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# **1** Introduction and functional overview

This specification specifies the functionality, API and the configuration of the AUTOSAR Basic Software module "Time Service".

The Time Service module is part of the Services Layer. The module provides services for time-based functionality. Use cases are:

- Time measurement
- time-based state machine
- Timeout supervision
- Busy waiting

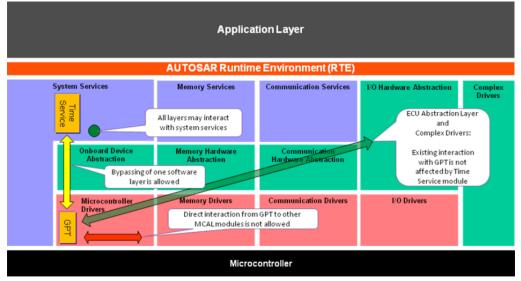


Figure 1.1: Architectural overview

The Time Service module does not use and distribute all features of the GPT driver.

Several types of - so called "Time Service Predef Timers" - are available, if supported by hardware and enabled by configuration.

Each Predef Timer has a predefined tick duration (physical time unit) and a predefined number of bits (physical range, width). By this, compatibility of time-based functionality is ensured for all platforms which support the required Predef Timers.

The Time Service Predef Timers are based on so-called "GPT Predef Timers", which are free running hardware timers, provided by the GPT driver [1].

The following time-based services are provided:

- Tm\_ResetTimer
- Tm\_GetTimeSpan
- Tm\_ShiftTimer



- Tm\_SyncTimer
- Tm\_BusyWait1us

All services are called by user (polling mode). Notifications are not supported.

The time services can be used in:

- Initialization phase (after a call to Tm\_Init)
- Tasks
- Cat2 interrupt service routines
- OS hooks

For implementation of the Time Service module no interrupts are needed.

# 1.1 Use cases

### 1.1.1 Time measurement

By using the Time Service module, execution time and cycle time of code can be measured, even run time and cycle time of:

- Tasks
- Cat2 interrupt service routines
- Functions
- Pieces of software

Time stamps can be generated.

Services of the Time Service module may be used to measure CPU load and task load, because the services may be called in the PreTaskHook (and PostTaskHook) of the Operating System.

### 1.1.2 time-based state machine

"Time base state machine" means: State transitions depending on timing. By using the Time Service module, time-based state machines can be implemented, which are nearly independently from the cycle time of the calling task. The user software has to ensure that the cycle time of the task is short enough relating to the desired timing behavior, due to polling of time information.



### 1.1.3 Timeout supervision and busy waiting

By using the Time Service module, errors and ambiguous behavior may be prevented in software modules by applying Predef Timers instead of "loops" or "nop instructions" to implement timeout supervision or busy waiting.

Using "loops" or "nop instructions" is a poor and critical design, because time intervals implemented in such a way are dependent on:

- CPU speed
- Pipeline effects
- Cache effects
- Access time to memory (bus width, wait states, ...)
- Interruption by Interrupt Service Routines
- Compiler version, compiler options, compiler optimizations



# 2 Acronyms, abbreviations and terms

Only a few acronyms and abbreviations are listed here which are helpful to understand this document or which have a local scope. Further information can be found in the official [2, AUTOSAR glossary].

Acronym / Abbreviation:	Description:
nop	No Operation

 Table 2.1: Acronyms and abbreviations

The terms defined in the table below have a local scope within this document.

Term:	Description:
GPT Predef Timer	A GPT Predef Timer is a free running up counter provided by the GPT driver [1]. Which GPT Predef Timer(s) are available depends on hardware (clock, hardware timers, prescaler, width of timer register,) and configuration. A GPT Predef Timer has predefined physical time unit and range.
Time Service Predef Timer	A Time Service Predef Timer is a free running up counter with predefined physical time unit and range. The hardware timer functionality is based on the corresponding GPT Predef Timer. The user uses timer instances to interact with the PreDef Timers.
Timer instance	A timer instance is a configured object (of a Time Service Predef Timer) and is used as handle in APIs. The user can configure any number of instances, they are completely independently of each other.
Reference time	The reference time is a time value stored for each timer instance. It represents the "start" time of the timer instance.

Table 2.2: Terms



# 3 Related documentation

# 3.1 Input documents & related standards and norms

- [1] Specification of GPT Driver AUTOSAR\_CP\_SWS\_GPTDriver
- [2] Glossary AUTOSAR\_FO\_TR\_Glossary
- [3] General Specification of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR\_CP\_SWS\_BSWGeneral

# 3.2 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [3, SWS BSW General], which is also valid for Tm.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for Tm.



# 4 Constraints and assumptions

# 4.1 Assumptions

The Time Service module is using hardware timers which may be impacted when the ECU is in SLEEP mode. This means that it depends on the hardware if a timer still counts in such a situation or if it stops while the ECU is in SLEEP. As the Time Service module itself cannot detect this it is assumed that the users of the module are aware of such situations. As a consequence it is assumed that users don't measure time across SLEEP periods and that they reset the Time Service timers after a SLEEP.

# 4.2 Limitations

# Functionality is based on HW timers which are not perhaps available

The functionality of the Time Service module is based on hardware timers (GPT Predef Timers) provided by the GPT Driver [1]. Which GPT Predef Timer(s) can be enabled depends on clock and available timer hardware (prescaler, width of timer register). It is recommended to enable all GPT Predef Timers to ensure compatibility of time-based functionality for all platforms.

# 4.3 Applicability to car domains

No restrictions.



# **5** Dependencies to other modules

This section describes the relations to other modules.

The Time Service module has dependencies to the following other AUTOSAR modules:

### GPT:

The functionality of the Time Service module is based on so called "GPT Predef Timers". A GPT Predef Timer is a free running up counter provided by the [1, GPT driver].



# 6 Requirements Tracing

The following tables reference the requirements specified in AUTOSAR SRS documents and links to the fulfillment of these. Please note that if column "Satisfied by" is empty for a specific requirement this means that this requirement is not fulfilled by this document.

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[SRS_BSW_00101]	The Basic Software Module shall be able to initialize variables and hardware in a separate initialization function	[SWS_Tm_91000] [SWS_Tm_91001]
[SRS_BSW_00312]	Shared code shall be reentrant	[SWS_Tm_00020]
[SRS_BSW_00323]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall check passed API parameters for validity	[SWS_Tm_00008] [SWS_Tm_00012] [SWS_Tm_00016] [SWS_Tm_00018] [SWS_Tm_00021] [SWS_Tm_00037] [SWS_Tm_00068] [SWS_Tm_00077] [SWS_Tm_00082]
[SRS_BSW_00337]	Classification of development errors	[SWS_Tm_00030]
[SRS_BSW_00344]	BSW Modules shall support link-time configuration	[SWS_Tm_91001]
[SRS_BSW_00348]	All AUTOSAR standard types and constants shall be placed and organized in a standard type header file	[SWS_Tm_00031]
[SRS_BSW_00358]	The return type of init() functions implemented by AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be void	[SWS_Tm_91001]
[SRS_BSW_00369]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall not return specific development error codes via the API	[SWS_Tm_00008] [SWS_Tm_00012] [SWS_Tm_00066] [SWS_Tm_91002] [SWS_Tm_91003]
[SRS_BSW_00386]	The BSW shall specify the configuration and conditions for detecting an error	[SWS_Tm_00068] [SWS_Tm_00082]
[SRS_BSW_00404]	BSW Modules shall support post-build configuration	[SWS_Tm_91001]
[SRS_BSW_00405]	BSW Modules shall support multiple configuration sets	[SWS_Tm_91001]
[SRS_BSW_00407]	Each BSW module shall provide a function to read out the version information of a dedicated module implementation	[SWS_Tm_00036]
[SRS_BSW_00414]	Init functions shall have a pointer to a configuration structure as single parameter	[SWS_Tm_91001]
[SRS_BSW_00452]	Classification of runtime errors	[SWS_Tm_00064]
[SRS_Tm_00001]	Different types of Predef Timers shall be supported by the Time Service module	[SWS_Tm_91002] [SWS_Tm_91003] [SWS_Tm_91004] [SWS_Tm_91005] [SWS_Tm_91006]
[SRS_Tm_00002]	The GPT Predef Timers shall be used as time base for the Predef Timers of the Time Service module	[SWS_Tm_00001] [SWS_Tm_00057]
[SRS_Tm_00004]	The Time Service module shall provide a synchronous service to reset a timer instance	[SWS_Tm_00006] [SWS_Tm_00063] [SWS_Tm_91002]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[SRS_Tm_00005]	The Time Service module shall provide a synchronous service to get the time span	[SWS_Tm_00009] [SWS_Tm_00010] [SWS_Tm_00063] [SWS_Tm_00065] [SWS_Tm_00069] [SWS_Tm_91003]
[SRS_Tm_00006]	The Time Service module shall provide a synchronous service to shift the reference time of a timer instance	[SWS_Tm_00013] [SWS_Tm_00014] [SWS_Tm_00063] [SWS_Tm_91004] [SWS_Tm_CONSTR_00002]
[SRS_Tm_00007]	The Time Service module shall provide a synchronous service to synchronize two timer instances	[SWS_Tm_00019] [SWS_Tm_00063] [SWS_Tm_91005]
[SRS_Tm_00008]	The Time Service module shall provide a synchronous service with tick duration $1\mu$ s to perform busy waiting by polling	[SWS_Tm_00022] [SWS_Tm_00023] [SWS_Tm_00024] [SWS_Tm_00070] [SWS_Tm_91006]

Table 6.1: Requirements Tracing

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# 7 Functional specification

# 7.1 TM Predef Timers

### 7.1.1 Background

This functionality of the Time Service module is based on so called "GPT Predef Timers", see [1, SWS GPTDriver].

### 7.1.2 Time Service Predef Timers

A Time Service Predef Timer is based on the corresponding GPT Predef Timer. The Time Service module assumes that the GPT is configured in a way suitable for the Time Service.

The following resolutions are available:

Type of Time Service Predef Timer	Tick duration	Maximum tick value	Number of bits	Maximum time span (circa values)
TM_PREDEF_TIMER_1US_16BIT	1 μs	65535	16 bit	65 ms
TM_PREDEF_TIMER_1US_24BIT		16777215	24 bit	16 s
TM_PREDEF_TIMER_1US_32BIT		4294967295	32 bit	71 minutes
TM_PREDEF_TIMER_100US_32BIT	100 μs	4294967295	32 bit	4.9 days

#### Table 7.1: Characteristics of Time Service Predef Timers

Users of Time Service require a timer instance to access the functionality offered in Time Service module. A timer instance has to be configured (via TmPreDefTimerIn-stance) before it can be used.

The Time Service module offers a set of API services which are available to its users. The following services are offered for timer instances:

- Tm\_ResetTimer
- Tm\_GetTimeSpan
- Tm\_ShiftTimer
- Tm\_SyncTimer

Additionally the service Tm\_BusyWaitlus is available for short waiting times.



### [SWS\_Tm\_00001]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00002

[The Time Service module shall use the GPT driver service  $Gpt\_GetPredefTimer-Value$  with the related resolution and width of the timers to get the current time value for the desired timer instance.]

# 7.1.3 Timing aspects to consider

This chapter contains several aspects of the provided Time Service functionality which has to be considered on user software level. Chapter 7.1.4.6 contains additional hints for users of  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$ 

### 7.1.3.1 Maximal measurable time span

The measurable time span is restricted to the maximum value of the corresponding GPT Predef Timer. A wrap-around of a timer is handled by the  $Tm\_GetTimeSpan$  function, see [SWS\_Tm\_00010].

The diagram "Free running up counter" below shows the general behavior of a free running up counter provided by the GPT driver [1]. The services Tm\_ResetTimer and Tm\_GetTimeSpan are used to measure three time spans, as example.

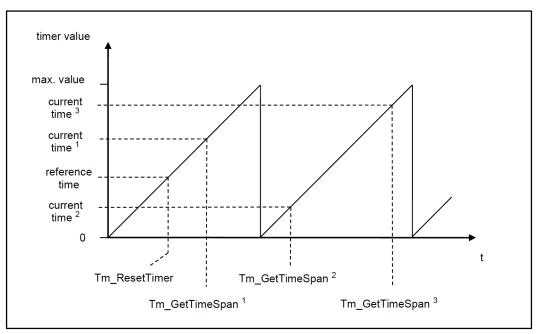


Figure 7.1: Free running up counter

By calling Tm\_ResetTimer the current time of the related GPT Predef Timer is stored as a reference time in the timer instance. For details see chapter 7.1.4.1.



By calling Tm\_GetTimeSpan the time difference between the current time and the reference time is calculated and delivered. For details see chapter 7.1.4.2.

For:

- Tm\_GetTimeSpan<sup>1</sup>
- Tm\_GetTimeSpan<sup>2</sup>

the time span will be calculated correctly.

For:

• Tm\_GetTimeSpan<sup>3</sup>

it is not possible to calculate the correct time span, because the maximum time span is exceeded. It is not possible for the Time Service module to detect such an exceeding. This is not a fault of this specification, it's a logical consequence caused by the technical principle. See also "Unintentional behavior of Tm\_BusyWaitlus services" in chapter 7.1.4.6.

To ensure correct behavior under every possible circumstance, the user of the  $Tm_-GetTimeSpan$  service has to check:

- which Predef Timer is required/sufficient
- the task scheduling
- whether an interrupt or resource lock is necessary on user software level
- whether the user software is tolerant of such problems

# 7.1.3.2 Time quantization error

The theory of quantization error has to be considered at using/interpretation of the values delivered by the  $Tm\_GetTimeSpan$  function.

The value delivered by a Tm\_GetTimeSpan function has an accuracy of +/- 1 tick.

For example:

Value delive Tm_GetTim function		Real time minimum		Real time maximum			Comment	
Value	Tick duration							
1	μs	nearly	0	μs	nearly	2	μs	See figure 7.2
3400	μs	nearly	3399	μs	nearly	3401	μs	
56	100 <i>µ</i> s	nearly	5500	$\mu$ S	nearly	5700	μS	



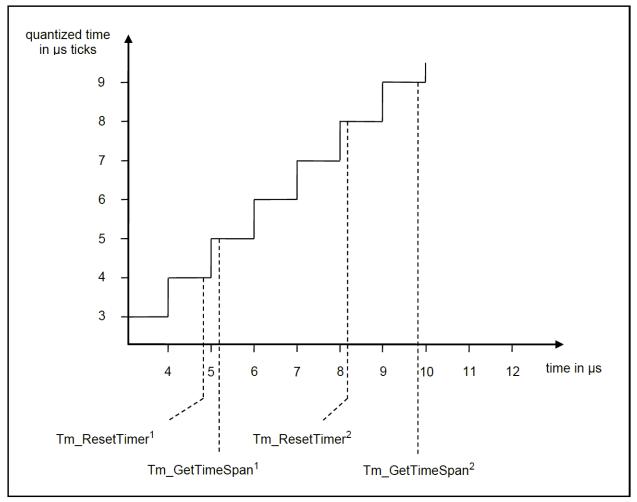


Figure 7.2: Time quantization example diagram

In the example diagram above both calls of  $Tm\_GetTimeSpan$  (<sup>1</sup> and <sup>2</sup>) deliver the value 1, this means  $1\mu s$ .

Depending on points in time the calls of  $Tm\_ResetTimer$  and  $Tm\_GetTimeSpan$  occur, the real time span can be in a range nearly  $0\mu$ s to nearly  $2\mu$ s.

If a Tm\_GetTimeSpan function is used to check a minimum time, e.g. for:

- Timeout supervision
- Busy waiting

n+1 ticks must be observed by user software to ensure that an interval of at least n ticks has passed, see also [SWS\_Tm\_00024].

For busy waiting please use the Tm\_BusyWaitlus service, see chapter 7.1.4.5.



### 7.1.3.3 Execution times of services / measurement of short time spans

If short time spans shall be measured on user software level, the execution times of the Tm services and the underlying GPT driver services shall be short enough related to the time spans to be measured.

The execution times are dependent on:

- Implementation
- CPU speed
- Realization of related GPT Predef Timer, see chapter GPT Predef Timer in [1, SWS GPT Driver]

The user has to check whether the execution times are sufficient for his use case.

### 7.1.4 API Services

The Tm\_GetTimeSpan, Tm\_ShiftTimer and Tm\_SyncTimer services require timer instance(s) as input. It is assumed that these timer instance(s) do have a valid reference time. This means there was a previous call to Tm\_ResetTimer which used the timer instance.

#### [SWS\_Tm\_00068] Development error when refernce time is missing

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00386, SRS\_BSW\_00323

[If development error detection for the Time Service module is enabled: If a timer instance provided by the user in a call to Tm\_GetTimeSpan, Tm\_ShiftTimer or Tm\_SyncTimer does not contain a reference time the called function shall raise the development error TM\_E\_STATE.]

The Tm\_GetTimeSpan and the Tm\_ShiftTimer services provide or require a timer value. For both services the type of the timer value is fixed to a 32 bit type (uint32). If predef timers are used with a smaller width (16bit or 24bit), the "unused" part of the timer value shall always be 0.

Example: If a timer instance is using a 16bit pre def timer then values of the timer are always in the range of  $0 \times 00000000$  and  $0 \times 0000FFFF$ .

### [SWS\_Tm\_CONSTR\_00002] Assumption on provided timer value

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00006

[When  $Tm\_ShiftTimer$  is called with a timer instance using a 16bit (or 24bit) the Time Service module assumes that the value of the parameter TimeValue is in the range of  $0 \times 0000$  to  $0 \times FFFF$  (or  $0 \times 000000$  to  $0 \times FFFFFFF$ ).]



### [SWS\_Tm\_00069] Range of timer values

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00005

### 7.1.4.1 Service ResetTimer

The service Tm\_ResetTimer resets a timer instance from user point of view.

### [SWS\_Tm\_00006]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00004

[The Tm\_ResetTimer function shall reset the provided timer instance. This means, the reference time of the timer instance shall be set to the current time of the related GPT Predef Timer.]

### 7.1.4.2 Service GetTimeSpan

The service Tm\_GetTimeSpan returns the current timer value of the timer instance.

# [SWS\_Tm\_00009]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00005

[The Tm\_GetTimeSpan function shall calculate and deliver the time difference between the current time and the reference time of the timer instance.]

Note: The restriction of maximal measurable time span has to be considered on user software level, see chapter 7.1.3.1.

Note: Because the Tm\_GetTimeSpan function deliver time differences as integer values, the theory of quantization error has to be considered on user software level at using/interpretation of the values, see chapter 7.1.3.2.

### [SWS\_Tm\_00010]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00005

[The Tm\_GetTimeSpan function shall perform proper wrap-around handling at subtraction (current time - reference time), if value of current time is less than value of reference time.]



### 7.1.4.3 Service ShiftTimer

### [SWS\_Tm\_00013]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00006

[The Tm\_ShiftTimer function shall shift the reference time of the timer instance. This means, the provided timer value shall be added to the reference time of the timer instance.]

### [SWS\_Tm\_00014]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00006

[The Tm\_ShiftTimer function shall perform proper wrap-around handling at adding (reference time + TimeValue), if the sum is greater than the maximum value of the timer.]

### 7.1.4.4 Service SyncTimer

### [SWS\_Tm\_00019]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00007

[The Tm\_SyncTimer function shall synchronize two timer instances. This means, the reference time of the destination timer instance shall be set to the reference time of the source timer instance.]

### 7.1.4.5 Service BusyWait

The service  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$  performs busy waiting (active waiting) by polling with a guaranteed minimum waiting time. The  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$  service should be used instead of own implementations on user software level to avoid risks of bad implementations.

Risks may be:

- minimum waiting time is not guaranteed
- "loops" or "nop instructions" are used instead of hardware timers, see chapter 1.1

Note: The specification of the Tm\_BusyWaitlus function considers the theory of quantization error, see chapter 7.1.3.2.



Note: Because the  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$  service is based on polling, the user of the  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$  service is responsible for avoiding unintentional behavior, see chapter 7.1.4.6.

The service is available with tick duration of  $1\mu$ s. The waiting time is restricted to 8 bits (255 $\mu$ s) to prevent long time blocking of code execution.

# [SWS\_Tm\_00022]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00008

[The Tm\_BusyWaitlus function shall perform busy waiting for the minimum time passed by the parameter WaitingTimeMin.]

# [SWS\_Tm\_00023]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00008

[The Tm\_BusyWaitlus function shall not disable the interrupts. This means the real waiting time may be greater than the desired waiting time.]

### [SWS\_Tm\_00024]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00008

[The  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$  function shall guarantee the minimum waiting. This means, n+1 ticks must be observed to ensure that an interval of at least n ticks have passed.]

### [SWS\_Tm\_00070] Resolution of busy waiting

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00008

[The  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$  function shall always use a PreDef Timer with 1µs resolution and 32bit width.]

### 7.1.4.6 Unintentional behavior of BusyWait services

This chapter has to be considered on user software level.

Because the Tm\_BusyWaitlus service is based on polling, the user of Tm\_Busy-Waitlus service is responsible for avoiding unintentional behavior.

Unintentional behavior can occur when an ongoing call of Tm\_BusyWaitlus is preempted or interrupted. Here is a possible scenario:

- 1. A Task A calls  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$  with waiting time of  $10\mu s$ . The function reads the current value of the timer. The current value is 0.
- 2. After  $2\mu$ s the scheduler preempts Task A, and another Task is executed.



- 3. Task A stays preempted for a long time. In the meantime the timer wraps around and the value is again 0
- 4. Shortly afterwards Task A continues. The next value which is read in the function Tm\_BusyWaitlus is 3
- 5. For  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$  it looks like that just  $1\mu s$  has passed. So it still loops until the timer reaches 10.

The waiting time in the above example is in the end extremely long. By using the service  $Tm_BusyWaitlus$  a problem as described above can only occur, if a task which calls the busy wait function is preempted for more than 71 minutes. See also [SWS\_Tm\_00070].

To ensure correct behavior under every possible circumstance, the user of the Tm\_-BusyWaitlus service has to check:

- the task scheduling
- whether an interrupt or resource lock is necessary on user software level
- whether the user software is tolerant of such problems

#### 7.1.5 Configuration of Predef Timers

The Time Service module requires that timer instances are configured before they can be used. See TmPreDefTimerInstance for details. For each timer instance the type of the underlying timer has to be provided (see TmPreDefTimerType). Additionally it has to be specified if the timer instance is used on application level (access via ports) or just from other modules via its C-API. This can be specified in TmTimerUser.

There is a restriction regarding the availability of port(s) and timer types: For ports only PreDef Timers of type TM\_PREDEF\_TIMER\_1US\_32BIT are allowed.

[SWS\_Tm\_CONSTR\_00001] Service interface always use 32bit wide 1us resolution [The Time Service module only support ports for configured timer instances of type TM\_PREDEF\_TIMER\_1US\_32BIT.]

**[SWS\_Tm\_00071] Configuration check** [If a configuration contains a TmPreDef-TimerInstance where the TmTimerUser equals PORT and the TmPreDefTimer-Type is not equal TM\_PREDEF\_TIMER\_1US\_32BIT then the generator tool of the Time Service module shall report an error.]



#### 7.1.6 Sample code of use cases

This chapter contains example code of use cases in addition to the use cases described in chapter 1.1.

#### 7.1.6.1 Time measurement

Sometimes execution time of code shall be measured.

Sample code:

```
1 #include "Os.h"
2 #include "Tm.h"
4 /* TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_TimerIsr1 = Name of the configured timer
     instance with a lus resolution */
5 /* TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_TimerTask100us = Name of the configured
     timer instance with a lus resolution */
6
7 uint32 RunTimeIsrlus; /* Gross runtime of Isrl */
8 uint32 RunTimeTask100us; /* Gross runtime of Task100ms */
10 ISR(Isr1) {
11 (void) Tm_ResetTimer(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_TimerIsr1);
12 /* Code */
   (void) Tm_GetTimeSpan(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_TimerIsr1, &
13
     RunTimeIsrlus);
14 }
15
16 TASK(Task100ms) {
  (void) Tm_ResetTimer(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_TimerTask100us);
17
  /* Code */
18
  (void)Tm_GetTimeSpan(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_TimerTask100us, &
19
    RunTimeTask100us);
20 (void) TerminateTask();
21 }
```

### 7.1.6.2 time-based state machine

By implementing a time-based state machine it is possible to realize time-based functionality nearly independently from the cycle time of the calling task.

Sample code:

```
1 #include "Os.h"
2 #include "Tm.h"
3
4 #define MY_INIT 0
5 #define MY_WAIT1 1
6 #define MY_WAIT2 2
7
```



```
8 /* TmConf TmPreDefTimerInstance Timer = Name of configured timer instance.
     */
a
10 uint8_least State = MY_INIT;
11
12 TASK(Task5ms) {
  uint32 WaitingTime1_us = 500000u; /* 500ms */
13
   uint32 WaitingTime2_us = 250000u; /* 250ms */
14
15
16 switch (State) {
    case MY_INIT: {
17
       (void) Tm_ResetTimer(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_Timer);
18
       State = MY_WAIT1;
19
       break;
20
    }
21
     case MY_WAIT1: {
22
       uint32 Time us;
23
       (void) Tm_GetTimeSpan(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_Timer, &Time_us);
24
       if (Time_us >= WaitingTime1_us) {
25
          /* Action ... */
26
         Tm_ShiftTimer(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_Timer, WaitingTime1_us);
27
         State = MY_WAIT2;
28
       }
29
       break;
30
     }
31
     case MY_WAIT2: {
32
      uint32 Time_us;
33
       (void) Tm_GetTimeSpan(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_Timer, &Time_us);
34
       if (Time_us >= WaitingTime2_us) {
35
          /* Action ... */
36
          Tm_ShiftTimer(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_Timer, WaitingTime2_us);
37
          State = MY_WAIT1;
38
        }
39
40
        break;
      }
41
42 }
    (void) TerminateTask();
43
44 }
```

### 7.1.6.3 Timeout supervision

In case of hardware accessing MCAL driver, sometimes it is necessary that a hardware reaction is expected within certain but short time frame.

Sample code:



```
8
9 void SampleFunction(void) {
10 (void)Tm_ResetTimer(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_Timer1);
11 do {
12 StatusRegisterBit0 = HW_STATUS_REG & 0x0001u;
13 (void)Tm_GetTimeSpan(TmConf_TmPreDefTimerInstance_Timer1, &
TimeElapsed_us);
14 } while ( (StatusRegisterBit0 != 0x0001u) /* Wait until bit 0 is set*/
15 & && (TimeElapsed_us <= 40) /* Timeout 40us */);
16 }
</pre>
```

### 7.1.6.4 Busy waiting

In case of hardware accessing MCAL driver, sometimes it is necessary that a certain but short time frame shall elapse.

Sample code:

```
1 #include "Tm.h"
2
3 Std_ReturnType CanTrcv_SetOpMode(uint8 Transceiver, CanIf_TrcvModeType
    OpMode) {
  /* Code */
4
   switch(OpMode) {
5
    case CANIF_TRCV_MODE_NORMAL: {
6
       /* Code */
7
       break;
8
     }
9
     case CANIF_TRCV_MODE_SLEEP: {
10
      /* Code */
11
       SetPinEnableHigh();
12
      /* Busy waiting: 50us (for TJA1054: at least 50us) */
13
       (void) Tm_BusyWait1us(50);
14
      SetPinEnableLow();
15
       /* Code */
16
17
       break;
    }
18
     case CANIF_TRCV_MODE_STANDBY: {
19
       /* Code */
20
       break;
21
      }
22
23 }
24 /* Code */
25 }
```

# 7.2 Version check

Please refer to chapter "Version Check" in [3, SWS BSW General].



# 7.3 Error classification

### [SWS\_Tm\_00063]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00004, SRS\_Tm\_00005, SRS\_Tm\_00006, SRS\_Tm\_00007

[When an error occurs the corresponding Time Service function shall return without any action, unless it is specified for the specific function differently/more in detail.]

### 7.3.1 Development Errors

### [SWS\_Tm\_00028] Definiton of development errors in module Tm [

Type of error	Related error code	Error value
API parameter checking: invalid pointer	TM_E_PARAM_POINTER	0x01
API parameter checking: invalid value	TM_E_PARAM_VALUE	0x02
API parameter checking: incompatible timer instances for Tm_SyncTimer	TM_E_PARAM_SYNC	0x03
A provided timer instance was not initialized via Tm_ResetTimer	TM_E_STATE	0x04

### [SWS\_Tm\_00030]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00337

[Additional errors that are detected because of specific implementation shall be added in the specific implementation specification. The classification and enumeration shall be compatible to the errors listed.]

# 7.3.2 Runtime Errors

### [SWS\_Tm\_00067] Definiton of runtime errors in module Tm [

Type of error	Related error code	Error value
Access to underlying hardware timer failed	TM_E_HARDWARE_TIMER	0x03

┘



### [SWS\_Tm\_00064]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00452

[If the underlying GPT driver service returns E\_NOT\_OK, the functions Tm\_Reset-Timer, Tm\_GetTimeSpan and Tm\_BusyWait1us shall raise the runtime error TM\_-E\_HARDWARE\_TIMER.]

# 7.3.3 Production Errors

No production errors are defined for the Time Service module.

### 7.3.4 Extended Production Errors

There are no extended production errors.



# 8 **API** specification

# 8.1 Imported types

In this chapter all types included from the following modules are listed:

# [SWS\_Tm\_00031] Definition of imported datatypes of module Tm

```
Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00348
```

Γ

Module	Header File	Imported Type
Gpt	Gpt.h	Gpt_PredefTimerType
Std	Std_Types.h	Std_ReturnType
	Std_Types.h	Std_VersionInfoType

┘

# 8.2 Type Definitions

# 8.2.1 Tm\_ConfigType

# [SWS\_Tm\_91000] Definition of datatype Tm\_ConfigType

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00101

Γ

Name	Tm_ConfigType	
Kind	Structure	
Elements	implementation specific	
	Туре	-
	Comment	The contents of the initialization data structure are implementation specific
Description	This type contains the implementation-specific configuration structure.	
Available via	Tm.h	



# 8.3 Function definitions

#### 8.3.1 Tm\_Init

### [SWS\_Tm\_91001] Definition of API function Tm\_Init

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00344, SRS\_BSW\_00404, SRS\_BSW\_00405, SRS\_BSW\_00101, SRS\_BSW\_00358, SRS\_BSW\_00414

Γ

Service Name	Tm_Init		
Syntax	<pre>void Tm_Init (     const Tm_ConfigTy )</pre>	<pre>void Tm_Init (     const Tm_ConfigType* config )</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x02	0x02	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	config	config Pointer to the Time Service module's configuration dat	
Parameters (inout)	None		
Parameters (out)	None		
Return value	None	None	
Description	This service initializes the are used.	This service initializes the Time Service module. Is shall be called before other functional APIs are used.	
Available via	Tm.h		

Γ

### 8.3.2 Tm\_GetVersionInfo

### [SWS\_Tm\_00036] Definition of API function Tm\_GetVersionInfo

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00407

```
Service Name
                          Tm_GetVersionInfo
Syntax
                          void Tm_GetVersionInfo (
                             Std_VersionInfoType* VersionInfoPtr
                           )
Service ID [hex]
                          0x1
Sync/Async
                          Synchronous
                          Reentrant
Reentrancy
Parameters (in)
                          None
Parameters (inout)
                          None
Parameters (out)
                           VersionInfoPtr
                                                     Pointer to where to store the version information of this module.
Return value
                          None
Description
                          Returns the version information of this module.
```



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Available via

# [SWS\_Tm\_00037]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00323

Tm.h

[If development error detection for the Time Service module is enabled: If the parameter VersionInfoPtr is a null pointer, the function Tm\_GetVersionInfo shall raise the error TM\_E\_PARAM\_POINTER.]

# 8.3.3 Tm\_ResetTimer

# [SWS\_Tm\_91002] Definition of API function Tm\_ResetTimer

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00001, SRS\_Tm\_00004, SRS\_BSW\_00369

Γ

Service Name	Tm_ResetTimer	Tm_ResetTimer		
Syntax	Std_ReturnType Tm_Re uint32 timerId )	Std_ReturnType Tm_ResetTimer ( uint32 timerId )		
Service ID [hex]	0x03	0x03		
Sync/Async	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy	Reentrant but not for the s	Reentrant but not for the same timerId		
Parameters (in)	timerld	timerId A timer instance handle.		
Parameters (inout)	None	None		
Parameters (out)	None	None		
Return value	Std_ReturnType	Std_ReturnType       E_OK:         The underlying GPT driver service has returned E_OK.         E_NOT_OK: The underlying GPT driver service has not returned         E_NOT_OK.		
Description	Reset a timer instance by a Timer.	Reset a timer instance by setting the reference time to the current value of the related PreDef Timer.		
Available via	Tm.h	Tm.h		

# [SWS\_Tm\_00008]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00369, SRS\_BSW\_00323

[If development error detection for the Time Service module is enabled: If the parameter timerId is not a valid timer instance, the Tm\_ResetTimer functions shall raise the development error TM\_E\_PARAM\_VALUE.]



# 8.3.4 Tm\_GetTimeSpan

# [SWS\_Tm\_91003] Definition of API function Tm\_GetTimeSpan

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00001, SRS\_Tm\_00005, SRS\_BSW\_00369

Γ

Service Name	Tm_GetTimeSpan	Tm_GetTimeSpan		
Syntax	Std_ReturnType Tm_Ge uint32 timerId, uint32* timeSpan )			
Service ID [hex]	0x04	0x04		
Sync/Async	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy	Reentrant	Reentrant		
Parameters (in)	timerld	timerId A timer instance handle.		
Parameters (inout)	None	None		
Parameters (out)	timeSpan	Pointer to location where the time will be stored.		
Return value	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The underlying GPT driver service has returned E_OK. E_NOT_OK: The underlying GPT driver service has not returned E_OK.		
Description	Delivers the (relative) value	e of the time since the last reset (or shifting) of the timer instance.		
Available via	Tm.h	Tm.h		

# [SWS\_Tm\_00082] Unknown timer

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00386, SRS\_BSW\_00323

[If development error detection for the Time Service module is enabled: If the parameter timerId is not a valid timer instance, the Tm\_GetTimeSpan functions shall raise the development error TM\_E\_PARAM\_VALUE.]

# [SWS\_Tm\_00012]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00369, SRS\_BSW\_00323

[If development error detection for the Time Service module is enabled: If the pointer parameter (timeSpan) is a null pointer, the Tm\_GetTimeSpan functions shall raise the development error TM\_E\_PARAM\_POINTER.]

# [SWS\_Tm\_00065]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00005

[When Tm\_GetTimeSpan returns E\_NOT\_OK it shall set the value for the timeSpan to "0".]



# 8.3.5 Tm\_ShiftTimer

# [SWS\_Tm\_91004] Definition of API function Tm\_ShiftTimer

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00001, SRS\_Tm\_00006

Γ

Service Name	Tm_ShiftTimer			
Syntax	<pre>void Tm_ShiftTimer ( uint32 timerId, uint32 timeValue )</pre>	uint32 timerId,		
Service ID [hex]	0x05			
Sync/Async	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy	Reentrant but not for the sa	Reentrant but not for the same timer instance		
Parameters (in)	timerId	A timer instance handle.		
	timeValue	Time value in in units (e.g. $\mu$ s), the reference time has to be shifted.		
Parameters (inout)	None			
Parameters (out)	None	None		
Return value	None	None		
Description	Shifts the reference time of	Shifts the reference time of the timer instance.		
Available via	Tm.h			

# [SWS\_Tm\_00018]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00323

[If development error detection for the Time Service module is enabled: If the timerId is not a valid timer instance, the Tm\_ShiftTimer functions shall raise the development error TM\_E\_PARAM\_VALUE.]

# [SWS\_Tm\_00016]

#### Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00323

[If development error detection for the Time Service module is enabled: If the value of the parameter timeValue is greater than the maximum allowed of the base GPT predef timer (0xFFFFF for 24bit timers and 0xFFFF for 16bit timers), the Tm\_ShiftTimer functions shall raise the development error TM\_E\_PARAM\_VALUE.]

Note: A shift by "0" is considered a valid request although no real adjustments are performed.



### 8.3.6 Tm\_SyncTimer

### [SWS\_Tm\_91005] Definition of API function Tm\_SyncTimer

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00001, SRS\_Tm\_00007

Γ

Service Name	Tm_SyncTimer			
Syntax	<pre>void Tm_SyncTimer ( uint32 timerIdSrc, uint32 timerIdDst )</pre>			
Service ID [hex]	0x06	0x06		
Sync/Async	Synchronous			
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant Conditionally	Non Reentrant Conditionally reentrant (see [SWS_Tm_00020])		
Parameters (in)	timerIdSrc	Source timer instance defined by the user.		
	timerIdDst	Destination timer instance defined by the user.		
Parameters (inout)	None			
Parameters (out)	None	None		
Return value	None			
Description	Synchronizes two timer inst	Synchronizes two timer instances.		
Available via	Tm.h			

# [SWS\_Tm\_00021]

#### Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00323

[If development error detection for the Time Service module is enabled: If a parameter is not a valid timer instance, the Tm\_SyncTimer functions shall raise the development error TM\_E\_PARAM\_VALUE.]

### [SWS\_Tm\_00077] Resolution mismatch

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00323

[If development error detection for the Time Service module is enabled: If the resolution or the width of the two timer instances are not equal, the  $Tm_SyncTimer$  functions shall raise the development error  $TM_E\_PARAM\_SYNC.$ ]

# [SWS\_Tm\_00020]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00312

[The SyncTime functions shall be reentrant, if the timer instances used in concurrent calls are different.]



# 8.3.7 Tm\_BusyWait1us

# [SWS\_Tm\_91006] Definition of API function Tm\_BusyWait1us

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00001, SRS\_Tm\_00008

Service Name Tm\_BusyWait1us Syntax Std\_ReturnType Tm\_BusyWait1us ( uint8 WaitingTimeMin Service ID [hex] 0x15 Sync/Async Synchronous Reentrancy Reentrant Parameters (in) WaitingTimeMin Minimum waiting time in microseconds. Parameters (inout) None Parameters (out) None Return value Std ReturnType E\_OK: The underlying GPT driver service has returned E\_OK. E\_NOT\_OK: The underlying GPT driver service has not returned E OK. Description Performs busy waiting by polling with a guaranteed minimum waiting time. Available via Tm.h

Γ

Note: Because the BusyWait service is based on polling, the user of the BusyWait service is responsible for avoiding unintentional behavior, see chapter 7.1.4.5 Service BusyWait.

### [SWS\_Tm\_00066]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00369

[When an error is detected, the BusyWait functions shall return E\_NOT\_OK and shall abort "waiting" immediately.]

The [SWS\_Tm\_00066] means that if an error is returned the minimal waiting time is (most likely) not reached.

# 8.4 Call-back Notifications

None.

# 8.5 Scheduled functions

None.



## 8.6 Expected Interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces required from other modules are listed.

## 8.6.1 Mandatory Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces, which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

## [SWS\_Tm\_00057] Definition of mandatory interfaces required by module Tm

Upstream requirements: SRS\_Tm\_00002

Γ

API Function	Header File	Description
Det_ReportRuntimeError	Det.h	Service to report runtime errors. If a callout has been configured then this callout shall be called.
Gpt_GetPredefTimerValue	Gpt.h	Delivers the current value of the desired GPT Predef Timer.

## 8.6.2 Optional Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces, which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.

[SWS Tm 00060]	Definition of optional interf	aces requested by module Tm [
•		

API Function	Header File	Description
Det_ReportError	Det.h	Service to report development errors.

┘

### 8.6.3 Configurable Interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces are listed where the target function could be configured. The Time Service module does not have such functions.

None.



## 8.7 Service Interfaces

## 8.7.1 Provided Ports of Tm

# [SWS\_Tm\_91007] Definition of Port TmPreDefTimer\_{Name} provided by module Tm $\lceil$

Name	TmPreDefTimer_{Name}		
Kind	ProvidedPort	Interface	TmPreDefTimerService
Description	-		
Port Defined	Туре	uint32	
Argument Value(s)	Value	{ecuc(Tm/TmPreDefTimerInstance/TmPreDefTimerInstanceId)}	
Variation	{ecuc(Tm/TmPreDefTimerInstance/TmTimerUser) == PORT AND Name = {ecuc(Tm/TmPreDefTimerInstance.SHORT-NAME)}		

## 8.7.2 Client-Server-Interfaces

The offered ClientServerInterface provides functionality to reset, get and shift a timer. The C API additionally offers Tm\_SyncTimer and Tm\_BusyWaitlus which are not part of the ClientServerInterface. The reasons are: SWCs should not really perform busy waiting and for synchronization the SWC would require access to the generated symbols of the instance Ids which is currently not possible for the application.

## 8.7.2.1 TmPreDefTimerService

## [SWS\_Tm\_91008] Definition of ClientServerInterface TmPreDefTimerService

Name	TmPreDefTimerService			
Comment	-	-		
IsService	true	true		
Variation	-			
Possible Errors	0 E_OK Operation successful			
	1	E_NOT_OK	Operation failed	

Operation	GetTimeSpan		
Comment	-	-	
Mapped to API	Tm_GetTimeS	Tm_GetTimeSpan	
Variation	-		
Parameters	timeSpan		
	Type uint32		

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Direction	OUT
Comment	The current value of the timer.
ariation	-
2	omment ariation

Operation	ResetTimer
Comment	This service sets the reference time to the current value of the underlying predef timer
Mapped to API	Tm_ResetTimer
Variation	-
Possible Errors	E_OK E_NOT_OK

Operation	ShiftTimer	
Comment	This service sh	ifts the reference time by the given value.
Mapped to API	Tm_ShiftTimer	
Variation	-	
Parameters	value	
	Туре	uint32
	Direction IN	
	Comment The value by which the timer is shifted.	
	Variation –	
Possible Errors	E_OK	

⅃



## 9 Sequence diagrams

## 9.1 Tm Normal Operation

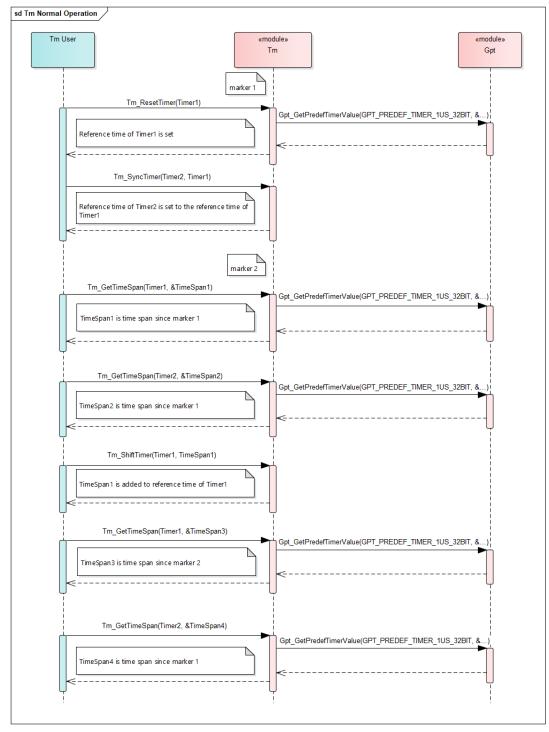


Figure 9.1: Sequence diagram TmNormalOperation



# **10** Configuration specification

In general, this chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification Chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals. It also specifies a template (table) you shall use for the parameter specification. We intend to leave Chapter 10.1 in the specification to guarantee comprehension.

Chapter 10.2 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the module Tm.

Chapter 10.3 specifies published information of the module Tm.

## 10.1 How to read this chapter

For details refer to the chapter 10.1 "Introduction to configuration specification" in [3, SWS BSW General].

## **10.2** Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters. The detailed meanings of the parameters describe Chapter 7 and Chapter 8.

### 10.2.1 Tm

### [ECUC\_Tm\_00008] Definition of EcucModuleDef Tm [

Module Name	Tm
Description	Configuration of the Time Service module.
Post-Build Variant Support	false
Supported Config Variants	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE

Included Containers			
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency	
TmGeneral	1	General configuration of Time Service module.	
TmPreDefTimerInstance	0*	Contains all configurable elements for timer instances	



## 10.2.2 TmGeneral

## [ECUC\_Tm\_00001] Definition of EcucParamConfContainerDef TmGeneral [

Container Name	TmGeneral	
Parent Container	Tm	
Description	General configuration of Time Service module.	
Configuration Parameters		

Included Parameters			
Parameter Name	Multiplicity	ECUC ID	
TmDevErrorDetect	1	[ECUC_Tm_00002]	
TmVersionInfoApi	1	[ECUC_Tm_00007]	

No Included Containers

## [ECUC\_Tm\_00002] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef TmDevErrorDetect [

Parameter Name	TmDevErrorDetect			
Parent Container	TmGeneral			
Description	Switches the development error det	ection an	d notification on or off.	
	• true: detection and notification is	• true: detection and notification is enabled.		
	• false: detection and notification is	disabled		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

## [ECUC\_Tm\_00007] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef TmVersionInfoApi

Parameter Name	TmVersionInfoApi			
Parent Container	TmGeneral	TmGeneral		
Description	Adds / removes the service Tm_GetVersionInfo() from the code. ON or OFF.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	

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	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

## 10.2.3 TmPreDefTimerInstance

# [ECUC\_Tm\_00009] Definition of EcucParamConfContainerDef TmPreDefTimerInstance $\car{l}$

Container Name	TmPreDefTimerInstance
Parent Container	Tm
Description	Contains all configurable elements for timer instances
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false
Configuration Parameters	

Included Parameters			
Parameter Name	Multiplicity	ECUC ID	
TmPreDefTimerInstanceId	1	[ECUC_Tm_00010]	
TmPreDefTimerType	1	[ECUC_Tm_00011]	
TmTimerUser	1	[ECUC_Tm_00012]	

#### No Included Containers

# [ECUC\_Tm\_00010] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef TmPreDefTimerInstance Id $\lceil$

Parameter Name	TmPreDefTimerInstanceId			
Parent Container	TmPreDefTimerInstance	TmPreDefTimerInstance		
Description	Instance handle of the timer.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic N	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 4294967295			
Default value	-	-		
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	-		
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Scope / Dependency	scope: local
	withAuto = true

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# [ECUC\_Tm\_00011] Definition of EcucEnumerationParamDef TmPreDefTimer Type $\lceil$

Parameter Name	TmPreDefTimerType			
Parent Container	TmPreDefTimerInstance	TmPreDefTimerInstance		
Description	Configures the type of PreDef time	er used fro	m GPT	
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef	EcucEnumerationParamDef		
Range	TM_PREDEF_ TIMER_100US_32BIT	predef timer with 100us resolution and 32bit width		
	TM_PREDEF_ TIMER_1US_16BIT	predef timer with 1us resolution and 16bit width.		
	TM_PREDEF_ TIMER_1US_24BIT	predef timer with 1us resolution and 24bit width.		
	TM_PREDEF_ TIMER_1US_32BIT	predef timer with 1us resolution and 32bit width.		
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

## [ECUC\_Tm\_00012] Definition of EcucEnumerationParamDef TmTimerUser

Parameter Name	TmTimerUser			
Parent Container	TmPreDefTimerInstance	TmPreDefTimerInstance		
Description	Specifies if timer instance is us	Specifies if timer instance is used via C-API or via port interface.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef	EcucEnumerationParamDef		
Range	CAPI	CAPI timer instance is used via C-API		
	PORT	timer i	timer instance is used via port interface.	
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			



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## **10.3 Published Information**

For details refer to the chapter 10.3 "Published Information" in [3, SWS BSW General].



# A Not applicable requirements

## [SWS\_Tm\_NA\_00059]

Upstream requirements: SRS\_BSW\_00344, SRS\_BSW\_00159, SRS\_BSW\_00167, SRS\_BSW\_-00170, SRS\_BSW\_00398, SRS\_BSW\_00416, SRS\_BSW\_00437, SRS\_BSW\_00168, SRS\_BSW\_00423, SRS\_BSW\_00424, SRS\_BSW\_-00425, SRS BSW 00426, SRS BSW 00427, SRS BSW 00428, SRS BSW 00429, SRS BSW 00432, SRS BSW 00433, SRS BSW -00422, SRS BSW 00417, SRS BSW 00161, SRS BSW 00162, SRS BSW 00005, SRS BSW 00415, SRS BSW 00325, SRS BSW -00342. SRS BSW 00160, SRS BSW 00007, SRS BSW 00413, SRS\_BSW\_00347, SRS\_BSW\_00307, SRS\_BSW\_00373, SRS\_BSW\_-00335, SRS BSW 00353, SRS BSW 00328, SRS BSW 00006, SRS\_BSW\_00439, SRS\_BSW\_00357, SRS\_BSW\_00377, SRS\_BSW\_-00378, SRS\_BSW\_00306, SRS\_BSW\_00308, SRS\_BSW\_00309, SRS\_BSW\_00359, SRS\_BSW\_00360, SRS\_BSW\_00440, SRS\_BSW\_-00330, SRS BSW 00331, SRS BSW 00009, SRS BSW 00172, SRS BSW 00010, SRS BSW 00333, SRS BSW 00321, SRS BSW -00341

These requirements are not applicable to this specification.



## **B** History of Constraints and Specification Items

## B.1 Differences between R23-11 and R24-11

## B.1.1 Added Specification Items in R24-11

[ECUC\_Tm\_00009] [ECUC\_Tm\_00010] [ECUC\_Tm\_00011] [ECUC\_Tm\_00012] [SWS\_Tm\_00068] [SWS\_Tm\_00069] [SWS\_Tm\_00070] [SWS\_Tm\_00071] [SWS\_-Tm\_00077] [SWS\_Tm\_00082] [SWS\_Tm\_91000] [SWS\_Tm\_91001] [SWS\_Tm\_-91002] [SWS\_Tm\_91003] [SWS\_Tm\_91004] [SWS\_Tm\_91005] [SWS\_Tm\_91006] [SWS\_Tm\_91007] [SWS\_Tm\_91008]

## B.1.2 Changed Specification Items in R24-11

[ECUC\_Tm\_00001] [ECUC\_Tm\_00008] [SWS\_Tm\_00001] [SWS\_Tm\_00006] [SWS\_Tm\_00008] [SWS\_Tm\_00009] [SWS\_Tm\_00010] [SWS\_Tm\_00012] [SWS\_ Tm\_00013] [SWS\_Tm\_00014] [SWS\_Tm\_00016] [SWS\_Tm\_00018] [SWS\_Tm\_ 00019] [SWS\_Tm\_00020] [SWS\_Tm\_00021] [SWS\_Tm\_00022] [SWS\_Tm\_00023] [SWS\_Tm\_00024] [SWS\_Tm\_00028] [SWS\_Tm\_00064] [SWS\_Tm\_00065]

## B.1.3 Deleted Specification Items in R24-11

[ECUC\_Tm\_00003] [ECUC\_Tm\_00004] [ECUC\_Tm\_00005] [ECUC\_Tm\_00006] [SWS\_Tm\_00002] [SWS\_Tm\_00003] [SWS\_Tm\_00004] [SWS\_Tm\_00005] [SWS\_ Tm\_00007] [SWS\_Tm\_00011] [SWS\_Tm\_00015] [SWS\_Tm\_00017] [SWS\_Tm\_ 00025] [SWS\_Tm\_00026] [SWS\_Tm\_00027] [SWS\_Tm\_00032] [SWS\_Tm\_00033] [SWS\_Tm\_00034] [SWS\_Tm\_00035] [SWS\_Tm\_00038] [SWS\_Tm\_00039] [SWS\_ Tm\_00040] [SWS\_Tm\_00041] [SWS\_Tm\_00042] [SWS\_Tm\_00043] [SWS\_Tm\_ 00044] [SWS\_Tm\_00045] [SWS\_Tm\_00046] [SWS\_Tm\_00047] [SWS\_Tm\_00048] [SWS\_Tm\_00049] [SWS\_Tm\_00050] [SWS\_Tm\_00051] [SWS\_Tm\_00052] [SWS\_ Tm\_00053] [SWS\_Tm\_00054] [SWS\_Tm\_00055] [SWS\_Tm\_00056]

## B.1.4 Added Constraints in R24-11

[SWS\_Tm\_CONSTR\_00001] [SWS\_Tm\_CONSTR\_00002]

## B.1.5 Changed Constraints in R24-11

none



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## B.1.6 Deleted Constraints in R24-11

none

## B.2 Differences between R22-11 and R23-11

B.2.1 Added Specification Items in R23-11

none

## B.2.2 Changed Specification Items in R23-11

none

## B.2.3 Deleted Specification Items in R23-11

none



## C Migration from Operating System

In previous releases of AUTOSAR only the Operating System (Os) offered a timer related port interface to software components. This Os interface was replaced by a service interface of the Time Service module (see chapter 8.7). The following hints shall help users which have used the port interface from the Os to migrate their application to use the Tm module:

### Availability of ports

The Os offered a port per Counter object. Counter objects are similar to timer instances of the Time Service module. The Tm module offers a port per timer instance, depending on the configuration (see TmTimerUser). When migrating an application from using Os ports to Tm it is suggested to replace the used Os ports by a Tm port of a timer instance which is accordingly configured.

## Port interfaces

The Os offered a client server interface with two operations: GetCounterValue and GetElapsedValue. The client server interface of the Tm module provides operations for resetting, getting, shifting and syncing (same functionality as provided by Tm\_-ResetTimer, Tm\_GetTimeSpan, Tm\_ShiftTimer, and Tm\_SyncTimer).

The GetCounterValue operation can be replaced by a combination of ResetTimer, ShiftTimer and GetTimeSpan operations. The difference is that the Os function always returns the absolute value of the Os Counter. The Tm operations return always relative values. A solution can be to shift the reference time to "0" so that the relative and absolute values are the same.

The GetElapsedValue operation can be replaced by GetTimeSpan.