unit of massure for power	X				
		As unit of measure for power	X				
Way	Way				x		
Wheighting Wheel	Whtng Whl	Describes the component of the vehicle. Different to the somewhat confusing existing keyword "Wheel", ther is no relation to the physical meaning. keyword is used to specify gear box type, which is distinguished via variant coding (wide	x	×			WheelVerticalAccelerati onEstimated
10/: -I -	<b>\\</b> <i>\</i> <b>\</b> <i>\</i> <b>\</b> <i>\</i> <b>\</b>	ratio: long transmission ratio for lower rpm.					
Wide Width	Wide Width	closed ratio: sports transmission ratio)			X		Vahiala <b>Widt</b>
					x		Vehicle Width
Window	Win Wind		X				
Windscreen			X				
Wiper	Wipr		X				
Wiping Wish	Wipg Wish	Describes the component of the vehicle. Different to the somewhat confusing existing keyword "Wheel", ther is no relation to the physical meaning.	x	x	x		
With	With	preposition	x	х	х		
Within	Within	preposition	x	x	x		BrakeActuatorStatusFor BodWithinRsc TqAtCluWoutShiftEner
Without	Wout	preposition	x	x	x		gyMngTheoAct
Word	Word				x		<u> </u>
Work	W	Energy		x			
Write	Wr			x			
		in opposite to ERR, the keyword WRG is used to express a mismatch which does not have to				<u> </u>	
Wrong	Wrg	be treated by error management diagnosis.			Х		
Yaw	Yaw		x		x		ActiveDifferentialYawSt abilityControlStatus



Keyword	Keyword Abbreviation	DefinitionEnglish	Mean / Environment / Device	Action / Physical Type	Condition / Qualifier	Index / Dimension	Use Case (long names)
Zero	Zero	used to express the number zero			х		