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| | | AUTOSAR Administration | Dynamic assignment of Tx N-PDUs to connections at runtime |
| 2013-03-15 | 4.1.1 | | Reserved Tx N-PDUs for high priority connections |
| | | | TP API improvements and fixes |
| | | | Adapted to new BSW General |
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| | | | Added parameter configPtr to FrArTp_Init |
| | | | Adapted service IDs of standardized Com Stack API functions |
| | | AUTOSAR Administration | Added new TP layer status to Table 3 |
| | | | Corrected inconsistencies of the attributes Synchronicity and Reentrancy for FrTp_CancelTransmitRequest, FrTp_CancelReceiveRequest and FrTp_ChangeParameterRequest APIs |
| 2011-04-15 | 4.0.2 | | Added information about selection of FlexRay TP Protocol Engine |
| | | | Added support for TP receive cancelation |
| | | | Updated FrTp_ChangeParameter API syntax |
| | | | Added FRTP222, FRTP223 |
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| 2008-02-01 | 3.0.2 | AUTOSAR Administration | Clarified the role and purpose of the functions PduR_FrTpChangeParameterConfirmation() and PduR_FrTpCancelTransmitConfirmation() with respect to the PDU Router. Document meta information extended Small layout adaptations made |
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| 2005-05-31 | 1.0 | AUTOSAR Administration | Initial Release |



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1 Introduction and functional overview

This specification describes the functionality, API and the configuration for the AUTOSAR Basic Software module FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer (FrArTp).

The FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module resides between the PDU Router [1] and Linklayer SDU Router [2], which in turn connects to the FlexRay Interface [3] (see Figure 1.1, according to [4]). The main purpose of FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module is segmentation and reassembly of messages that do not fit in a single FlexRay L-SDU.

The PDU Router deploys I-PDUs of AUTOSAR COM or DCM to different communication protocols. The routing through a network system type (e.g. CAN, LIN and FlexRay) depends on the I-PDU identifier. The PDU-Router is also in charge of determining whether a transport protocol has to be used or not.

The FlexRay Interface (Frlf) provides mechanisms to access a FlexRay bus channel regardless of its location (μ C internal/external). It abstracts from the location of FlexRay controllers (on chip / onboard), the ECU hardware layout and the number of FlexRay drivers. The Frlf is in charge to route received PDUs via LSduR to the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module, the PDU Router, the FlexRay NM and the XCP.

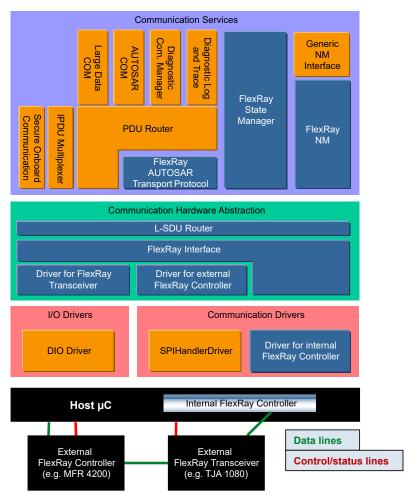


Figure 1.1: AUTOSAR FlexRay Layered Architecture





Among others, the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer includes the following features:

- Segmentation of data in send direction
- Collection of data in receive direction
- · Control of data flow
- Detection of errors
- Acknowledgement (and Retry)
- 1:1 and 1:n connections
- 2 or 4 Bytes address information
- Transfer of up to 232-1 Bytes payload
- Configurable to be compliant to ISO 15765-2 regarding frame layout and sequences

This specification supports only the AUTOSAR FlexRay transport protocol derived from ISO 15765-2, which was used as standard in AUTOSAR release 3.x and below. Since AUTOSAR release 4.0, the standard FlexRay transport layer [5] is compatible to ISO 10681-2. For AUTOSAR release 3.2, a back port of the ISO 10681-2 compliant FlexRay transport layer has been created as a separate document named FlexRay ISO Transport Layer. Thus, both in AUTOSAR release 3.2 and 4.0, users must be cautious in choosing which specification to use for FlexRay Transport Layer.

It is an AUTOSAR decision to base the specification of Basic Software modules on existing standards. The FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer specification is based on the international standard ISO 15765-2 [6] (Diagnostics on CAN), which is the most common in automotive area.

The basic idea is to have an ISO 15765-2 [6] compliant Transport Layer, which allows by the means of static configuration to add one or more optional features (like acknowledgement) per channel independently of each other. Of course, by adding such a feature the compliance to [6] gets lost for this particular channel.

Additionally, the features are deactivatable at compile time. Even if they are compiled in, they are still deactivatable by static configuration.

The rationale behind some of the provided features is the usage of this transport layer not only for diagnostic purposes but also for Inter-ECU communication.

Since addressing within ISO 15765-2 [6] is specific for the CAN bus system (CAN identifier), it is obvious that another approach is taken within FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer.

Although FlexRay transport protocol is at first set to vehicle diagnostic systems, it has been developed to also deal with requirements from other FlexRay based systems needing a transport layer protocol.



2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

The glossary below includes acronyms and abbreviations relevant to the FrArTp module that are not included in the [7, AUTOSAR glossary].

| Acronym: | Description: |
|------------|--|
| Channel | A channel hosts a group of connections sharing the properties configurable by the parameters in section 10.2. |
| Connection | Communication path between two nodes (1:1) or one node and the network (1:n), characterized by the parameters in section 10.2. |
| Frame | Synonymous for N-PDU or L-SDU. |
| I-PDU | PDU of the AUTOSAR COM module; corresponds to an N-SDU of the FlexRay Transport Layer. |
| L-SDU | This is the SDU of the FlexRay Interface. It represents the same entity as the N-PDU, but from the FlexRay Interface's point of view. |
| L-SDU ID | Unique identifier of an L-SDU; used by the LSduR to interact with the FlexRay Interface. |
| Message | Synonymous for N-SDU or I-PDU. |
| N-PDU | This is a PDU of the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer, which is given to the FlexRay Interface via LSduR for Sending. It consists of address information, protocol control information and the payload (N-SDU). |
| N-SDU | This is the SDU of the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer. In the AUTOSAR architecture, it is a set of data exchanged with the PDU Router. |
| N-SDU ID | Unique identifier of an SDU; used by upper layers such as the PDU Router to interact with the FlexRay Transport Layer. |
| PDU pool | Set of FlexRay N-PDUs that share the same size and same addressing type. |

Table 2.1: Acronyms used in the scope of this Document

| Abbreviation: | Description: |
|---------------|--|
| AF | Acknowledgement Frame |
| CF | Consecutive Frame |
| COM | AUTOSAR COM module |
| FC | Flow Control |
| FF | First Frame |
| Fr | FlexRay |
| PCI | Protocol Control Information |
| Frlf | FlexRay Interface |
| FrArTp | FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer (derived from ISO 15765-2) |
| FrIsoTp | FlexRay ISO Transport Layer (ISO 10681-2) |
| FrTp | FlexRay Transport Layer |
| LSduR | Linklayer SDU Router |
| NM | Network Management |
| PDU | Protocol Data Unit |
| PduR | PDU Router |
| SDU | Service Data Unit |
| SF | Single Frame |
| XCP | Universal Calibration Protocol |

Table 2.2: Abbreviations used in the scope of this Document



3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents & related standards and norms

- [1] Specification of PDU Router AUTOSAR CP SWS PDURouter
- [2] Specification of Linklayer Sdu Routing Module AUTOSAR CP SWS LSduRouter
- [3] Specification of FlexRay Interface AUTOSAR_CP_SWS_FlexRayInterface
- [4] Layered Software Architecture AUTOSAR_CP_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture
- [5] Specification of FlexRay ISO Transport Layer AUTOSAR CP SWS FlexRayISOTransportLayer
- [6] ISO 15765-2 Road vehicles Diagnostics on Controller Area Networks (CAN)
 Part2: Network layer services
- [7] Glossary
 AUTOSAR_FO_TR_Glossary
- [8] General Specification of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_CP_SWS_BSWGeneral
- [9] Requirements on FlexRay AUTOSAR_CP_RS_FlexRay
- [10] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR CP RS BSWGeneral
- [11] FlexRay Communications System Protocol Specification V2.1 http://www.flexray.com/

3.2 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [8, SWS BSW General], which is also valid for FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer.



4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

AUTOSAR architecture defines protocol specific transport layer (CanTp, LinTp, Fr[Ar]Tp, etc.). The FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer covers only FlexRay transport protocol specifics.

The FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer has an interface to a single underlying Linklayer SDU Router and a single upper PDU Router.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

The FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer can always be used for applications if the FlexRay protocol was used.



5 Dependencies to other modules

This section sets out relations between the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module (FrArTp) and other AUTOSAR Basic Software modules. It contains brief descriptions of the services of the FrArTp that are called by other modules and of the services of other modules that are called by the FrArTp. The following picture gives a brief overview of the interactions.

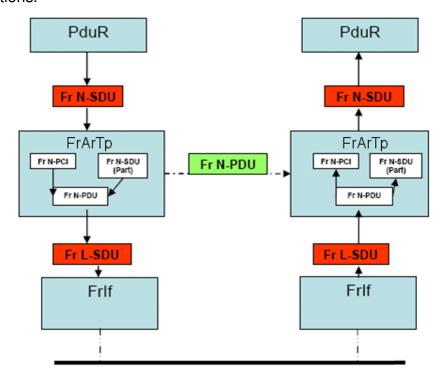


Figure 5.1: FrArTp interactions

5.1 PDU Router

The following services of the PDU Router are called by the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module:

PduR FrArTpStartOfReception

By this API service, the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module informs the upper layer (e.g. DCM via PDU Router) that a new message is being received.

PduR_FrArTpCopyRxData

By this API service, the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module provides the data of one received segmented message part (N-PDU) to the upper layer.

PduR_FrArTpRxIndication



By this API service, the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module indicates the completed (un)successful reception of a message (N-SDU).

PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData

By this API service, the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module asks the upper layer (e.g. DCM via PDU Router) of the message to provide data for the next segmented message part (N-PDU).

• PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation

By this API service, the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module confirms the (un)successful sending of the complete message (N-SDU) to the actual sender (e.g. DCM).

The following services of the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module are called by the PDU Router:

• FrArTp_Transmit

By this API service, the sending of a message (N-SDU) is triggered.

• FrArTp_CancelTransmit

By this API service, the sending of a message (N-SDU) is cancelled. This service is optional (per channel).

• FrArTp_CancelReceive

By this API service, the receiving of a message (N-SDU) is cancelled. This service is optional (per channel).

• FrArTp_ChangeParameter

By this API service, the STmin and BS values of a connection can be changed.

5.2 Linklayer SDU Router

The following services of the Linklayer SDU Router are called by the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module:

• LSduR_FrArTpTransmit

By this API service, the sending of a frame (N-PDU) is triggered. Depending on configuration on the FlexRay Interface, the N-PDU is sent immediately or after the call of FrArTp_TriggerTransmit.

The following services of the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module are called by the Linklayer SDU Router:

• FrArTp RxIndication



By this API service, the FlexRay Interface indicates via Linklayer SDU Router the reception of an FrArTp frame (N-PDU, please do not mistake this with a FlexRay frame) to the FrArTp. The FrArTp then processes this frame.

• FrArTp_TxConfirmation

By this API service, the FlexRay Interface confirms via Linklayer SDU Router the (un)successful sending of the frame containing the N-PDU over the FlexRay network.

• FrArTp_TriggerTransmit

By this API service, the FlexRay Interface, via Linklayer SDU Router, makes the FrArTp to copy the N-PDU into the buffer provided by the FlexRay Interface. The FlexRay interface then can start sending the FlexRay frame containing the N-PDU.

5.3 ECU State Manager

The following services of the FrArTp are called by the ECU State Manager:

• FrArTp_Init

By this API service, all global variables are initialized and each connection is set into the idle state.

• FrArTp Shutdown

By this API service, all pending transport connections are closed, resources are freed and the module is stopped.

5.4 File structure

5.4.1 Code file structure

For details, refer to the section 5.1.6 "Code file structure" in CP SWS BSWGeneral.

5.4.2 Design Rules

[SWS FrArTp 00213]

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00006

The source code of the FrArTp shall not be processor and compiler dependent.



6 Requirements Tracing

The following tables reference the requirements specified in [9] and [10] and links to the fulfillment of these. Please note that if column "Satisfied by" is empty for a specific requirement this means that this requirement is not fulfilled by this document.

| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|-----------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| [SRS_BSW_00004] | All Basic SW Modules shall perform a pre-processor check of the versions of all imported include files | [SWS_FrArTp_00201] |
| [SRS_BSW_00006] | The source code of software modules above the μ C Abstraction Layer (MCAL) shall not be processor and compiler dependent. | [SWS_FrArTp_00213] |
| [SRS_BSW_00101] | The Basic Software Module shall be able to initialize variables and hardware in a separate initialization function | [SWS_FrArTp_00147] |
| [SRS_BSW_00159] | All modules of the AUTOSAR Basic Software shall support a tool based configuration | [SWS_FrArTp_00180] [SWS_FrArTp_00181] |
| [SRS_BSW_00323] | All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall check passed API parameters for validity | [SWS_FrArTp_00291] |
| [SRS_BSW_00336] | Basic SW module shall be able to shutdown | [SWS_FrArTp_00148] |
| [SRS_BSW_00337] | Classification of development errors | [SWS_FrArTp_00179] |
| [SRS_BSW_00369] | All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall not return specific development error codes via the API | [SWS_FrArTp_00149] [SWS_FrArTp_00154] |
| [SRS_BSW_00411] | All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall apply a naming rule for enabling/disabling the existence of the API | [SWS_FrArTp_00215] |
| [SRS_Fr_05075] | The FlexRay Transport Layer implementation shall be independent of the network configuration | [SWS_FrArTp_00149] |
| [SRS_Fr_05088] | FlexRay Transport Layer's variables shall be initialized | [SWS_FrArTp_00147] |
| [SRS_Fr_05089] | The FlexRay Transport Layer services shall not be operational before initializing the module. | [SWS_FrArTp_00179] |
| [SRS_Fr_05090] | The FlexRay Transport Layer shall support per connection the ISO 10681-2 / ISO 15765-2 service N_ChangeParameter | [SWS_FrArTp_00104] |
| [SRS_Fr_05093] | A cancellation service of transmission shal be provided at any time | [SWS_FrArTp_00099] |

Table 6.1: Requirements Tracing



7 Functional specification

The FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module (FrArTp) offers services for segmentation, transmission with flow control, and reassembly of messages (N-SDUs). Its main purpose is to transfer messages that may or may not fit in a single FlexRay frame.

[SWS_FrArTp_00192] [The FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer provides full duplex capabilities for PDU pools and connections.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00201]

Upstream requirements: SRS BSW 00004

The FrArTp shall perform a preprocessor-check if its source and header files belong to the same version.

7.1 Overview

7.1.1 Extensions of ISO 15765-2

[SWS_FrArTp_00009] [Beside the features according to ISO 15765-2 (7 byte data per frame, 4 kByte message length, unsegmented 1:n connections, multiple logical channels concurrently, flow control, service request confirmation) it allows to configure independently of each other the following features for a specific channel at both preand post-compile time:

- Acknowledgement (with or without Retry) for 1:1 connections
- Segmented 1:n connections (without flow control)
- Transmission cancellation
- Up to 2³²-1 Byte message length

For the rest of this document, sections or features that are not compliant to ISO 15765-2 will be marked as Not compliant to ISO 15765-2.

7.1.2 Connections

Connections are used to transfer data from one sender to one (1:1) or more (1:n) receivers. Connections with one sender and one receiver are bi-directional; data can be transferred in both directions. To transport parts of a possibly much larger message,





connections use FlexRay PDUs that are grouped into PDU pools. Connections may specify a number of prioritized PDUs that must be reserved for exclusive use as long as the connection is active.

7.1.3 Channels

A Channel is used to group several connections with similar properties and to manage access to the transport PDUs. Consequently, the channel itself carries all relevant properties, like addressing type, timing and handshake parameters, and acknowledgement and retry capability, and the transport PDUs of at most one received and one transmitted PDU pool.

7.1.4 PDU Pools

A PDU pool is a conceptional element, which groups the transport PDUs of several channels. The PDUs in a PDU pool need to have identical PDU sizes and addressing type. For a specific ECU, a PDU pool is either received or transmitted. The PDUs in a PDU pool may be used by one or more channels. To ensure the pool semantics in a configuration, channels must reference either all PDUs of a Pool, or none. It must also be ensured that no two connections assigned to the same PDU pool have identical addresses. The PDUs of a PDU pool are evenly distributed to all open connections at runtime, but only after all PDU required by open connections with prioritized PDUs have been assigned.

7.1.5 Active Connections

The maximum number of concurrently active connections is configurable separately for each channel via FrArTpConcurrentConnections. This number can range from one connection at a time to all connections of the channel. For each active connection, two separate state machines are required, because connections can be bi-directional. These state machines belong to the channel, and are therefore associated with the PDU pool used by this channel.

State machines are assigned to connections at runtime when a new data-transmission is requested, or when frames of an incoming connection are received. When the maximum number of state machines is reached, further transmission requests or new incoming connections must be rejected or ignored, respectively.

For each state machine, a RAM buffer will be needed to store the content of the next to-be-transmitted frame(s) until enough data is available, and until the frame has been transferred to FrIf via FrArTp_TriggerTransmit.



7.2 Protocol Processes

There are, as will be shown later on, different types of First Frames and Single Frames, but in the sequence diagrams, always FF or SF will be used, regardless of the concrete sub type.

7.2.1 1:1 Connections

This type of connections exists between two nodes and is bidirectional. Within the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer, the following subtypes are possible.

7.2.1.1 1:1 Connection in a channel without Acknowledgement

Unsegmented Transfer

When a message does not exceed the possible amount of payload for a SF (which can be derived from the N-PDU length, FrArTpAdrType and FrArTpLm), there is no need to segment this message.

The transfer takes place as illustrated in Figure 7.1:

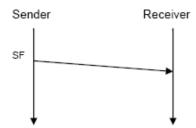


Figure 7.1: Unsegmented 1:1 transfer without acknowledgement

The sending Transport Layer packs the payload (N-SDU) into an N-PDU and sends it to the receiving Transport Layer. This is done via a Single Frame (SF).

Segmented Transfer

In case a message does not fit into an SF, it needs to be split up into several parts and flow control is applied to control the data flow taking into account the needs of the receiver.

In this case, the transfer takes place as shown in Figure 7.2:



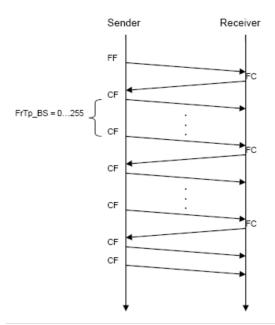


Figure 7.2: Segmented 1:1 transfer without acknowledgement

The transfer starts with sending a First Frame (FF) from the sender to the receiver. This frame contains the length of the whole message (e.g. 1000 Byte) and even the first data bytes.

The receiving peer reacts to the reception of a FF with sending of a Flow Control frame (FC) back to the sender. This FC frame contains the value of three parameters: FS,BS and STmin.

FS states the flow status. The possible values are:

• CTS: Clear To Send

The sender can continue transmitting the message

• WT: Wait

The sender shall wait for another FC frame.

OVFLW: Overflow

The sender shall abort the transfer, because the receiver has not enough buffer space for the whole message available.

There shall be a statically defined upper limit (FrArTpMaxWft) for the number of allowed WT's. If this number has been reached, the transmission shall be aborted and within PduR FrArTpTxConfirmation, the result E_NOT_OK shall be returned.

BS specifies the block size. This is the number of Consecutive Frames (CF) the sender is allowed to send between two FC Frames. The possible range is from 0x00 to 0xFF, whereas 0x00 states that no more FC Frames will be transmitted by the receiver, i.e. the whole message shall be sent in one big block.



STmin defines the minimum gap between two CFs in milliseconds or microseconds. The valid values range from 0x00 to 0x7F and from 0xF1 to 0xF9. The range from 0x00 to 0x7F specifies the minimum gap in milliseconds (0ms .. 127ms), the one from 0xF1 to 0xF9 defines the gap in microseconds (100 μ s, 200 μ s, .. 900 μ s). The supported values of STmin are restricted by the placement of N-PDUs in FlexRay cycles, and are subject to the jitter created by the placement of N-PDUs in the slots of a cycle.

The alternating transmission of CF blocks and a FC frame lasts, until the whole message is sent.

The STmin parameter can be changed during runtime by using the respective API call.

7.2.1.2 1:1 Connection in a channel with Acknowledgement without Retry

This section is Not compliant to ISO 15765-2 and describes how a simple acknowledgement mechanism looks like.

Unsegmented Transfer

This is mostly done like in section Unsegmented Transfer of section 7.2.1.1, except that there is an additional Acknowledge Frame (AF) which is sent from the receiver to the sender. This is illustrated in Figure 7.3:

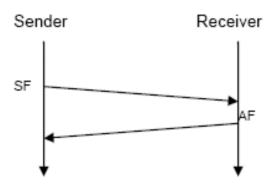


Figure 7.3: Unsegmented 1:1 transfer with Acknowledgement without Retry

The AF contains among others the field ACK, which has two possible values, Positive Acknowledgement (POS_ACK) or Negative Acknowledgement (NEG_ACK). Thus, the sender is informed about the (un)successful reception of a message by the receiving peer. If the FS field of an AF frame (see section 7.3.6) contains the value WT, another AF, up to FrantpMaxRn, will arrive.



Segmented Transfer

This is done very similar to section Segmented Transfer of section 7.2.1.1. There are only three differences:

The first difference is the transmission of an AF after the last block, because this one has to be acknowledged as well. This frame is similar to an ordinary Flow Control frame but contains additionally the ACK parameter (for positive or negative acknowledgement) and the sequence number of the first faulty frame of the transmitted block.

The second difference is the transmission of an AF with a negative acknowledgement after a block in which an error occurred. This AF also contains the sequence number of the first faulty or missing frame.

The third difference is, that the block size shall be in the range from 1 to 16 (due to the 4 bit sequence number, see section 7.3.4)

The procedure can be seen in Figure 7.4:

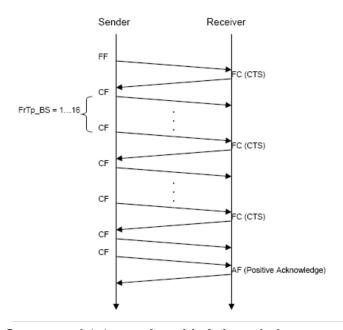


Figure 7.4: Segmented 1:1 transfer with Acknowledgement without Retry

Obviously, the acknowledgement is done on a "per block" basis, depending on the current block size.

In case of a negative acknowledgement after a block (in that case instead of an FC frame an AF with a negative acknowledgement is sent to the sender and the receiver aborts the reception and indicates an appropriate result to its upper layer (PduR_FrArTpRxIndication) the sender aborts the transmission and informs its upper layer (PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation).



7.2.1.3 1:1 Connection in a channel with Acknowledgement with Retry

This section is Not compliant to ISO 15765-2

Unsegmented Transfer

This section is quite similar to the corresponding one in section 7.2.1.2. The only difference is that in case of a negative acknowledgement the frame is retransmitted.

This behavior is depicted in Figure 7.5 and Figure 7.6:

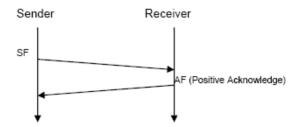


Figure 7.5: Unsegmented 1:1 transfer, Acknowledgement with Retry configured, Positive Acknowledgement

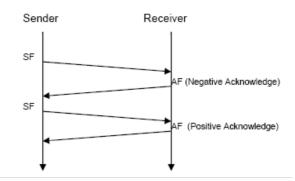


Figure 7.6: Unsegmented 1:1 transfer, Acknowledgement with Retry configured, Negative Acknowledgement

If in Figure 7.6 the second try of sending the message also failed, there would be a third one and so on.

In order to prevent infinite retransmissions in the case of a permanent failure, an upper limit (FrArTpMaxRn) has to be defined. If the number of retries has reached this value, the transmission of the corresponding message shall be stopped and within PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation and PduR_FrArTpRxIndication, an adequate result (see section 8.2.1) shall be returned.



Segmented Transfer

Compared to the segmented transfer in section 7.2.1.2, the difference is the Retry mechanism and, coming with it, the alternating block mechanism.

The Retry mechanism works as follows:

In the case a negative acknowledge arrives at the sender, this also contains the sequence number of the first faulty frame in the currently transmitted block. Now the sender transmits, starting with the stated sequence number, all remaining frames of the just transmitted block again.

In order to prevent infinite retransmissions in case of a permanent failure, the parameter FrArTpMaxRn limits the retry attempts.

The Retry mechanism is shown in Figure 7.7 for the case of a block size of 4:

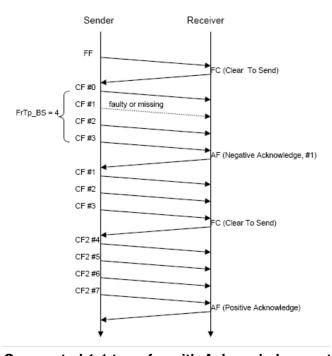


Figure 7.7: Segmented 1:1 transfer with Acknowledgement with Retry

If the retry starts with a lower sequence number than requested, this shall be tolerated, i.e. all frames until the requested shall be ignored and errors within the ignored frames shall be ignored, too. If it starts with a higher number than requested, this shall lead to another negative acknowledgement after the block end.

Alternating Block Mechanism

When using the Retry mechanism, the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module transfers blocks using the Alternating Block Mechanism. This works as follows:



The first block is transferred using normal CF frames. The second block is transferred using CF2 frames, the third one with CF frames and so on. When a retry occurs, a CF block is again transferred with CF frames and, of course, a CF2 block is retried with CF2 frames.

This mechanism ensures correct behavior in case at the block end an FC frame is lost, especially if it is an FC with flow status CTS, by allowing the detection of the unnecessary retries.

7.2.2 1:n Connections

In the case of 1:n connections (1 sender, multiple receivers) there is no further distinction in subtypes (with or without acknowledgement). The reason for this is that the size of the receiving group is often not known a priori, so it is not possible to apply flow control or acknowledgement mechanisms to 1:n connections. Therefore, the only distinction made is between unsegmented and segmented transfer.

1:n connections are unidirectional by nature.

Unsegmented Transfer

This is exactly the same like in the section Unsegmented Transfer of section 7.2.1.1.

The only difference is the multiple receivers instead of one. Thus, the procedure looks like the following:

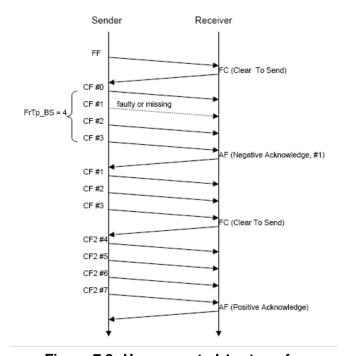


Figure 7.8: Unsegmented 1:n transfer



One sender sends its message to a group of receivers.

Segmented Transfer

Not compliant to ISO 15765-2

Since no flow control or acknowledgement is possible in this case, a segmented 1:n transfer only consists of a FF and the number of necessary CFs.

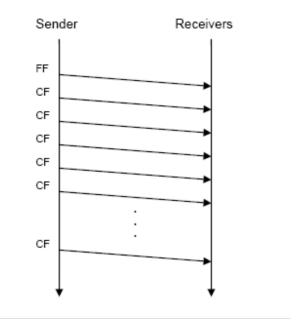


Figure 7.9: Segmented 1:n transfer

When an error occurs, the reception will be terminated, and the appropriate result will be given within PduR FrArTpRxIndication().

The distance of consecutive CFs is defined by the configuration parameter FrArTp-StMinGrpSeg, similar to FrArTpStMin for segmented 1:1 connections.

7.3 Frame Layout

As seen in section 7.2 there are different types of frames. A detailed explanation of all the types follows below.

7.3.1 General

The general structure of a frame is shown in 7.1:





Address Information Protocol Control Information Data (Payload)

Table 7.1: Structure of a FlexRay AUTOSAR transport protocol frame

It is common to all frames that they are headed by address information. Depending on static configuration (per channel), in a way whether 1 Byte or 2 Byte addressing is used, this address information consists of 1 Byte for Target Address and 1 Byte for Source Address or 2 Bytes for Target address and 2 Bytes for Source Address. Since it depends on the interpretation of the address information, it is not further specified whether this address information is utilized for the in automotive area so called "Physical" or for "Functional" addressing.

[SWS_FrArTp_00255] [When the FrArTp frame does not require the whole length of its N-PDU (in a SingleFrame, a FirstFrame, or the last ConsecutiveFrame in a transfer), the remaining space (bits) in the N-PDU shall be set to 0.]

1 Byte Addressing Not compliant to ISO 15765-2

Target Adress (8 Bit) Source Address (8 Bit)

Table 7.2: Address header for 1 Byte addressing

For both target and source address 1 Byte is provided, so up to 256 receivers are addressable.

2 Byte Addressing Not compliant to ISO 15765-2

Target Adress (16 Bit) Source Address (16 Bit)

Table 7.3: Address header for 2 Byte addressing

Looking at this scheme it is possible to address up to 65536 different receivers.

As seen in Table 7.1, frames generally consist of the address information, protocol control information and the data. The length and content of the protocol control information (PCI) varies from frame type to frame type.

Before explaining the details of each frame, a short overview is given by the following table (the mentioned bytes and nibbles regard to the PCI):



[SWS_FrArTp_00021] Overview of the different frames format [

| ISO 15765-2 | Name | 1st Nibble | 2nd Nibble | 2nd Byte | 3rd Byte | 4th Byte | 5th Byte | Descrip- tion |
|-------------|------|------------|--------------|----------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|--|
| YES | SF-I | 0x0 | DL | data | | | | ISO 15765-2 Single Frame |
| NO | SF-E | 0x4 | Res (0x0) | DL | data | | | Extended Single Frame |
| YES | FF-I | 0x1 | DL | | data | | | ISO 15765-2 First Frame |
| NO | FF-E | 0x5 | Res (0x0) | DL | | | | Extended First Frame |
| YES | CF | 0x2 | SN | data | | | | ISO 15765-2 Consecutive Frame |
| NO | CF2 | 0x6 | SN | data | | | | Consecutive Frame used in Retry Channels |
| YES / NO | FC | 0x3 | FS | BS | STmin | _ | _ | (ISO 15765-2) Flow Control Frame |
| NO | AF | 0x7 | FS | BS | STmin | ACK (4 Bit) / SN (4 Bit) | _ | Acknowledgement Frame |

Note: Unused bytes in this table shall be set to 0x00.

Endianness

In case a protocol value transmitted over the bus consists of more than 1 Byte (e.g. Source Address and Target Address when using 2-Byte addressing), the endianness shall be Most Significant Byte first, Least Significant Byte last.

7.3.2 Single Frames (SF-x)

[SWS_FrArTp_00022] [An SF is sent when a message does not exceed the available amount of payload of this frame type or if ISO 15765-2 [6] compliance is required. To be compliant with ISO 15765-2 [6] on the one hand and to allow using the possibilities of FlexRay on the other hand, there are two types of Single Frames. In ISO 15765-2 [6] compliant channels only SF-I is allowed, in non ISO 15765-2 compliant channels (i.e. FrArTpLm = FRARTP_L4G) only SF-E is allowed.



7.3.2.1 ISO 15765-2 Single Frame (SF-I)

[SWS_FrArTp_00023] [In an SF-I the PCI consists of only one byte. This byte is divided in two parts, called FT (Frame Type) and DL (Data Length). Both parts are 4 Bit long. The FT field is common to every frame type because it identifies the respective type.]

An SF-I looks as follows see Table 7.4 (address information header is not depicted)



Table 7.4: Single Frame ISO 15765-2

[SWS_FrArTp_00024] [For ISO 15765-2 Single Frames the FT field shall be set to 0x0.|

[SWS_FrArTp_00025] [The DL field states the amount of the actual data bytes, according to ISO 15765-2 the values 0x1 - 0x7 (0x6 in FRARTP_ISO6 mode) are valid, so in an ISO 15765-2 compliant connection the size of the associated N-PDU has to be, depending on the addressing mode, 10 (9) or 12 (11) Bytes long, since the SF has this length.]

Including address information, the length of an SF-I reaches from 4 Byte (1 Byte payload, 1 Byte addressing) to 12 Bytes. The actual frame length can be derived considering the addressing mode and looking in the length statement of the corresponding PduInfoType struct in the configuration.

Error Handling

[SWS_FrArTp_00028] DL field [Incoming SF-I frames with an invalid DL value of 0x0 or higher than 0x7 (0x6 in Frartp_Iso6 mode) shall be ignored. This shall also be done if a value arrives which is higher than the amount of payload that can be derived from the length statement of the corresponding PduInfoType struct in the configuration and the addressing mode.]

If acknowledgement is configured, additionally an AF with a negative acknowledgement shall be sent back to the sender in the cases above.



7.3.2.2 Extended Single Frame (SF-E)

This section is Not compliant to ISO 15765-2.

[SWS_FrArTp_00029] [An SF-E allows using the whole possible FlexRay payload of 254 Bytes for an unsegmented transfer.]

An SF-E looks as depicted in the Table 7.5

| FT (4 Bit) | Res (4 Bit) | DL (8 Bit) | Data (Length Depending on configuration) | |
|------------|-------------|------------|--|--|
|------------|-------------|------------|--|--|

Table 7.5: Single Frame Extended

[SWS_FrArTp_00030] [The PCI of an SF-E consists of two bytes. The FT field is 4 Bit long; for an SF-E, it shall be set to 0x4. The following nibble is reserved; it shall be set to 0x0.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00031] [The next byte is the DL field and states the amount of payload contained in the SF-E. Depending on the configuration of the addressing mode (1 Byte or 2 Byte) and the length of the associated N-PDU, all values except 0x00 and above 0xFA (1 Byte addressing) or above 0xF8 (2 Byte addressing) are valid here.]

The minimum length of such a frame is 5 Byte (1 Byte addressing, 1 Byte payload), the maximum is 254 Byte (FlexRay limit according to [11]). The actual frame length can be derived considering the addressing mode and looking in the length statement of the corresponding PduInfoType struct.

Error Handling

[SWS_FrArTp_00286] DL field [If this field contains the value 0x00 or, depending on the addressing mode, a value higher than 0xFA or higher than 0xF8, the SF-E shall be ignored.

If acknowledgement is configured, additionally an AF with a negative acknowledgement shall be sent back to the sender.

[SWS_FrArTp_00287] General [If messages longer than allowed by ISO 15765-2 are not configured (FrArTpLm) for the corresponding channel, this frame shall be ignored. This shall also be done if a value arrives which is higher than the amount of payload that can be derived from the length statement of the corresponding PduInfoType struct and the addressing mode or if a value different from 0x0 arrives in the reserved nibble.



If acknowledgement is configured, additionally an AF with a negative acknowledgement shall be sent back to the sender in the cases above.

7.3.3 First Frames (FF-x)

If a message does not fit into a SF, it has to be segmented.

[SWS_FrArTp_00034] [The FrArTp takes the decision whether a message has to be segmented based on the message length, the possibility (depending on per channel configuration) to use SF-E frames and the size of the assigned N-PDU. Therefore, to start the transfer of such a long message, a First Frame is used.]

Note: See section 7.4.1 for more details.

[SWS_FrArTp_00035] To enable compliance with ISO 15765-2 on the one hand and to allow messages longer than 2¹²-1 Byte on the other hand, there are several types of First Frames.

Not compliant to ISO 15765-2

[SWS_FrArTp_00036] [It can be statically per channel configured, whether a First Frame can also start a segmented message in a 1:n connection.]

7.3.3.1 First Frame ISO 15765-2 (FF-I)

[SWS_FrArTp_00237] [In an FF-I the PCI consists of 2 Bytes. As in an SF, the FT field is 4 Bit long, the DL field 12 Bit. |

An FF-I looks as depicted in the Table 7.6

FT (4 Bit) DL (12 Bit) Data (Length Depending on configuration)

Table 7.6: First Frame ISO 15765-2

[SWS_FrArTp_00037] [For a FF-I, the FT field shall be set to 0x1.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00299] [The DL field contains the length of the whole message. Due to the 12 bit length of this field, messages up to 2¹²-1 Bytes can be transferred.]



The overall length of a First Frame including address information lasts (depending on the per channel configuration) from 4 Byte to a connection specific maximum.

This maximum on its part depends on the use case (e.g. for communication with CAN for which full ISO 15765-2 compliance is necessary, it will be 10 or 12 (9 or 11 in FRARTP_ISO6 mode)) as well as on the size of the associated N-PDU. The actual amount of payload of an FF-I can be derived by considering the addressing type (1 or 2 Byte) and e.g. looking in the length designation of the corresponding PduInfoType struct.

Error Handling

[SWS_FrArTp_00039] DL field [Incoming FF-I frames with DL = 0x000 shall be ignored. Moreover, if the DL value is lower than the possible (from the PDU size, the addressing type and the channel specific Long Messages switch derivable) payload of a SF, the frame shall also be ignored.

If acknowledgment is configured, in all the cases above additionally an AF with a negative acknowledgement shall be sent back to the sender.

7.3.3.2 First Frame Extended (FF-E)

This section is Not compliant to ISO 15765-2.

[SWS_FrArTp_00238] [In an FF-E, the PCI consists of 5 Bytes. The FT field is 4 Bit long, 4 Bits are reserved, the DL field 32 Bit.]

An FF-E looks as depicted in the Table 7.7

| FT (4 Bit) | Res (4 Bit) | DL (32 Bit) | Data (Length Depending on configuration) |
|------------|-------------|-------------|--|
|------------|-------------|-------------|--|

Table 7.7: First Frame Extended

[SWS_FrArTp_00054] [The DL field is 4 Byte long, so it allows transporting up to 2³²-1 bytes.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00055] [The FT field is set to 0x5.|

[SWS_FrArTp_00056] [The Res field (reserved) is set to 0x0.



The overall length of an FF-E reaches from 7 Byte to a connection specific maximum, which depends on the size of the associated N-PDU.

Error Handling

[SWS_FrArTp_00057] DL field [If the FR_DL value is lower than the possible (from the PDU size and the addressing type derivable) payload of an SF, the frame shall be ignored.

If acknowledgement is configured for the corresponding channel, an AF with a negative acknowledgement shall be sent back to the sender.

7.3.4 Consecutive Frames

[SWS_FrArTp_00058] [If no error occurred, an FF-x is followed by Consecutive Frames until the whole message is transmitted.]

Not compliant to ISO 15765-2

[SWS_FrArTp_00059] [If configured for the specific channel, a Consecutive Frame can also appear in a 1:n connection.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00239] [The PCI of a Consecutive Frame consists of one byte, which is divided in two 4-bit parts.]

Consecutive Frames consist of one byte PCI and the payload as depicted in the Table 7.8



Table 7.8: Consecutive Frame

[SWS_FrArTp_00060] [The FT field again states the frame type, for a CF it shall be set to 0x2, for a CF2 it shall be 0x6 (CF2 frames are Not compliant to ISO 15765-2).]

[SWS_FrArTp_00061] [The SN (Sequence Number) field gives the current sequence number of the Consecutive Frame. Please note that the SN of the CF that immediately follows the FF-x is set to 1 and then incremented with each frame until it wraps around to 0 and so on.]



The overall length of a Consecutive Frame including address information ranges (depending on the per connection configuration) from 4 Byte to a connection specific maximum. This maximum depends on the use case (e.g. for communication with CAN for which full ISO 15765-2 compliance is necessary it will be 10 or 12 (9 or 11 in FRARTP_ISO6 mode) as well as on the size of the associated PDU.

The receiving peer can derive the actual data length by looking in the associated PduInfoType struct und considering the addressing mode.

Error Handling

[SWS_FrArTp_00063] SN field [If no acknowledgement is configured, then in case of a wrong SN, i.e. after SN x does not follow SN x+1, the transfer shall be aborted and within PduR_FrArTpRxIndication the result E_NOT_OK shall be returned. If acknowledgment is configured, after the block end, a negative acknowledgement shall take place and then the transfer shall be aborted as described above. If Retry is configured too, then the transfer shall not be aborted but the Retry shall take place (up to FrArTp-MaxRn times).

7.3.5 Flow Control (FC)

[SWS_FrArTp_00064] [A Flow Control frame is used in segmented 1:1 connections. Thus, it cannot appear in a 1:n connection. It allows the receiver to send information to the sender. It is sent after reception of an FF-x and after the last CF of a block if no error occurred.]

Flow Control Frames consist of FT, FS, BS, and STmin fields as depicted in the Table 7.9

| FT (4 Bit) | FS (4 Bit) | BS (8 Bit) | STmin (8 Bit) | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Table 7.9: Flow Control Frame Layout | | | | |

[SWS_FrArTp_00065] [A Flow Control frame only consists of Protocol Control Information.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00066] [As usual, the FT field states the frame type, thus for Flow control frames, it shall be set to 0x3.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00067] [The FS field may contains the following three flow status values:





• CTS (value 0x0): Clear To Send

The sender can continue transmitting the message.

• WT (value 0x1): Wait

The sender shall wait for another FC frame (and therefore restart its timer FrArTpTimeoutBs). If the number of consecutive Flow Control frames with FS = WT reaches a per channel defined maximum, the transfer shall be aborted.

• OVFLW (value 0x2): Overflow

The transfer shall be aborted, because the receiver has not enough buffer for the whole message available (according to the value of the DL field of the FF-x)

[SWS_FrArTp_00068] [BS states the block size (the number of CFs between the Flow Control frames). If no acknowledgement is configured, all values from 0x00 to 0xFF are valid whereas 0x00 indicates that no more flow control shall take place and the rest of the pending message will be transmitted within one big block. Otherwise, only the values 0x01 - 0x10 are valid.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00069] [The last byte contains STmin, which defines the minimum gap between two CFs. The valid values range from 0x00 to 0x7F and from 0xF1 to 0xF9. The range from 0x00 to 0x7F specifies the minimum gap in milliseconds (0ms .. 127ms), the one from 0xF1 to 0xF9 defines the gap in microseconds (100 μ s, 200 μ s, .. 900 μ s). The supported values of STmin are restricted by the placement of N-PDUs in FlexRay cycles, and are subject to the jitter created by the placement of N-PDUs in the slots of a cycle.

Depending on addressing configuration, a Flow Control frame is 5 or 7 byte long.

Error Handling

[SWS_FrArTp_00285] FS field [If acknowledgment with Retry is configured, instead of abortion of the transfer, the frame shall be ignored.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00244] BS field \[All\] values are valid if no acknowledgement is configured. Otherwise, only the values from 0x1 to 0x10 are valid. If no Retry is configured in the latter case, the transfer shall be aborted and PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation shall be called with \(\text{E} \) NOT \(\text{OK} \), otherwise the frame shall be ignored. \[\]



[SWS_FrArTp_00245] STmin field [The invalid values of this parameter range from 0x80 to 0xF0 and from 0xFA to 0xFF. If such a value is received, the value 0x7F shall be taken instead.]

7.3.6 Acknowledgement Frame (AF)

This section is Not compliant to ISO 15765-2.

[SWS_FrArTp_00072] [If acknowledgement is configured, every block of CFs is in the case of a positive acknowledgement acknowledged by an FC frame (as it is in unacknowledged connections). Additionally an SF-x, the last block of CFs is acknowledged by an AF in 1:1 connections, and, in the case of a negative acknowledgement, also other blocks. This frame type cannot appear in a 1:n connection.

This type of frame looks similar to an FC frame but it has an additional byte.

Acknowledgement Frames consist of FT, FS, BS, STmin, ACK, and SN fields as depicted in the Table 7.10

| FT (4 Bit) FS (4 Bit) BS (8 Bit) | STmin (8 Bit) | ACK (4 Bit) | SN (4 Bit) |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|

Table 7.10: Acknowledgement Frame Layout

[SWS_FrArTp_00073] [An Acknowledgement frame only consists of Protocol Control Information. This frame is identified by the value 0x7 of the FT field.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00074] [FS field is the same as in an FC frame.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00075] [BS field can only be set to the values 0x01 to 0x10 due to the 4 Bit Sequence Number counter in a CF.]

[SWS FrArTp 00076] [STmin is the same as in FC frames.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00077] [ACK field gives the type of the acknowledgement, Positive (0x0) or Negative (0x1). All other values are reserved.

[SWS_FrArTp_00078] SN field contains the number of the first faulty CF within the last block. All values are valid.]

Depending on addressing type, this frame is 6 or 8 Byte long.





Error Handling

The following only holds if an AF arrives when it is expected. Otherwise, see section 7.3.7.

[SWS_FrArTp_00284] FS field [In a segmented transfer, all values higher than 0x2 shall lead to the abortion of the transfer and PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation shall be called with the result E_NOT_OK .

If additionally Retry is configured, such values shall not lead to the abortion of the transfer. Instead, the frame shall be ignored.

[SWS_FrArTp_00251] FS field with Acknowledgement [In case an AF with negative acknowledgement and FS = OVFLW arrives in an unsegmented acknowledged transfer or at the end of an segmented acknowledged transfer at the sender, regardless of Retry being configured or not, the transfer shall be aborted and PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation shall be called with the result E_NOT_OK .

[SWS_FrArTp_00246] BS field [The value 0x00 and all values higher than 0x10 shall cause the abortion of the transfer and PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation shall be called with the result E NOT OK.

If additionally Retry is configured, such values shall not lead to the abortion of the transfer. Instead, the frame shall be ignored.

[SWS_FrArTp_00247] STmin field [The invalid values of this parameter range from 0x80 to 0xF0 and from 0xFA to 0xFF. If such a value is received, the value 0x7F shall be taken instead.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00248] ACK field [Values higher than 0x1 are invalid and shall cause the abortion of the transfer and PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation shall be called with the result E NOT OK.

If additionally Retry is configured, such values shall not lead to the abortion of the transfer. Instead, the frame shall be ignored.

[SWS_FrArTp_00249] SN field [If a frame arrives that contains an SN of a CF that has not been transmitted within the block, e.g. block size is 10 and this field has value 12, the transfer shall be aborted and PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation shall be called with the result E_NOT_OK.

If additionally Retry is configured, the transfer shall not be aborted. Instead, the frame shall be ignored.]



[SWS_FrArTp_00250] General [If for the channel no acknowledgement is configured, this frame type shall be ignored.

In an unsegmented acknowledged transfer, the expected value for the fields BS, STmin, and SN is 0x0. Other values shall be tolerated.

For a better understanding, the following table depicts the possible combinations (and their meaning) of the FS and ACK field in an Acknowledgment Frame:

| Possible combinations of FS and ACK field in Acknowledgement Frames | ACK = 0x0 | Meaning / Appearance | Leads to Retry (if configured) | ACK = 0x1 | Meaning / Appearance | Leads to Retry (if configured) |
|---|-----------|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|---|--------------------------------------|
| FS = CTS | X | Positive Acknowledge after SF or after end of Segmented Transfer | NO | X | Negative Acknowledge after SF or after block end in Segmented Transfer | YES |
| FS = WT | _ | _ | NO | X | Negative Acknowledge after SF (if currently no Receive buffer is available) | NO |
| FS = OVFLW | - | - | NO | X | Negative Acknowledge after SF (if no Receive buffer is available) | NO |

Table 7.11: Possible combinations of FS and ACK field

7.3.7 Error Handling of the FT Field

Not every frame type is accepted at any point in time and in any configuration of a channel/connection. Thus, a detailed description is given below.

[SWS_FrArTp_00082] [A value of the FR_FT field higher than 0x7 shall always be ignored.]



[SWS_FrArTp_00083] FT Error Handling in ISO 15765-2 compliant channels/connections $\ \lceil$

| TP Layer Status | SF-I | FF-I (1:1) | CF (1:1) | FC | Other |
|---|--|--|---|---|--------|
| Segmented Transmit within this connection in progress | If reception is in progress within the connection, see corresponding cell below. Otherwise, process the SF-I as start of a new reception. | If reception is in progress within the connection, see corresponding cell below. Otherwise, process the FF-I as start of a new reception. | If reception is in progress within the connection, see corresponding cell below. Otherwise, ignore it. | If awaited then process, otherwise ignore it. | Ignore |
| Segmented Receive within this connection in progress | Terminate the current reception, report a PduR_FrArTpRxIndication with the result E_NOT_OK and process the SF-I as the start of a new reception. | Terminate the current reception, report a PduR_FrArTpRxIndication with the result E_NOT_OK and process the FF-I as the start of a new reception. | If awaited then process, otherwise ignore | If transmission is in progress within the connection, see corresponding cell above. Otherwise ignore it | Ignore |
| Idle | Process the SF-I as the start of a new reception | Process the FF-I as the start of a new reception | Ignore | Ignore | Ignore |

I

Otherwise, the behavior is explained below:

[SWS_FrArTp_00283] SF-x, FF-x, CF/CF2 and FC frames [The behavior shall be as depicted in [SWS_FrArTp_00083] (also for 1:n connections).

The ignoring of an FF-E shall be according to the value of FrArTpLm.

Regarding CF and CF2 frames there is a special error handling in case Retry is configured (otherwise CF2 frames are ignored):

If the sender starts a block with another frame than expected, i.e. CF instead of CF2 or CF2 instead of CF, then the sender is doing a Retry that has not been requested by the receiver (maybe because of losing the FC-CTS frame on the bus). Therefore, the receiver always has to remember the old block size and send another FC-CTS at the end of this retransmitted block. Errors in the unnecessarily retransmitted block shall be ignored.

[SWS_FrArTp_00252] AF frame [If no acknowledgement is activated, this frame shall be ignored. Otherwise, on the receiver side or in idle state, these frames shall be ignored, too.]

On the sender side, the behavior in case of an incoming AF shall be the following:

• [SWS_FrArTp_00269] [If an AF arrives when it is expected, the action is as described in section 7.2.1.3 and in section error handling of section 7.3.6.]



- [SWS_FrArTp_00270] [If a non-faulty AF with positive acknowledgement arrives during a block, it shall be ignored.]
- [SWS_FrArTp_00271] [If a non-faulty AF with negative acknowledgement arrives during a block, it shall be processed depending on the activation of the Retry mechanism. If no Retry is configured the transfer shall be aborted. Otherwise, the AF shall be processed, i.e. starting with the stated sequence number the Retry shall take place.]
- [SWS_FrArTp_00272] [If a faulty AF arrives during a block, it shall be ignored.]

7.3.8 Addressing Errors

SF-x frame

No restrictions.

[SWS_FrArTp_00086] FF-x and CF frames [If not explicitly configured by the parameter FrArTpGrpSeg for the particular channel, a FF-x or CF in a 1:n connection shall be ignored.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00087] FC and AF frames [These frame types are not allowed to appear in 1:n connections; thus, they shall be ignored in that case.]

7.4 Further Principles of Working

7.4.1 Decision of Segmentation

As mentioned earlier in this specification, there are several factors influencing the decision of the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer module to segment a message (N-SDU) or not.

The values of the following parameters play a role hereby:

N-PDU length, FrArTpLm, FrArTpAdrType, FrArTpMultRec, FrArTpGrpSeg, and the length of the to-be-transmitted message (N-SDU).

[SWS_FrArTp_00091] [The amount of bytes of an N-PDU that is usable for payload, i.e. for the N-SDU, depends on the length of the PCI of the used frames, i.e. if two or





four bytes (FrArTpAdrType) are needed to state to address information. The frames that are allowed to be utilized, and the payload they can carry depend on the value of FrArTpLm (e.g. SF-E is allowed or not, SF-I can carry 7 or 6 bytes etc.). In case the connection is a 1:n connection (FrArTpMultRec), the parameter FrArTpGrpSeg states whether segmentation is allowed or not.

With all this information and the length of the to-be-transmitted N-SDU, the FrArTp can decide whether it has to segment the N-SDU or not.

7.4.2 Scheduling of PDUs during Transmission

PDUs of a PDU pool must be assigned to all active connections in a way that no connection freezes, while connections with prioritized PDUs are served first.

[SWS_FrArTp_00256] To achieve an even distribution of PDUs to all currently transmitting and/or receiving connections associated with a PDU pool, the PDUs of this pool shall be assigned to active connections using round robin scheduling. A connection that is currently receiving and transmitting may claim two PDUs in one round of the assignment: one for the FC, and one for an SF/FF/CF.

[SWS_FrArTp_00257] [The scheduling shall be executed in the context of the main function, and shall start with the connection where the scheduling stopped in the previous cycle.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00258] [Each PDU assignment cycle shall start with the prioritized PDUs. In this phase, PDUs are only assigned to active connections with prioritized PDUs, until their needs are satisfied. Afterwards, PDU assignment continues for all active connections.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00259] [It must be ensured that the last PDU of a PDU pool within a FlexRay cycle is always used by the scheduling.

[SWS_FrArTp_00260] [If not all PDUs of the pool are used, the positions of the unused PDUs are not relevant; gaps are allowed in any place.]

7.4.3 Detection of Receiving Connection

When an SF-x or FF-x frame is received, the N-PDU-ID is used to identify the relevant pool. Because a PDU pool may only be used by channels with identical addressing type, the address information can be extracted from the N-PDU, by which the receiving





connection can be identified, because no two connections using the same PDU pool have identical addresses.

[SWS_FrArTp_00261] [If the receiving connection is not active, and all state machines of the associated channel are in use, the incoming message shall be ignored.]

7.4.4 Single Frame Handling during Reception

[SWS_FrArTp_00262] [No state machine shall be used for the reception of an SF-x. When the corresponding connection is free, the single frame shall be forwarded immediately by calling PduR_FrArTpStartOfReception and, upon successful return of this function, PduRFrArTpCopyRxData and PduR_FrArTpRxIndication.]

The behavior in case of unsuccessful reception is described in [SWS_FrArTp_00298] and [SWS_FrArTp_00289].

7.4.5 Addressing with Meta Data

[SWS_FrArTp_00401] [During transmission, the FrArTp shall use addressing information provided by the upper layer via the meta data items SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16 as local address and remote address of the transmitted N-PDUs and to identify received flow control N-PDUs.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00402] [During reception, the FrArTp shall forward addressing information received as remote address and local address in the N-PDU to the upper layer via the meta data items SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16, and shall use the same address information when transmitting flow control N-PDUs.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00403] [If FrArTpLa and/or FrArTpRa are configured for a transmitted N-SDU, they are used even when the addressing information is provided by the upper layer. If not, the address information in the N-PDU shall be set according to the provided address information.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00404] [If FrArTpLa and/or FrArTpRa are not configured for a received N-SDU, any received addressing information can be assigned to this N-SDU. N-SDUs with configured FrArTpLa and/or FrArTpRa shall be preferred during reception over those without these configuration parameters.]



7.4.6 Sending and Receiving within the same connection

[SWS_FrArTp_00094] [The FrArTp shall be implemented to support both sending and receiving within one connection. So the same connection can be utilized for sending and receiving.]

To explain it more in detail, imagine a connection being in idle state. If now the call <code>FrArTp_Transmit</code> occurs, the local peer becomes the sender in this connection (Source Address of TP frame = <code>FrArTpLa</code>, Target Address of TP frame = <code>FrArTpRa</code>). Otherwise, if an <code>FrArTp_RxIndication</code> occurred for an N-PDU which is mapped on the N-SDU of this connection, it would become the receiver (Source Address of TP frame = <code>FrArTpRa</code>, Target Address of TP frame = <code>FrArTpLa</code>).

This feature is intended for connections in which sometimes one peer has to send data and sometimes the other in order not to need two connections in this case.

7.4.7 Behavior on Timeouts and Errors

[SWS_FrArTp_00095] [The behavior in case a timeout occurs depends on the value of FrArTpAckType, i.e. what kind of acknowledgement is configured for the corresponding channel.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00302] [The FrArTp shall abort the connection when LSduR_-FrArTpTransmit returns E_NOT_OK|

7.4.7.1 Handling of negative TxConfirmations

[SWS_FrArTp_00410] [If the API FrArTp_TxConfirmation called with result E_NOT_OK for an ongoing reception process, the reception of the SDU shall be terminated immediately and within PduR_FrArTpRxIndication the result E_NOT_OK shall be returned.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00411] [If the API FrArTp_TxConfirmation called with result E_- NOT_OK for an ongoing transmission process, the transmission of the SDU shall be terminated immediately and within PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation the result E_NOT_OK shall be returned.]



7.4.7.2 No Acknowledgement configured for the Channel

In this case, the behavior shall be as described in [6], i.e.:

- [SWS_FrArTp_00282] [If the AS timer (FrArTpTimeoutAs) expires, depending on the value of FrArTpMaxAs, sending shall be retried (because of still remaining attempts) or the transmission shall be aborted, and within PduR FrArTpTxConfirmation the result E_NOT_OK shall be returned.
- [SWS_FrArTp_00263] [If the AR timer (FrArTpTimeoutAr) expires, depending on the value of FrArTpMaxAr, sending shall be retried (because of still remaining attempts) or the transmission shall be aborted, and within PduR_FrArTpRxIndication the result E_NOT_OK shall be returned.]
- [SWS_FrArTp_00264] [If the BS timer (FrArTpTimeoutBs) expires, the transmission shall be aborted, and within PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation the result E_-NOT_OK shall be returned.]
- [SWS_FrArTp_00265] [If the CR timer (FrArTpTimeoutCr) expires, the transmission shall be aborted, and within PduR_FrArTpRxIndication, the result E_- NOT_OK shall be returned. If previously in the current block a sequence error occurred, this error shall be reported at the block end in PduR_FrArTpRxIndication.]

7.4.7.3 Acknowledgement without Retry configured for the Channel

This section is Not compliant to ISO 15765-2.

In this case, the behavior is the following:

- [SWS_FrArTp_00281] [In case of a timeout of timer AS, AR or BS, the behavior shall be as mentioned in section 7.4.7.2.]
- [SWS_FrArTp_00266] [If the CR timer (FrArTpTimeoutCr) expires, an AF with negative acknowledgement shall be sent, the transmission shall be aborted, and within PduR_FrArTpRxIndication, the result E_NOT_OK shall be returned. If previously in the current block a sequence error occurred, this error shall be reported at the block end in PduR_FrArTpRxIndication.



7.4.7.4 Acknowledgement with Retry configured for the Channel

This section is Not compliant to ISO 15765-2.

In this case, the behavior shall be the following:

- [SWS_FrArTp_00280] [In case of a timeout of timer AS or AR, the behavior shall be as mentioned in section 7.4.7.2.]
- [SWS_FrArTp_00267] [If the BS timer (FrArTpTimeoutBs) expires, the sender shall retransmit the whole block up to FrArTpMaxRn times. After that, the transmission shall be aborted, and within PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation the result E_- NOT_OK shall be returned.]
- [SWS_FrArTp_00268] [If the CR timer (FrArTpTimeoutCr) expires, the receiver shall send an AF with negative acknowledgement and the sequence number of the missed CF. This shall be done up to FrArTpMaxRn times. After that, the transmission shall be aborted, and within PduR_FrArTpRxIndication, the result E_NOT_OK shall be returned. If previously in the current block a sequence error occurred, this error shall be reported at the block end in PduR FrArTpRxIndication.

7.4.8 Transmit Cancellation

[SWS_FrArTp_00099]

Upstream requirements: SRS_Fr_05093

[This feature can be (de)activated by static configuration (parameter FrArTpTc). Transmit Cancellation is triggered by the call of FrArTp_CancelTransmit.|

[SWS_FrArTp_00236] [When a transmission is still in progress, FrArTp_Cancel-Transmit shall return E_OK, and the transmission shall be stopped. When a connection is not active, or when the last N-PDU of a transmission without acknowledgement has already been forwarded to the FrIf, FrArTp_CancelTransmit shall return E_NOT_OK.|

The service works at the sender side of a connection as follows:

• [SWS_FrArTp_00279] [If no transmit request is pending for the corresponding connection, there is nothing to do. |



- [SWS_FrArTp_00273] [If a request is pending but the transmission has not been started, the FrArTp shall immediately call PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation and free the connection.]
- [SWS_FrArTp_00274] [If the transmission already has been started, the FrArTp shall immediately call PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation, and remember that the N-PDUs that have already been allocated for this connection cannot be used again before they have been confirmed. When requested via TriggerTransmit, the pending N-PDUs shall either be transferred to the FrIf as if they had not been canceled, or E_NOT_OK shall be returned.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00103] [If a transfer was cancelled by the call of FrArTp_Cancel-Transmit, PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation shall be called with E_NOT_OK.]

7.4.9 Receive Cancellation

[SWS_FrArTp_00224] [If development error detection is enabled the function FrArTp_CancelReceive shall check the validity of FrArTpRxSduld parameter.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00226] [The FrArTp shall abort the reception of the current N-SDU if the service FrArTp_CancelReceive provides a valid FrArTpRxSduld.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00227] [The FrArTp shall reject the request for receive cancellation by returning E_NOT_OK when

- the cancelled connection is not active, or when
- the FrArTp has already received the last frame of an unacknowledged connection, or when
- the FrArTp has already provided the final AF of an acknowledged connection.

[SWS_FrArTp_00228] [If the FrArTp_CancelReceive service has been successfully executed, the FrArTp shall call the PduR_FrArTpRxIndication with E_NOT_OK .]



7.4.10 Parameter Changing

[SWS_FrArTp_00104]

Upstream requirements: SRS_Fr_05090

[The FrArTp also supports the optional service for changing the parameters FrArTp-MaxBs and FrArTpStMin/FrArTpStMinGrpSeg mentioned in [6] via the API call FrArTp_ChangeParameter. A change is not possible during an ongoing reception and shall lead to the return value E_NOT_OK.|

7.4.11 Data Handling, Block Size and WAIT-Frames

The FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer does not provide message buffers, neither for sending nor for receiving. Instead, it provides received data and requests transmitted data chunk wise from/to the upper layer.

[SWS_FrArTp_00221] [When a new reception is initiated by the reception of a FF or SF, the TP checks for the availability of the associated channel and then calls PduR_FrArTpStartOfReception to inform the upper layer of the expected message size, and to retrieve information about the currently available buffer. With this call, the FrArTp provides the total size of the received data (SDU), and the data and size of the FF or SF to the upper layer. When this call succeeds, the connection is set to established, and PduR_FrArTpCopyRxData is called to provide the payload of the frame to the upper layer.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00230] [When a new transmission is initiated by the call of FrArTp_-Transmit, the TP checks for the availability of the associated channel, and sets the connection to established. Then the TP calls PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData to acquire the data for the SF or FF and following CFs.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00105] [Depending on the message length and configuration of the FrArTp, a segmented or an unsegmented transfer will take place.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00232] [The API function PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData has a parameter named retry, which is a pointer to a structure of type RetryInfoType. When Retry is disabled, retry shall always be set to NULL. Otherwise, the different values of retry.TpDataState shall be used to handle retries.]



7.4.11.1 Unsegmented Transfer

[SWS_FrArTp_00106] [At the sender side, this principle works as follows:

- 1. The PDU Router calls the service FrArTp_Transmit.
- 2. The FrArTp shall call PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData in order to get all the data bytes of the SF-x. retry.TpDataState shall be set to TP_CONFPENDING when Retry is enabled.

[SWS_FrArTp_00107] [If PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData for the SF-x returns BUFREQ_- E_BUSY, the call shall be repeated until FrArTpTimeCs expires. When the return value is BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK or after FrArTpTimeCs expired, the transfer shall be aborted by calling PduR FrArTpTxConfirmation with E_NOT_OK.|

[SWS_FrArTp_00233] [If Retry is enabled, the SF-x shall be sent again after reception of a negative AF. The FrArTp shall finish the transfer after reception of a positive AF by the call to PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation with E_OK.|

[SWS_FrArTp_00108] [At the receiver side, the principle works as follows:

- 1. LSduR calls the service FrArTp_RxIndication.
- 2. The FrArTp shall call PduR FrArTpStartOfReception to prepare reception.
- 3. The FrArTp shall call PduR FrArTpCopyRxData to forward SF data.

[SWS_FrArTp_00298] [If PduR_FrArTpStartOfReception for the SF-x returns $\tt BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK$ or $\tt BUFREQ_E_OVFL$, the transfer shall be aborted immediately without calling PduR_FrArTpRxIndication.]

[SWS FrArTp 00289] Γlf available buffer reported by the PduR FrArTpStartOfReception is small for the SF-x. too or if PduR FrArTpCopyRxData for the SF-x returns BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK, the FrArTp shall abort the transfer and call PduR FrArTpRxIndication with E_NOT_OK.

[SWS_FrArTp_00253] [If acknowledgement is configured: In case of failing to copy the received data (either <code>BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK</code> or <code>BUFREQ_E_OVFL</code> was returned, or the available buffer is too small), an AF with a negative acknowledgement and FS = OVFLW is sent back to the sender.]



7.4.11.2 Segmented Transfer

[SWS_FrArTp_00110] [At the sender side, this principle works as follows:

- 1. The PDU Router calls the service FrArTp_Transmit.
- 2. The FrArTp shall call PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData in order to get the data bytes of the FF and following CFs.

[SWS_FrArTp_00111] [When Retry is enabled, the TP sends the FF-x without data. After reception of an FC, the data for the first CF is acquired with retry.TpDataState set to TP_DATACONF. For the following CFs, retry.TpDataState shall be set to TP_CONFPENDING.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00234] [When Retry is enabled, after reception of a negative AF, the last block must be retransmitted. To achieve this, the data for the first CF of the block is acquired with retry.TpDataState set to TP_DATARETRY while retry.TxTpDataCnt contains the size of the previously sent block in bytes. The buffer of the last block in the upper layer is only freed after reception of a positive AF by the call to PduR FrArTpTxConfirmation with E_0 .

[SWS_FrArTp_00296] [If PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData for the FF-x (Retry not configured) or any of the CFs returns <code>BUFREQ_E_BUSY</code>, the call shall be repeated until <code>FrArTpTimeCs</code> expires.

[SWS_FrArTp_00293] [If PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData returns BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK or when FrArTpTimeCs expired, the transfer shall be aborted by calling PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation with E_NOT_OK.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00114] [At the receiver side, this principle works as follows:

- 1. LSduR calls the service FrArTp_RxIndication.
- 2. The FrArTp shall call PduR FrArTpStartOfReception to prepare reception.
- 3. The FrArTp shall call PduR FrArTpCopyRxData to forward FF and CF data.

[SWS_FrArTp_00115] [The block size used during reception is constant. The value is configured via FrArTpMaxBs, and can be changed via the API FrArTp_ChangeParameter.]



[SWS_FrArTp_00294] [If Retry is not enabled, and PduR_FrArTpStartOfReception returns an available buffer size that is too small for the FF-x, FrArTp shall abort the transfer and call PduR_FrArTpRxIndication with $E_NOT_OK.$]

[SWS_FrArTp_00300] [If Retry is enabled, and PduR_FrArTpStartOfReception returns an available buffer size that is too small for the first block, FrArTp shall call PduR_FrArTpCopyRxData with info.SduLength equal to 0 until the available buffer is large enough for the first block. The calls shall be repeated until FrArTpTimeBr expires.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00297] [If PduR_FrArTpCopyRxData for the FF-x (Retry not enabled) or for the last CF of a block (independent of Retry configuration) returns an available buffer size that is not large enough for the next block, PduR_FrArTpCopyRxData shall be called repeatedly with info.SduLength equal to 0 until the available buffer is large enough. The calls shall be repeated until FrArTpTimeBr expires.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00301] [When FrArTpTimeBr expires during calls to PduR_FrArTpCopyRxData with info.SduLength equal to 0, a WAIT frame (FC frame with FS = WT) shall be sent, and the retry phase shall start again, but at most FrArTpMaxWft times.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00295] [If PduR_FrArTpCopyRxData returns BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK, or when FrArTpMaxWft expired, the transfer shall be aborted and PduR_FrArTpRxIndication shall be called with E_NOT_OK.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00117] [In case of failing to copy the received data, the remaining CFs of the current block shall be discarded. When the failure occured in the last block, and acknowledgement is enabled, an AF with a negative acknowledgement and FS = OVFLW shall be sent back to the sender. Otherwise, an FC with FS = OVFLW shall be sent back, but only if the initial call to PduR_FrTpStartOfReception returned BUFREQ_- E_OVFL .]

7.4.11.3 Buffer Locking

At the sender side, the originator of the transmission (e.g. DCM or COM) shall not change the buffer after a successful Transmit call until the connection is closed by a call to TxConfirmation. When a cyclic buffer is used, the data in this buffer must be kept until it is explicitly freed by PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData with retry.TpDataState set to TP_DATACONF.

At the receiver side, the module that provides the receive buffer (e.g. DCM or COM) shall not change this buffer after a successful call to StartOfReception until the connection is closed by a call to PduR_FrArTpRxIndication. When a cyclic buffer is used,



it may assume that all data provided via PduR_FrArTpCopyRxData is valid and may be discarded immediately.

7.4.11.4 Data Bytes in First Frames

Not compliant to ISO 15765-2

[SWS_FrArTp_00120] [If acknowledgement with Retry is configured for the corresponding channel, no payload is sent within an FF-x if a segmented transfer takes place.]

This is necessary to retain backwards compatibility to the AUTOSAR release 3 FrTp on bus level.

[SWS_FrArTp_00121] [If acknowledgment without Retry (or no acknowledgement) is configured, there are data bytes within an FF-x.]

7.4.12 Ignored Frames

[SWS_FrArTp_00139] [Throughout this specification, many times the ignoring of frames is mentioned. Please note that an ignored frame does never affect a timer, i.e. never causes the restarting of a timer.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00140] [The only exception is at the receiver side when retry is configured and due to an erroneous frame an AF with negative acknowledgement is sent and therefore it is waited for the retry frame(s). In this case, the timer CR will be reset by the erroneous frame.]

7.5 Buffer Access Modes in the FlexRay Interface

[SWS_FrArTp_00187] The FrArTp shall be implemented being able to work both with N-PDUs configured (in the FlexRay Interface) for Immediate Buffer Access and for Decoupled Buffer Access, i.e. it shall reuse its channel specific temporary buffers, in case the local peer is the sender, not before the TxConfirmation for the respective PDU pool has arrived.

In the receiving case, from FrArTp's point of view, there is no difference between an N-PDU being configured for Decoupled Buffer Access or Immediate Buffer Access.



7.6 Error Classification

Section "Error Handling" of the document [8] "General Specification of Basic Software Modules" describes the error handling of the Basic Software in detail. Above all, it constitutes a classification scheme consisting of five error types which may occur in BSW modules.

Based on this foundation, the following section specifies particular errors arranged in the respective subsections below.

7.6.1 Development Errors

[SWS_FrArTp_00179] Definiton of development errors in module FrArTp

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00337, SRS_Fr_05089

Γ

| Type of error | Related error code | Error value |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------|
| API service called while module is not initialized | FRARTP_E_UNINIT | 0x1 |
| API service called with invalid pointer | FRARTP_E_PARAM_POINTER | 0x2 |
| API service called with invalid SDU or PDU ID | FRARTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID | 0x3 |
| Invalid configuration set selection | FRARTP_E_INIT_FAILED | 0x4 |

7.6.2 Runtime Errors

There are no runtime errors.

7.6.3 Production Errors

There are no production errors.

7.6.4 Extended Production Errors

There are no extended production errors.

7.7 Security Events

The module does not report security events.



8 API specification

[SWS FrArTp 00291]

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00323

[If development error detection is enabled, all APIs with a parameter containing an SDU or a PDU identifier shall check the identifier and raise the development error FRARTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID when the identifier has not been configured.]

8.1 Imported types

In this chapter all types included from the following files are listed.

[SWS_FrArTp_00141] Definition of imported datatypes of module FrArTp [

| Module | Header File | Imported Type |
|---------|------------------|---------------------|
| Comtype | ComStack_Types.h | BufReq_ReturnType |
| | ComStack_Types.h | PduldType |
| | ComStack_Types.h | PduInfoType |
| | ComStack_Types.h | PduLengthType |
| | ComStack_Types.h | RetryInfoType |
| | ComStack_Types.h | TPParameterType |
| | ComStack_Types.h | TpDataStateType |
| Std | Std_Types.h | Std_ReturnType |
| | Std_Types.h | Std_VersionInfoType |

8.2 Type definitions

[SWS_FrArTp_00288] Definition of datatype FrArTp_ConfigType [

| Name | FrArTp_ConfigType | | |
|----------|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| Kind | Structure | Structure | |
| Elements | implementation specific | | |
| | Type – | | |
| | Comment – | | |



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| Description | This is the base type for the configuration of the FlexRay Transport Protocol. |
|---------------|--|
| | A pointer to an instance of this structure will be used in the initialization of the FlexRay Transport Protocol. |
| | The outline of the structure is defined in chapter 10 Configuration Specification. |
| Available via | FrArTp.h |

8.3 Function definitions

This is a list of functions provided for upper layer modules.

8.3.1 Standard functions

8.3.1.1 FrArTp_GetVersionInfo

[SWS_FrArTp_00215] Definition of API function FrArTp_GetVersionInfo

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00411

Γ

| Service Name | FrArTp_GetVersionInfo | | |
|--------------------|---|-------------|--|
| Syntax | void FrArTp_GetVersionInfo (Std_VersionInfoType* versioninfo) | | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x27 | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | | |
| Parameters (in) | None | | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | | |
| Parameters (out) | versioninfo Pointer to where to store the version information of this module. | | |
| Return value | None | | |
| Description | Returns the version information. | | |
| Available via | FrArTp.h | | |

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8.3.2 Initialization and Shutdown

8.3.2.1 FrArTp_Init

[SWS_FrArTp_00147] Definition of API function FrArTp_Init

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00101, SRS_Fr_05088

Γ

| Service Name | FrArTp_Init | FrArTp_Init | |
|--------------------|---|---|--|
| Syntax | <pre>void FrArTp_Init (const FrArTp_Confi-)</pre> | <pre>void FrArTp_Init (const FrArTp_ConfigType* configPtr)</pre> | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x00 | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | Non Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | configPtr | configPtr Pointer to FlexRay Transport Protocol configuration. | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | | |
| Return value | None | | |
| Description | This service initializes all global variables of the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer and sets all states to idle. | | |
| Available via | FrArTp.h | | |

Please note: The call of this service is mandatory before using the FrArTp for further processing.

8.3.2.2 FrArTp_Shutdown

[SWS_FrArTp_00148] Definition of API function FrArTp_Shutdown

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00336

Γ

| Service Name | FrArTp_Shutdown |
|--------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>void FrArTp_Shutdown (void)</pre> |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x01 |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant |
| Parameters (in) | None |
| Parameters (inout) | None |





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| Parameters (out) | None |
|------------------|--|
| Return value | None |
| Description | This service closes all pending transport protocol connections by simply stopping operation, frees all resources and stops the FrArTp Module |
| Available via | FrArTp.h |

8.3.3 Normal Operation

8.3.3.1 FrArTp_Transmit

[SWS_FrArTp_00149] Definition of API function FrArTp_Transmit

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00369, SRS_Fr_05075

| Service Name | FrArTp_Transmit | | |
|--------------------|---|---|--|
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType FrArTp_Transmit (PduIdType TxPduId, const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr) | | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x49 | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld. | | |
| Parameters (in) | TxPduId Identifier of the PDU to be transmitted | | |
| | PduInfoPtr | Length of and pointer to the PDU data and pointer to MetaData. | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | | |
| Parameters (out) | None | | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: Transmit request has been accepted. E_NOT_OK: Transmit request has not been accepted. | |
| Description | Requests transmission of a PDU. | | |
| Available via | FrArTp.h | | |



8.3.3.2 FrArTp_CancelTransmit

[SWS_FrArTp_00150] Definition of API function FrArTp_CancelTransmit [

| Service Name | FrArTp_CancelTransmit | | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType FrArTp_CancelTransmit (PduIdType TxPduId) | | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x4a | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld. | | |
| Parameters (in) | TxPduld | Identification of the PDU to be cancelled. | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | | |
| Parameters (out) | None | | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: Cancellation was executed successfully by the destination module. E_NOT_OK: Cancellation was rejected by the destination module. | |
| Description | Requests cancellation of an ongoing transmission of a PDU in a lower layer communication module. | | |
| Available via | FrArTp.h | | |

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Please note: When a transfer is successfully cancelled, the function PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation will be called with E_NOT_OK.

8.3.3.3 FrArTp CancelReceive

[SWS_FrArTp_00229] Definition of API function FrArTp_CancelReceive [

| Service Name | FrArTp_CancelReceive | | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType FrArTp_CancelReceive (PduIdType RxPduId) | | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x4c | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | | |
| Parameters (in) | RxPduld | Identification of the PDU to be cancelled. | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | | |
| Parameters (out) | None | | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: Cancellation was executed successfully by the destination module. E_NOT_OK: Cancellation was rejected by the destination module. | |
| Description | Requests cancellation of an ongoing reception of a PDU in a lower layer transport protocol module. | | |
| Available via | FrArTp.h | | |



8.3.3.4 FrArTp_ChangeParameter

[SWS_FrArTp_00151] Definition of API function FrArTp_ChangeParameter [

| Service Name | FrArTp_ChangeParameter | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType FrArTp_ChangeParameter (PduIdType id, TPParameterType parameter, uint16 value) | | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x4b | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | | |
| Parameters (in) | id | Identification of the PDU which the parameter change shall affect. | |
| | parameter | ID of the parameter that shall be changed. | |
| | value | The new value of the parameter. | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | | |
| Parameters (out) | None | | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: The parameter was changed successfully. E_NOT_OK: The parameter change was rejected. | |
| Description | Request to change a specific transport protocol parameter (e.g. block size). | | |
| Available via | FrArTp.h | | |

Caveats: According to ISO 15765-2 [6], it is not possible to change a parameter value during an ongoing reception.

8.4 Callback notifications

This is a list of functions provided for other modules.

8.4.1 FrArTp_TriggerTransmit

[SWS_FrArTp_00154] Definition of callback function FrArTp_TriggerTransmit

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00369

Γ

| Service Name | FrArTp_TriggerTransmit |
|--------------|--|
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType FrArTp_TriggerTransmit (PduIdType TxPduId, PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr) |



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| Service ID [hex] | 0x41 | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld. | | |
| Parameters (in) | TxPduId ID of the SDU that is requested to be transmitted. | | |
| Parameters (inout) | PduInfoPtr | Contains a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) to where the SDU data shall be copied, and the available buffer size in SduLengh. On return, the service will indicate the length of the copied SDU data in SduLength. | |
| Parameters (out) | None | | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: SDU has been copied and SduLength indicates the number of copied bytes. E_NOT_OK: No SDU data has been copied. PduInfoPtr must not be used since it may contain a NULL pointer or point to invalid data. | |
| Description | Within this API, the upper layer module (called module) shall check whether the available data fits into the buffer size reported by PduInfoPtr->SduLength. If it fits, it shall copy its data into the buffer provided by PduInfoPtr->SduDataPtr and update the length of the actual copied data in PduInfoPtr->SduLength. If not, it returns E_NOT_OK without changing PduInfoPtr. | | |
| Available via | FrArTp.h | | |

Please note: This function might be called in interrupt context

8.4.2 FrArTp_RxIndication

[SWS_FrArTp_00152] Definition of callback function FrArTp_RxIndication [

| Service Name | FrArTp_RxIndication | | |
|--------------------|---|---|--|
| Syntax | void FrArTp_RxIndication (PduIdType RxPduId, const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr) | | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x42 | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld. | | |
| Parameters (in) | RxPduld | ID of the received PDU. | |
| | PduInfoPtr | Contains the length (SduLength) of the received PDU, a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) containing the PDU, and the MetaData related to this PDU. | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | | |
| Parameters (out) | None | | |
| Return value | None | | |
| Description | Indication of a received PDU from a lower layer communication interface module. | | |
| Available via | FrArTp.h | | |



8.4.3 FrArTp_TxConfirmation

[SWS_FrArTp_00153] Definition of callback function FrArTp_TxConfirmation [

| Service Name | FrArTp_TxConfirmation | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Syntax | <pre>void FrArTp_TxConfirmation (PduIdType TxPduId, Std_ReturnType result)</pre> | | | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x40 | | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | | | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld. | | | |
| Parameters (in) | TxPduld | ID of the PDU that has been transmitted. | | |
| | result | E_OK: The PDU was transmitted. E_NOT_OK: Transmission of the PDU failed. | | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | None | | |
| Parameters (out) | None | None | | |
| Return value | None | None | | |
| Description | The lower layer communica failure to transmit a PDU. | The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmission of a PDU, or the failure to transmit a PDU. | | |
| Available via | FrArTp.h | | | |

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8.5 Scheduled functions

These functions are directly called by Basic Software Scheduler. The following functions shall have no return value and no parameter. All functions shall be non reentrant.

8.5.1 FrArTp MainFunction

[SWS_FrArTp_00162] Definition of scheduled function FrArTp_MainFunction [

| Service Name | FrArTp_MainFunction | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Syntax | <pre>void FrArTp_MainFunction (void)</pre> | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x10 | |
| Description | Schedules the FlexRay TP. (Entry point for scheduling) | |
| Available via | SchM_FrArTp.h | |

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Please note: This function is called directly by the Basic Software Scheduler (SchM).



8.6 Expected interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces required from other modules are listed.

8.6.1 Mandatory interfaces

Note: This section defines all interfaces, which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

[SWS_FrArTp_00219] Definition of mandatory interfaces required by module Fr ArTp \lceil

| API Function | Header File | Description |
|------------------------------|----------------|--|
| LSduR_FrArTpTransmit (draft) | LsduR_FrArTp.h | Requests transmission of a PDU. |
| PduR_FrArTpCopyRxData | PduR_FrArTp.h | This function is called to provide the received data of an I-PDU segment (N-PDU) to the upper layer. Each call to this function provides the next part of the I-PDU data. The size of the remaining buffer is written to the position indicated by bufferSizePtr. |
| PduR_FrArTpCopyTxData | PduR_FrArTp.h | This function is called to acquire the transmit data of an I-PDU segment (N-PDU). Each call to this function provides the next part of the I-PDU data unless retry->TpDataState is TP_DATARETRY. In this case the function restarts to copy the data beginning at the offset from the current position indicated by retry->TxTpDataCnt. The size of the remaining data is written to the position indicated by availableDataPtr. |
| PduR_FrArTpRxIndication | PduR_FrArTp.h | Called after an I-PDU has been received via the TP API, the result indicates whether the transmission was successful or not. |
| PduR_FrArTpStartOfReception | PduR_FrArTp.h | This function is called at the start of receiving an N-SDU. The N-SDU might be fragmented into multiple N-PDUs (FF with one or more following CFs) or might consist of a single N-PDU (SF). The service shall provide the currently available maximum buffer size when invoked with TpSdu Length equal to 0. |
| PduR_FrArTpTxConfirmation | PduR_FrArTp.h | This function is called after the I-PDU has been transmitted on its network, the result indicates whether the transmission was successful or not. |

8.6.2 Optional interfaces

This section defines all interfaces, which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.



[SWS_FrArTp_00220] Definition of optional interfaces requested by module FrAr Tp \lceil

| API Function | Header File | Description |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Det_ReportError | Det.h | Service to report development errors. |

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8.7 Service Interfaces

No service interfaces provided.



9 Sequence diagrams

Although the following sequence diagrams are quite detailed, they do not depict every detail. Thus, they should be seen as an addendum to this specification.

9.1 N-SDU Transmission

9.1.1 Unsegmented N-SDU Transmission

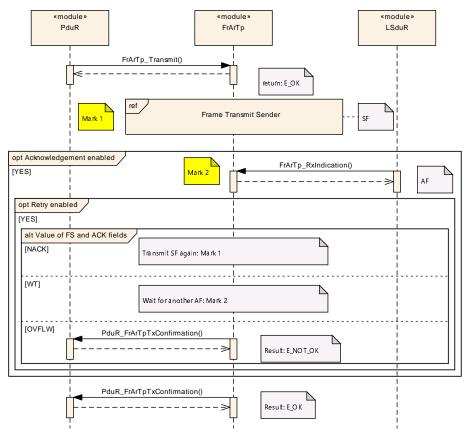


Figure 9.1



9.1.2 Segmented N-SDU Transmission without Retry

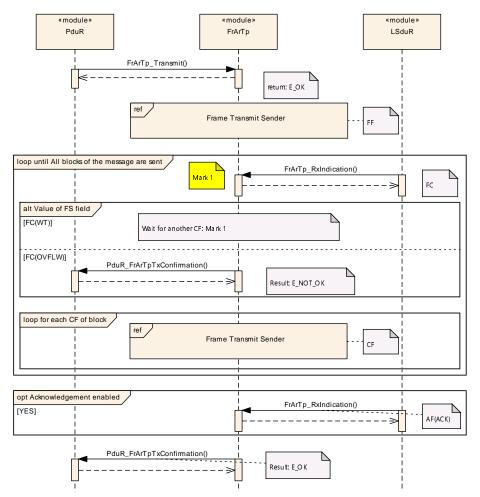
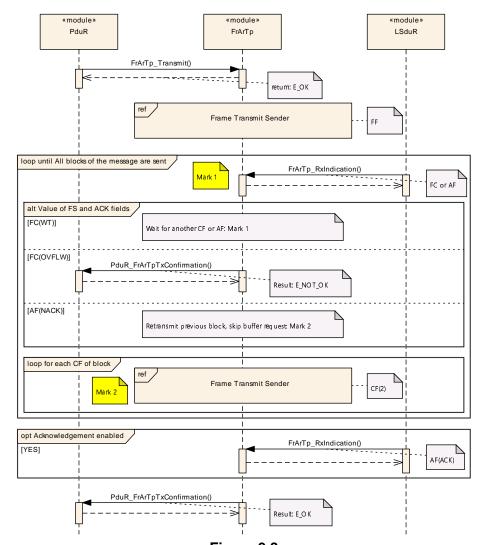


Figure 9.2

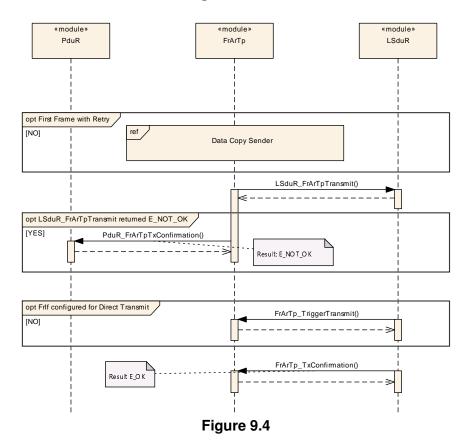


9.1.3 Segmented N-SDU Transmission with Retry

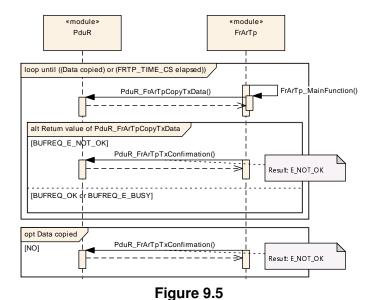




9.1.3.1 N-PDU Transmission during N-SDU Transmission



9.1.4 N-PDU Data Copying during N-SDU Transmission





9.1.4.1 Transmit Cancellation

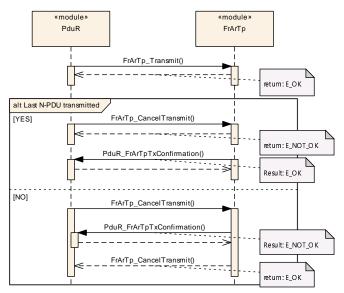


Figure 9.6

9.2 N-SDU Reception

9.2.1 Unsegmented N-SDU Reception

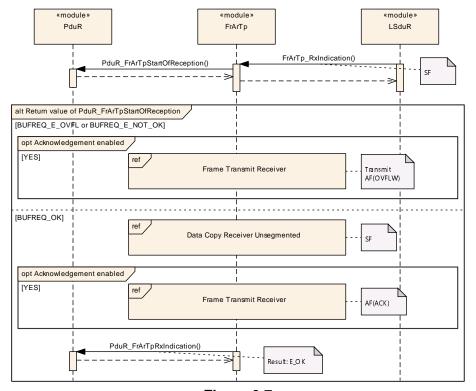


Figure 9.7



9.2.2 N-PDU Data Copying during Unsegmented N-SDU Reception

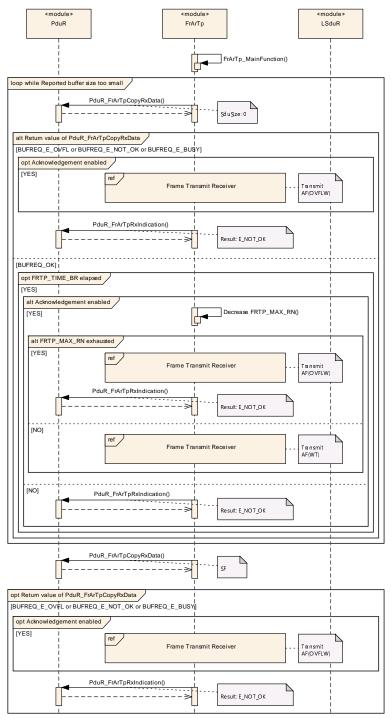


Figure 9.8



9.2.3 Segmented N-SDU Reception

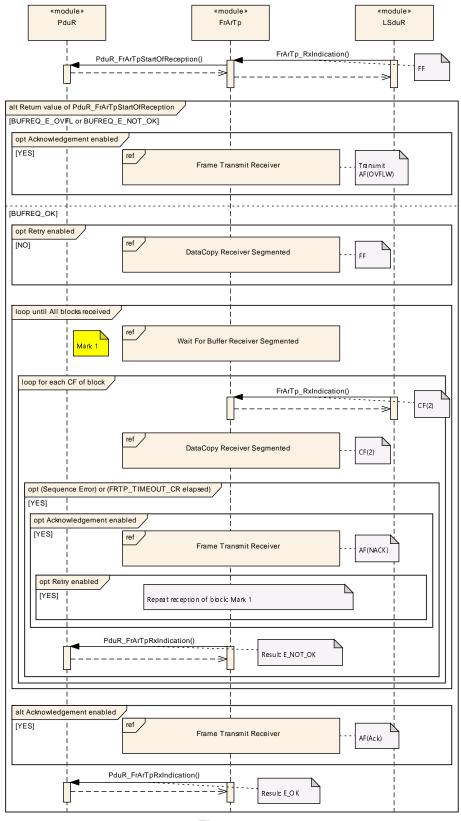


Figure 9.9



9.2.4 Wait for Buffer during Segmented N-SDU Reception

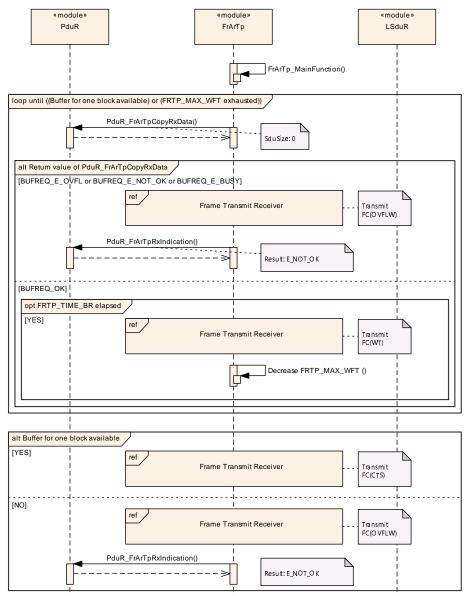


Figure 9.10



9.2.5 N-PDU Data Copying during Segmented N-SDU Reception

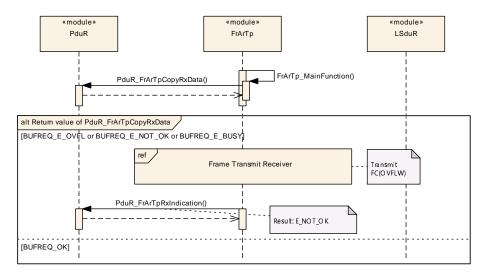
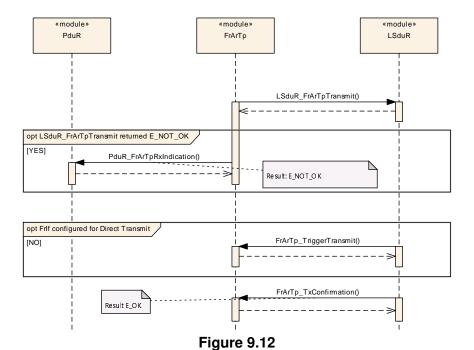


Figure 9.11

9.2.6 N-PDU Transmission during N-SDU Reception





9.2.7 Receive Cancellation

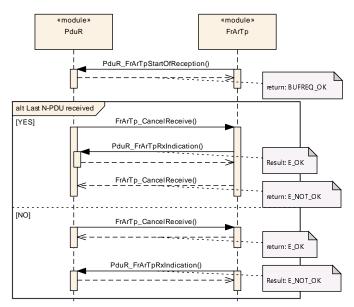


Figure 9.13



10 Configuration specification

In general, this chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification Chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals. It also specifies a template (table) you shall use for the parameter specification. We intend to leave Chapter 10.1 in the specification to guarantee comprehension.

Chapter 10.2 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the module FrArTp.

Chapter 10.3 specifies published information of the module FrArTp.

10.1 How to read this chapter

For details refer to the chapter 10.1 "Introduction to configuration specification" in SWS BSWGeneral.

10.2 Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters. The detailed meanings of the parameters describe Chapter 7 and Chapter 8.

The following pictures give an overview of the configuration:



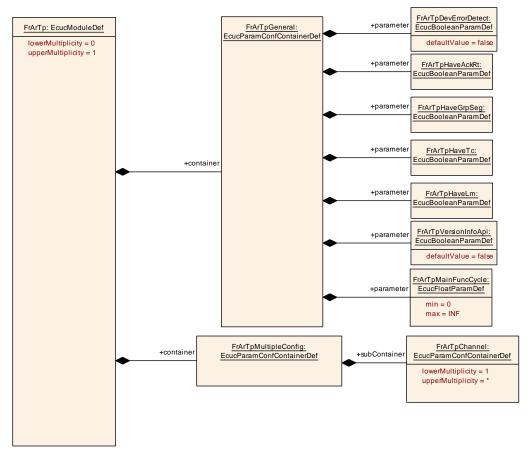


Figure 10.1: FrArTp main configuration



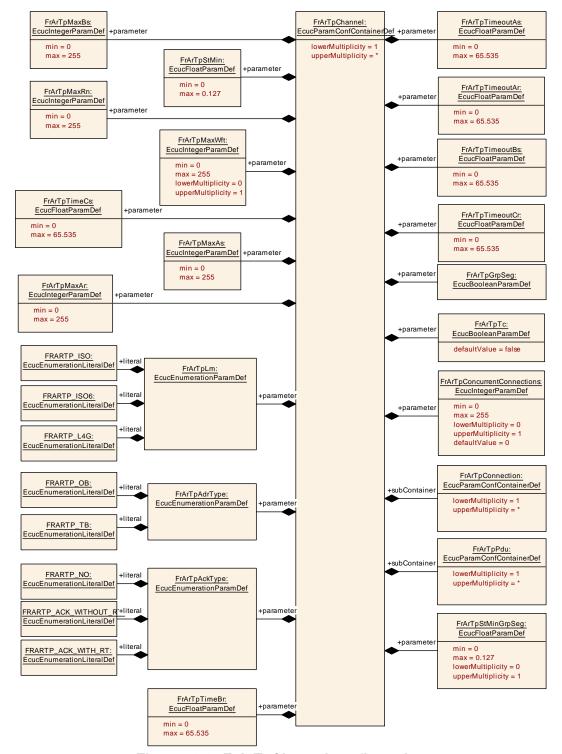


Figure 10.2: FrArTpChannel configuration



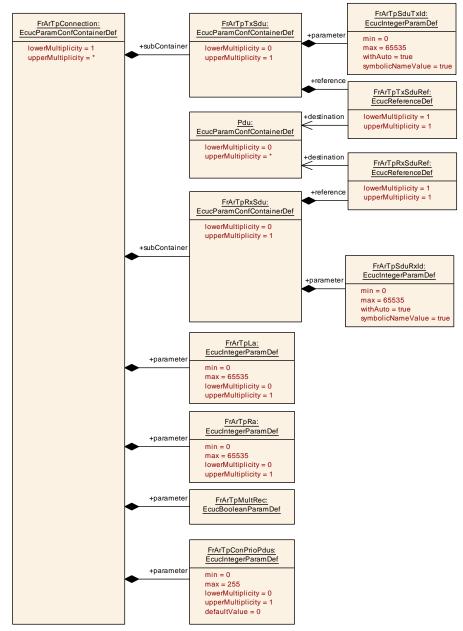


Figure 10.3: FrArTpConnection configuration

10.2.1 FrArTp

[ECUC_FrArTp_00001] Definition of EcucModuleDef FrArTp [

| Module Name | FrArTp |
|----------------------------|--|
| Description | Configuration of the FrArTp (FlexRay Transport Protocol) module. |
| Post-Build Variant Support | true |
| Supported Config Variants | VARIANT-POST-BUILD, VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |



| Included Containers | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|---|--|--|
| Container Name | Multiplicity | Scope / Dependency | | |
| FrArTpGeneral | 1 | This container contains the general configuration (parameters) of the FlexRay TP. | | |
| FrArTpMultipleConfig | 1 | This container contains the configuration parameters and sub containers of the AUTOSAR FrArTp module. | | |

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10.2.2 FrArTpGeneral

[ECUC_FrArTp_00012] Definition of EcucParamConfContainerDef FrArTpGeneral \lceil

| Container Name | FrArTpGeneral |
|--------------------------|---|
| Parent Container | FrArTp |
| Description | This container contains the general configuration (parameters) of the FlexRay TP. |
| Configuration Parameters | |

| Included Parameters | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| Parameter Name | Multiplicity | ECUC ID | |
| FrArTpDevErrorDetect | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00011] | |
| FrArTpHaveAckRt | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00014] | |
| FrArTpHaveGrpSeg | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00015] | |
| FrArTpHaveLm | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00016] | |
| FrArTpHaveTc | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00017] | |
| FrArTpMainFuncCycle | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00020] | |
| FrArTpVersionInfoApi | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00054] | |

| No Included Containers | |
|------------------------|--|
|------------------------|--|

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00011] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef FrArTpDevErrorDetect $\ \lceil$

| Parameter Name | FrArTpDevErrorDetect | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpGeneral | |
| Description | Switches the development error detection and notification on or off. • true: detection and notification is enabled. | |
| Maria in linia. | false: detection and notification is disabled. | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | |
| Туре | EcucBooleanParamDef | |



| Default value | false | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X All Variants | | |
| | Link time | _ | |
| | Post-build time | _ | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00014] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef FrArTpHaveAckRt [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpHaveAckRt | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpGeneral | | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch for enabling the | Preprocessor switch for enabling the Acknowledgement and retry mechanisms. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | 1 | | |
| Туре | EcucBooleanParamDef | | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X All Variants | | | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time – | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00015] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef FrArTpHaveGrpSeg

| Parameter Name | FrArTpHaveGrpSeg | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpGeneral | FrArTpGeneral | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch for enab | Preprocessor switch for enabling segmentation of 1:n messages. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucBooleanParamDef | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time – | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | • | | |



[ECUC_FrArTp_00016] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef FrArTpHaveLm [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpHaveLm | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpGeneral | FrArTpGeneral | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch for enab | ling the mech | anism for message longer than allowed by. | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | 1 | | |
| Туре | EcucBooleanParamDef | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Pre-compile time X All Variants | | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time – | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00017] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef FrArTpHaveTc [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpHaveTc | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpGeneral | FrArTpGeneral | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch for enabling Tra | Preprocessor switch for enabling Transmit Cancellation and Receive Cancellation. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | 1 | | |
| Туре | EcucBooleanParamDef | | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Pre-compile time X All Variants | | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time – | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

$[{\tt ECUC_FrArTp_00020}] \ \ {\tt Definition} \ \ {\tt of} \ \ {\tt EcucFloatParamDef} \ \ {\tt FrArTpMainFuncCycle}$

| Parameter Name | FrArTpMainFuncCycle | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---------------|--------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpGeneral | FrArTpGeneral | | |
| Description | This parameter contains the calling period of the TPs Main Function. The parameter is specified in seconds. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucFloatParamDef | | | |
| Range |]0 INF[| | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |





| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU |
|--------------------|------------|
|--------------------|------------|

[ECUC_FrArTp_00054] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef FrArTpVersionInfo Api \lceil

| Parameter Name | FrArTpVersionInfoApi | FrArTpVersionInfoApi | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpGeneral | | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch for ena | bling the Versi | on info API. | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | 1 | | |
| Туре | EcucBooleanParamDef | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time – | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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10.2.3 FrArTpChannel

All parameters within this section are global and, of course, only present once for the whole module.

[ECUC_FrArTp_00005] Definition of EcucParamConfContainerDef FrArTpChannel \lceil

| Container Name | FrArTpChannel | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--------------------|
| Parent Container | FrArTpMultipleConfig | | |
| Description | This container contains the configuration (parameters) of one FlexRay TP channel. | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | true | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time | _ | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD |
| Configuration Parameters | | | |



| Included Parameters | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Parameter Name | Multiplicity | ECUC ID |
| FrArTpAckType | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00002] |
| FrArTpAdrType | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00008] |
| FrArTpConcurrentConnections | 01 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00057] |
| FrArTpGrpSeg | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00013] |
| FrArTpLm | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00019] |
| FrArTpMaxAr | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00021] |
| FrArTpMaxAs | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00022] |
| FrArTpMaxBs | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00023] |
| FrArTpMaxRn | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00026] |
| FrArTpMaxWft | 01 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00059] |
| FrArTpStMin | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00042] |
| FrArTpStMinGrpSeg | 01 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00060] |
| FrArTpTc | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00043] |
| FrArTpTimeBr | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00044] |
| FrArTpTimeCs | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00046] |
| FrArTpTimeoutAr | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00048] |
| FrArTpTimeoutAs | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00049] |
| FrArTpTimeoutBs | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00050] |
| FrArTpTimeoutCr | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00051] |

| Included Containers | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Container Name | Multiplicity | Scope / Dependency | | | |
| FrArTpConnection | 1* | This container contains the configuration (parameters) of one FlexRay TP connection. | | | |
| | | A connection can only belong to one channel. | | | |
| FrArTpPdu | 1* | Container to hold the PDU parameters. | | | |
| | | ImplementationType: PduInfoType | | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00002] Definition of EcucEnumerationParamDef FrArTpAckType

| Parameter Name | FrArTpAckType | | | |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | FrArTpChannel | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the type of acknowledgement which is used for the specific channel. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucEnumerationParamDef | | | |
| Range | FRARTP_ACK_WITHOUT_RT | | | |
| | FRARTP_ACK_WITH_RT | Acknowledgement with retry | | |
| | FRARTP_NO | No acknowledgement | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | • | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |



| | Link time | _ | |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00008] Definition of EcucEnumerationParamDef FrArTpAdrType

| Parameter Name | FrArTpAdrType | FrArTpAdrType | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | | |
| Description | | This parameter states the addressing type this connection has. The meanings of the values are one byte and two byte. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucEnumerationParamDef | EcucEnumerationParamDef | | | |
| Range | FRARTP_OB | One | One Byte | | |
| | FRARTP_TB | Two | Two Bytes | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | | |
| | Post-build time | X | | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00057] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpConcurrent Connections \lceil

| Parameter Name | FrArTpConcurrentConnections | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the number of connections that can be active at the same time. If set to 0, all configured connections can be active at the same time. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 01 | | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef | | | |
| Range | 0 255 | 0 255 | | |
| Default value | 0 | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | true | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | X | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | X | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |



[ECUC_FrArTp_00013] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef FrArTpGrpSeg

| Parameter Name | FrArTpGrpSeg | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | FrArTpChannel | | |
| Description | Here can be specified, whether seg | gmentatio | n within a 1:n connection is allowed or not. | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucBooleanParamDef | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | _ | - | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | X | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00019] Definition of EcucEnumerationParamDef FrArTpLm [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpLm | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This specifies the maximum messa | ge length | for the particular channel. | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucEnumerationParamDef | | | |
| Range | FRARTP_ISO | FRARTP_ISO Up to (2**12)-1 Byte message length (No FF-Ex or SF-E or AF shall be used and recognized) | | |
| | FRARTP_ISO6 | As ISO, but the maximum payload length is limited to 6 byte (SF-I, FF-I, CF). This is necessary to route TP on CAN when using Extended Addressing or Mixed Addressing on CAN. | | |
| | FRARTP_L4G | SF-E allowed (SF of arbitrary length depending on FrArTpPduLength), up to (2**32)-1 byte message length (all FF-x allowed). | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | _ | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | X | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | · | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00021] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpMaxAr \lceil

| Parameter Name | FrArTpMaxAr |
|------------------|---|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel |
| Description | This parameter defines the maximum number of trying to send a frame when a TIMEOUT AR occurs. |
| Multiplicity | 1 |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef |





| Range | 0 255 | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|---|---------------------|
| Default value | _ | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Х | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | _ | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00022] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpMaxAs [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpMaxAs | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the maximum number of trying to send a frame when a TIMEOUT AS occurs. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef | | | |
| Range | 0 255 | 0 255 | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | - | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00023] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpMaxBs [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpMaxBs | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the number of consecutive CFs between two FCs (block size). Valid values are 1 16 when retry is activated, and 0 255 otherwise. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef | | | |
| Range | 0 255 | 0 255 | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | _ | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Х | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | · | |



[ECUC_FrArTp_00026] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpMaxRn [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpMaxRn | FrArTpMaxRn | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|---------------------|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the particular channel). | This parameter defines the maximum number of retries (if retry is configured for the particular channel). | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef | EcucIntegerParamDef | | | |
| Range | 0 255 | | | | |
| Default value | _ | • | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time | _ | | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00059] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpMaxWft [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpMaxWft | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the maximal number of wait frames to be sent for a pending connection. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 01 | | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef | | | |
| Range | 0 255 | 0 255 | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | true | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | X | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00042] Definition of EcucFloatParamDef FrArTpStMin [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpStMin | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the minimum amount of time between two succeeding CFs of a 1:1 segmented transmission in seconds. Valid values are 0, 100µs, 200µs 900µs, 1ms, 2ms 127ms. The value can be changed at runtime using the FrArTp_Change Parameter interface. | | | |
| | FrArTpStMin must be an integer multiple of the cycle length multiplied with the multiplexing factor, i.e. FrArTpStMin = n * FrIfGdCycle * m, where n is an integer >= 0 and m is the cycle multiplexor of those cycles where PDUs of the PDU pool are scheduled. | | | |
| | Please note: Due to the scheduling strategies of FrArTp, FrArTpStMin can only be kept to a degree defined by the maximum temporal distance of the PDUs of a PDU pool within one FlexRay cycle. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucFloatParamDef | | | |
| Range | [0 0.127] | | | |
| Default value | - | • | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00060] Definition of EcucFloatParamDef FrArTpStMinGrpSeg

| Parameter Name | FrArTpStMinGrpSeg | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the minimum amount of time between two succeeding CFs of a 1:n segmented transmission in seconds. Valid values are 0, 100µs, 200µs 900µs, 1ms, 2ms 127ms. The value can be changed at runtime using the FrArTp_Change Parameter interface. | | | |
| | FrArTpStMinGrpSeg must be an integer multiple of the cycle length multiplied with the multiplexing factor, i.e. FrArTpStMinGrpSeg = n * FrlfGdCycle * m, where n is an integer >= 0 and m is the cycle multiplexor of those cycles where PDUs of the PDU pool are scheduled. | | | |
| | Please note: Due to the scheduling strategies of FrArTp, FrArTpStMinGrpSeg can only be kept to a degree defined by the maximum temporal distance of the PDUs of a PDU pool within one FlexRay cycle. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 01 | | | |
| Туре | EcucFloatParamDef | | | |
| Range | [0 0.127] | | | |
| Default value | _ | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | true | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Х | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Х | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |



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| | Link time | - | |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00043] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef FrArTpTc [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpTc | FrArTpTc | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|---------------------|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | With this switch Transmit Ca for this channel. | With this switch Transmit Cancellation and Receive Cancellation can be turned on or off for this channel. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucBooleanParamDef | EcucBooleanParamDef | | | |
| Default value | false | false | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time | _ | | | |
| | Post-build time | X | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00044] Definition of EcucFloatParamDef FrArTpTimeBr [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpTimeBr | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | | This parameter defines the time in seconds between receiving the last CF of a block or an FF-x (or SF-x) and sending out an FC or AF. | | |
| | It is obvious that FRARTP_TIME_BR + (FRARTP_TIMEOUT_AR * FRARTP_MAX_AR) < FRARTP_TIMEOUT_BS must hold (because the transmission duration on the bus has also to be considered). | | | |
| | This parameter is defined in ISO 15765-2. It is contained in the configuration as a performance requirement. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucFloatParamDef | | | |
| Range | [0 65.535] | | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |



[ECUC_FrArTp_00046] Definition of EcucFloatParamDef FrArTpTimeCs [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpTimeCs | FrArTpTimeCs | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | | This parameter defines the time in seconds between the sending of two consecutive CFs or between reception of an FC or AF and sending of the next CF. | | |
| | It is obvious that FRARTP_TIME_CS + (FRARTP_TIMEOUT_AS * FRARTP_MAX_AS) < FRARTP_TIMEOUT_CR must hold (because the transmission duration on the bus has also to be considered). | | | |
| | This parameter is defined in ISO 15 performance requirement. | This parameter is defined in ISO 15765-2. It is contained in the configuration as a performance requirement. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucFloatParamDef | | | |
| Range | [0 65.535] | | | |
| Default value | - | • | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Х | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00048] Definition of EcucFloatParamDef FrArTpTimeoutAr \lceil

| Parameter Name | FrArTpTimeoutAr | | | |
|---------------------------|--|------------|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This parameter states the timeout in seconds between the PDU transmit request of the Transport Layer to the FlexRay Interface and the corresponding confirmation of the FlexRay Interface on the receiver side (for FC or AF). | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucFloatParamDef | | | |
| Range | [0 65.535] | [0 65.535] | | |
| Default value | _ | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | • | | |



[ECUC_FrArTp_00049] Definition of EcucFloatParamDef FrArTpTimeoutAs [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpTimeoutAs | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | FrArTpChannel | | |
| Description | This parameter states the timeout in seconds between the PDU transmit request for the first PDU of the group used in the current connection of the Transport Layer to the Flex Ray Interface and the corresponding confirmation of the FlexRay Interface (when having sent the last PDU of the group used in this connection) on the sender side (SF-x, FF-x, CF). | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucFloatParamDef | EcucFloatParamDef | | |
| Range | [0 65.535] | [0 65.535] | | |
| Default value | - | - | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00050] Definition of EcucFloatParamDef FrArTpTimeoutBs \lceil

| Parameter Name | FrArTpTimeoutBs | | | |
|---------------------------|---|------|---------------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the timeout in seconds for waiting for an FC or AF on the sender side in a 1:1 connection. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucFloatParamDef | | | |
| Range | [0 65.535] | | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | true | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Х | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | X | VARIANT-POST-BUILD | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00051] Definition of EcucFloatParamDef FrArTpTimeoutCr \lceil

| Parameter Name | FrArTpTimeoutCr | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the timeout value in seconds for waiting for a CF or FF-x (in case of retry) after receiving the last CF or after sending an FC or AF on the receiver side. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Туре | EcucFloatParamDef | | |
| Range | [0 65.535] | | |





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| Default value | - | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|--------------------|
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time | _ | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

Performance Requirements according to ISO 15765-2

The two parameters, FrArTpTimeBr and FrArTpTimeCs, are not software configuration parameters, they are contained in [6] as performance requirements. They are just for information.

All parameters within this section are present for each channel and read-only. They shall be placed outside the source code of the module in order to be modifiable by a flashing process without re-flashing the code itself.

10.2.4 FrArTpPdu

[ECUC_FrArTp_00029] Definition of EcucParamConfContainerDef FrArTpPdu [

| Container Name | FrArTpPdu | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|------|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | | |
| Description | Container to hold the PDU parameters. | | | |
| | ImplementationType: PduInfoType | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | true | true | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Configuration Parameters | | | | |

| Included Parameters | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| Parameter Name | Multiplicity | ECUC ID | |
| FrArTpPduDirection | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00030] | |
| FrArTpPduld | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00035] | |
| FrArTpPduRef | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00036] | |

| No Included Containers | | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| | | |



[ECUC_FrArTp_00030] Definition of EcucEnumerationParamDef FrArTpPduDirection \lceil

| Parameter Name | FrArTpPduDirection | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpPdu | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the direction | This parameter defines the direction of the PDU. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | 1 | | |
| Туре | EcucEnumerationParamDef | | | |
| Range | FRARTP_RX Received PDU | | | |
| | FRARTP_TX Transmitted PDU | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00035] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpPduId [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpPduld | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpPdu | | | |
| Description | This is the identifier of the LSduR PDUs (Fr N-PDU, Fr L-SDU) in which the Transport Layer Frames of this channel should be transmitted. For FrArTpPduDirection == FRARTP_RX, this parameter specifies the ID that is used by LSduR when calling FrAr Tp_RxIndication, while for FrArTpPduDirection == FRARTP_TX this ID is used by LSduR when calling FrArTp_TxConfirmation or FrArTp_TriggerTransmit. ImplementationType: PduIdType | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter) | | | |
| Range | 0 65535 | | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X All Variants | | | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | _ | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | | |
| | withAuto = true | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00036] Definition of EcucReferenceDef FrArTpPduRef

| Parameter Name | FrArTpPduRef |
|------------------|--------------|
| Parent Container | FrArTpPdu |
| Description | - |
| Multiplicity | 1 |





| Туре | Reference to Pdu | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|--------------------|
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time | _ | |
| | Post-build time | Х | VARIANT-POST-BUILD |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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10.2.5 FrArTpConnection

[ECUC_FrArTp_00010] Definition of EcucParamConfContainerDef FrArTpConnection $\ \lceil$

| Container Name | FrArTpConnection | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpChannel | | |
| Description | This container contains the configuration (parameters) of one FlexRay TP connection. | | |
| | A connection can only belong to one channel. | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | true | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time – | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | |
| Configuration Parameters | | | |

| Included Parameters | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| Parameter Name | Multiplicity | ECUC ID | |
| FrArTpConPrioPdus | 01 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00058] | |
| FrArTpLa | 01 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00018] | |
| FrArTpMultRec | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00027] | |
| FrArTpRa | 01 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00037] | |

| Included Containers | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Container Name | r Name Multiplicity Scope / Dependency | | | | |
| FrArTpRxSdu | 01 | Describes the Rx N-SDU. This N-SDU can produce meta data items of type SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ ADDRESS_16. | | | |
| FrArTpTxSdu | 01 | Describes the Tx N-SDU. This N-SDU can consume meta data items of type SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ ADDRESS_16. | | | |



[ECUC_FrArTp_00058] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpConPrioPdus

| Parameter Name | FrArTpConPrioPdus | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--------------------|
| Parent Container | FrArTpConnection | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the number of TxNPdus to which this connection has prioritized access. It must be ensured that the number of prioritized PDUs of all connections is smaller than the total number of TxNPdus in the associated PDU pool. | | |
| Multiplicity | 01 | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 255 | | |
| Default value | 0 | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | true | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time – | | |
| | Post-build time | X | VARIANT-POST-BUILD |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time – | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00018] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpLa

| Parameter Name | FrArTpLa | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpConnection | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the Local Address for the respective connection. When the local instance is the sender, this is the Source Address within the TP frame. When the local instance is the receiver, this is the Target Address within the TP frame. Note that in case of 1 byte addressing only the values from 0x0000 - 0x00FF are valid. | | | |
| | If this parameter is not configured, all related Rx N-SDUs must be configured to use the meta data item TARGET_ADDRESS_16, and all related Tx-N-SDUs must be configured to use the meta data item SOURCE_ADDRESS_16. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 01 | | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef | | | |
| Range | 0 65535 | | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00027] Definition of EcucBooleanParamDef FrArTpMultRec [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpMultRec | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpConnection | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines, whether this connection is an 1:1 ('false') or an 1:n ('true') connection. Of course, if the channel to which the connection is configured has retry or acknowledgement enabled, no retry or acknowledgement will occur in case the connection is an 1:n connection. | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | EcucBooleanParamDef | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | - | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00037] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpRa

| Parameter Name | FrArTpRa | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpConnection | | | |
| Description | This parameter defines the Remote Address for the respective connection. When the local instance is the sender, this is the Target Address within the TP frame. When the local instance is the receiver, this is the Source Address within the TP frame. Note that in case of 1 byte addressing only the values from 0x0000 - 0x00FF are valid. | | | |
| | meta data item SOURCE_ADDRES | If this parameter is not configured, all related Rx N-SDUs must be configured to use the meta data item SOURCE_ADDRESS_16, and all related Tx-N-SDUs must be configured to use the meta data item TARGET_ADDRESS_16. | | |
| Multiplicity | 01 | 01 | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 65535 | 0 65535 | | |
| Default value | _ | • | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | | |

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All parameters within this section are present for each connection and read-only. They shall be placed outside the source code of the module in order to be modifiable by a flashing process without re-flashing the code itself.



10.2.6 FrArTpTxSdu

[ECUC_FrArTp_00055] Definition of EcucParamConfContainerDef FrArTpTxSdu

| Container Name | FrArTpTxSdu | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpConnection | FrArTpConnection | | |
| Description | Describes the Tx N-SDU. This N-SDU can consume meta data items of type SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16. | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | true | | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time - | | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Configuration Parameters | | | | |

| Included Parameters | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| Parameter Name | Multiplicity | ECUC ID | |
| FrArTpSduTxld | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00041] | |
| FrArTpTxSduRef | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00052] | |

| No Included Containers | |
|------------------------|--|
| | |

[ECUC_FrArTp_00041] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpSduTxId [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpSduTxld | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|--------------|
| Parent Container | FrArTpTxSdu | | |
| Description | This is a unique identifier for a received or a to be transmitted message. With this (and by means of e.g. a lookup table) the PDU Router can route the message appropriately without dealing with the particularities of the Transport Layer. This parameter can also be seen as the identifier of a connection. | | |
| | ImplementationType: PduIdType | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter) | | |
| Range | 0 65535 | | |
| Default value | - | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | Х | All Variants |
| | Link time | - | |
| | Post-build time | _ | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |
| | withAuto = true | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00052] Definition of EcucReferenceDef FrArTpTxSduRef

| Parameter Name | FrArTpTxSduRef | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpTxSdu | FrArTpTxSdu | | |
| Description | Reference to a PDU in the global P | Reference to a PDU in the global PDU structure. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | | |
| Туре | Reference to Pdu | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | true | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | | |
| | Link time – | | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | · | |

10.2.7 FrArTpRxSdu

[ECUC_FrArTp_00038] Definition of EcucParamConfContainerDef FrArTpRxSdu

| Container Name | FrArTpRxSdu | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpConnection | | |
| Description | Describes the Rx N-SDU. This N-SDU can produce meta data items of type SOURCE_ADDRESS_16 and TARGET_ADDRESS_16. | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | true | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time – | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | |
| Configuration Parameters | | | |

| Included Parameters | | |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Parameter Name | Multiplicity | ECUC ID |
| FrArTpSduRxld | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00040] |
| FrArTpRxSduRef | 1 | [ECUC_FrArTp_00039] |

| No Included Containers | | |
|------------------------|--|--|



[ECUC_FrArTp_00040] Definition of EcucIntegerParamDef FrArTpSduRxId [

| Parameter Name | FrArTpSduRxId | FrArTpSduRxId | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--------------|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpRxSdu | FrArTpRxSdu | | |
| Description | This is a unique identifier for a recand ChangeParameter API call. | This is a unique identifier for a received message. This Id is used in the CancelReceive and ChangeParameter API call. | | |
| | ImplementationType: PduIdType | | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | 1 | | |
| Туре | EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter) | | | |
| Range | 0 65535 | 0 65535 | | |
| Default value | _ | - | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants | |
| | Link time | _ | | |
| | Post-build time | _ | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | · · | | |
| | withAuto = true | | | |

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[ECUC_FrArTp_00039] Definition of EcucReferenceDef FrArTpRxSduRef

| Parameter Name | FrArTpRxSduRef | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Parent Container | FrArTpRxSdu | | |
| Description | Reference to a PDU in the global PDU structure. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Туре | Reference to Pdu | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | true | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE | | |
| | Link time – | | |
| | Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD | | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

10.2.8 FrArTpMultipleConfig

[ECUC_FrArTp_00028] Definition of EcucParamConfContainerDef FrArTpMultipleConfig \lceil

| Container Name | FrArTpMultipleConfig |
|--------------------------|---|
| Parent Container | FrArTp |
| Description | This container contains the configuration parameters and sub containers of the AUTOSAR FrArTp module. |
| Configuration Parameters | |



| No Included Parameters | | |
|------------------------|--|--|
|------------------------|--|--|

| Included Containers | | |
|---------------------|--------------|---|
| Container Name | Multiplicity | Scope / Dependency |
| FrArTpChannel | 1* | This container contains the configuration (parameters) of one FlexRay TP channel. |

10.3 Published Information

For details refer to the chapter 10.3 "Published Information" in CP_SWS_BSWGeneral.

10.4 Important Issues on Configuration

10.4.1 Start and Stop of the Timing Parameters

[SWS_FrArTp_00169] [Table 4 gives an overview when the time of each of these parameters start to run and when it is stopped. Note that if SF-x is mentioned it is meant in the case acknowledgement is configured (the same for AF).

[SWS_FrArTp_00170] [For 1:n connections only the parameters FrArTpTimeoutAs, FrArTpTimeCs (only CF) and FrArTpTimeoutCr (only CF) hold, since no flow control or acknowledgement is allowed in that case.

| Timing Parameter | Start | Stop |
|------------------|--|--|
| FrArTpTimeoutAs | LSduR_FrArTpTransmit (first PDU of the group used by the current connection) | FrArTp_TxConfirmation (for the last PDU of the group used by the current connection) |
| FrArTpTimeoutAr | LSduR_FrArTpTransmit (FC or AF) | FrArTp_TxConfirmation (FC or AF) |
| FrArTpTimeoutBs | FrArTp_TxConfirmation (SF-x, FF-x or last CF of a block), FrArTp_RxIndication (FC or AF, both in case of FR_FS = WAIT) | FrArTp_RxIndication (FC or AF) |
| FrArTpTimeBr | FrArTp_RxIndication (FF-x, last CF of a block or SF-x), FrArTp_TxConfirmation (FC or AF, both in case of FR_FS = WAIT) | LSduR_FrArTpTransmit (FC or AF) |
| FrArTpTimeoutCr | FrArTp_RxIndication (CF), FrArTp_TxConfirmation (FC or AF) | FrArTp_RxIndication (CF or SF-x, FF-x (the latter two in case of retry)) |





| Timing Parameter | Start | Stop |
|------------------|---|---------------------------|
| FrArTpTimeCs | FrArTp_TxConfirmation (CF), FrArTp_RxIndication (FC or AF (not after the last one)) | LSduR_FrArTpTransmit (CF) |

Table 10.1: Start and Stop of the different timeouts and times

10.4.2 How to get an ISO 15765-2 compliant Channel / Connection

[SWS_FrArTp_00171] [To achieve ISO 15765-2 [6] compliance within a channel/connection, there are restrictions for some parameters. Those marked with a "*" are only relevant, if the features are compiled in.]

These and those are explained in the table below:

| Parameter | Allowed values |
|-------------------|---|
| FrArTpAckType (*) | 'FRARTP_NO' |
| FrArTpGrpSeg (*) | false |
| FrArTpTc (*) | false |
| FrArTpLm (*) | 'FRARTP_ISO', 'FRARTP_ISO6' |
| N-PDU length | 9 [FrArTpAdrType == FRARTP_OB, FrArTpLm == FRARTP_ISO6], |
| | 10 [FrArTpAdrType == FRARTP_OB, FrArTpLm == FRARTP_ISO], |
| | 11 [FrArTpAdrType == FRARTP_TB, FrArTpLm == FRARTP_ISO6], |
| | 12 [FrArTpAdrType == FRARTP_TB, FrArTpLm == FRARTP_ISO] |

Table 10.2: Parameter Setting for ISO 15765-2 compliance

All not mentioned parameters can have arbitrary values.

10.4.3 Dependencies among the Parameters

[SWS_FrArTp_00172] [There are several dependencies among the connection specific and channel specific configuration parameters:

• If FrArTpMultRec sets the connection to be a 1:1 connection, then the value of FrArTpGrpSeg does not play a role for this connection since it is only relevant for 1:n connections.



- If FrartpMultRec sets the connection to be a 1:n connection, then the values of FrartpAckType, FrartpMaxBs, and FrArtpMaxRn do not play a role for this connection, since they are only relevant for 1:1 connections.
- If FrArtpMultRec sets the connection to be a 1:n connection or FrArtpAck— Type does not activate retry (FRARTP_NO, FRARTP_ACK_WITHOUT_RT) then the value of FrArtpMaxBs does not play a role for this connections since it is only relevant in 1:1 connections within channels with retry being activated.

10.4.4 Timing Constraints

The following Constraints shall hold for the Timing parameters:

[SWS_FrArTp_00242]
$$V_E + FrArTpTimeBr + (FrArTpTimeoutAr * FrArTpMaxAr) + V_S < FrArTpTimeoutBs |$$

[SWS_FrArTp_00243]
$$V_s$$
 + FrArTpTimeCs + (FrArTpTimeoutAs * $FrArTpMaxAs$) + V_E < FrArTpTimeoutCr|

Where V_E is the time from starting the BS timer until recognition of the frame in the receiver TP and V_S is the time from starting the CR timer until recognition of the frame in the sender TP.

10.4.5 Configuration Requirements on the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer

[SWS FrArTp 00180]

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00159

[It has to be assured, that FrArTpStMin < FrArTpTimeoutCr since there will always be a timeout of the latter one otherwise.]

[SWS FrArTp 00181]

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00159

[The configuration of a connection and a channel shall be, of course, the same at the sender and the receiver side. Only the values of FrArTpLa and FrArTpRa are swapped.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00275] [If a channel references one PDU of a certain direction (received or transmitted) that is also referenced by another channel, both channels must



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reference exactly the same set of PDUs for this direction. This restriction ensures the pool semantics of referenced PDUs.

[SWS_FrArTp_00276] [All PDUs of a PDU pool must have the same size, and all channels that reference these PDUs must have the same addressing type.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00277] [In the set of connections that are associated with a PDU pool, no two connections have the same address information, not even with reversed addresses.]

[SWS_FrArTp_00278] [The number of prioritized PDUs of all connections associated with a PDU pool must be less than the number of PDUs in the pool; otherwise, a set of active prioritized connections can lead to timeout in other connections.]

10.4.6 Configuration Requirements on the FlexRay Interface

[SWS_FrArTp_00174] [If more than one N-PDU is used for one N-SDU within a connection, the FrIf shall guarantee, that the N-PDUs (L-SDUs) are scheduled (sent over the bus) in the same order the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer uses them, i.e. in ascending order regarding the N-PDU IDs used in the FlexRay AUTOSAR Transport Layer. To simplify configuration, all PDUs of a pool shall be arranged such that they are always received in the same order in which they have been transmitted, independent of the current cycle in the FlexRay communication round.]

This is necessary to avoid CFs coming out of order in a segmented transfer.

[SWS_FrArTp_00175] [For every FrArTp L-SDU the PDU-Update/Valid Information of the FrIf shall be activated unless this is the only PDU in a frame.]

This is necessary to avoid Rx-Indication at the FrArTp for in the current transfer not used N-PDUs or if e.g. in every 2nd FlexRay bus cycle an N-PDU is scheduled.

[SWS_FrArTp_00182] [For the last PDU (in temporal order) of each PDU pool, a TxConfirmation shall be configured.]



A Not applicable requirements

[SWS_FrArTp_NA_00001]

Upstream requirements: SRS_BSW_00168, SRS_BSW_00170, SRS_BSW_00339, SRS_BSW_-

00344, SRS_BSW_00375, SRS_BSW_00395, SRS_BSW_00400, SRS_BSW_00405, SRS_BSW_00409, SRS_BSW_00416, SRS_BSW_00417, SRS_BSW_00419, SRS_BSW_00422, SRS_BSW_00425, SRS_BSW_00426, SRS_BSW_00427, SRS_BSW_00428, SRS_BSW_-

00429, SRS_BSW_00433

[These requirements are not applicable to this specification.]