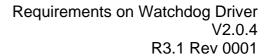


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# 1 Scope of this document

This document specifies requirements on the module Watchdog Driver.

### **Constraints**

First scope for specification of requirements on basic software modules are systems which are not safety relevant. For this reason safety requirements are assigned to medium priority.



### 2 How to read this document

Each requirement has its unique identifier starting with the prefix "BSW" (for "Basic Software"). For any review annotations, remarks or questions, please refer to this unique ID rather than chapter or page numbers!

#### 2.1 Conventions used

In requirements, the following specific semantics are used (taken from Request for Comment RFC 2119 from the Internet Engineering Task Force IETF)

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119. Note that the requirement level of the document in which they are used modifies the force of these words.

- MUST: This word, or the terms "REQUIRED" or "SHALL", mean that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification.
- MUST NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "SHALL NOT", means that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification.
- SHOULD: This word, or the adjective "RECOMMENDED", mean that there
  may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore a particular item,
  but the full implications must be understood and carefully weighed before
  choosing a different course.
- SHOULD NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "NOT RECOMMENDED" mean
  that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the
  particular behavior is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications
  should be understood and the case carefully weighed before implementing
  any behavior described with this label.
- MAY: This word, or the adjective "OPTIONAL", means that an item is truly optional. One vendor may choose to include the item because a particular marketplace requires it or because the vendor feels that it enhances the product while another vendor may omit the same item. An implementation, which does not include a particular option, MUST be prepared to interoperate with another implementation, which does include the option, though perhaps with reduced functionality. In the same vein an implementation, which does include a particular option, MUST be prepared to interoperate with another implementation, which does not include the option (except, of course, for the feature the option provides.)



### 2.2 Requirement structure

Each module specific chapter contains a short functional description of the Basic Software Module. Requirements of the same kind within each chapter are grouped under the following headlines (where applicable):

### Functional Requirements:

- Configuration (which elements of the module need to be configurable)
- Initialisation
- Normal Operation
- Shutdown Operation
- Fault Operation
- . ...

### Non-Functional Requirements:

- Timing Requirements
- Resource Usage
- Usability
- Output for other WPs (e.g. Description Templates, Tooling,...)
- ..



# 3 Acronyms and abbreviations

Acronyms and abbreviations that have a local scope are not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary. These must appear in a local glossary.

Acronym /	Description:
Abbreviation	
CS	Chip select
DIO	Digital Input Output
ECU	Electric Control Unit
EOL	End Of Line
	Often used in the term 'EOL Programming' or 'EOL Configuration'
HIS	Herstellerinitiative Software
ICU	Interrupt Capture Unit
MAL	Old name of Microconroller Abstraction Layer (replaced by MCAL because 'MAL' is
	a french term meaning 'bad')
MCAL	Microconroller Abstraction Layer
MCU	Microcontroller Unit
MMU	Memory Management Unit
Master	A device controlling other devices (slaves, see below)
Slave	A device beeing completely controlled by a master device
NMI	Non maskable interrupt
OS	Operating System
PLL	Phase Locked Loop
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
RX	Reception (in the context of bus communication)
SPAL	The name of this working group
SFR	Special Function Register
RTE	Runtime environment
WP	Work Package
STD	Standard
REQ	Requirement
UNINIT	Uninitialized (= not initialized)

As this is a document from professionals for professionals, all other terms are expected to be known.



# 4 Requirement Specification

# 4.1 Internal Watchdog Driver

#### 4.1.1 Functional Overview

The Internal Watchdog Driver controls the internal watchdog timer of the MCU. It offers the trigger functionality and a mode select service.

### 4.1.2 Functional Requirements

### 4.1.2.1 Configuration

### 4.1.2.1.1 [BSW12015] Configuration of watchdog modes

Initiator:	BMW
Date:	03.05.2004
Short Description:	Configuration of watchdog modes
Type:	New
Importance:	High
Description:	The watchdog driver shall allow the static configuration of watchdog modes. A watchdog mode shall minimally consist of the desired watchdog period. Any MCU specific parameter can be added. Further explanation: Each watchdog mode has the same set of parameters, values will differ.
Rationale:	For mode switching.
Use Case:	Another mode parameters could be:     selection of window / timeout mode     timeout reaction (reset or NMI)
Dependencies:	[BSW12018] Watchdog mode selection service
Conflicts:	
Supporting Material:	BMW Specification MCAL V1.0a, REQ MAL31.1.2

#### 4.1.2.2 Initialization

### 4.1.2.2.1 [BSW12105] Watchdog initialization

Initiator:	WP4.2.2.1.12	
Date:	09.06.2004	
Short Description:	Watchdog initialization	
Type:	New	
Importance:	High	
Description:	The watchdog driver shall provide an initialization service that allows the selection of one of the statically configured watchdog modes.	
Rationale:	Basic functionality	
Use Case:		
Dependencies:		
Conflicts:		
Supporting Material:		



## 4.1.2.2.2 [BSW12106] Prohibit disabling of watchdog

Initiator:	WP4.2.2.1.12
Date:	09.06.2004
Short Description:	Prohibit disabling of watchdog
Type:	New
Importance:	High
Description:	The watchdog initialization service and the watchdog mode selection service must not allow the disabling of the watchdog.  This requirement is only applicable for safety relevant systems. For that reason, this feature shall be statically configurable (by a preprocessor switch)
Rationale:	Avoid the presence of code sequences in a safety relevant ECU that disable the watchdog.
Use Case:	Usage within safety relevant systems.
Dependencies:	
Conflicts:	
Supporting Material:	

## 4.1.2.3 Normal Operation

## 4.1.2.3.1 [BSW12018] Watchdog mode selection service

Initiator:	BMW	
Date:	03.05.2004	
Short Description:	Watchdog mode selection service	
Туре:	New	
Importance:	High	
Description:	The watchdog driver shall provide a service for selecting the watchdog mode:  • Fast mode (mandatory)  • Slow mode (optional)  • Off (optional)	
Rationale:	Allow adaptation of watchdog behavior to ECU state.	
Use Case:	Allow switching of different timeout periods for start-up and run mode:	
Dependencies:	[BSW12015] Configuration of watchdog modes	
Conflicts:		
Supporting Material:	It is not required for each microcontroller to provide all modes. Some watchdogs do not allow mode changes once they have been set up.	

## 4.1.2.3.2 [BSW12019] Watchdog trigger service

Initiator:	BMW
Date:	09.06.2004
Short Description:	Watchdog trigger service
Type:	Changed
Importance:	High
Description:	The watchdog driver shall provide a watchdog trigger service. This service shall allow data exchange with the watchdog device (to and from)
Rationale:	Basic functionality



Use Case:	The data exchange can be used with complex watchdogs that provide a password mechanism (e.g. for use in safety relevant systems).
Dependencies:	
Conflicts:	
Supporting Material:	BMW Specification MCAL V1.0a, REQ MAL31.X

# 4.1.2.4 Shutdown Operation

A Deinit function is not provided for the watchdog driver due to safety reasons and because most watchdogs do not allow a deactivation. Thus, [BSW12163] Driver module deinitialization is not valid for this module.



# 4.2 External Watchdog Driver

#### 4.2.1 Functional Overview

The External Watchdog Driver controls an external hardware watchdog. It offers the trigger functionality and a mode select service. It has the same functional scope like the internal watchdog driver.

### 4.2.2 Functional Requirements

### **4.2.2.1 General**

### 4.2.2.1.1 [BSW12165] Functional scope

Initiator:	BMW
Date:	07.07.2004
Short Description:	Functional scope
Туре:	New
Importance:	High
Description:	For an external watchdog driver the same requirements shall apply like for an internal watchdog driver.
Rationale:	Make no functional differences between internal and external watchdog. Keep the functional scope the same.
Use Case:	
Dependencies:	Requirements on internal watchdog driver
Conflicts:	
Supporting Material:	

## 4.2.2.2 Configuration

### 4.2.2.2.1 [BSW12166] SPI channel configuration

Initiator:	WP4.2.2.1.12
Date:	07.07.2004
Short Description:	SPI channel configuration
Type:	Changed (generalized)
Importance:	High
Description:	A driver for an external SPI watchdog shall allow the static configuration of the required SPI parameters.  Those parameters are specified by the SPI Handler specification.
Rationale:	Basic configuration of SPI access
Use Case:	Use the SPI watchdog driver together with other SPI device drivers on the same SPI bus.
Dependencies:	
Conflicts:	
Supporting Material:	AUTOSAR SWS SPI Handler



## 4.2.3 Non-Functional Requirements (Qualities)

# 4.2.3.1 [BSW12167] Common Watchdog API

Initiator:	BMW
Date:	13.05.2004
Short Description:	Common Watchdog API
Туре:	New
Importance:	High
Description:	The external watchdog driver shall have a semantically identical API as an internal watchdog driver.
Rationale:	Ease control of watchdogs by the Watchdog Manager. Keep handling of internal and external Watchdogs similar.
Use Case:	Use the same Watchdog manager with an internal or with an external watchdog driver.
Dependencies:	Requirements on internal watchdog driver
Conflicts:	
Supporting Material:	

# 4.2.3.2 [BSW12168] Microcontroller independency

Initiator:	BMW
Date:	13.05.2004
Short Description:	Microcontroller independency
Type:	New
Importance:	High
Description:	The source code of the external watchdog driver shall be independent from the underlying microcontroller.
Rationale:	Reuse of external watchdog driver across multiple microcontrollers
Use Case:	Example: The same external watchdog driver for an SPI watchdog device can be used on a NEC V850 and on a Renesas M16C without any modification using the standardized SPI Handler interface.
Dependencies:	
Conflicts:	
Supporting Material:	



### 5 References

### 5.1 Deliverables of AUTOSAR

- [1] List of Basic Software Modules
  <a href="https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22">https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22</a> Releases
  AUTOSAR\_BasicSoftwareModules.pdf
- [2] Layered Software Architecture
  <a href="https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22\_Releases">https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22\_Releases</a>
  AUTOSAR\_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf
- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules https://svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22\_Releases AUTOSAR\_SRS\_General.pdf
- [4] General Requirements on SPAL <a href="https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22">https:/svn2.autosar.org/repos2/22</a> Releases AUTOSAR\_SRS\_SPAL\_General.pdf

### 5.2 Related standards and norms

[5] HIS API I/O Driver Specification www.automotive-his.de/results/ API\_IODriver\_2.1.3.pdf