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References

[1] Methodology
AUTOSAR_TR_Methodology

[2] Modeling Show Cases Examples
AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases

[3] Software Component Template
AUTOSAR_TPS_SoftwareComponentTemplate

[4] Standardization Template
AUTOSAR_TPS_StandardizationTemplate

[5] Specification of Platform Types
AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes

[6] System Template
AUTOSAR_TPS_SystemTemplate

1 Introduction

The objective of this report is the illustration and execution of AUTOSAR modeling and the AUTOSAR methodology (see [1]) for selected show cases.

Each show case focuses on a few specific topics and gives an overview of their basic usage and their application in the field. Where appropriate, the show cases are based on real world applications of the AUTOSAR standard.

It contains

- explanatory background on the functional use case for which the specific part of the AUTOSAR modeling is applied.
- illustration of the AUTOSAR model content in form of interlinked tables
- explanation of the processing results of these AUTOSAR models (e.g. C code, A2L files, ...)
- snippets of the full-blown examples. The complete examples are provided in the archive `AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip` [2].

2 Overview

The report is organized in chapters according to the main focus of the contained show cases. Each chapter contains a topic specific overview and at least one show case. Each chapter is self contained and understandable without reading any other chapter.

The technical report on the AUTOSAR Methodology [1] deserves a special mentioning as accompanying document for going through the show cases.

In the first version of the technical report, the show cases are targeting the topic of measurement and calibration, involving the creation of A2L files based on AUTOSAR models. For these show cases, also the specification of the `SoftwareComponentTemplate` [3] is a good accompanying document.

This updated version is extended by an additional show case targeting the topic of Structured Requirements. For these show cases, also the specification of the `StandardizationTemplate` [4] is a good accompanying document.

3 Measurement and Calibration

Measurements and Calibration (short: MC) is a major step in the development of electronic control units (ECUs). Measurement and Calibration systems (MC systems), involving software tools (MC tools) as well as the hardware to access an ECU (not in focus here), enable the developer to measure variables and to adapt calibration parameters (or "characteristics") during the run-time of the ECU.

For instance, the following tasks are regularly done by "Measurement and Calibration"

- Adaptation to real hardware (e.g. inserting the electrical characteristics of a sensor)
- Calibration of controllers (e.g. adjusting the parameters of a closed loop controller)
- Tuning of ECU internal environment models (e.g. for "virtual sensors")
- Validation of ECU functions
- Tracking of development errors
- Collecting data for automated optimization of parameters

The "Introductory Show Case" (see 3.1), illustrates all basic artifacts on the way from a physical system that is to be controlled by an ECU until measuring and calibrating with a MC system.

As didactic simplification only a few data types were used, e.g. neither CURVEs[1] nor MAPs[2] were chosen, nor any `ApplicationCompositeDataType`.

However, those advanced topics, their modeling in AUTOSAR as well as their transfer to a MC tool, is of particular interest: they are regularly needed and used the field. Therefore, the "Advanced Show Case" in chapter 3.2 especially highlights these topics. This show case is directly derived from the real world modeling and structuring approach of a major Tier 1 in the powertrain domain. So it also illustrates "good practices" in the field for designing AUTOSAR systems which are to be measured and calibrated later on in their development.

[1] CURVEs are two dimensional functions defined via axis points and the corresponding function values. Interpolation or extrapolation is used to calculate function values that are not directly defined.

[2] MAPs are similar to CURVEs but three dimensional

3.1 Introductory Show Case

As introduction to measurement and calibration with AUTOSAR a simple, artificial closed-loop control system was chosen. This allows interesting feedback of the system when using a MC tool. At the same time, the model, the source code and generated files are still comprehensible.

A drawback is, that not all typical "real world" data types are featured, for instance. Such topics are covered in the "Advanced Show Case", chapter 3.2.

3.1.1 Physical System

This section contains a description of the physical system setup. It can safely be skipped, if only the AUTOSAR modeling itself is of interest to the reader.

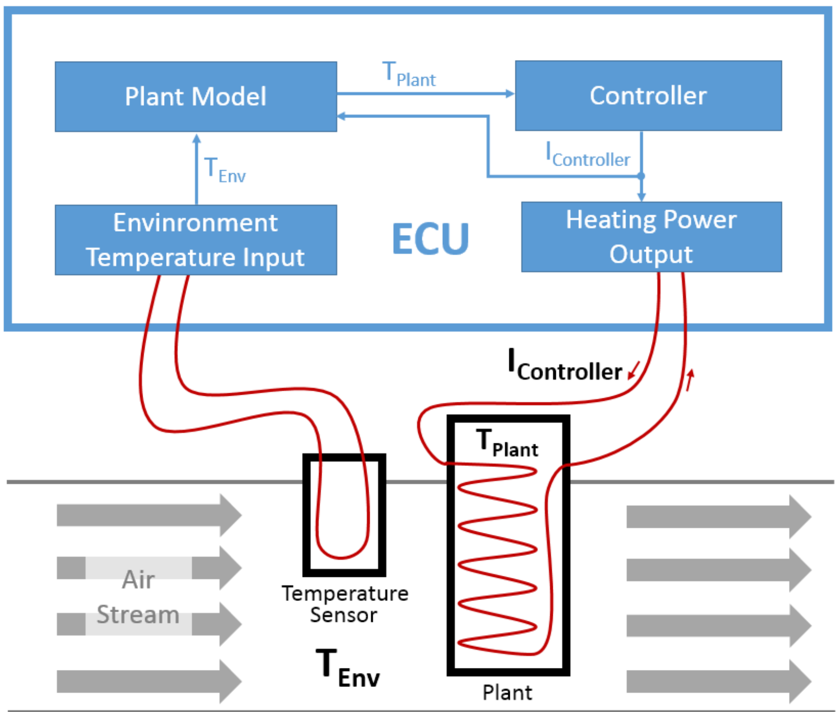


Figure 3.1: Physical Overview

Figure 3.1 shows the major physical values and entities of our system. The control task is the following: The plant is a sensor in an airstream that requires heating. The temperature T_{Plant} is to be controlled by the ECU. However, there is no direct way to measure T_{Plant}.

For the estimation of T_{Plant} the following properties of the system are used:

- T_{Plant} depends on the temperature of the environment T_{Env}, i.e. the temperature of the air stream. T_{Env} can be measured directly.

- T_{Plant} depends on the current $I_{Controller}$ which is output by the ECU and controlled by the controller and therefore known.
- The plant itself acts as a thermal energy storage. So T_{Plant} also depends on the heat quantity that is currently stored within the plant.
- All other influences on T_{Plant} are considered to be insignificant. So they can safely be ignored for this control task.

An estimation of T_{Plant} can be calculated by a plant model, which uses T_{Env} and $I_{Controller}$ as inputs and has the stored heat quantity as internal state.

3.1.1.1 Components Overview

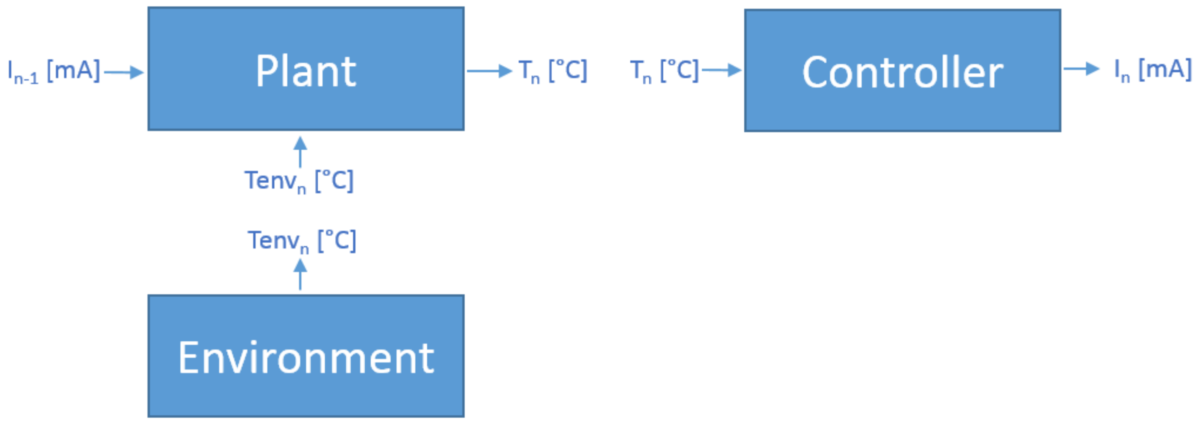


Figure 3.2: Component Overview

For this show case, the interaction with a real physical environment is completely left out, i.e. there is no `Heating Power Output` component and the profile of T_{Env} is randomly generated inside the component `Environment`. This cuts off a lot of complexity from the example, and allows to run the software system on a PC without complex environment simulations.

For completeness: The plant model is calculated inside the component `Plant` and the controller inside the component `Controller`.

As typical for ECUs the calculations happen in a time-discrete manner, i.e. the calculations in the components are executed periodically at discrete in time steps. In the following, the index $n \in \{1, 2, ...\}$ denotes the current time step. The previous time step is denoted by the index $n - 1$. The index 0 denotes the initialization value. This also means that time step 1 is the first, that is actually calculated by the ECU.

Furthermore Δt denotes the time in seconds, that elapsed between the calculation of the previous time step and the current time step. In case of time step 1, Δt denotes the time that elapsed between initialization of the system and time step 1. For setting the actual value of Δt the frequency bandwidth of the physical properties in the system has to be taken into account. Decreasing the value of Δt usually increases the quality of the sampling of physical signals up to a certain point where the costs of further decreasing the value of Δt outweighs the benefit gained in terms of signal quality.

3.1.1.2 The Environment

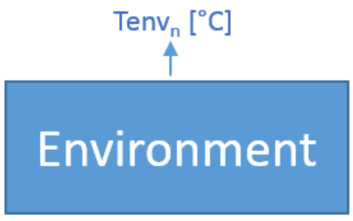


Figure 3.3: Environment

The modeling and implementation of the environment is not in the focus of this show case. The temperature $Tenv_n[\mathtt{°C}]$ is generated (pseudo) randomly. This is done in order to see the controller and the plant model ”in action” during run-time of the system.

The generated profile is a random walk limited by an upper and a lower boundary, with saturation at these boundaries.

The random walk is configurable via $\mathtt{T_{LowLimit}}\,[\mathtt{°C}]$ and $\mathtt{T_{HighLimit}}\,[\mathtt{°C}]$, for the boundaries, and $\mathtt{T_{StepSize}}\,[\mathtt{K}]$, for the change of the temperature during one time step.

Assuming $rand_n\,[\text{-}] \in \{-1, 0, 1\}$ and $n \in \{1, 2, 3, ...\}$ then $Tenv_n$ is characterized by this equation (with $Tenv_0\,[\mathtt{°C}] \;=\; -273.15\,[\mathtt{°C}]$):

$$Tenv_n\,[\mathtt{°C}] \;=\; Tenv_{n-1}\,[\mathtt{°C}] + \mathtt{T_{StepSize}}\,[\mathtt{K}] \cdot rand_n\,[\text{-}]$$

if and only if $Tenv_n$ would be inside the boundaries, i.e.

$$\mathtt{T_{LowLimit}} \;<\; Tenv_n \;<\; \mathtt{T_{HighLimit}}$$

If $Tenv_n$ would be outside one of the boundaries, it is set to the value of that boundary.

3.1.1.3 The Plant

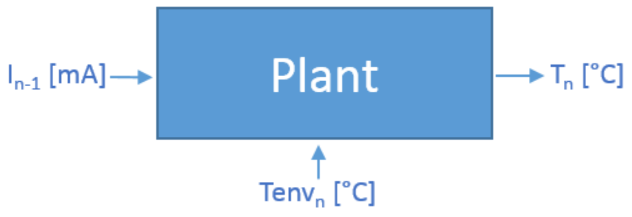


Figure 3.4: Plant

The plant is an electrically heated mass that is exposed to the air flow in the environment. The heat quantity $Qplant$ that is stored inside the plant is considered to always be directly proportional to the temperature T with constant proportionality factor. Neither the mass of the plant, nor the specific heat capacity changes during the run-time of our system.

For simplicity, this proportionality factor is considered to be $1\,[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{K}}]$. For the calculations inside the `Plant` component, we are always using $[\mathtt{K}]$ as unit for temperatures, so the conversion from and to $[°\mathtt{C}]$ only happens at the interface of the component.

With this, we have the following:

$$\begin{aligned} Qplant_n\,[\mathtt{J}] &= T_n\,[\mathtt{K}] \cdot 1\left[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{K}}\right] \\ T_n\,[\mathtt{K}] &= \frac{Qplant_n\,[\mathtt{J}]}{1\left[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{K}}\right]} \end{aligned}$$

This also means, that $Qplant_n\,[\mathtt{J}] = 0\,[\mathtt{J}]$ corresponds $T_n\,[\mathtt{K}] = 0\,[\mathtt{K}]$, i.e. absolute zero. So $Qplant_n\,[\mathtt{J}] \geq 0\,[\mathtt{J}]$ shall always be true.

In each time step, there are two heat flows: One from the electrical heater to the plant and one from the plant to the environment. A negative heat flow means that heat energy is flowing away from the plant. Respectively, a positive heat flow means that heat energy is stored in the plant.

The heat flow $Qheater_n\,[\mathtt{J}]$ from the electrical heater to the plant in one time step is considered to be proportional to the current $I_n\,[\mathtt{mA}]$ through the plant during this time step. The proportionality factor is $\mathtt{h}_{\mathtt{Heater}}\,[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{mA\,s}}]$. Of course, the plant can only be heated up by the electrical heater, i.e. a "negative" current I_n would not cool down the plant, but causes the same heat up as $-I_n$. So we have

$$Qheater_n\,[\mathtt{J}] = \mid I_n \mid\ [\mathtt{mA}] \cdot \mathtt{h}_{\mathtt{Heater}}\left[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{mA\,s}}\right] \cdot \Delta t\,[\mathtt{s}]$$

The cool down of the plant can only happen via the second heat flow, i.e. the heat flow $Qenv_n\,[\mathtt{J}]$ from the plant to the environment. The flow in one time step is considered to be proportional to the difference between the temperature of the plant (calculated from the stored heat quantity during the last time step) and the temperature of the environment (received in this time step, but actually "measured" during the last time step). With the proportionality factor $\mathtt{h_{Env}}\,[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{K}}]$, we have:

$$Qenv_n\,[\mathtt{J}] \;=\; (Tenv_n\,[\mathtt{K}] - T_{n-1}\,[\mathtt{K}]) \cdot \mathtt{h_{Env}}\left[\frac{\mathtt{J}}{\mathtt{K}}\right] \cdot \Delta t\,[\mathtt{s}]$$

The heat quantity that was stored in the plant in last time step $Qplant_{n-1}$ is now modified by these two heat flows. This results in the stored heat quantity in the current time step. With $Qplant_0[\mathtt{J}] = 0[\mathtt{J}]$, we have

$$Qplant_n\,[\mathtt{J}] \;=\; Qplant_{n-1}\,[\mathtt{J}] + Qheater_n\,[\mathtt{J}] + Qenv_n\,[\mathtt{J}]$$

3.1.1.4 The Controller

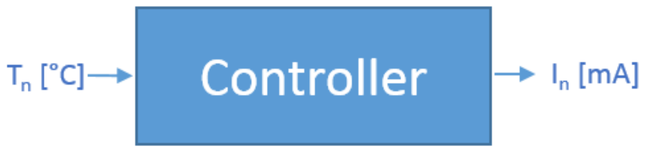


Figure 3.5: Controller

For the closed loop control an I controller (by and large) was chosen for component `Controller`. This means that the amplification of the input signal is proportional to the integral of the errors, i.e. the deviation between measured variable and setpoint. Because the controller cannot actively cool down the temperature of the plant, the output $I_n >= 0$ for all n.

Again, all temperatures are converted to and from $[^\circ\mathtt{C}]$ at the interface of the component. All internal calculation are done in $[\mathtt{K}]$.

The error during the current time step is the difference between $\mathtt{T_{SetPoint}}\,[\mathtt{K}]$ and the measured variable $T_n\,[\mathtt{K}]$:

$$e_n\,[\mathtt{K}] \;=\; \mathtt{T_{SetPoint}}\,[\mathtt{K}] - T_n\,[\mathtt{K}]$$

The integral part of the controller is calculated via summing up all errors from the previous steps. With $eSum_n\,[\mathtt{Ks}] = 0\,[\mathtt{Ks}]$ we have:

$$eSum_n\,[\mathtt{Ks}] \;=\; eSum_{n-1}\,[\mathtt{Ks}] + e_n\,[\mathtt{K}] \cdot \Delta t$$

A further design decision for the controller was, to limit the integral and to saturate at the limits. This has the benefit that it limits the current I_n that is output by the controller. Furthermore, it enables the controller to react faster after long deviations.

The lower limit is $0\,[\mathtt{Ks}]$. So if $eSum_n$ would fall below zero in time step n, we set $eSum_n[\mathtt{Ks}] = 0\,[\mathtt{Ks}]$. The upper limit is $\mathtt{L}_{\mathtt{MaxESum}}\,[\mathtt{Ks}]$. If $eSum_n$ would exceed $L_{MaxESum}$ in time step n we set $eSum_n[\mathtt{Ks}] = \mathtt{L}_{\mathtt{MaxESum}}\,[\mathtt{Ks}]$.

The integral state $eSum_n$ of the controller is then amplified by $\mathtt{k}\left[\frac{\mathtt{mA}}{\mathtt{Ks}}\right]$ to calculate the current $I_n\,[\mathtt{mA}]$, i.e. the output of the controller:

$$I_n\,[\mathtt{mA}] = eSum_n\,[\mathtt{Ks}] \cdot \mathtt{k}\left[\frac{\mathtt{mA}}{\mathtt{Ks}}\right]$$

So the limitations of the $eSum_n$ guarantee, that

$$0\,[\mathtt{mA}] \le I_n\,[\mathtt{mA}] \le \mathtt{L}_{\mathtt{MaxESum}}\,[\mathtt{Ks}] \cdot \mathtt{k}\left[\frac{\mathtt{mA}}{\mathtt{Ks}}\right]$$

3.1.2 AUTOSAR Modeling

This section gives a brief overview of the AUTOSAR modeling. More insight can be gained by browsing through the hyper-linked tables in section 3.1.7. These tables are generated from the AUTOSAR model of this show case. If this is still not sufficient, the complete model is available in `.arxml` format in `AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip` [2].

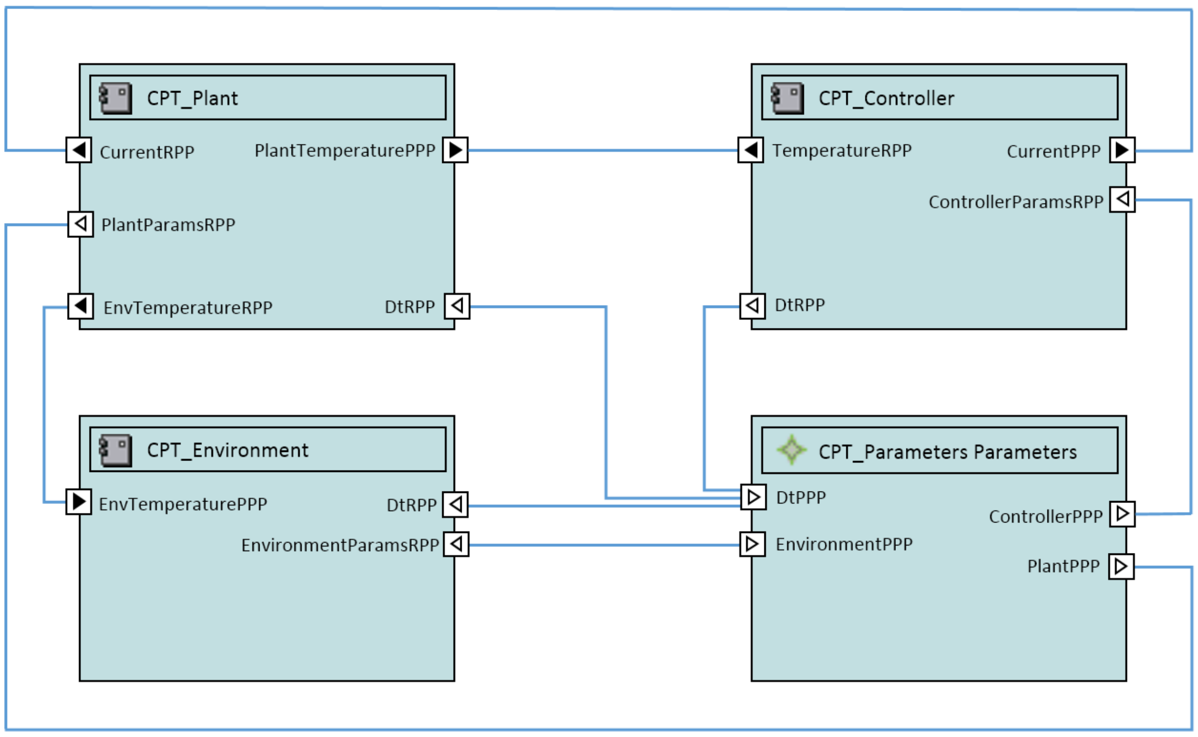


Figure 3.6: Example `Composition`

In this show case the components specified in section 3.1.1.1 are modeled as `ApplicationSwComponentType`s.

- `Environment`
- `Plant`
- `Controller`

To keep the example simple, no `SwcImplementation`s were modeled. For some tasks, like generation of a `MemMap` for an embedded controller, this would be needed.

The in- and outputs of the `ApplicationSwComponentType`s are modeled as `SenderReceiverInterface`. The internal state is realized as `implicitInterRunnableVariable`s. Besides the illustrative aspect, the rationale for this design decision was that the internal state is likely to be used by more than one runnable in `ApplicationSwComponentType`s (at least "outside" of an introductory show case).

For variables that should just be available for measurement in a MC tool, arTypedPerInstanceMemorys are used. For this use case, no synchronization of access to the variable needs to be implemented, so the way with the least overhead was chosen.

All parameters in the specification of the components were put in a fourth SwComponentType, in the ParameterSwComponentType "Parameters".

A distinct ParameterInterface was defined for the parameters of each of the three ApplicationSwComponentTypes. The respective PPortPrototypes of the ParameterSwComponentType hold the initValue for each ParameterDataPrototype in the PortPrototypes. Each value is specified in a ValueSpecification aggregated by a ParameterProvideComSpec.

The component types are instantiated in the CompositionSwComponentType "Composition".

This Composition is the type of the rootSoftwareComposition of the ECU_Extract. This also implies that all SwComponentPrototypes of Composition are mapped to one EcuInstance.

Some information on the FlatMap can be found in section 3.1.3.1.

3.1.3 RTE Generation, Measurement and Calibration

The McSupport file is an interface between the RTE generator and the A2L generator. A RTE generator provides a McDataInstance for each calibrateable or measurable object. From logical view the generation of McSupport could be seen in two steps:

1. Provide unique names for all parameters, measurements, component prototypes which are instantiated one or multiple times. This is done by the used AUTOSAR Authoring Tool.

2. Generate the McSupport itself. This is usually done by the RTE generator. A2L supports only one global namespace, while AUTOSAR defines own namespaces within each ARPackage. This means, that on the one hand unique names are needed for all objects which are to be accessible during measurement and calibration (parameters, measurements, component prototypes). But on the other hand, unique names are needed for all other things that will appear in A2L, e.g. CompuMethods, Units. For them the RTE generator will create unique names.

AUTOSAR specifies additionally an AliasNameSet to override names which is not used here.

See AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip [2] for the generated Rte_McSupportData.arxml file.

3.1.3.1 FlatMap

In this show case, the FlatMap gives unique names to the

- dataElements
- implicitInterRunnableVariables
- arTypedPerInstanceMemorys

The RTE-Generator uses this information for the generation of the McSupport file as well as for generation of the .c and .h files.

The FlatMap consists of a FlatInstanceDescriptor for each instance of these VariableDataPrototypes.

The flat map for this use case can be found in AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip [2].

3.1.3.2 ECU Documentation, Measurement and Calibration

When developing an ECU one usual requirement is, that objects described in A2L can be easily found in the documentation of the ECU. This is a challenge since documentation is on the level of SwComponentTypes while A2L is defined on the level of a System of category "ECU_EXTRACT".

- The names of SwComponentPrototypes are potentially different to the names of SwComponentTypes
- The names of McDataInstances are potentially different to the names of DataPrototypes

The challenge gets bigger, if types are instantiated multiple times. This issue needs to be solved by proper architecture, modeling conventions and clever generation of the FlatMap.

In this show case, this topic is only slightly touched by instantiating TemperatureSRIF two times, for the interface transporting T_{Env} as well as for the interface transporting T_{Plant}.

It is demonstrated that the FlatMap can be used to solve the issue. However, we manually crafted our FlatMap, which is usually not possible in the field. FlatMaps are usually automatically generated by customizable, "clever", not standardized tools.

3.1.4 A2L File

With the information in the McSupport file an A2L file is generated. However, for this generation the memory addresses for the variables and characteristics are needed. They are usually extracted from the map file that is output by the linker of the ECU executable. The exact process as well as the tool for the `A2L` file generation is not standardized.

An example `A2L` file is provided in `AUTOSAR_EXP_ModelingShowCases.zip`.

3.1.5 Implementation in C

The implementation in C is a straight forward realization of the physical specification within the AUTOSAR modeling (see section 3.1.1.1 and 3.1.2). Therefore, the listings are presented without further explanation besides the comments in the source code.

A remark on the (pseudo) random numbers generated in line 22 of `Environment.c` (Listing 3.1): The numbers don't have good "pseudo randomness" properties but are sufficient for this show case, nevertheless. This way of generation was only chosen, because it fits in one line of C code without introducing a dependency to a library.

Listing 3.1: Environment.c

```
 1  #include "Rte_Environment.h"
 2
 3  #define envRE_START_SEC_CODE
 4  #include "Environment_MemMap.h"
 5
 6  FUNC (void, Environment_CODE) envRE_func (void)
 7  {
 8     /* read parameters for simulation of the temperature profile   */
 9     float32 lLowLimit   = Rte_Prm_EnvParamsRPP_env_TLowLimit();
10     float32 lStepSize   = Rte_Prm_EnvParamsRPP_env_TStepSize();
11
12     /* retrieve internal state                                     */
13     uint32  lSeed     = Rte_IrvIRead_envRE_Seed();
14     float32 lTEnv     = Rte_IrvIRead_envRE_TEnv();
15     float32 direction = (float32)(lSeed % 3) - 1.0;
16
17     /* calc high limit with parameter, store for measurement       */
18     *Rte_Pim_THighLimit()
19          = lLowLimit + Rte_Prm_EnvParamsRPP_env_THighLimitDistance();
20
21     /*  update state for pseudo random number generation            */
22     lSeed = (8253729 * lSeed + 2396403);
23
24     /* calculate environment temperature                           */
25     lTEnv += lStepSize * direction;
26
27     /* saturating environment temperature at the bounds            */
28     if( lTEnv < lLowLimit)  { lTEnv = lLowLimit; }
29     if( lTEnv > *Rte_Pim_THighLimit())
30                             { lTEnv = *Rte_Pim_THighLimit(); }
31
32     /* Store internal state                                        */
33     Rte_IrvIWrite_envRE_Seed(lSeed);
34     Rte_IrvIWrite_envRE_TEnv(lTEnv);
35
36     /* write output                                                */
37     Rte_IWrite_envRE_EnvTemperaturePPP_T(lTEnv);
38  }
39  #define envRE_STOP_SEC_CODE
40  #include "Environment_MemMap.h"
```

Listing 3.2: Plant.c

```c
#include "Rte_Plant.h"

#define plantRE_START_SEC_CODE
#include "Plant_MemMap.h"

FUNC (void, Plant_CODE) plantRE_func (void)
{
   /* read input                                                  */
   float32 lTenv     = Rte_IRead_plantRE_EnvTemperatureRPP_T();
   float32 lI        = Rte_IRead_plantRE_CurrentRPP_I();

   /* retrieve internal state                                     */
   float32 lQPlant   = Rte_IrvIRead_plantRE_QPlant();

   /* read parameters                                             */
   float32 lDt       = Rte_Prm_DtRPP_Dt();
   float32 lEFactor = Rte_Prm_PlantParamsRPP_plnt_EnvFactor();
   float32 lHFactor = Rte_Prm_PlantParamsRPP_plnt_HeaterFactor();

   /* heat capacity of 1 assumed                                  */
   float32 lTPlant      = lQPlant;

    /* calculate heat flows, store in PIM to make them measurable */
   *Rte_Pim_QEnv()      = (lTenv - lTPlant) * lEFactor * lDt;
   *Rte_Pim_QHeater()   = lI * lHFactor * lDt;

   /* update heat quantity in plant                               */
   lQPlant   = lQPlant + *Rte_Pim_QHeater() + *Rte_Pim_QEnv();

   /* limit heat quantity to absolute zero                        */
   lQPlant   = lQPlant < 0 ? 0 : lQPlant;

   /* heat capacity of 1 assumed                                  */
   lTPlant   = lQPlant;

   /* store internal state of plant: stored heat quantity         */
   Rte_IrvIWrite_plantRE_QPlant(lQPlant);

   /* Write output of plant: temerature of plant                  */
   Rte_IWrite_plantRE_PlantTemperaturePPP_T(lTPlant);
}
#define plantRE_STOP_SEC_CODE
#include "Plant_MemMap.h"
```

Listing 3.3: Controller.c

```c
#include "Rte_Controller.h"

#define ControllerRE_START_SEC_CODE
#include "Controller_MemMap.h"

FUNC (void, Controller_CODE) controllerRE_func (void)
{
   /* read input, define output variable                             */
   float32 lT         = Rte_IRead_ControllerRE_TemperatureRPP_T();
   float32 lI;

   /* retrieve internal state: Sum of errors until last time step */
   float32 lESum      = Rte_IrvIRead_ControllerRE_ESum();

   /* read parameters                                                */
   float32 lDt        = Rte_Prm_DtRPP_Dt();
   float32 lSetPoint = Rte_Prm_ControllerParamsRPP_ctrl_SetPoint();
   float32 lK         = Rte_Prm_ControllerParamsRPP_ctrl_K();
   float32 lMaxESum   = Rte_Prm_ControllerParamsRPP_ctrl_MaxESum();

    /* store current error in PIM to make it measurable              */
   *Rte_Pim_E() = lSetPoint - lT;

    /* update eSum                                                    */
   lESum += *Rte_Pim_E() * lDt;

   /* limit   eSum                                                    */
   if(lESum > lMaxESum) { lESum = lMaxESum; }
   if(lESum < 0)        { lESum = 0;        }

   /* Controller equation: Calculation of manipulated variable     */
   lI = lESum * lK;

   /* Store internal state                                           */
   Rte_IrvIWrite_ControllerRE_ESum(lESum);

   /* Write output of controller                                     */
   Rte_IWrite_ControllerRE_CurrentPPP_I(lI);
}
#define ControllerRE_STOP_SEC_CODE
#include "Controller_MemMap.h"
```

3.1.6 A walk with T_Plant through the Show Case

This section revisits the complete show case, but focuses on one physical value: T_{Plant}. It visits all artifacts and highlights all places that relate to T_{Plant} to illustrate the dependencies between all artifacts.

3.1.6.1 Physical System

Our journey begins at the physical system, where the value of the physical system outside of the ECU is identified with a software value inside the ECU.

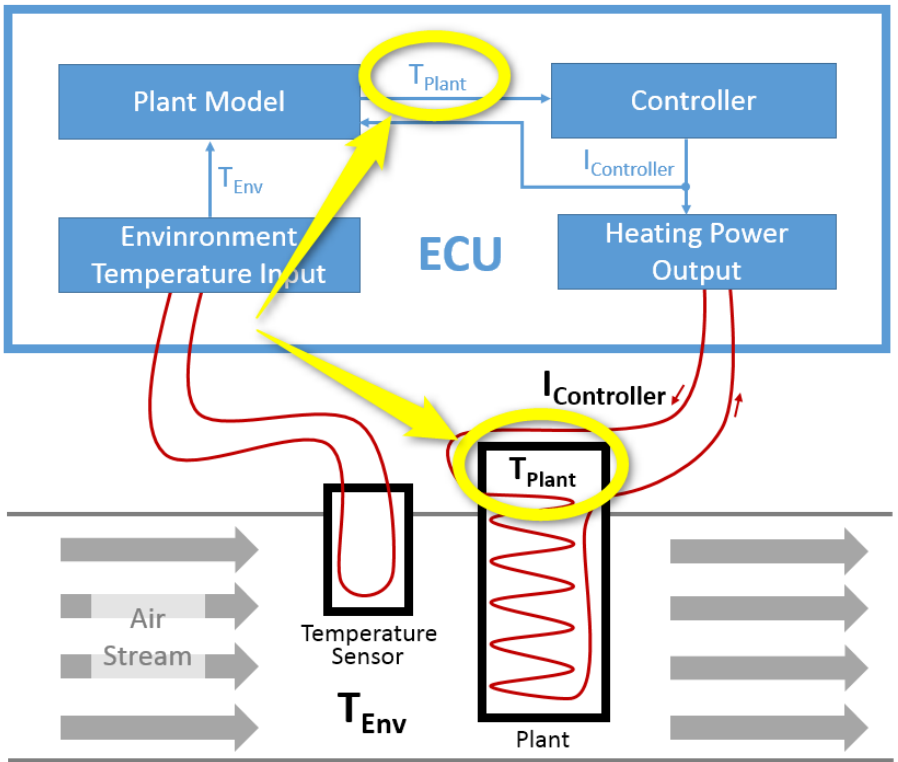


Figure 3.7: Physical Overview

3.1.6.1.1 Components

It was located at the interface between two architectural components, sent by the Plant and received by the Controller. Furthermore a sequencing was introduced[3], i.e. in one time step the Plant is calculated before the Controller.

[3]Please note that this sequencing is a design decision. As there is also a data flow from the Plant to the Controller one could also argue for another calculation sequence.

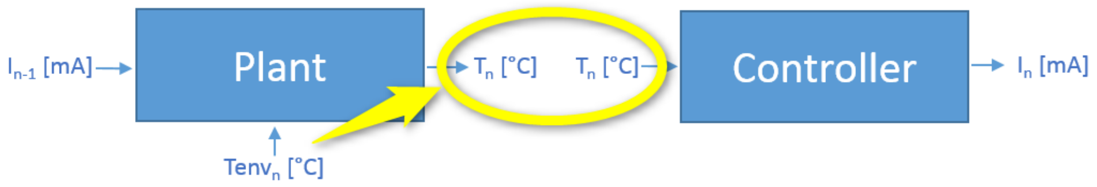


Figure 3.8: Component Overview

3.1.6.1.2 Equations

The functional behavior is defined by the equations for the `Plant`

$$Qplant_n\,[\mathrm{J}] = T_n\,[\mathrm{K}]\;1\left[\tfrac{\mathrm{J}}{\mathrm{K}}\right]$$

$$T_n\,[\mathrm{K}] = \frac{Qplant_n\,[\mathrm{J}]}{1\left[\tfrac{\mathrm{J}}{\mathrm{K}}\right]}$$

Figure 3.9: Dependency between Q_{Plant} and T_{Plant}

$$Qenv_n\,[\mathrm{J}] = (Tenv_n\,[\mathrm{K}] - T_{n-1}\,[\mathrm{K}]) \cdot \mathrm{h}_{\mathtt{Env}}\left[\tfrac{\mathrm{J}}{\mathrm{K}}\right] \cdot \Delta t\,[\mathrm{s}]$$

Figure 3.10: Heat flow from the `Plant` to the `Environment`

T_{Plant} is also used by the physical equations in the component `Controller`:

$$e_n\,[\mathrm{K}] = \mathrm{T}_{\mathtt{SetPoint}}\,[\mathrm{K}] - T_n\,[\mathrm{K}]$$

Figure 3.11: Calculation of the control error in the `Controller`

Furthermore, calculations inside the components are done in Kelvin [K]. The conversion from and to [°C] happens at the interface level.

3.1.6.2 AUTOSAR Modeling

This architecture, i.e. the layout of the physical system, is modeled in AUTOSAR. The functional behavior defined by the equations will be implemented in C Code later on.

3.1.6.2.1 Physical Dimension and Unit

A PhysicalDimension is defined: T_{Plant} is a temperature.

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	Temperature
currentExp	0
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	1
timeExp	0

Table 3.1: PhysicalDimension Temparature

The corresponding ARXML description is:

Listing 3.4: Physical Dimension of Temperature

```
<PHYSICAL-DIMENSION>
  <SHORT-NAME>Temperature</SHORT-NAME>
  <LENGTH-EXP>0</LENGTH-EXP>
  <MASS-EXP>0</MASS-EXP>
  <TIME-EXP>0</TIME-EXP>
  <CURRENT-EXP>0</CURRENT-EXP>
  <TEMPERATURE-EXP>1</TEMPERATURE-EXP>
  <MOLAR-AMOUNT-EXP>0</MOLAR-AMOUNT-EXP>
  <LUMINOUS-INTENSITY-EXP>0</LUMINOUS-INTENSITY-EXP>
</PHYSICAL-DIMENSION>
```

T_{Plant} shall have the Unit DegreeCelsius:

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	DegreeCelsius
displayName	°C
offsetSiToUnit	-273.15
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	Temparature

Table 3.2: Unit DegreeCelsius

The corresponding ARXML description is:

Listing 3.5: Unit Degree Celsius

```
<UNIT>
  <SHORT-NAME>DegreeCelsius</SHORT-NAME>
  <DISPLAY-NAME>°C</DISPLAY-NAME>
  <FACTOR-SI-TO-UNIT>1.0</FACTOR-SI-TO-UNIT>
```

```
    <OFFSET-SI-TO-UNIT>-273.15</OFFSET-SI-TO-UNIT>
    <PHYSICAL-DIMENSION-REF DEST="PHYSICAL-DIMENSION">
      /McInt/PhysicalDimensions/Temparature
    </PHYSICAL-DIMENSION-REF>
  </UNIT>
```

The following is presented for completeness, although not directly needed for T_{Plant}. It is possible to link more than one unit to a physical dimension. So in the model, there is also a definition for the unit Kelvin:

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	Kelvin
displayName	K
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	Temperature

Table 3.3: Unit Kelvin

The corresponding ARXML Code is:

Listing 3.6: Unit Kelvin

```
  <UNIT>
    <SHORT-NAME>Kelvin</SHORT-NAME>
    <DISPLAY-NAME>K</DISPLAY-NAME>
    <FACTOR-SI-TO-UNIT>1.0</FACTOR-SI-TO-UNIT>
    <OFFSET-SI-TO-UNIT>0.0</OFFSET-SI-TO-UNIT>
    <PHYSICAL-DIMENSION-REF DEST="PHYSICAL-DIMENSION">
      /McInt/PhysicalDimensions/Temparature
    </PHYSICAL-DIMENSION-REF>
  </UNIT>
```

3.1.6.2.2 Application Data Type

A new ApplicationDataType is defined for temperatures in degree Celsius:

Common ApplicationDataType attributes			
shortName	Temperature_C		
category	VALUE		
desc	Type for a temperature in [°C]		
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly		
unit	DegreeCelsius		
Range			
Conversion			
category	LINEAR		
direction	compuInternalToPhys		
desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator / compuDenominator
-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{-273.15 + 1 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.4: ApplicationDataType Temperature_C

The corresponding ARXML Code is split between the definition of the Application-DataType:

Listing 3.7: Datatype

```
<APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE>
  <SHORT-NAME>Temperature_C</SHORT-NAME>
  <DESC>
  <L-2 L="EN">Type for a temperature in [°C]</L-2>
  </DESC>
  <CATEGORY>VALUE</CATEGORY>
  <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
  <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
    <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
    <SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>READ-ONLY</SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>
    <COMPU-METHOD-REF DEST="COMPU-METHOD">
      /McInt/CompuMethods/Temperature_C
    </COMPU-METHOD-REF>
    <UNIT-REF DEST="UNIT">/McInt/Units/DegreeCelsius</UNIT-REF>
    </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
  </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
  </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
</APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE>
```

and the CompuMethod, which is referenced by the ApplicationDataType:

Listing 3.8: Conversion

```
<COMPU-METHOD>
  <SHORT-NAME>Temperature_C</SHORT-NAME>
  <DESC>
  <L-2 L="EN">Conversion from [°C] to [K]</L-2>
  </DESC>
  <CATEGORY>LINEAR</CATEGORY>
  <DISPLAY-FORMAT>%.1f</DISPLAY-FORMAT>
  <UNIT-REF DEST="UNIT">/McInt/Units/DegreeCelsius</UNIT-REF>
  <COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
  <COMPU-SCALES>
    <COMPU-SCALE>
    <COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>
      <COMPU-NUMERATOR>
      <V>-273.15</V>
      <V>1</V>
      </COMPU-NUMERATOR>
      <COMPU-DENOMINATOR>
      <V>1</V>
      </COMPU-DENOMINATOR>
    </COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>
    </COMPU-SCALE>
  </COMPU-SCALES>
  </COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
</COMPU-METHOD>
```

This ApplicationDataType is mapped to the ImplementationDataType float32. The DataTypeMappingSet that contains this DataTypeMap is referenced inside the SwcInternalBehaviors of the ApplicationSwComponentTypes presented later on.

Listing 3.9: Type Mapping

```
<DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-SET>
  <SHORT-NAME>DataTypeMappingSet</SHORT-NAME>
  <DATA-TYPE-MAPS>
  <DATA-TYPE-MAP>
    <APPLICATION-DATA-TYPE-REF DEST="APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE">
       /McInt/ApplicationDataTypes/Temperature_C
    </APPLICATION-DATA-TYPE-REF>
    <IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE-REF DEST="IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE">
       /AUTOSAR_PlatformTypes/ImplementationDataTypes/float32
    </IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE-REF>
  </DATA-TYPE-MAP>
  ...
  </DATA-TYPE-MAPS>
</DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-SET>
```

For completeness, also the ARXML containing the definition of float32 is inserted here:

Listing 3.10: Implementation Type and Base Type

```
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>AUTOSAR_PlatformTypes</SHORT-NAME>
  <AR-PACKAGES>
  <AR-PACKAGE>
    <SHORT-NAME>ImplementationDataTypes</SHORT-NAME>
    <ELEMENTS>
    <IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE>
      <SHORT-NAME>float32</SHORT-NAME>
      <CATEGORY>VALUE</CATEGORY>
```

```
          <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
          <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
            <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
            <BASE-TYPE-REF DEST="SW-BASE-TYPE">/AUTOSAR_PlatformTypes/
               SwBaseTypes/float32</BASE-TYPE-REF>
            </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
          </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
          </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
        </IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE>
        ...
        </ELEMENTS>
      </AR-PACKAGE>
      <AR-PACKAGE>
        <SHORT-NAME>SwBaseTypes</SHORT-NAME>
        <ELEMENTS>
        <SW-BASE-TYPE>
          <SHORT-NAME>float32</SHORT-NAME>
          <CATEGORY>FIXED_LENGTH</CATEGORY>
          <BASE-TYPE-SIZE>32</BASE-TYPE-SIZE>
          <BASE-TYPE-ENCODING>IEEE754</BASE-TYPE-ENCODING>
        </SW-BASE-TYPE>
        ...
        </ELEMENTS>
      </AR-PACKAGE>
      ...
    </AR-PACKAGE>
```

3.1.6.2.3 Port Interface

The Temperature_C is used to define the SenderReceiverInterface which is used to type the "transport" of a temperature in degree Celsius between SwComponentTypes. Please note that in the show case, this PortInterface is not only used to type the "transport" of T_{Plant}, but also to type the "transport" of T_{Env}.

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes	
shortName	TemperatureSRIF
desc	Interface type for transferring temperatures in [°C]
properties of the dataElementss	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	T
type	Temperature_C
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	VAR

Table 3.5: SenderReceiverInterface TemperatureSRIF

In ARXML:

Listing 3.11: Port Interface

```
<SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>
  <SHORT-NAME>TemperatureSRIF</SHORT-NAME>
  <DESC>
  <L-2 L="EN">Interface type for transferring temperatures in [°C]</L-2
      >
  </DESC>
  <IS-SERVICE>false</IS-SERVICE>
  <DATA-ELEMENTS>
  <VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
    <SHORT-NAME>T</SHORT-NAME>
    <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
    <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
      <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
      <SW-ADDR-METHOD-REF DEST="SW-ADDR-METHOD">/McInt/SwAddrMethods/
          VAR</SW-ADDR-METHOD-REF>
      <SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>READ-ONLY</SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>
      <SW-IMPL-POLICY>STANDARD</SW-IMPL-POLICY>
      </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
    </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
    </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
    <TYPE-TREF DEST="APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE">/McInt/
        ApplicationDataTypes/Temperature_C</TYPE-TREF>
  </VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
  </DATA-ELEMENTS>
</SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>
```

For completeness, also the referenced SwAddrMethod is described here:

Common SwAddrMethod attributes		
shortName		VAR
desc		Memory section for variables
	sectionType	var
	memoryAllocation-KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
	sectionInitialization-Policy	-
	option	safetyQM

Table 3.6: SwAddrMethod VAR

In ARXML:

Listing 3.12: Software Address Method

```
<SW-ADDR-METHOD>
  <SHORT-NAME>VAR</SHORT-NAME>
  <DESC>
  <L-2 L="EN">Memory section for variables</L-2>
  </DESC>
  <OPTIONS>
  <OPTION>safetyQM</OPTION>
  </OPTIONS>
```

```
    </SW-ADDR-METHOD>
```

3.1.6.2.4 Software Components

The two ApplicationSwComponentTypes Controller and Plant are using T_{Plant}.

In Plant a PPortPrototype, typed by TemperatureSRIF, is defined for sending out T_{Plant}.

Furthermore dataWriteAccess is granted to the single RunnableEntity in this ApplicationSwComponentType. You also see the symbol, i.e. the name of the implementing C function, as well as the TimingEvent that triggers the execution of the RunnableEntity. These two are of further interest for tying together the system.

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Plant
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	PlantTemperaturePPP
desc	Port for sending out the estimated temperature of the plant
providedInterface	TemperatureSRIF
[...]	
internalBehavior	PlantInternalBehavior
[...]	
properties of the runnables	
properties of RunnableEntity	
shortName	plantRE
symbol	plantRE_func
properties of the events	
properties of TimingEvent	
shortName	plant100ms
startOnEvent	plantRE
period	0.1

Table 3.7: ApplicationSwComponentType Plant

In ARXML:

Listing 3.13: Plant

```
<APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
  <SHORT-NAME>Plant</SHORT-NAME>
  <PORTS>
  <P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
    <SHORT-NAME>PlantTemperaturePPP</SHORT-NAME>
```

```
      <DESC>
      <L-2 L="EN">Port for sending out the estimated temperature of the
         plant</L-2>
      </DESC>
      <PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF DEST="SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE">
       /McInt/PortInterfaces/TemperatureSRIF
      </PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF>
    </P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
    ...
    </PORTS>
    <INTERNAL-BEHAVIORS>
    <SWC-INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR>
      <SHORT-NAME>PlantInternalBehavior</SHORT-NAME>
      <DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REFS>
      <DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REF DEST="DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-SET">
        /McInt/DataTypeMappings/DataTypeMappingSet
      </DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REF>
      </DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REFS>
      <EVENTS>
      <TIMING-EVENT>
        <SHORT-NAME>plant100ms</SHORT-NAME>
        <START-ON-EVENT-REF DEST="RUNNABLE-ENTITY">
         /McInt/SwComponents/Plant/PlantInternalBehavior/plantRE
        </START-ON-EVENT-REF>
        <PERIOD>0.1</PERIOD>
      </TIMING-EVENT>
      </EVENTS>
      ...
      <RUNNABLES>
      <RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
        <SHORT-NAME>plantRE</SHORT-NAME>
        <DATA-WRITE-ACCESSS>
        <VARIABLE-ACCESS>
          <SHORT-NAME>DWA_PlantTemperature</SHORT-NAME>
          <ACCESSED-VARIABLE>
          <AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
            <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
               /McInt/SwComponents/Plant/PlantTemperaturePPP
            </PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
            <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">
              /McInt/PortInterfaces/TemperatureSRIF/T
            </TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
          </AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
          </ACCESSED-VARIABLE>
        </VARIABLE-ACCESS>
        </DATA-WRITE-ACCESSS>
        ...
      </RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
      </RUNNABLES>
    </SWC-INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR>
    </INTERNAL-BEHAVIORS>
  </APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
```

In Controller a RPortPrototype, typed by TemperatureSRIF, is defined for receiving T_{Plant}.

Furthermore dataReadAccess is granted to the single RunnableEntity in this ApplicationSwComponentType. You also see the symbol, i.e. the name of the implementing C function, as well as the TimingEvent that triggers the execution of the RunnableEntity. These two are of further interest for tying together the system.

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Controller
properties of the ports	
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	TemperatureRPP
desc	Port to receive the temperature of the plant
requiredInterface	TemperatureSRIF
[...]	
internalBehavior	ControllerInternalBehavior
[...]	
properties of the runnables	
properties of RunnableEntity	
shortName	ControllerRE
symbol	controllerRE_func
properties of the events	
properties of TimingEvent	
shortName	controller100ms
startOnEvent	ControllerRE
period	0.1

Table 3.8: ApplicationSwComponentType Controller

In ARXML:

Listing 3.14: Controller

```
<APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
  <SHORT-NAME>Controller</SHORT-NAME>
  <PORTS>
  <R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
    <SHORT-NAME>TemperatureRPP</SHORT-NAME>
    <DESC>
    <L-2 L="EN">Port to receive the temperature of the plant</L-2>
    </DESC>
    <REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF DEST="SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE">
      /McInt/PortInterfaces/TemperatureSRIF
     </REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF>
  </R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
  ...
  </PORTS>
  <INTERNAL-BEHAVIORS>
  <SWC-INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR>
    <SHORT-NAME>ControllerInternalBehavior</SHORT-NAME>
    <DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REFS>
```

```
        <DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REF DEST="DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-SET">
           /McInt/DataTypeMappings/DataTypeMappingSet
        </DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REF>
        </DATA-TYPE-MAPPING-REFS>
        <EVENTS>
        <TIMING-EVENT>
          <SHORT-NAME>controller100ms</SHORT-NAME>
          <START-ON-EVENT-REF DEST="RUNNABLE-ENTITY">
           /McInt/SwComponents/Controller/ControllerInternalBehavior/
               ControllerRE
          </START-ON-EVENT-REF>
          <PERIOD>0.1</PERIOD>
        </TIMING-EVENT>
        </EVENTS>
        ...
        <RUNNABLES>
        <RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
          <SHORT-NAME>ControllerRE</SHORT-NAME>
          <DATA-READ-ACCESSS>
          <VARIABLE-ACCESS>
            <SHORT-NAME>DRA_temperature</SHORT-NAME>
            <ACCESSED-VARIABLE>
            <AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
              <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
               /McInt/SwComponents/Controller/TemperatureRPP
              </PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
              <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">
               /McInt/PortInterfaces/TemperatureSRIF/T
              </TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
            </AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
            </ACCESSED-VARIABLE>
          </VARIABLE-ACCESS>
          </DATA-READ-ACCESSS>
          ...
        </RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
        </RUNNABLES>
      </SWC-INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR>
      </INTERNAL-BEHAVIORS>
    </APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
```

The two ApplicationSwComponentTypes are then used to type SwComponent-Prototypes in the Composition. The PortPrototypes of the SwComponent-Prototypes are connected by an AssemblySwConnector:

Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Composition
properties of the components	
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Controller
type	Controller
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Plant
type	Plant
[...]	

Table 3.9: CompositionSwComponentType Composition

In ARXML:

Listing 3.15: Composision

```
<COMPOSITION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
  <SHORT-NAME>Composition</SHORT-NAME>
  <COMPONENTS>
  <SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE>
    <SHORT-NAME>CPT_Controller</SHORT-NAME>
    <TYPE-TREF DEST="APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE">/McInt/SwComponents
        /Controller</TYPE-TREF>
  </SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE>
    <SHORT-NAME>CPT_Plant</SHORT-NAME>
    <TYPE-TREF DEST="APPLICATION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE">/McInt/SwComponents
        /Plant</TYPE-TREF>
  </SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE>
  ...
  </COMPONENTS>
  <CONNECTORS>
  <ASSEMBLY-SW-CONNECTOR>
    <SHORT-NAME>
        ASC_CPT_Plant_TemperaturePPP_CPT_Controller_TemperatureRPP</
        SHORT-NAME>
    <PROVIDER-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-COMPONENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/
        SwComponents/Composition/CPT_Plant</CONTEXT-COMPONENT-REF>
    <TARGET-P-PORT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/SwComponents/
        Plant/PlantTemperaturePPP</TARGET-P-PORT-REF>
    </PROVIDER-IREF>
    <REQUESTER-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-COMPONENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/
        SwComponents/Composition/CPT_Controller</CONTEXT-COMPONENT-REF>
    <TARGET-R-PORT-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/SwComponents/
        Controller/TemperatureRPP</TARGET-R-PORT-REF>
    </REQUESTER-IREF>
  </ASSEMBLY-SW-CONNECTOR>
  ...
  </CONNECTORS>
</COMPOSITION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE>
```

3.1.6.3 System

In the ECU_Extract, i.e. a System with category ECU_EXTRACT, the Composition is used to type the rootSoftwareComposition. All SwComponentPrototypes in Composition are mapped to the single EcuInstance in this show case.

Listing 3.16: System and EcuInstance

```
<ECU-INSTANCE>
  <SHORT-NAME>EcuInstance</SHORT-NAME>
</ECU-INSTANCE>
<SYSTEM>
  <SHORT-NAME>EcuExtract</SHORT-NAME>
  <CATEGORY>ECU_EXTRACT</CATEGORY>
  <MAPPINGS>
  <SYSTEM-MAPPING>
    <SHORT-NAME>SystemMapping</SHORT-NAME>
    <SW-MAPPINGS>
    <SWC-TO-ECU-MAPPING>
      <SHORT-NAME>SwcToEcuMapping</SHORT-NAME>
      <COMPONENT-IREFS>
      <COMPONENT-IREF>
        <CONTEXT-COMPOSITION-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">
          /McInt/System/EcuExtract/RootSwCompositionPrototype
        </CONTEXT-COMPOSITION-REF>
        <TARGET-COMPONENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">
          /McInt/SwComponents/Composition/CPT_Controller
         </TARGET-COMPONENT-REF>
      </COMPONENT-IREF>
      <COMPONENT-IREF>
        <CONTEXT-COMPOSITION-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">
         /McInt/System/EcuExtract/RootSwCompositionPrototype
        </CONTEXT-COMPOSITION-REF>
        <TARGET-COMPONENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">
         /McInt/SwComponents/Composition/CPT_Plant
        </TARGET-COMPONENT-REF>
      </COMPONENT-IREF>
      ...
      </COMPONENT-IREFS>
      <ECU-INSTANCE-REF DEST="ECU-INSTANCE">/McInt/System/EcuInstance</
         ECU-INSTANCE-REF>
    </SWC-TO-ECU-MAPPING>
    </SW-MAPPINGS>
  </SYSTEM-MAPPING>
  </MAPPINGS>
  <ROOT-SOFTWARE-COMPOSITIONS>
  <ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE>
    <SHORT-NAME>RootSwCompositionPrototype</SHORT-NAME>
    <FLAT-MAP-REF DEST="FLAT-MAP">/McInt/System/FlatMap</FLAT-MAP-REF>
    <SOFTWARE-COMPOSITION-TREF DEST="COMPOSITION-SW-COMPONENT-TYPE">
       /McInt/SwComponents/Composition
    </SOFTWARE-COMPOSITION-TREF>
  </ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE>
  </ROOT-SOFTWARE-COMPOSITIONS>
</SYSTEM>
```

The FlatMap that is referenced in the ECU_Extract, gives the name TPlant to a dataElement (see ecuExtractReference below). The name TPlant is later on displayed in the MC Tool.

Listing 3.17: FlatMap

```
<FLAT-MAP>
  <SHORT-NAME>FlatMap</SHORT-NAME>
  <INSTANCES>
  <FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
    <SHORT-NAME>TPlant</SHORT-NAME>
    <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/
       System/EcuExtract/RootSwCompositionPrototype</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-
       REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/
       SwComponents/Composition/CPT_Plant</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/SwComponents/
       Plant/PlantTemperaturePPP</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <TARGET-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/McInt/PortInterfaces/
       TemperatureSRIF/T</TARGET-REF>
    </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
  </FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  ...
  </INSTANCES>
</FLAT-MAP>
```

3.1.6.4 ECU Configuration

There are further things that need to be defined before the RTE and the OS can be generated. For instance, the order in which the RTEEvents for the RunnableEntitys are invoked and the assignment to an OsTask. This is done via EcucModuleConfigurationValues. The interesting parts of the RTE configuration are:

Listing 3.18: RTE Config

```
...
<ECUC-CONTAINER-VALUE>
  <SHORT-NAME>controller100ms</SHORT-NAME>
  <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteEventToTaskMapping</DEFINITION-REF>
  <PARAMETER-VALUES>
  <ECUC-NUMERICAL-PARAM-VALUE>
    <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RtePositionInTask</DEFINITION-REF>
    <VALUE>3</VALUE>
  </ECUC-NUMERICAL-PARAM-VALUE>
  ...
  </PARAMETER-VALUES>
  <REFERENCE-VALUES>
  <ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
    <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteMappedToTaskRef</DEFINITION-REF>
    <VALUE-REF ...>.../OS/OS_CFG/task_100ms</VALUE-REF>
  </ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
  <ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
    <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteEventRef</DEFINITION-REF>
```

```
      <VALUE-REF DEST="TIMING-EVENT">.../controller100ms</VALUE-REF>
    </ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
    </REFERENCE-VALUES>
  </ECUC-CONTAINER-VALUE>
  ...
  <ECUC-CONTAINER-VALUE>
    <SHORT-NAME>plant100ms</SHORT-NAME>
    <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteEventToTaskMapping</DEFINITION-REF>
    <PARAMETER-VALUES>
    <ECUC-NUMERICAL-PARAM-VALUE>
      <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RtePositionInTask</DEFINITION-REF>
      <VALUE>2</VALUE>
    </ECUC-NUMERICAL-PARAM-VALUE>
    ...
    </PARAMETER-VALUES>
    <REFERENCE-VALUES>
    <ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
      <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteMappedToTaskRef</DEFINITION-REF>
      <VALUE-REF ...>.../OS/OS_CFG/task_100ms</VALUE-REF>
    </ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
    <ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
      <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../RteEventRef</DEFINITION-REF>
      <VALUE-REF DEST="TIMING-EVENT">.../plant100ms</VALUE-REF>
    </ECUC-REFERENCE-VALUE>
    </REFERENCE-VALUES>
  </ECUC-CONTAINER-VALUE>
  ...
```

This part of the `OS` configuration defines the name of the `OSTask`, that we see later on in the generated C code:

Listing 3.19: OsConfig

```
...
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>OS</SHORT-NAME>
  <ELEMENTS>
  <ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES>
    <SHORT-NAME>OS_CFG</SHORT-NAME>
    <DEFINITION-REF DEST="ECUC-MODULE-DEF">/AUTOSAR/EcucDefs/Os</
       DEFINITION-REF>
    <CONTAINERS>
      ...
    <ECUC-CONTAINER-VALUE>
      <SHORT-NAME>task_100ms</SHORT-NAME>
      <DEFINITION-REF ...>.../OsTask</DEFINITION-REF>
      <PARAMETER-VALUES>
      ...
    </ECUC-CONTAINER-VALUE>
    ...
```

These configurations are tied to the `ECU_Extract` by an `EcucValueCollection`:

Listing 3.20: EcuC Value Collection

```
<ECUC-VALUE-COLLECTION>
  <SHORT-NAME>EcucValueCollection</SHORT-NAME>
```

```
    <ECU-EXTRACT-REF DEST="SYSTEM">/McInt/System/EcuExtract</ECU-EXTRACT-
       REF>
    <ECUC-VALUES>
    <ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF-CONDITIONAL>
      <ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF DEST="ECUC-MODULE-
         CONFIGURATION-VALUES">/McInt/RTE/RTE_CFG</ECUC-MODULE-
         CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF>
    </ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF-CONDITIONAL>
    <ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF-CONDITIONAL>
      <ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF DEST="ECUC-MODULE-
         CONFIGURATION-VALUES">/McInt/OS/OS_CFG</ECUC-MODULE-
         CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF>
    </ECUC-MODULE-CONFIGURATION-VALUES-REF-CONDITIONAL>
    </ECUC-VALUES>
  </ECUC-VALUE-COLLECTION>
```

This completes the presentation of the AUTOSAR modeling in our walk through.

3.1.6.5 RTE Generation

In the following, some snippets of the generated `RTE` are presented. However, they are examples only and may differ if different `RTE` generators are used.

Among other things, the `OsTask` is generated as defined in the `ECU` configuration above:

Listing 3.21: Rte.c

```c
...
#define RTE_START_SEC_VAR
#include "MemMap.h" /*lint !e537 permit multiple inclusion */
...
VAR(float32, RTE_DATA) TPlant;
...
#define RTE_STOP_SEC_VAR
#include "MemMap.h" /*lint !e537 permit multiple inclusion */
...
TASK(task_100ms)
{
   ...
   Rte_ImplicitBufs.isa_1._task_100ms.sbuf1.value = TPlant;
   ...
   plantRE_func();
   ...
   controllerRE_func();
   ...
   TPlant = Rte_ImplicitBufs.isa_1._task_100ms.sbuf1.value;
   ...
} /* task_100ms */
...
```

Also a `MACRO` to write T_{Plant} in the `Plant`

Listing 3.22: Rte_Plant.h

```
...
#define Rte_IRead_plantRE_EnvTemperatureRPP_T() ((CONST(float32,
    RTE_DATA)) Rte_ImplicitBufs.isa_1._task_100ms.sbuf0.value )
...
```

and to read T_{Plant} in the `Controller`

Listing 3.23: Rte_Controller.h

```
...
#define Rte_IRead_ControllerRE_TemperatureRPP_T() ((CONST(float32,
    RTE_DATA)) Rte_ImplicitBufs.isa_1._task_100ms.sbuf1.value )
...
```

was generated. Furthermore, the `McSupport` file is generated as an interface between the "AUTOSAR world" and the "`A2L` world". As the reader can see, this is a compilation of necessary data from the AUTOSAR model presented before:

Listing 3.24: McSupportData

```
...
<AR-PACKAGE>
   <SHORT-NAME>BswImplementations</SHORT-NAME>
   <ELEMENTS>
    <BSW-IMPLEMENTATION>
     <SHORT-NAME>Rte</SHORT-NAME>
     <MC-SUPPORT>
      ...
      <MC-VARIABLE-INSTANCES>
        <MC-DATA-INSTANCE>
         <SHORT-NAME>TPlant</SHORT-NAME>
         <DESC>
           <L-2 L="EN">Type for a temperature in [°C]</L-2>
         </DESC>
         <CATEGORY>VALUE</CATEGORY>
         <FLAT-MAP-ENTRY-REF DEST="FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR">/McInt/
            System/FlatMap/TPlant</FLAT-MAP-ENTRY-REF>
         <RESULTING-PROPERTIES>
           <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
           <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
             <BASE-TYPE-REF BASE="Rte_MCSD_SwBaseTypes" DEST="SW-BASE-
                TYPE">float32</BASE-TYPE-REF>
             <SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>READ-ONLY</SW-CALIBRATION-ACCESS>
             <COMPU-METHOD-REF BASE="Rte_MCSD_CompuMethods" DEST="COMPU
                -METHOD">McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C</COMPU-
                METHOD-REF>
             <DISPLAY-FORMAT>%.1f</DISPLAY-FORMAT>
             <UNIT-REF BASE="Rte_MCSD_Units" DEST="UNIT">
                McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius</UNIT-REF>
           </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
           </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
         </RESULTING-PROPERTIES>
         <SYMBOL>TPlant</SYMBOL>
         </MC-DATA-INSTANCE>
        ...
      </MC-VARIABLE-INSTANCES>
   </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
   <SHORT-NAME>Units</SHORT-NAME>
   <ELEMENTS>
    <UNIT>
    <SHORT-NAME>McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius</SHORT-NAME>
    <DISPLAY-NAME>°C</DISPLAY-NAME>
    <FACTOR-SI-TO-UNIT>1.0</FACTOR-SI-TO-UNIT>
    <OFFSET-SI-TO-UNIT>-273.15</OFFSET-SI-TO-UNIT>
    <PHYSICAL-DIMENSION-REF BASE="Rte_MCSD_PhysicalDimensions" DEST="
       PHYSICAL-DIMENSION">McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature</
       PHYSICAL-DIMENSION-REF>
    </UNIT>
    ...
   </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
   <SHORT-NAME>CompuMethods</SHORT-NAME>
   <ELEMENTS>
    <COMPU-METHOD>
    <SHORT-NAME>McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C</SHORT-NAME>
    <DESC>
      <L-2 L="EN">Conversion from [°C] at an interface to [K] for
         internal computations</L-2>
    </DESC>
    <CATEGORY>LINEAR</CATEGORY>
    <DISPLAY-FORMAT>%f</DISPLAY-FORMAT>
    <UNIT-REF BASE="Rte_MCSD_Units" DEST="UNIT">
       McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius</UNIT-REF>
    <COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
      <COMPU-SCALES>
      <COMPU-SCALE>
        <COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>
        <COMPU-NUMERATOR>
          <V>-273.15</V>
          <V>1</V>
        </COMPU-NUMERATOR>
        <COMPU-DENOMINATOR>
          <V>1</V>
        </COMPU-DENOMINATOR>
        </COMPU-RATIONAL-COEFFS>
      </COMPU-SCALE>
      </COMPU-SCALES>
    </COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
    </COMPU-METHOD>
    ...
   </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
   <SHORT-NAME>PhysicalDimensions</SHORT-NAME>
   <ELEMENTS>
    <PHYSICAL-DIMENSION>
    <SHORT-NAME>McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature</SHORT-NAME>
    <LENGTH-EXP>0</LENGTH-EXP>
    <MASS-EXP>0</MASS-EXP>
```

```
        <TIME-EXP>0</TIME-EXP>
        <CURRENT-EXP>0</CURRENT-EXP>
        <TEMPERATURE-EXP>1</TEMPERATURE-EXP>
        <MOLAR-AMOUNT-EXP>0</MOLAR-AMOUNT-EXP>
        <LUMINOUS-INTENSITY-EXP>0</LUMINOUS-INTENSITY-EXP>
        </PHYSICAL-DIMENSION>
        ...
    </AR-PACKAGE>
    <AR-PACKAGE>
       <SHORT-NAME>SwBaseTypes</SHORT-NAME>
       <ELEMENTS>
       <SW-BASE-TYPE>
       <SHORT-NAME>float32</SHORT-NAME>
       <CATEGORY>FIXED_LENGTH</CATEGORY>
       <BASE-TYPE-SIZE>32</BASE-TYPE-SIZE>
       <BASE-TYPE-ENCODING>IEEE754</BASE-TYPE-ENCODING>
       </SW-BASE-TYPE>
       ...
       </ELEMENTS>
    </AR-PACKAGE>
    ...
```

3.1.6.6 Implementation in C

The implementation in C-Code is a direct implementation of the physical equations. The `Plant` uses the `MACRO`, generated by the `RTE` generator, to write T_{Plant}:

Listing 3.25: Plant

```c
#include "Rte_Plant.h"
...
FUNC (void, Plant_CODE) plantRE_func (void)
{
   ...
   /* heat capacity of 1 assumed                             */
   float32 lTPlant     = lQPlant;
    /* calculate heat flows, store in PIM to make them measurable */
   *Rte_Pim_QEnv()     = (lTenv - lTPlant) * lEFactor * lDt;
   ...
   /* heat capacity of 1 assumed                             */
   lTPlant   = lQPlant;
   ...
   /* Write output of plant: temerature of plant             */
   Rte_IWrite_plantRE_PlantTemperaturePPP_T(lTPlant);
}
```

The `Controller` uses the `MACRO`, generated by the `RTE` generator, to read T_{Plant}:

Listing 3.26: Controller

```c
#include "Rte_Controller.h"
...
FUNC (void, Controller_CODE) controllerRE_func (void)
{
    /* read input, define output variable                           */
    float32 lT        = Rte_IRead_ControllerRE_TemperatureRPP_T();
    ...

     /* store current error in PIM to make it measurable            */
    *Rte_Pim_E() = lSetPoint - lT;
    ...
}
```

3.1.6.7 A2L File

Using the McSupport file and the map file from the linker, an example A2L file was generated for this show case. The snippet below is an example only and could differ if a different A2L file generator is used:

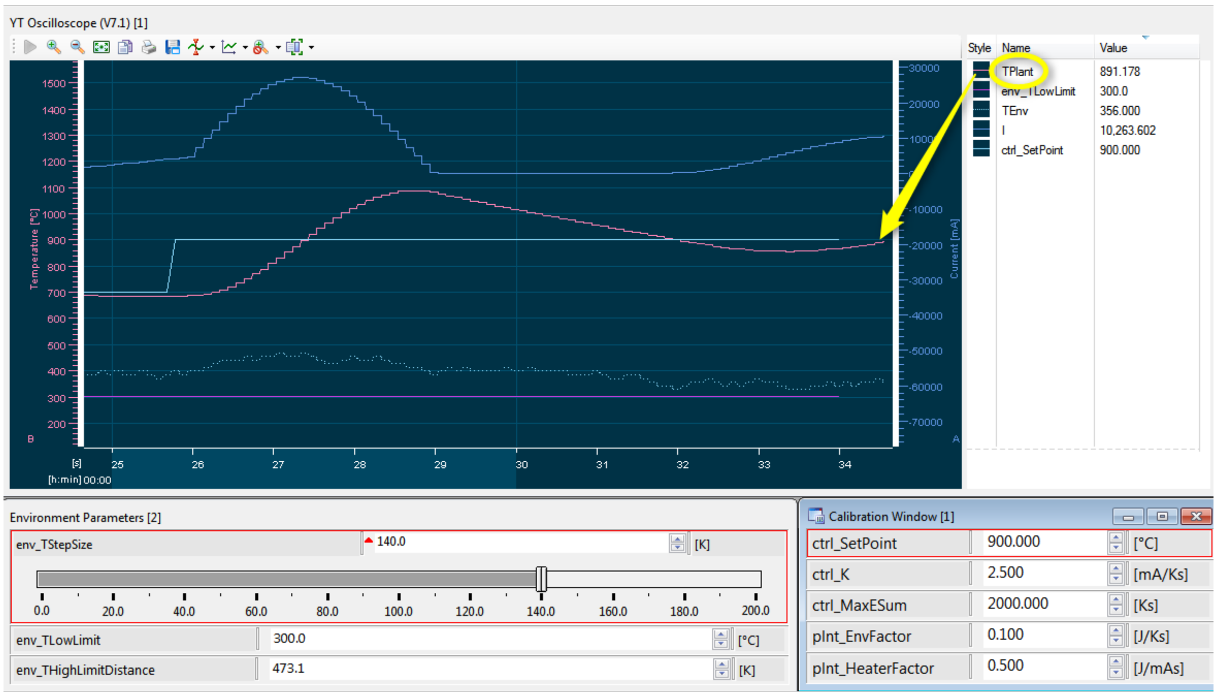
Listing 3.27: A2L File

```
...
/begin MEASUREMENT TPlant
       "TPlant"
       FLOAT32_IEEE
       McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C
       0
       0
       -1E+32
       1E+32
       DISPLAY_IDENTIFIER  "TPlant"
       ECU_ADDRESS 0xe000001c
       FORMAT  "%.1f"
       PHYS_UNIT "°C"
/end MEASUREMENT
...
/begin UNIT McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature
       "McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature"
       "McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature"
       EXTENDED_SI
       SI_EXPONENTS 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
/end UNIT
/begin UNIT McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius
       "McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius"
       "°C"
       DERIVED
       REF_UNIT McInt_PhysicalDimensions_Temparature
       UNIT_CONVERSION 1 -273.15
/end UNIT
/begin COMPU_METHOD McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C
       "McInt_CompuMethods_Temperature_C"
       LINEAR
       "%f"
       "°C"
       COEFFS_LINEAR 1 -273.15
       REF_UNIT McInt_Units_DegreeCelsius
/end COMPU_METHOD
...
```

3.1.6.8 Measurement and Calibration Tool

The A2L file is then used by a MC tool to measure T_{Plant}. Of course, in addition to the A2L file a suitable ECU access[4] must be available, to actually do measurement and calibration with the AUTOSAR system of this show case. However, the ECU access is not presented because this is not in the focus of this show case.

Below is a typical screen shot from a MC tool during an actual measurement and calibration task. You can see T_{Plant} measured and displayed in degree Celsius.



Style	Name	Value
	TPlant	891.178
	env_TLowLimit	300.0
	TEnv	356.000
	I	10,263.602
	ctrl_SetPoint	900.000

Environment Parameters [2]

env_TStepSize	140.0	[K]
env_TLowLimit	300.0	[°C]
env_THighLimitDistance	473.1	[K]

Calibration Window [1]

ctrl_SetPoint	900.000	[°C]
ctrl_K	2.500	[mA/Ks]
ctrl_MaxESum	2000.000	[Ks]
plnt_EnvFactor	0.100	[J/Ks]
plnt_HeaterFactor	0.500	[J/mAs]

Figure 3.12: Screenshot of a MC Tool

[4]for instance, a measurement and calibration service like XCP or a hardware access to the memory of the micro controller

3.1.7 Show cases in the Example

3.1.7.1 CompositionSwComponentTypes

Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Composition
properties of the components	
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Controller
type	Controller
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Parameters
type	Parameters
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Plant
type	Plant
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CPT_Environment
type	Environment

Table 3.10: CompositionSwComponentType Composition

3.1.7.2 ParameterSwComponentTypes

Common ParameterSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Parameters
desc	Type for providing the parameters to the ApplicationSwCompoments
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	ControllerPPP
desc	Port for providing the parameters for the controller
providedInterface	ControllerPIF
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	PlantPPP
desc	Port for providing the parameters for the plant
providedInterface	PlantPIF
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	EnvironmentPPP
desc	Port for providing the parameters for the environment
providedInterface	EnvironmentPIF
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	DtPPP
desc	Time of one time step
providedInterface	DtPIF

Table 3.11: ParameterSwComponentType Parameters

3.1.7.3 ApplicationSwComponentTypes

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Controller
properties of the ports	
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	TemperatureRPP
desc	Port to receive the temperature of the plant
requiredInterface	TemperatureSRIF
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	CurrentPPP
desc	Port for sending out the current output by this controller
providedInterface	CurrentSRIF
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	ControllerParamsRPP
desc	Port to get the parameters for the controller
requiredInterface	ControllerPIF
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	DtRPP
desc	Port to get delta t, i.e. time of one time step
requiredInterface	DtPIF
internalBehavior	ControllerInternalBehavior

Table 3.12: ApplicationSwComponentType Controller

Common SwcInternalBehavior attributes	
shortName	ControllerInternalBehavior
properties of implicitInterRunnableVariables / explicitInterRunnableVariables	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	ESum
desc	Internal state of the controller: the sum of control errors
type	ESum
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
properties of the arTypedPerInstaceMemorys	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	E
desc	Measurement point for the control error, the deviation between set point and acutal temperature of the plant, in the current time step
type	Temperature_K
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
properties of the runnables	
properties of RunnableEntity	
shortName	ControllerRE
symbol	controllerRE_func
properties of the events	
properties of TimingEvent	
shortName	controller100ms
startOnEvent	ControllerRE
period	0.1

Table 3.13: SwcInternalBehavior ControllerInternalBehavior

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Plant
properties of the ports	
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	CurrentRPP
desc	Port to receive the current from the controller
requiredInterface	CurrentSRIF
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	PlantTemperaturePPP
desc	Port for sending out the estimated temperature of the plant
providedInterface	TemperatureSRIF
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	PlantParamsRPP
desc	Port to get the parameters for the plant
requiredInterface	PlantPIF
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	EnvTemperatureRPP
desc	Port to receive the tempertature of the environment
requiredInterface	TemperatureSRIF
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	DtRPP
desc	Port to get delta t, i.e. time of one time step
requiredInterface	DtPIF
internalBehavior	PlantInternalBehavior

Table 3.14: ApplicationSwComponentType Plant

Common SwcInternalBehavior attributes	
shortName	PlantInternalBehavior
properties of implicitInterRunnableVariables / explicitInterRunnableVariables	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	QPlant
desc	Internal state of the plant: the stored eneregy quantity in the current time step
type	Energy
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
properties of the arTypedPerInstaceMemorys	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	QHeater
desc	Measurement point for heat flow between the electrical heater and the plant in the current time step.
type	Energy
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	VAR
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	QEnv
desc	Measurement point for heat flow between the plant and the environment in the current time step.
type	Energy
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
properties of the runnables	
properties of RunnableEntity	
shortName	plantRE
symbol	plantRE_func
properties of the events	
properties of TimingEvent	
shortName	plant100ms
startOnEvent	plantRE
period	0.1

Table 3.15: SwcInternalBehavior PlantInternalBehavior

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Environment
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	EnvTemperaturePPP
desc	Port to send out the temperature of the environment
providedInterface	TemperatureSRIF
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	EnvParamsRPP
desc	Port to get the parameters for the environment
requiredInterface	EnvironmentPIF
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	DtRPP
desc	Port to get delta t, i.e. time of one time step
requiredInterface	DtPIF
internalBehavior	EnvironmentInternalBehavior

Table 3.16: ApplicationSwComponentType Environment

Common SwcInternalBehavior attributes	
shortName	EnvironmentInternalBehavior
properties of implicitInterRunnableVariables / explicitInterRunnableVariables	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	Seed
desc	Internal state of the environment: the current seed for the (pseudo) random number generation
type	uint32
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
swAddrMethod	CODE
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	TEnv
desc	Internal state of the environment: the temperture of the environment
type	Temperature_C
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
properties of the arTypedPerInstaceMemorys	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	THighLimit
desc	Measurement point for the upper limit of the generated temperature profile
type	Temperature_C
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	CODE
properties of the runnables	
properties of RunnableEntity	
shortName	envRE
symbol	envRE_func
properties of the events	
properties of TimingEvent	
shortName	env100ms
startOnEvent	envRE
period	0.1

Table 3.17: SwcInternalBehavior EnvironmentInternalBehavior

3.1.7.4 ParameterInterfaces

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	ControllerPIF
desc	Interface with all parameters for the controller
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ctrl_SetPoint
desc	Set point for the temperature of the plant
type	Temperature_C
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ctrl_K
desc	Amplification factor for the I-controller
type	Amplification
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ctrl_MaxESum
desc	Upper limit of the integal part of the I-controller
type	ESum
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB

Table 3.18: ParameterInterface ControllerPIF

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	PlantPIF
desc	Interface with all parameters for the plant
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	plnt_EnvFactor
desc	Proportionality factor for the heat flow between plant and environment
type	EnvFactor
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	plnt_HeaterFactor
desc	Proportionality factor for the heat flow between plant and the electrical heater
type	HeaterFactor
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB

Table 3.19: ParameterInterface PlantPIF

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	EnvironmentPIF
desc	Interface with all parameters for the environment
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	env_TLowLimit
desc	Lower limit of the generated temeprature profile
type	Temperature_C
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	env_TStepSize
desc	The maximal temperature diffenrence of the environment in one time step
type	Temperature_K
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	env_THighLimitDistance
desc	Distance of the upper limit from the lower limit for the generated temeprature profile.
type	Temperature_K
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB

Table 3.20: ParameterInterface EnvironmentPIF

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	DtPIF
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Dt
desc	Scheduling time of the components
type	Time
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CALIB

Table 3.21: ParameterInterface DtPIF

3.1.7.5 SenderReceiverInterfaces

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes	
shortName	TemperatureSRIF
desc	Interface type for transferring temperatures in [°C]
properties of the dataElementss	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	T
type	Temperature_C
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	VAR

Table 3.22: SenderReceiverInterface TemperatureSRIF

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes	
shortName	CurrentSRIF
desc	Interface type for transferring a current in [mA]
properties of the dataElementss	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	I
type	Current
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	VAR

Table 3.23: SenderReceiverInterface CurrentSRIF

3.1.7.6 ApplicationDataTypes, Category VALUE

Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
shortName	Temperature_C			
category	VALUE			
desc	Type for a temperature in [°C]			
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly			
unit	DegreeCelsius			
Range				
Conversion				
	category	LINEAR		
	direction	compuInternalToPhys		
	desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator / compuDenominator
	-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{-273.15 + 1 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.24: ApplicationDataType Temperature_C

Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
shortName	Current			
category	VALUE			
desc	Type for the current in [mA]			
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly			
unit	MilliAmpere			
Range				
Conversion				
	category	LINEAR		
	direction	compuInternalToPhys		
	desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator / compuDenominator
	-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 1000 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.25: ApplicationDataType Current

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	EnvFactor
category	VALUE
desc	Type for the environt factor in [J/Ks]
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
unit	JoulePerKelvinSecond
Range	
Conversion	
category	IDENTICAL
direction	-

Table 3.26: ApplicationDataType EnvFactor

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	Temperature_K
category	VALUE
desc	Type for a temperature in [K]
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
unit	Kelvin
Range	
Conversion	
category	IDENTICAL
direction	-

Table 3.27: ApplicationDataType Temperature_K

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	Amplification
category	VALUE
desc	Type for an amplification factor in a controller in [mA/Ks]
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
unit	MilliAmperePerKelvinSecond
Range	
Conversion	
category	IDENTICAL
direction	-

Table 3.28: ApplicationDataType Amplification

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	Energy
category	VALUE
desc	Type for energy [J]
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
unit	Joule
Range	
Conversion	
category	IDENTICAL
direction	-

Table 3.29: ApplicationDataType Energy

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	ESum
category	VALUE
desc	Type for the sum of control errors of an I controller in [Ks]
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
unit	KelvinSecond
Range	
Conversion	
category	IDENTICAL
direction	-

Table 3.30: ApplicationDataType ESum

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	HeaterFactor
category	VALUE
desc	Type of a proportionality factor for the heat flow from an electrical heater to a thermal energy storage in [J/mAs]
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
unit	JoulePerMilliAmpereSecond
Range	
Conversion	
category	IDENTICAL
direction	-

Table 3.31: ApplicationDataType HeaterFactor

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	Time
category	VALUE
desc	Type for time in [s]
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
unit	Second
Range	
Conversion	
category	IDENTICAL
direction	-

Table 3.32: ApplicationDataType Time

3.1.7.7 Units

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	DegreeCelsius
displayName	°C
offsetSiToUnit	-273.15
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	Temperature

Table 3.33: Unit DegreeCelsius

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	Kelvin
displayName	K
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	Temperature

Table 3.34: Unit Kelvin

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	Joule
displayName	J
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	Energy

Table 3.35: Unit Joule

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	MilliAmpere
displayName	mA
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1000.0
physicalDimension	Current

Table 3.36: Unit MilliAmpere

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	KelvinSecond
displayName	Ks
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	TemperatureTime

Table 3.37: Unit KelvinSecond

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	JoulePerKelvinSecond
displayName	J/Ks
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	EnergyPerTemperatureTime

Table 3.38: Unit JoulePerKelvinSecond

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	JoulePerMilliAmpereSecond
displayName	J/mAs
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	0.001
physicalDimension	EnergyPerCurrentTime

Table 3.39: Unit JoulePerMilliAmpereSecond

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	MilliAmperePerKelvinSecond
displayName	mA/Ks
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1000.0
physicalDimension	CurrentPerTemperatureTime

Table 3.40: Unit MilliAmperePerKelvinSecond

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	Second
displayName	s
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	Time

Table 3.41: Unit Second

3.1.7.8 PhysicalDimensions

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	Energy
currentExp	0
lengthExp	2
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	1
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	0
timeExp	-2

Table 3.42: PhysicalDimension Energy

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	Current
currentExp	1
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	0
timeExp	0

Table 3.43: PhysicalDimension Current

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	CurrentPerTemperatureTime
currentExp	1
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	-1
timeExp	-1

Table 3.44: PhysicalDimension CurrentPerTemperatureTime

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	EnergyPerCurrentTime
currentExp	-1
lengthExp	2
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	1
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	0
timeExp	-3

Table 3.45: PhysicalDimension EnergyPerCurrentTime

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	EnergyPerTemperatureTime
currentExp	0
lengthExp	2
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	1
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	-1
timeExp	-3

Table 3.46: PhysicalDimension EnergyPerTemperatureTime

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	Time
currentExp	0
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	0
timeExp	1

Table 3.47: PhysicalDimension Time

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	Temperature
currentExp	0
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	1
timeExp	0

Table 3.48: PhysicalDimension Temperature

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	TemperatureTime
currentExp	0
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	1
timeExp	1

Table 3.49: PhysicalDimension TemperatureTime

3.1.7.9 SwAddrMethods

Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
shortName	VAR
desc	Memory section for variables
sectionType	var
memoryAllocation-KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
sectionInitialization-Policy	-
option	safetyQM

Table 3.50: SwAddrMethod VAR

Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
shortName	CALIB
desc	Memory section for calibration parameters
sectionType	var
memoryAllocation-KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
sectionInitialization-Policy	-
option	safetyQM

Table 3.51: SwAddrMethod CALIB

Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
shortName	CODE
desc	Memory section for code
sectionType	var
memoryAllocation-KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
sectionInitialization-Policy	-
option	safetyQM

Table 3.52: SwAddrMethod CODE

3.2 Advanced Show Case

3.2.1 General Objectives of the Model Structure

3.2.1.1 The Ecu Description

Since the show case is focusing on measurement and calibration only a minimal system model is provided. Hereby the file Pprj_EcuDescr_U_SystemNodeStub.arxml defines the System SystemU_EcuDescr of category ECU_SYSTEM_DESCRIPTION which contains only the RootSwCompositionPrototype. The file Pprj_EcuDescr_U.arxml contains the according CompositionSwComponentType describing the hierarchical top-level-composition of software components shown in table SystemURootComposition_EcuDescr.

3.2.1.2 The Ecu Extract

The file Pprj_EcuExtract_U_SystemNodeStub.arxml defines the System SystemU_System of category ECU_EXTRACT which contains only the RootSwCompositionPrototype SystemU referencing the ECU Flat Map and the flat top-level-composition SystemU_Root. The file Pprj_EcuExtract_U.arxml contains the according CompositionSwComponentType describing the flat top-level-composition of software components shown in table SystemU_Root.

Please note that the flat top-level-composition uses the identical software component types as the hierarchical top-level-composition. Therefore an identification of component and data instances in the hierarchical software component structure or in the flat structure requires the correct iteration from the according System nodes.

3.2.1.2.1 The ECU Flat Map

The file Pprj_EcuExtract_U_FlatMap.arxml contains the ECU Flat Map.

The ECU Flat Map is utilized to assign unique and comprehensible names to all DataPrototypes representing measurements and characteristics. This is important for the calibration engineers[5]

The applied strategy for the creation of a FlatInstanceDescriptor.shortName is to shorten it to the shortName of the DataPrototype when only a single instance of the DataPrototype is used.

[5]Calibration engineers in this context means the engineers working with measurement and calibration tooling e.g. to determine the correct calibration parameter values in order to adopt functionality in the software components to the mechanical components in the vehicle.

3.2.1.3 Data Types and Data Objects

The components are designed top down coming from the physical function down to the implementation in the target programming language C. Hereby the interfaces of Software Components are typically typed with `ApplicationDataType`s in order to describe the physical meaning of the `DataPrototype`s. The only exceptions are the interfaces to AUTOSAR Services which are typed by `ImplementationDataType`s directly as those are standardized. `ApplicationPrimitiveDataType`s are mainly of `category`

- `BOOLEAN`
- `VALUE`
- `CURVE`
- `MAP`
- `COM_AXIS`

and the most important CompuMethod `category`s are

- `LINEAR`
- `TEXTTABLE`

In case of `LINEAR` conversions it is supported to differentiate the `Unit` used for the implemented calculations and an additional `Unit` used in the MCD system. This relationship of such `Unit`s are expressed with `UnitGroup`s. The `ARElement`s are structured in a way to support the common usage of elements relevant for the interface description up to the level of `PortInterface`s by several Component Descriptions. Those elements are located under `Tier1/ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/<KindPackage>` in the file `Pprj_DataDictionary.arxml`.

The `CompuMethod`s and `DataConstr`s are exclusively used by one `ApplicationPrimitiveDataType`. The possible reuse between `ApplicationPrimitiveDataType`s supported by AUTOSAR is not used in this model structure. When such a `ApplicationDataType` is defined the intended mapping to the reasonable `ImplementationDataType` is already considered in order to get an optimal usage of the possible range of the `ImplementationDataType`. Nevertheless, the several physical meanings are **not** reflected by the definition of individual `ImplementationDataType` but only the standardized Platform Types [5] are used to describe primitives on implementation level. This has the effect that the RTE APIs are typed by the standardized Platform Types in cases of primitives and arrays of primitives. Only structure types are getting observable in the types of RTE APIs. This approach allows the direct usage of data read from RTE in mathematical or interpolation libraries without any type cast.

The memory allocation of the data objects is controlled by the usage of `SwAddrMethod`s. Those are defined for `ParameterDataPrototype`s and `VariableDataPrototype`s on level of the `PortInterface`s. A few examples are shown in the chapter 3.2.2.17 for the basic uses cases like calibration parameter, normal data and code.

3.2.1.4 Axis, Curves and Maps

The show case contains description for axis, curves and maps which are in AUTOSAR so called compound primitives. In order to understand the structure and the defined attributes in the example it is helpful to understand how such objects are described in AUTOSAR. For this it is necessary to look at the hierarchy of ApplicationDataTypes, DataPrototypes, PortPrototypes, SwComponentTypes and FlatMap.

3.2.1.5 Axis, Curves and Maps on ApplicationDataType level

Figure 3.13 is based on the example of the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16. It shows the relationships between the ApplicationPrimitiveDataTypes describing the

- MAP itself
- its axis being a group axis
- in turn the properties of a matching working point

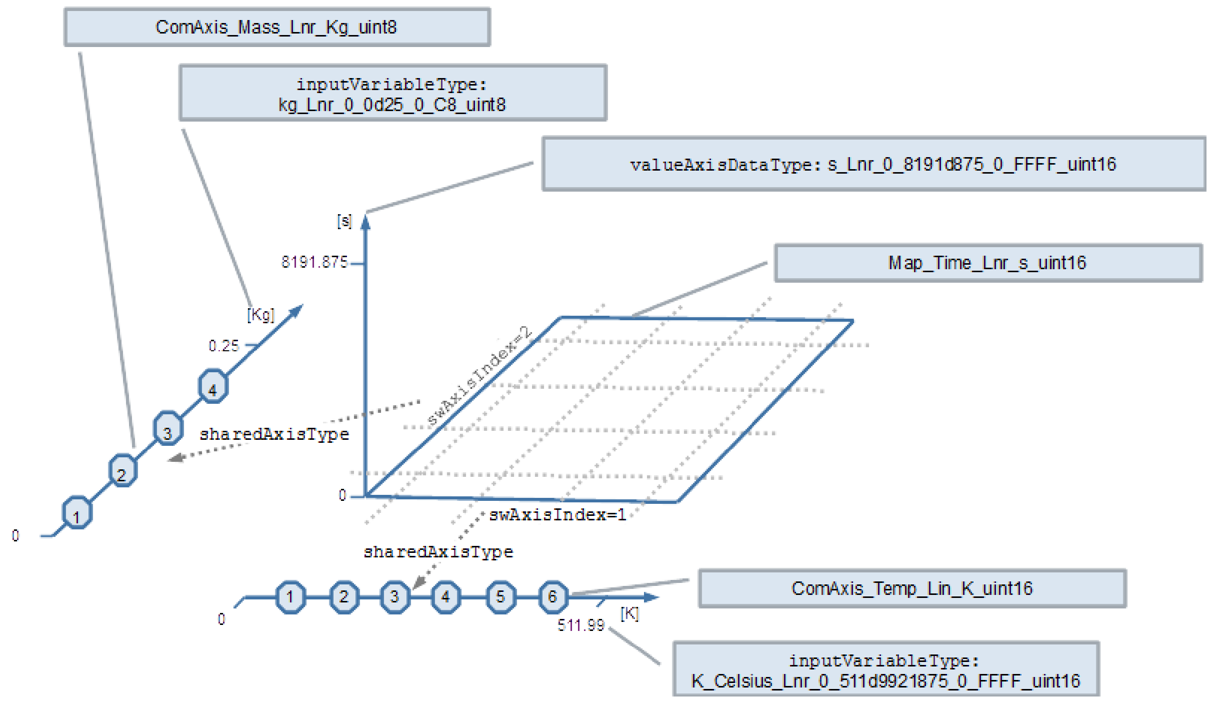


Figure 3.13: ApplicationPrimitiveDataType of category MAP and its group axes

The ApplicationPrimitiveDataType Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16 defines a data type for a MAP with group axes. The physical meaning and range of the contained values is described with the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16. It is referenced with the valueAxisDataType attribute. This means it's a value in the range 0 .. 8191.875 [second] with the resolution of 0.125 [second].

The referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType in the role valueAxisDataType represents the primitive data type of the value axis within a compound primitive (e.g. CURVE, MAP). It supersedes CompuMethod, Unit, and BaseType. In the particular example, the valueAxisDataType provides the properties of the primitive elements of the CURVE or MAP via a valueAxisDataType reference to an ApplicationPrimitiveDataType. This in turn defines the attributes:

- dataConstr
- compuMethod
- displayFormat
- unit
- swCalibrationAccess

Thereby, despite being set, the value of swCalibrationAccess of the referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType is meaningless for the using CURVE and MAP. Note: The referenced data type needs to be a real primitive (typically of category VALUE. Category BOOLEAN is also supported).

The ApplicationPrimitiveDataType of the CURVE and MAP can additionally define SwDataDefProps which are relevant for the whole compound primitive. Currently the following attributes are used in the example:

- swCalprmAxisSet
- swRecordLayout
- swCalibrationAccess (but will be refined on DataPrototype level)

Further on, via the dataTypeMapping of the using software component, the properties of ImplementationDataType and SwBaseType are described.

As axes of the MAP two group axes are used. The properties of the group axes are described by two ApplicationPrimitiveDataTypes of category COM_AXIS. The attribute swAxisIndex indicates for which dimension the group axis applies (1 = X, 2 = Y). With the attribute sharedAxisType the reference to the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType describing the axis is defined.

In the example, the group axis ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16 defines the the applicable minimum and maximum number of axis points. Additionally the inputVariableType reference to the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16 defines the properties of the input value for the axis. This in turn corresponds to the values stored as axis point. The same principle applies for the group axis ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8.

Please note, the above mentioned properties are defined on the level of ApplicationDataTypes and so far not any data instance implementing such properties exists. This requires an instantiation of such ApplicationDataTypes.

3.2.1.6 Axis, Curves and Maps on DataPrototype and SwComponentPrototype level

3.2.1.6.1 Instantiation of Axis, Curves and Maps

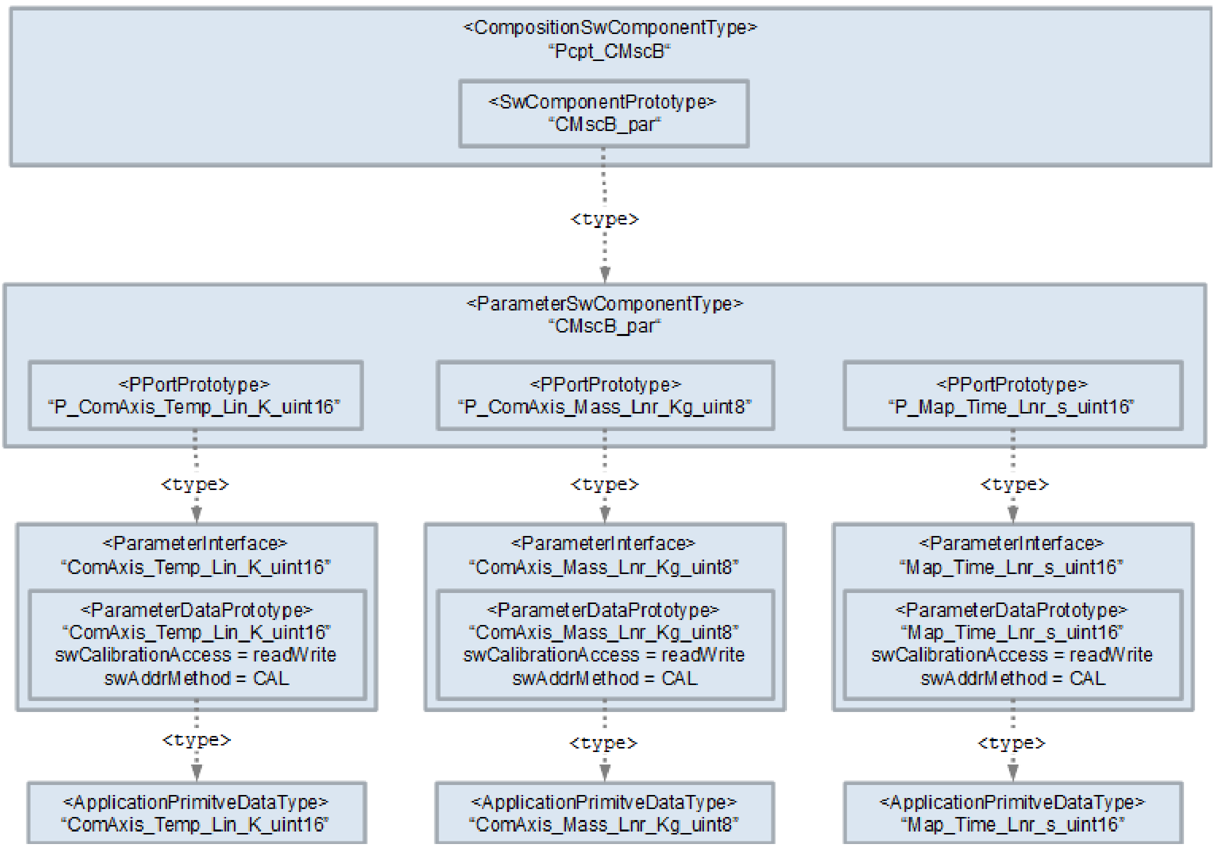

<CompositionSwComponentType>
"Pcpt_CMscB"
<SwComponentPrototype>
"CMscB_par"
<type>
<ParameterSwComponentType>
"CMscB_par"
<PPortPrototype>
"P_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16"
<PPortPrototype>
"P_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8"
<PPortPrototype>
"P_Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16"
<type>
<type>
<type>
<ParameterInterface>
"ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16"
<ParameterDataPrototype>
"ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16"
swCalibrationAccess = readWrite
swAddrMethod = CAL
<ParameterInterface>
"ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8"
<ParameterDataPrototype>
"ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8"
swCalibrationAccess = readWrite
swAddrMethod = CAL
<ParameterInterface>
"Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16"
<ParameterDataPrototype>
"Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16"
swCalibrationAccess = readWrite
swAddrMethod = CAL
<type>
<type>
<type>
<ApplicationPrimitiveDataType>
"ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16"
<ApplicationPrimitiveDataType>
"ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8"
<ApplicationPrimitiveDataType>
"Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16"

Figure 3.14: Instantiation of a MAP and its group axes

Figure 3.14 shows the instantiation of the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16, ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8, and Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16 up to the level of the CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscB.

Thereby ParameterDataPrototypes are typed by the mentioned ApplicationPrimitiveDataTypes. Each ParameterDataPrototype is owned by an own ParameterInterface. This offers the most flexibility to instantiate the map and axes independently from each other. On the level of the ParameterDataPrototype additionally the swCalibrationAccess and the swAddrMethod is defined.

Further on, the ParameterSwComponentType CMscB_par defines three PPort-Prototypes typed by the ParameterInterfaces.

Please note that a group axes of a curve or map are not necessarily provided by the same ParameterSwComponentType as the one providing the curve or map. This case is illustrated with the map Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16 using the group axes Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16 provided by CMscD_par and Co-mAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8 provided by CMscB_par.

3.2.1.6.2 Usage of Axis, Curves and Maps by Software Components

3.2.1.6.3 Linking map and curve instances to its axes instances

Consider a software component that uses curves and maps with group axes. It is than required to denote which instance of curve and map uses which instance of a group axis as axis of abscissae and, in case of a map, as axis of ordinate.

The AUTOSAR meta model provides hereby two possibilities:

- RunnableEntity.parameterAccess.swDataDefProps

  or

- SwcInternalBehavior.instantiationDataDefProps.swDataDef-Props.

Inside one software component it's very unlikely, that the same curve or map is used with different axes by different RunnableEntitys (note that this cannot be expressed by ASAM MCD-2MC, also) . Therefore, in this show case the second ability is used. This avoids the risk of inconsistencies when several RunnableEntitys are defining parameterAccesses to the same curve or map instance.

The according instantiationDataDefProps.parameterInstance references the map instance in the scope of the SwComponentType and the swDataDefProps.swCalprmAxisSet.swCalprmAxis.swCalprmAxisTypeProps.swCalprmRef references the applied group axes with the according SwCalprmAxis.swAxisIndex

Listing 3.28: Example of an InstantiationDataDefProps for an map

```
<INSTANTIATION-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
  <PARAMETER-INSTANCE>
    <AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
      <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
          Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB/R_Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
      <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1
          /ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/
          Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16/Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</TARGET-DATA-
          PROTOTYPE-REF>
    </AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
  </PARAMETER-INSTANCE>
  <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
    <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
```

```
          <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
            <SW-CALPRM-AXIS-SET>
              <SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
                <SW-AXIS-INDEX>1</SW-AXIS-INDEX>
                <SW-AXIS-GROUPED>
                  <AR-PARAMETER>
                    <AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
                      <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
                         ARPlatform1/Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB/
                         R_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                      <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-
                         PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/
                         PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16/
                         ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-
                         REF>
                    </AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
                  </AR-PARAMETER>
                </SW-AXIS-GROUPED>
              </SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
              <SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
                <SW-AXIS-INDEX>2</SW-AXIS-INDEX>
                <SW-AXIS-GROUPED>
                  <AR-PARAMETER>
                    <AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
                      <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
                         ARPlatform1/Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB/
                         R_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8</PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                      <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-
                         PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/
                         PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8/
                         ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8</TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-
                         REF>
                    </AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>ARPlatform1
                  </AR-PARAMETER>
                </SW-AXIS-GROUPED>
              </SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
            </SW-CALPRM-AXIS-SET>
          </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
        </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
      </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
    </INSTANTIATION-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
```

3.2.1.6.4 Linking axes instances to its working point instances

When a software component uses compound primitives containing axes (e.g. curves, maps, or group axes) it's beneficial to indicate which data is used as input for the according axis. This enables the measurement and calibration tool to display the current working point. Like explained in section 3.2.1.6.3, this information can be provided

- at the `ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps` of the compound primitives containing the axis **or**
- by means of `instantiationDataDefProps.swDataDefProps`.

In this show case the second ability is used for the same reasons as discussed in section 3.2.1.6.3.

The according instantiationDataDefProps.parameterInstance references the axes instance in the scope of the SwComponentType CMscB. The swDataDefProps.swCalprmAxisSet.swCalprmAxis.swCalprmAxisTypeProps.swVariableRef references the applied working point variable (in this case, a dataElement in a RPortPrototype) with the according SwCalprmAxis.swAxisIndex.

Listing 3.29: Example of an InstantiationDataDefProps for an axis

```
<INSTANTIATION-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
  <PARAMETER-INSTANCE>
    <AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
      <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
          Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB/R_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</PORT-PROTOTYPE-
          REF>
      <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1
          /ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/
          ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16/ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</TARGET-
          DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
    </AUTOSAR-PARAMETER-IREF>
  </PARAMETER-INSTANCE>
  <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
    <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
      <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
        <SW-CALPRM-AXIS-SET>
          <SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
            <SW-AXIS-INDEX>1</SW-AXIS-INDEX>
            <SW-AXIS-INDIVIDUAL>
              <SW-VARIABLE-REFS>
                <AUTOSAR-VARIABLE>
                  <AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
                    <PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
                        ARPlatform1/Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB/
                        R_PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</PORT-
                        PROTOTYPE-REF>
                    <TARGET-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-
                        PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/
                        PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/
                        PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16/
                        PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</TARGET-
                        DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                  </AUTOSAR-VARIABLE-IREF>
                </AUTOSAR-VARIABLE>
              </SW-VARIABLE-REFS>
            </SW-AXIS-INDIVIDUAL>
          </SW-CALPRM-AXIS>
        </SW-CALPRM-AXIS-SET>
      </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
    </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
  </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
</INSTANTIATION-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
```

3.2.1.6.5 Axis, Curves and Maps in the ECU Flat Map

The ECU Flat Map contains entries for all curves, maps, axes and working point variables. The used naming patterns are described in 3.2.1.2.1.

Listing 3.30: Example of a FlatInstanceDescriptor for map axis and working point variable

```
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</SHORT-NAME>
  <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_System/SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU_Root/
       CMscB_par</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB_par/P_Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-
       REF>
    <TARGET-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16/
       Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</TARGET-REF>
  </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
</FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</SHORT-NAME>
  <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_System/SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU_Root/
       CMscB_par</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       Pcpt_CMscB/CMscB_par/P_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</CONTEXT-
       ELEMENT-REF>
    <TARGET-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16/
       ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16</TARGET-REF>
  </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
</FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</SHORT-NAME>
  <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_System/SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU_Root/
       CMscA</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       Pcpt_CMscA/CMscA/P_PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</CONTEXT
       -ELEMENT-REF>
    <TARGET-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/
       PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16/
       PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16</TARGET-REF>
  </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
```

```
</FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
```

3.2.1.7 Arrays of Maps and Axes

The ability of curves, maps and cuboids is usually used to describe the physical dependency of a characteristic on other physical input values. Hereby each input value is described by an orthogonal axis. In contrast to this, arrays are used to group a set of values of the same nature which can be handled by the same algorithm. Typically, in this case the algorithm iterates over the array with an index. Nevertheless, each array element may represent a particular part of the vehicle, e.g. a specific cylinder or a specific sensor. It's possible to combine these design principles. This ends up in the need to describe arrays of curves, maps, cuboids and the according axes.

The show case illustrates the model of those objects by the following elements:

- `Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16`
- `Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16`
- `Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16`

Hereby, the array of the map `Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16` uses for the x-axis an array of group axes `Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16` which in turn uses an array of primitive values as working points `Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16`. In this case, the n'th map uses the n'th x-axes which uses the n'th value as working point. In contrast, the map uses one group axis `ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8` for the y-axis. In this case all maps in the array are using the same y-axis.

3.2.1.7.1 Arrays of Maps and Axes in the ECU Flat Map

In the ECU Flat Map the ability to reference `ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype`s is used to express the specific meaning of each array element in the array of map and group axis.

For instance, each element in the array `Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16` is named in a way to indicate the specific meaning:

- `Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_FrontLeft`
- `Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_FrontRight`
- `Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_RearLeft`
- `Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_RearRight`

The following listing shows the structure of such an FlatInstanceDescriptior on one example:

Listing 3.31: Example of a FlatInstanceDescriptor for an ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype

```
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_FrontLeft</SHORT-NAME>
  <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_System/SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU_Root/
       CMscD_par</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
       Pcpt_CMscD/CMscD_par/P_Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</CONTEXT-
       ELEMENT-REF>
    <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="PARAMETER-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/
       Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16/Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16</CONTEXT-
       ELEMENT-REF>
    <TARGET-REF DEST="APPLICATION-ARRAY-ELEMENT" INDEX="0">/Tier1/
       ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/ApplicationDataTypes/
       Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels/
       Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels</TARGET-REF>
  </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
</FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
```

Please note the usage of the index attribute in the target reference.

3.2.1.8 Measurement of Modes

3.2.1.8.1 Enabling Measurement of Modes

The measurement of a mode is enabled in the software-component description by setting the ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype.swCalibrationAccess to readOnly. See ModeDirection.

3.2.1.8.2 Modes in the ECU Flat Map

AUTOSAR supports the measurement of the current mode, the previous mode and the next mode. Hereby the last two are useful when the mode is measured during a ongoing transition to identify the kind of transition. In this show case only the measurement of the current mode is illustrated. For this, the FlatMap contains a FlatInstanceDescriptor pointing to the ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype which is to be measured. The role attribute of the FlatInstanceDescriptor is set to CURRENT_MODE

Listing 3.32: Example of a FlatInstanceDescriptor for a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype

```
<FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>ModeDirection</SHORT-NAME>
  <ROLE>CURRENT_MODE</ROLE>
```

```
    <ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
      <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPOSITION-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
         ARPlatform1/System/SystemU_System/SystemU</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
      <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
         ARPlatform1/System/CompositionSwComponentTypes/SystemU_Root/
         CMscA</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
      <CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/ARPlatform1/
         Pcpt_CMscA/CMscA/P_ModeDirection</CONTEXT-ELEMENT-REF>
      <TARGET-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/Tier1/
         ARPlatform1/DataDictionary/PortInterfaces/V1_0_0/ModeDirection/
         ModeDirection</TARGET-REF>
    </ECU-EXTRACT-REFERENCE-IREF>
  </FLAT-INSTANCE-DESCRIPTOR>
```

3.2.2 Show cases in the Example

3.2.2.1 CompositionSwComponentTypes

Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Pcpt_CMscA
desc	Modeling show case for primitive measurement and calculation.
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_ModeDirection
desc	Mode to indicate a direction
providedInterface	ModeDirection
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
desc	Primitive calibration parameter for minimum egg mass.
providedInterface	PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Mass in kilogram
providedInterface	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
desc	Stepwise speed indication
providedInterface	PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
providedInterface	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
desc	Stepwise speed indication
requiredInterface	PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
properties of the components	
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscA
type	CMscA
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscA_par
type	CMscA_par

Table 3.53: CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscA

Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	SystemU_Root
properties of the components	
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscA
type	CMscA
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscA_par
type	CMscA_par
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscB
type	CMscB
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscB_par
type	CMscB_par
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscC_nvm
type	CMscC_nvm
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscD
type	CMscD
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscD_par
type	CMscD_par

Table 3.54: CompositionSwComponentType SystemU_Root

Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	SystemURootComposition_EcuDescr
properties of the components	
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscC
type	Pcpt_CMscC

Table 3.55: CompositionSwComponentType SystemURootComposition_EcuDescr

Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Pcpt_CMscD
desc	Modeling show case for arrays of axes and mapes.
properties of the ports	
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Shared axis for mass
requiredInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
requiredInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of the components	
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscD
type	CMscD
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscD_par
type	CMscD_par

Table 3.56: CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscD

Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Pcpt_CMscC
desc	Composit of modeling show case C
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.
providedInterface	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
desc	Boolean representing the data validity
providedInterface	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
properties of the components	
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscA
type	Pcpt_CMscA
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscB
type	Pcpt_CMscB
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscC_nvm
type	CMscC_nvm
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscD
type	Pcpt_CMscD

Table 3.57: CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscC

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Common CompositionSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	Pcpt_CMscB
desc	Modeling show case for axes, curves and mapes.
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Shared axis for mass
providedInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
providedInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.
providedInterface	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
desc	Boolean representing the data validity
providedInterface	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_ModeDirection
desc	Mode to indicate a direction
requiredInterface	ModeDirection
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Mass in kilogram
requiredInterface	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
desc	Stepwise speed indication
requiredInterface	PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
requiredInterface	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
properties of the components	
properties of SwComponentPrototype	
shortName	CMscB
type	CMscB
properties of SwComponentPrototype	

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	shortName	CMscB_par
	type	CMscB_par

Table 3.58: CompositionSwComponentType Pcpt_CMscB

3.2.2.2 ParameterSwComponentTypes

Common ParameterSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	CMscA_par
desc	Modeling show case for primitive measurement and calculation.
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
desc	Primitive calibration parameter for minimum egg mass.
providedInterface	PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg

Table 3.59: ParameterSwComponentType CMscA_par

Common ParameterSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	CMscD_par
desc	Modeling show case for arrays of axes and mapes.
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Array of shared axis for temperature
providedInterface	Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
providedInterface	Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

Table 3.60: ParameterSwComponentType CMscD_par

Common ParameterSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	CMscB_par
desc	Modeling show case for axes, curves and mapes.
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Shared axis for mass
providedInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
desc	Shared axis for speed steps
providedInterface	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Shared axis for temperature
providedInterface	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Curve to get mass according differnt speed steps.
providedInterface	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
providedInterface	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

Table 3.61: ParameterSwComponentType CMscB_par

3.2.2.3 ApplicationSwComponentTypes

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes		
shortName		CMscD
desc		Modeling show case for arrays of axes and mapes.
properties of the ports		
	properties of PPortPrototype	
	shortName	P_Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
	desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
	providedInterface	Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
	properties of RPortPrototype	
	shortName	R_Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
	desc	Array of shared axis for temperature
	requiredInterface	Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
	properties of RPortPrototype	
	shortName	R_Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
	desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
	requiredInterface	Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
	properties of RPortPrototype	
	shortName	R_Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
	desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
	requiredInterface	Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
	properties of RPortPrototype	
	shortName	R_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
	desc	Shared axis for mass
	requiredInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
	properties of RPortPrototype	
	shortName	R_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
	desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
	requiredInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
internalBehavior		CMscD

Table 3.62: ApplicationSwComponentType CMscD

Common SwcInternalBehavior attributes		
shortName		CMscD
properties of the runnables		
	properties of RunnableEntity	
	shortName	CMscD_Process
	symbol	CMscD_Process

Table 3.63: SwcInternalBehavior CMscD

Common ApplicationSwComponentType attributes	
shortName	CMscB
desc	Modeling show case for axes, curves and mapes.
properties of the ports	
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
providedInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.
providedInterface	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
properties of PPortPrototype	
shortName	P_PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
desc	Boolean representing the data validity
providedInterface	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Shared axis for mass
requiredInterface	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
desc	Shared axis for speed steps
requiredInterface	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Shared axis for temperature
requiredInterface	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Curve to get mass according differnt speed steps.
requiredInterface	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
requiredInterface	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_ModeDirection
desc	Mode to indicate a direction
requiredInterface	ModeDirection
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8

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desc	Mass in kilogram
requiredInterface	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
requiredInterface	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
desc	Stepwise speed indication
requiredInterface	PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
requiredInterface	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.
requiredInterface	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
properties of RPortPrototype	
shortName	R_PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
desc	Boolean representing the data validity
requiredInterface	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
internalBehavior	CMscB

Table 3.64: ApplicationSwComponentType CMscB

Common SwcInternalBehavior attributes	
shortName	CMscB
properties of the runnables	
properties of RunnableEntity	
shortName	CMscB_Process
desc	cyclic process for calculation
symbol	CMscB_Process

Table 3.65: SwcInternalBehavior CMscB

3.2.2.4 ParameterInterfaces

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Array of shared axis for temperature
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Array of shared axis for temperature
type	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.66: ParameterInterface Arr1dComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
type	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.67: ParameterInterface Arr1dMap_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Shared axis for mass
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Shared axis for mass
type	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.68: ParameterInterface ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
desc	Shared axis for speed steps
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
desc	Shared axis for speed steps
type	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.69: ParameterInterface ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Shared axis for temperature
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
desc	Shared axis for temperature
type	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.70: ParameterInterface ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Curve to get mass according differnt speed steps.
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Curve to get mass according differnt speed steps.
type	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.71: ParameterInterface Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Map to get time dependent on temperature and mass.
type	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.72: ParameterInterface Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

Common ParameterInterface attributes	
shortName	PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
desc	Primitive calibration parameter for minimum egg mass.
properties of the parameters	
properties of ParameterDataPrototype	
shortName	PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg
desc	Primitive calibration parameter for minimum egg mass.
type	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readWrite
swAddrMethod	CAL

Table 3.73: ParameterInterface PrimCal_Mass_Lnr_Kg

3.2.2.5 ModeSwitchInterfaces

Common ModeSwitchInterface attributes		
shortName		ModeDirection
desc		Mode to indicate a direction
properties of the modeGroups		
	shortName	ModeDirection
	swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
	type	Direction

Table 3.74: ModeSwitchInterface ModeDirection

3.2.2.6 SenderReceiverInterfaces

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes	
shortName	Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
properties of the dataElementss	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
type	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16_-ScNoOfWheels
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	DATA

Table 3.75: SenderReceiverInterface Arr1dPrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes	
shortName	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Mass in kilogram
properties of the dataElementss	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Mass in kilogram
type	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	DATA

Table 3.76: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes	
shortName	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
properties of the dataElementss	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8
desc	Primitve data for the corrected mass in kg.
type	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	DATA

Table 3.77: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_MassCorrected_Lnr_Kg_uint8

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes	
shortName	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
properties of the dataElementss	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16
desc	Temperature 1 in Kelvin but displayed as degree Celsius
type	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	DATA

Table 3.78: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_Temperature_Lin_K_C_uint16

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes	
shortName	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.
properties of the dataElementss	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
desc	Primitve data holding a time value.
type	s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	DATA

Table 3.79: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

Common SenderReceiverInterface attributes	
shortName	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
desc	Boolean representing the data validity
properties of the dataElementss	
properties of VariableDataPrototype	
shortName	PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean
desc	Boolean representing the data validity
type	DataValidityType
swImplPolicy	standard
swCalibrationAccess	readOnly
swAddrMethod	DATA

Table 3.80: SenderReceiverInterface PrimData_ValidState_Txt_noUnit_boolean

3.2.2.7 ApplicationDataTypes, Category BOOLEAN

Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
shortName	DataValidityType			
category	BOOLEAN			
desc	Boolean to represent the data validity			
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible			
unit	NoUnit			
Range				
	lowerLimit		**upperLimit**	
physConstrs	0		1	
Conversion				
category	TEXTTABLE			
direction	compuInternalToPhys			
desc	**lowerLimit**	**upperLimit**	**vt**	**symbol**
-	0	0	Invalid	
-	1	1	Valid	

Table 3.81: ApplicationDataType DataValidityType

3.2.2.8 ApplicationDataTypes, Category VALUE

Common ApplicationDataType attributes			
shortName	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16		
category	VALUE		
desc	Temperature		
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible		
unit	K		
Range			
	lowerLimit		upperLimit
physConstrs	0		511.9921875
Conversion			
category	LINEAR		
direction	compuInternalToPhys		
desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator / compuDenominator
-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 0.0078125 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.82: ApplicationDataType K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16

Common ApplicationDataType attributes			
shortName	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8		
category	VALUE		
desc	Mass		
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible		
unit	kg		
Range			
	lowerLimit		upperLimit
physConstrs	0		0.25
Conversion			
category	LINEAR		
direction	compuInternalToPhys		
desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator / compuDenominator
-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 0.00125 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.83: ApplicationDataType kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8

Common ApplicationDataType attributes			
shortName	NoUnit_Lnr_1_4_1_4_uint8		
category	VALUE		
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible		
unit	NoUnit		
Range			
	lowerLimit	upperLimit	
physConstrs	1	4	
Conversion			
category	LINEAR		
direction	compuInternalToPhys		
desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator / compuDenominator
-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 1 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.84: ApplicationDataType NoUnit_Lnr_1_4_1_4_uint8

Common ApplicationDataType attributes			
shortName	NoUnit_Lnr_1_65535_1_FFFF_uint16		
category	VALUE		
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible		
unit	NoUnit		
Range			
	lowerLimit	upperLimit	
physConstrs	1	65535	
Conversion			
category	LINEAR		
direction	compuInternalToPhys		
desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator / compuDenominator
-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 1 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.85: ApplicationDataType NoUnit_Lnr_1_65535_1_FFFF_uint16

Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
shortName	s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16			
category	VALUE			
desc	cooking time in seconds			
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible			
unit	s			
Range				
		lowerLimit	upperLimit	
	physConstrs	0	8191.875	
Conversion				
	category	LINEAR		
	direction	compuInternalToPhys		
	desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	compuNumerator / compuDenominator
	-	-	-	$Phys = \frac{0 + 0.125 * Internal}{1}$

Table 3.86: ApplicationDataType s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16

Common ApplicationDataType attributes					
shortName	speedSteps				
category	VALUE				
desc	Possible speed steps				
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible				
unit	NoUnit				
Range					
		lowerLimit	upperLimit		
	physConstrs	-1	2		
Conversion					
	category	TEXTTABLE			
	direction	compuInternalToPhys			
	desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	vt	symbol
	-	-1	-1	Stop	
	-	0	0	LightSpeed	
	-	1	1	RidiculousSpeed	
	-	2	2	LudicrousSpeed	

Table 3.87: ApplicationDataType speedSteps

Common ApplicationDataType attributes				
shortName	TxWheelNames			
category	VALUE			
desc	Wheel names			
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible			
unit	NoUnit			
Range				
	lowerLimit		upperLimit	
physConstrs	0		3	
Conversion				
category	TEXTTABLE			
direction	compuInternalToPhys			
desc	lowerLimit	upperLimit	vt	symbol
-	0	0	FrontLeft	
-	1	1	FrontRight	
-	2	2	RearLeft	
-	3	3	RearRight	

Table 3.88: ApplicationDataType TxWheelNames

3.2.2.9 ApplicationDataTypes, Category COM_AXIS

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
category	COM_AXIS
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
swRecordLayout	RL20_ME_Axis
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)	
properties of SwAxisIndividual (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)	
swAxisIndex	1
category	COM_AXIS
inputVariableType	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16
swMaxAxisPoints	6
swMinAxisPoints	6

Table 3.89: ApplicationDataType ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8
category	COM_AXIS
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
swRecordLayout	RL20_ME_Axis
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)	
properties of SwAxisIndividual (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)	
swAxisIndex	1
category	COM_AXIS
inputVariableType	speedSteps
swMaxAxisPoints	4
swMinAxisPoints	4

Table 3.90: ApplicationDataType ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
category	COM_AXIS
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
swRecordLayout	RL20_ME_Axis
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)	
properties of SwAxisIndividual (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)	
swAxisIndex	1
category	COM_AXIS
inputVariableType	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8
swMaxAxisPoints	4
swMinAxisPoints	4

Table 3.91: ApplicationDataType ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8

3.2.2.10 ApplicationDataTypes, Category CURVE

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8
category	CURVE
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
swRecordLayout	RL20_ME_1DimMap
valueAxisDataType	kg_Lnr_0_0d25_0_C8_uint8
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)	
properties of SwAxisGrouped (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)	
swAxisIndex	1
category	COM_AXIS
sharedAxisType	ComAxis_Steps_Txt_sint8

Table 3.92: ApplicationDataType Curve_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8

3.2.2.11 ApplicationDataTypes, Category MAP

Common ApplicationDataType attributes	
shortName	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
category	MAP
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
swRecordLayout	RL20_ME_2DimMap
valueAxisDataType	s_Lnr_0_8191d875_0_FFFF_uint16
properties of the axes (swCalprmAxisSet)	
properties of SwAxisGrouped (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)	
swAxisIndex	1
category	COM_AXIS
sharedAxisType	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
properties of SwAxisGrouped (swCalprmAxis and swCalprmAxisTypeProps)	
swAxisIndex	2
category	COM_AXIS
sharedAxisType	ComAxis_Mass_Lnr_Kg_uint8

Table 3.93: ApplicationDataType Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16

3.2.2.12 ApplicationArrayDataTypes

Common ApplicationArrayDataType attributes	
shortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
category	ARRAY
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
properties of the elements	
properties of ApplicationArrayElement	
shortName	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
category	COM_AXIS
type	ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16
arraySizeSemantics	fixedSize
maxNumberOfElements	

Table 3.94: ApplicationArrayDataType ComAxis_Temp_Lin_K_uint16_ScNoOfWheels

Common ApplicationArrayDataType attributes	
shortName	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
category	ARRAY
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
properties of the elements	
properties of ApplicationArrayElement	
shortName	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
category	VALUE
type	K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16
arraySizeSemantics	fixedSize
maxNumberOfElements	

Table 3.95: ApplicationArrayDataType K_Celsius_Lnr_0_511d9921875_0_FFFF_uint16_ScNoOfWheels

Common ApplicationArrayDataType attributes	
shortName	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
category	ARRAY
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
properties of the elements	
properties of ApplicationArrayElement	
shortName	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels
category	MAP
type	Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16
arraySizeSemantics	fixedSize
maxNumberOfElements	

Table 3.96: ApplicationArrayDataType Map_Time_Lnr_s_uint16_ScNoOfWheels

3.2.2.13 ApplicationRecordDataTypes

Common ApplicationRecordDataType attributes	
shortName	CMscC_nvm_NvBlockATyp
category	STRUCTURE
swCalibrationAccess	notAccessible
properties of the elements	
properties of ApplicationRecordElement	
shortName	PrimData_StepsSpeed_Txt_sint8
category	VALUE
type	speedSteps

Table 3.97: ApplicationRecordDataType CMscC_nvm_NvBlockATyp

3.2.2.14 ModeDeclarationGroups

Common ModeDeclarationGroup attributes	
shortName	Direction
category	EXPLICIT_ORDER
initialMode	Halt
properties of the modeDeclarations	
properties of ModeDeclaration	
shortName	Backward
desc	Backward direction
value	2
properties of ModeDeclaration	
shortName	Forward
desc	Forward direction
value	1
properties of ModeDeclaration	
shortName	Halt
desc	Standstill
value	0

Table 3.98: ModeDeclarationGroup Direction

3.2.2.15 Units

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	Celsius
desc	Degrees Celsius
displayName	°C
offsetSiToUnit	-273.15
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	PD_K

Table 3.99: Unit Celsius

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	K
desc	Temperature
displayName	K
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	PD_K

Table 3.100: Unit K

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	kg
desc	Mass
displayName	kg
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	PD_kg

Table 3.101: Unit kg

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	NoUnit
desc	No Unit
displayName	-
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	PD_NoUnit

Table 3.102: Unit NoUnit

Common Unit attributes	
shortName	s
desc	Time
displayName	s
offsetSiToUnit	0.0
factorSiToUnit	1.0
physicalDimension	PD_s

Table 3.103: Unit s

3.2.2.16 PhysicalDimensions

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	PD_K
currentExp	0
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	1
timeExp	0

Table 3.104: PhysicalDimension PD_K

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	PD_kg
currentExp	0
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	1
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	0
timeExp	0

Table 3.105: PhysicalDimension PD_kg

Common PhysicalDimension attributes	
shortName	PD_NoUnit
currentExp	0
lengthExp	0
luminousIntensity-Exp	0
massExp	0
molarAmountExp	0
temperatureExp	0
timeExp	0

Table 3.106: PhysicalDimension PD_NoUnit

Common PhysicalDimension attributes		
shortName		PD_s
	currentExp	0
	lengthExp	0
	luminousIntensity-Exp	0
	massExp	0
	molarAmountExp	0
	temperatureExp	0
	timeExp	1

Table 3.107: PhysicalDimension PD_s

3.2.2.17 SwAddrMethods

Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
shortName	CAL
desc	Calibratable constants; safety level QM. Constants will be located in different memory sections depending on the alignment of the constant.
sectionType	calprm
memoryAllocation-KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortNameAndAlignment
sectionInitializa-tionPolicy	-
option	safetyQM

Table 3.108: SwAddrMethod CAL

Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
shortName	CODE_10MS
desc	Code of ECU-functions called every 10 ms; safety level QM.
sectionType	code
memoryAllocation-KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
sectionInitializa-tionPolicy	-
option	safetyQM

Table 3.109: SwAddrMethod CODE_10MS

Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
shortName	CONST_SLOW
desc	Non calibratable constants of ECU-functions called seldom; safety level QM.
sectionType	const
memoryAllocation-KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
sectionInitializa-tionPolicy	-
option	safetyQM

Table 3.110: SwAddrMethod CONST_SLOW

Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
shortName	DATA
desc	Variables of ECU-functions; safety level QM. Variables will be located in different memory sections depending on the alignment of the variable.
sectionType	var
memoryAllocation-KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortNameAndAlignment
sectionInitialization-Policy	INIT
option	safetyQM

Table 3.111: SwAddrMethod DATA

Common SwAddrMethod attributes	
shortName	DATA_NVDAT
desc	Variables stored in non-volatile memory; safety level QM.
sectionType	var
memoryAllocation-KeywordPolicy	addrMethodShortName
sectionInitialization-Policy	NO-INIT
option	nvData, safetyQM

Table 3.112: SwAddrMethod DATA_NVDAT

4 Structured Requirements

Structured Requirements are available at different sections in the meta model. There exists a clear definition of the elements of StructuredReq. Based on these elements a variety of possible use cases can be applied. The following show cases shall illustrate this:

- provide additional information for configuration
- provide specification items as requirements
- provide diagnostical requirements
- provide decomposition of requirements

4.1 Introductory Show Case

An OEMs e.g. can specify additional unmapped Ecu Configuration information using Structured Requirements. They are serialized using standardized ARXML. This would ensure a consistent processing of these data by a suitable tooling solution on supplier side. In addition, further validation can be applied to data and lead to a high quality of the exchanged information. No new and additional elements have to be introduced in the meta model because StructuredReq still provides all needed entities.

4.1.1 Additional information (M1 parameter)

The System Template [6] defines upstream mappings for a variety of M1 parameters. They are transported by the System Extract or Diagnostic Extract and presented in figure 4.1 as importable parameters.

The show case that an OEM needs to specify a value for not importable M1 parameters (no full mapping specified in AUTOSAR templates) to determine a dedicated behavior, e.g. CanDevErrorDetect which can be enabled by true or disabled by false is illustrated in figure 4.1 as processable parameters. A tool based processing of these information can increase efficiency and minimize error-proneness. This show case is targeting to solve this by using the StructuredReq.

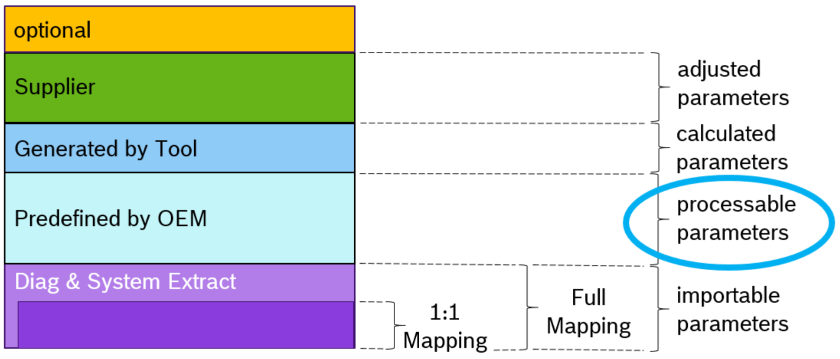


Figure 4.1: Types of Parameters

The figure 4.1 shows further type of parameters; calculated and adjusted parameters; which exist but are not in the scope of show case.

In listing 4.1 the `StructuredReq` for `CanDevErrorDetect` is illustrated.

Listing 4.1: Example 1 for `StructuredReq`

```
<STRUCTURED-REQ SI="UNMAPPED_ECUC">
  <SHORT-NAME>CAN_00001</SHORT-NAME>
  <LONG-NAME>
    <L-4 L="EN">CanDevErrorDetect</L-4>
  </LONG-NAME>
  <CATEGORY>REQUIREMENT_ITEM</CATEGORY>
  <DATE>2018-03-19</DATE>
  <ISSUED-BY>OEM</ISSUED-BY>
  <TYPE>valid</TYPE>
  <IMPORTANCE>High</IMPORTANCE>
  <DESCRIPTION>
    <LIST>
      <ITEM SI="Guideline">
        <P>
          <L-1 L="EN">Switches the development error detection and
             notification on or off. true: detection and notification is
             enabled. false: detection and notification is disabled.</L-1>
        </P>
      </ITEM>
      <ITEM SI="SupplierSetting">
        <P>
          <L-1 L="FOR-ALL">FALSE</L-1>
        </P>
      </ITEM>
      <ITEM SI="ARVersion">
        <P>
          <L-1 L="FOR-ALL">4.2.2</L-1>
        </P>
        <P>
          <L-1 L="FOR-ALL">4.3.0</L-1>
        </P>
        <P>
          <L-1 L="FOR-ALL">4.4.0</L-1>
        </P>
      </ITEM>
      <ITEM SI="ValueRange">
        <P>
          <L-1 L="FOR-ALL">TRUE</L-1>
        </P>
        <P>
          <L-1 L="FOR-ALL">FALSE</L-1>
        </P>
      </ITEM>
    </LIST>
  </DESCRIPTION>
  <RATIONALE>
    <P>
      <L-1 L="EN">The feature development error detection shall be
         disabled for production code else it has to be ensured that there
          will be no side effects from this code.</L-1>
    </P>
  </RATIONALE>
  <USE-CASE>
    <P>
      <L-1 L="EN">preconfigured/default</L-1>
    </P>
  </USE-CASE>
</STRUCTURED-REQ>
```

For illustrative reasons the following listing 4.2 only contains a subset of the example where the ValueRange is speccified using a `DataConstr`.

Listing 4.2: Example 2 for ValueRange in `StructuredReq`

```
<ITEM SI="ValueRange">
  <P>
    <L-1 L="FOR-ALL">
      <XREF><REFERRABLE-REF DEST="DATA-CONSTR">/OEM/
         ImplementationDataTypes/DataConstrs/Range_Boolean</REFERRABLE-
         REF></XREF></L-1>
  </P>
</ITEM>
```

The corresponding `DataConstr` is shown in the listing 4.3.

Listing 4.3: Example 2 for `DataConstr`

```
<DATA-CONSTR>
  <SHORT-NAME>Range_Boolean</SHORT-NAME>
  <DATA-CONSTR-RULES>
    <DATA-CONSTR-RULE>
      <PHYS-CONSTRS>
        <LOWER-LIMIT>TRUE</LOWER-LIMIT>
        <UPPER-LIMIT>FALSE</UPPER-LIMIT>
      </PHYS-CONSTRS>
    </DATA-CONSTR-RULE>
  </DATA-CONSTR-RULES>
</DATA-CONSTR>
```

The same data can also be rendered in the table 4.1.

ReqID	CAN_00001	CanDevErrorDetect	***Setting***	FALSE
Use Case	preconfigured/default	4.2.2, 4.3.0, 4.4.0	***Range***	FALSE, TRUE
Descrip-tion	Switches the development error detection and notification on or off. true: detection and notification is enabled. false: detection and notification is disabled.	***Rational***	The feature development error detection shall be disabled for production code else it has to be ensured that there will be no side effects from this code.	

Table 4.1: `StructuredReq` of `CanDevErrorDetect`

4.1.2 Specification items as requirements

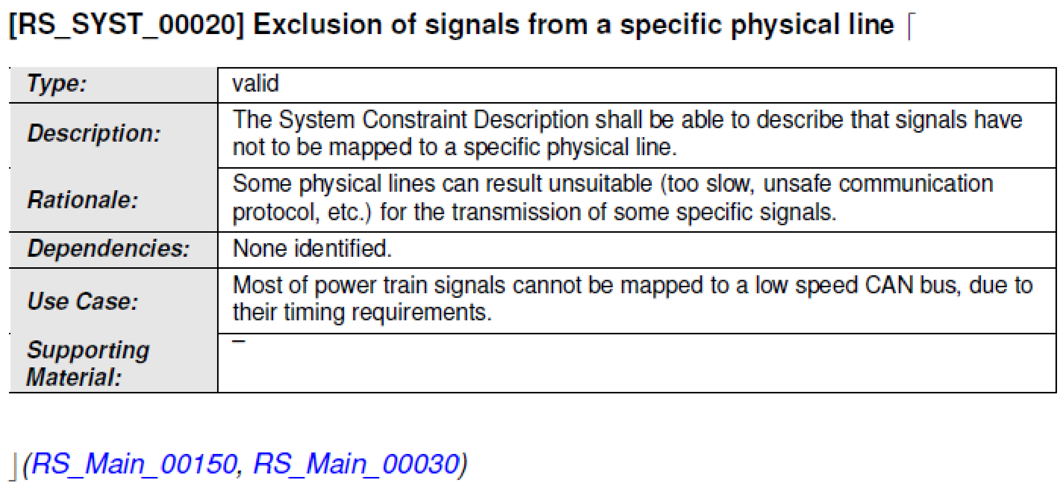
AUTOSAR uses `StructuredReq` within AUTOSAR RS documents [TPS_STDT_-00060]. They are automatically generated based on the specification generation process. Theses specification items use the attributes of `StructuredReq` including `Traceable`, to realize the up tracing. A dedicated example is illustrated in 4.4 this.

Listing 4.4: Example for `StructuredReq` in RS AUTOSAR Specification

```
<STRUCTURED-REQ>
  <SHORT-NAME>RS_SYST_00020</SHORT-NAME>
  <LONG-NAME>
    <L-4 L="EN">Exclusion of signals from a specific physical line</L-4>
  </LONG-NAME>
  <CATEGORY>REQUIREMENT_ITEM</CATEGORY>
  <TRACE-REFS>
    <TRACE-REF BASE="ArTrace" DEST="TRACEABLE">RS_Main_00150</TRACE-REF>
    <TRACE-REF BASE="ArTrace" DEST="TRACEABLE">RS_Main_00030</TRACE-REF>
  </TRACE-REFS>
  <DATE>2004-10-29</DATE>
  <ISSUED-BY>WP Methodology&amp;Templates</ISSUED-BY>
  <TYPE>valid</TYPE>
  <IMPORTANCE>medium</IMPORTANCE>
  <DESCRIPTION>
    <P>
      <L-1 L="EN">The System Constraint Description shall be able to
          describe that signals have not to be mapped to a specific
          physical line.</L-1>
    </P>
  </DESCRIPTION>
  <RATIONALE>
    <P>
      <L-1 L="EN">Some physical lines can result unsuitable (too slow,
          unsafe communication protocol, etc.) for the transmission of
          some specific signals.</L-1>
    </P>
  </RATIONALE>
  <USE-CASE>
    <P>
      <L-1 L="EN">Most of power train signals cannot be mapped to a low
          speed CAN bus, due to their timing requirements.</L-1>
    </P>
  </USE-CASE>
```

```
    <CONFLICTS>
      <P>
        <L-1 L="EN">None identified.</L-1>
      </P>
    </CONFLICTS>
    <SUPPORTING-MATERIAL>
      <P>
        <L-1 L="EN">--</L-1>
      </P>
    </SUPPORTING-MATERIAL>
    <REMARK>
      <P>
        <L-1 L="EN">--</L-1>
      </P>
    </REMARK>
  </STRUCTURED-REQ>
```

The Traceable is realized by the tags <TRACE-REF>s in inside <TRACE-REFS>. In the specification the up traces appear as links below the table.



[RS_SYST_00020] Exclusion of signals from a specific physical line ⌈

Type:	valid
Description:	The System Constraint Description shall be able to describe that signals have not to be mapped to a specific physical line.
Rationale:	Some physical lines can result unsuitable (too slow, unsafe communication protocol, etc.) for the transmission of some specific signals.
Dependencies:	None identified.
Use Case:	Most of power train signals cannot be mapped to a low speed CAN bus, due to their timing requirements.
Supporting Material:	–

⌋*(RS_Main_00150, RS_Main_00030)*

Figure 4.2: Spec item represented by StructuredReq

Using StructuredReq a complete requirements description and tracing is available.

4.1.3 Diagnostic requirements

In this context the StructuredReq is embedded in DiagnosticAccessPermission. Mainly the description of the two conditions are shown here.

Listing 4.5: Example for the definition of pre- and run-conditions for DiagnosticAccessPermission

```
<DIAGNOSTIC-ACCESS-PERMISSION>
    <SHORT-NAME>exampleAccessPermission</SHORT-NAME>
    <INTRODUCTION>
        <STRUCTURED-REQ>
            <SHORT-NAME>precondition</SHORT-NAME>
```

```
                <CATEGORY>DIAG_ACCESS_PERM_PRE_COND</CATEGORY>
                <DESCRIPTION>
                    <P>
                        <L-1 L="EN">This is a textual description of a pre-
                            condition</L-1>
                    </P>
                </DESCRIPTION>
            </STRUCTURED-REQ>
            <STRUCTURED-REQ>
                <SHORT-NAME>runcondition</SHORT-NAME>
                <CATEGORY>DIAG_ACCESS_PERM_RUN_COND</CATEGORY>
                <DESCRIPTION>
                    <P>
                        <L-1 L="EN">This is a textual description of a run-
                            condition</L-1>
                    </P>
                </DESCRIPTION>
            </STRUCTURED-REQ>
        </INTRODUCTION>
        <DIAGNOSTIC-SESSION-REFS>
            <DIAGNOSTIC-SESSION-REF DEST="DIAGNOSTIC-SESSION">/AUTOSAR/
                UseCase_230/ExampleSession</DIAGNOSTIC-SESSION-REF>
        </DIAGNOSTIC-SESSION-REFS>
        <SECURITY-LEVEL-REFS>
            <SECURITY-LEVEL-REF DEST="DIAGNOSTIC-SECURITY-LEVEL">/AUTOSAR/
                UseCase_230/ExampleSecurityLevel</SECURITY-LEVEL-REF>
        </SECURITY-LEVEL-REFS>
    </DIAGNOSTIC-ACCESS-PERMISSION>
```

4.1.4 Decomposition of requirements

The StructuredReq can also be used for decomposition of requirements.

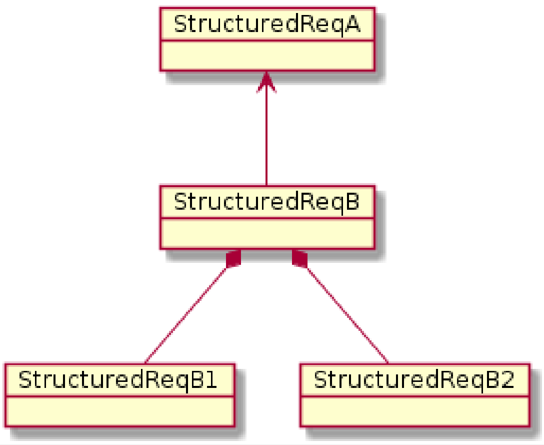


Figure 4.3: Decomposition of StructuredReq

In figure 4.3 the StructuredReqB has an upstream requirement to StructuredReqA realized by Traceable using <TRACE-REF>. The StructuredReqB itself is decomposed by StructuredReqB1 and StructuredReqB2. This is realized by the attribute dependencies of StructuredReq. It contains two <TRACE>s which in turn use <TRACE-REF> again.

Listing 4.6: Example for decomposition of StructuredReq

```
<STRUCTURED-REQ>
  <SHORT-NAME>A</SHORT-NAME>
  <CATEGORY>REQUIREMENT_ITEM</CATEGORY>
  <DATE>2019-07-19</DATE>
  <ISSUED-BY>OEM</ISSUED-BY>
  <TYPE>valid</TYPE>
  <IMPORTANCE>High</IMPORTANCE>
</STRUCTURED-REQ>
<STRUCTURED-REQ>
  <SHORT-NAME>B</SHORT-NAME>
  <CATEGORY>REQUIREMENT_ITEM</CATEGORY>
  <TRACE-REFS>
    <TRACE-REF DEST="STRUCTURED-REQ">OEM/Documentation/
        DecompositionExample/A</TRACE-REF>
  </TRACE-REFS>
  <DATE>2019-07-19</DATE>
  <ISSUED-BY>OEM</ISSUED-BY>
  <TYPE>valid</TYPE>
  <IMPORTANCE>High</IMPORTANCE>
  <DEPENDENCIES>
   <TRACE>
     <SHORT-NAME>DECOMPB1</SHORT-NAME>
     <LONG-NAME>
       <L-4 L="EN">Decomposition element 1</L-4>
     </LONG-NAME>
     <CATEGORY>DECOMPOSITION</CATEGORY>
     <TRACE-REFS>
       <TRACE-REF DEST="STRUCTURED-REQ">OEM/Documentation/
           DecompositionExample/B1</TRACE-REF>
     </TRACE-REFS>
   </TRACE>
   <TRACE>
     <SHORT-NAME>DECOMPB2</SHORT-NAME>
     <LONG-NAME>
       <L-4 L="EN">Decomposition element 2</L-4>
     </LONG-NAME>
     <CATEGORY>DECOMPOSITION</CATEGORY>
     <TRACE-REFS>
       <TRACE-REF DEST="STRUCTURED-REQ">OEM/Documentation/
           DecompositionExample/B2</TRACE-REF>
     </TRACE-REFS>
   </TRACE>
  </DEPENDENCIES>
</STRUCTURED-REQ>
<STRUCTURED-REQ>
  <SHORT-NAME>B1</SHORT-NAME>
  <CATEGORY>REQUIREMENT_ITEM</CATEGORY>
  <DATE>2019-07-19</DATE>
  <ISSUED-BY>OEM</ISSUED-BY>
  <TYPE>valid</TYPE>
  <IMPORTANCE>High</IMPORTANCE>
```

```
</STRUCTURED-REQ>
<STRUCTURED-REQ>
  <SHORT-NAME>B2</SHORT-NAME>
  <CATEGORY>REQUIREMENT_ITEM</CATEGORY>
  <DATE>2019-07-19</DATE>
  <ISSUED-BY>OEM</ISSUED-BY>
  <TYPE>valid</TYPE>
  <IMPORTANCE>High</IMPORTANCE>
</STRUCTURED-REQ>
```

A Mentioned Class Tables

For the sake of completeness, this chapter contains a set of class tables representing meta-classes mentioned in the context of this document but which are not contained directly in the scope of describing specific meta-model semantics.

Class	***ARElement*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage			
Note	An element that can be defined stand-alone, i.e. without being part of another element (except for packages of course).			
Base	*ARObject*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	AclObjectSet, AclOperation, AclPermission, AclRole, AliasNameSet, ApplicationPartition, *AutosarDataType*, *BaseType*, BlueprintMappingSet, BswEntryRelationshipSet, BswModuleDescription, BswModuleEntry, BuildActionManifest, CalibrationParameterValueSet, ClientIdDefinitionSet, ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping, Collection, CompuMethod, ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet, ConstantSpecification, ConstantSpecificationMappingSet, CpSoftwareCluster, CpSoftwareClusterBinaryManifestDescriptor, CpSoftwareClusterMappingSet, CpSoftwareClusterResourcePool, CryptoServiceCertificate, CryptoServiceKey, CryptoServicePrimitive, CryptoServiceQueue, DataConstr, DataExchangePoint, DataTransformationSet, DataTypeMappingSet, *DiagnosticCommonElement*, DiagnosticConnection, DiagnosticContributionSet, Documentation, E2EProfileCompatibilityProps, EcucDefinitionCollection, EcucDestinationUriDefSet, EcucModuleConfigurationValues, EcucModuleDef, EcucValueCollection, EndToEndProtectionSet, EthIpProps, EthTcpIpIcmpProps, EthTcpIpProps, EvaluatedVariantSet, FMFeature, FMFeatureMap, FMFeatureModel, FMFeatureSelectionSet, FlatMap, GeneralPurposeConnection, HwCategory, HwElement, HwType, IPSecConfigProps, IPv6ExtHeaderFilterSet, *IdsCommonElement*, IdsDesign, *Implementation*, InterpolationRoutineMappingSet, J1939ControllerApplication, KeywordSet, LifeCycleInfoSet, LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup, McFunction, McGroup, ModeDeclarationGroup, ModeDeclarationMappingSet, PhysicalDimension, PhysicalDimensionMappingSet, *PortInterface*, PortInterfaceMappingSet, PortPrototypeBlueprint, PostBuildVariantCriterion, PostBuildVariantCriterionValueSet, PredefinedVariant, RapidPrototypingScenario, SdgDef, SignalServiceTranslationPropsSet, SomeipSdClientEventGroupTimingConfig, SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig, SomeipSdServerEventGroupTimingConfig, SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig, SwAddrMethod, SwAxisType, *SwComponentType*, SwRecordLayout, SwSystemconst, SwSystemconstantValueSet, SwcBswMapping, System, SystemSignal, SystemSignalGroup, TDCpSoftwareClusterMappingSet, TcpOptionFilterSet, *TimingExtension*, TlvDataIdDefinitionSet, TransformationPropsSet, Unit, UnitGroup, ViewMapSet			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
–	–	–	–	–

Table A.1: ARElement

Class	**ARPackage**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage			
Note	AUTOSAR package, allowing to create top level packages to structure the contained ARElements. ARPackages are open sets. This means that in a file based description system multiple files can be used to partially describe the contents of a package. This is an extended version of MSR's SW-SYSTEM.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***

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Class	**ARPackage**			

arPackage	ARPackage	*	aggr	This represents a sub package within an ARPackage, thus allowing for an unlimited package hierarchy.
				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags:
				atp.Splitkey=arPackage.shortName, arPackage.variation Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=30

element	PackageableElement	*	aggr	Elements that are part of this package
				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags:
				atp.Splitkey=element.shortName, element.variation Point.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=20

referenceBase	ReferenceBase	*	aggr	This denotes the reference bases for the package. This is the basis for all relative references within the package. The base needs to be selected according to the base attribute within the references. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=referenceBase.shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=10

Table A.2: ARPackage

Class	**AliasNameSet**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::FlatMap			
Note	This meta-class represents a set of AliasNames. The AliasNameSet can for example be an input to the A2L-Generator. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=AliasNameSets			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
aliasName	AliasNameAssignment	1..*	aggr	AliasNames contained in the AliasNameSet. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=aliasName.shortLabel, aliasName.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table A.3: AliasNameSet

Class	**AnyInstanceRef**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::AnyInstanceRef			
Note	Describes a reference to any instance in an AUTOSAR model. This is the most generic form of an instance ref. Refer to the superclass notes for more details.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpInstanceRef*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***

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Class	**AnyInstanceRef**			
base	AtpClassifier	1	ref	This is the base from which navigation path begins. **Stereotypes:** atpDerived
contextElement	AtpFeature	*	ref	This is one step in the navigation path specified by the instance ref.
target	AtpFeature	1	ref	This is the target of the instance ref.

Table A.4: AnyInstanceRef

Class	**ApplicationArrayDataType**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes			
Note	An application data type which is an array, each element is of the same application data type. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationDataTypes			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *ApplicationCompositeDataType*, *ApplicationDataType*, *AtpBlueprint*, *Atp Blueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *AutosarDataType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
dynamicArray SizeProfile	String	0..1	attr	Specifies the profile which the array will follow if it is a variable size array.
element	ApplicationArray Element	0..1	aggr	This association implements the concept of an array element. That is, in some cases it is necessary to be able to identify single array elements, e.g. as input values for an interpolation routine.

Table A.5: ApplicationArrayDataType

Class	**ApplicationArrayElement**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	Describes the properties of the elements of an application array data type.			
Base	*ARObject*, *ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *DataPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
arraySize Handling	ArraySizeHandling Enum	0..1	attr	The way how the size of the array is handled.
arraySize Semantics	ArraySizeSemantics Enum	0..1	attr	This attribute controls how the information about the array size shall be interpreted.
indexDataType	ApplicationPrimitive DataType	0..1	ref	This reference can be taken to assign a CompuMethod of category TEXTTABLE to the array. The texttable entries associate a textual value to an index number such that the element with that index number is represented by a symbolic name.
maxNumberOf Elements	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	The maximum number of elements that the array can contain. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table A.6: ApplicationArrayElement

Class	***ApplicationCompositeDataType*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes			
Note	Abstract base class for all application data types composed of other data types.			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *ApplicationDataType*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *AutosarDataType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	ApplicationArrayDataType, ApplicationRecordDataType			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
–	–	–	–	–

Table A.7: ApplicationCompositeDataType

Class	***ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	This class represents a data prototype which is aggregated within a composite application data type (record or array). It is introduced to provide a better distinction between target and context in instance Refs.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *DataPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	ApplicationArrayElement, ApplicationRecordElement			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
type	ApplicationDataType	0..1	tref	This represents the corresponding data type. **Stereotypes:** isOfType

Table A.8: ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype

Class	***ApplicationDataType*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes			
Note	ApplicationDataType defines a data type from the application point of view. Especially it should be used whenever something "physical" is at stake. An ApplicationDataType represents a set of values as seen in the application model, such as measurement units. It does not consider implementation details such as bit-size, endianess, etc. It should be possible to model the application level aspects of a VFB system by using ApplicationData Types only.			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *AutosarDataType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	*ApplicationCompositeDataType*, ApplicationPrimitiveDataType			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
–	–	–	–	–

Table A.9: ApplicationDataType

Class	**ApplicationPrimitiveDataType**
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes
Note	A primitive data type defines a set of allowed values. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationDataTypes
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *ApplicationDataType*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *AutosarDataType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*

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Class	**ApplicationPrimitiveDataType**			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
–	–	–	–	–

Table A.10: ApplicationPrimitiveDataType

Class	**ApplicationRecordDataType**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes			
Note	An application data type which can be decomposed into prototypes of other application data types. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationDataTypes			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *ApplicationCompositeDataType*, *ApplicationDataType*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *AutosarDataType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
element (ordered)	ApplicationRecordElement	*	aggr	Specifies an element of a record. The aggregation of ApplicationRecordElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a ApplicationrecordDataType. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table A.11: ApplicationRecordDataType

Class	**ApplicationRecordElement**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	Describes the properties of one particular element of an application record data type.			
Base	*ARObject*, *ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *DataPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
isOptional	Boolean	0..1	attr	This attribute represents the ability to declare the enclosing ApplicationRecordElement as optional. This means the that, at runtime, the ApplicationRecordElement may or may not have a valid value and shall therefore be ignored. The underlying runtime software provides means to set the ApplicationRecordElement as not valid at the sending end of a communication and determine its validity at the receiving end.

Table A.12: ApplicationRecordElement

Class	**ApplicationSwComponentType**
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components
Note	The ApplicationSwComponentType is used to represent the application software. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=SwComponentTypes
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtomicSwComponentType*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*, *SwComponentType*

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Class	**ApplicationSwComponentType**			
Attribute	**Type**	**Mult.**	**Kind**	**Note**
–	–	–	–	–

Table A.13: ApplicationSwComponentType

Enumeration	**ArraySizeSemanticsEnum**
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ImplementationDataTypes
Note	This type controls how the information about the number of elements in an ApplicationArrayDataType is to be interpreted.
Literal	**Description**
fixedSize	This means that the ApplicationArrayDataType will always have a fixed number of elements. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
variableSize	This implies that the actual number of elements in the ApplicationArrayDataType might vary at run-time. The value of arraySize represents the maximum number of elements in the array. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table A.14: ArraySizeSemanticsEnum

Class	**AssemblySwConnector**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Composition			
Note	AssemblySwConnectors are exclusively used to connect SwComponentPrototypes in the context of a CompositionSwComponentType.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpStructureElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*, *SwConnector*			
Attribute	**Type**	**Mult.**	**Kind**	**Note**
provider	AbstractProvidedPort Prototype	0..1	iref	Instance of providing port. **InstanceRef implemented by:**PPortInComposition InstanceRef
requester	AbstractRequiredPort Prototype	0..1	iref	Instance of requiring port. **InstanceRef implemented by:**RPortInComposition InstanceRef

Table A.15: AssemblySwConnector

Class	***AtomicSwComponentType*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components			
Note	An atomic software component is atomic in the sense that it cannot be further decomposed and distributed across multiple ECUs.			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*, *SwComponentType*			
Subclasses	ApplicationSwComponentType, ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType, EcuAbstractionSwComponent Type, NvBlockSwComponentType, SensorActuatorSwComponentType, ServiceProxySwComponent Type, ServiceSwComponentType			
Attribute	**Type**	**Mult.**	**Kind**	**Note**

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Class	***AtomicSwComponentType*** (abstract)			
internalBehavior	SwcInternalBehavior	0..1	aggr	The SwcInternalBehaviors owned by an AtomicSw ComponentType can be located in a different physical file. Therefore the aggregation is <<atpSplitable>>. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=internalBehavior.shortName, internal Behavior.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbolProps	SymbolProps	0..1	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps for the AtomicSw ComponentType. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=symbolProps.shortName

Table A.16: AtomicSwComponentType

Class	***AutosarDataPrototype*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	Base class for prototypical roles of an AutosarDataType.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *DataPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	ArgumentDataPrototype, ParameterDataPrototype, VariableDataPrototype			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
type	AutosarDataType	0..1	tref	This represents the corresponding data type. **Stereotypes:** isOfType

Table A.17: AutosarDataPrototype

Class	**CompositionSwComponentType**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Composition			
Note	A CompositionSwComponentType aggregates SwComponentPrototypes (that in turn are typed by Sw ComponentTypes) as well as SwConnectors for primarily connecting SwComponentPrototypes among each others and towards the surface of the CompositionSwComponentType. By this means hierarchical structures of software-components can be created. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=SwComponentTypes			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*, *SwComponentType*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
component	SwComponent Prototype	*	aggr	The instantiated components that are part of this composition. The aggregation of SwComponentPrototype is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of a SwComponentPrototype. Please be aware: if the conditional existence of Sw ComponentPrototypes is resolved post-build the deselected SwComponentPrototypes are still contained in the ECUs build but the instances are inactive in in that they are not scheduled by the RTE. The aggregation is marked as atpSplitable in order to allow the addition of service components to the ECU extract during the ECU integration. ▽

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Class	**CompositionSwComponentType**			
				△ The use case for having 0 components owned by the CompositionSwComponentType could be to deliver an empty CompositionSwComponentType to e.g. a supplier for filling the internal structure. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=component.shortName, component.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
connector	SwConnector	*	aggr	SwConnectors have the principal ability to establish a connection among PortPrototypes. They can have many roles in the context of a CompositionSwComponentType. Details are refined by subclasses. The aggregation of SwConnectors is subject to variability with the purpose to support variant data flow. The aggregation is marked as atpSplitable in order to allow the extension of the ECU extract with AssemblySw Connectors between ApplicationSwComponentTypes and ServiceSwComponentTypes during the ECU integration. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=connector.shortName, connector.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
constantValue Mapping	ConstantSpecification MappingSet	*	ref	Reference to the ConstantSpecificationMapping to be applied for initValues of PPortComSpecs and RPortCom Spec. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=constantValueMapping
dataType Mapping	DataTypeMappingSet	*	ref	Reference to the DataTypeMapping to be applied for the used ApplicationDataTypes in PortInterfaces. Background: when developing subsystems it may happen that ApplicationDataTypes are used on the surface of CompositionSwComponentTypes. In this case it would be reasonable to be able to also provide the intended mapping to the ImplementationDataTypes. However, this mapping shall be informal and not technically binding for the implementors mainly because the RTE generator is not concerned about the CompositionSwComponent Types. Rationale: if the mapping of ApplicationDataTypes on the delegated and inner PortPrototype matches then the mapping to ImplementationDataTypes is not impacting compatibility. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=dataTypeMapping
instantiation RTEEventProps	InstantiationRTEEvent Props	*	aggr	This allows to define instantiation specific properties for RTE Events, in particular for instance specific scheduling. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=instantiationRTEEventProps.shortLabel, instantiationRTEEventProps.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime

Table A.18: CompositionSwComponentType

Class	**CompuConstTextContent**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod			
Note	This meta-class represents the textual content of a scale.			
Base	*ARObject*, *CompuConstContent*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
vt	VerbatimString	0..1	attr	This represents a textual constant in the computation method.

Table A.19: CompuConstTextContent

Class	**CompuMethod**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express the relationship between a physical value and the mathematical representation. Note that this is still independent of the technical implementation in data types. It only specifies the formula how the internal value corresponds to its physical pendant. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=CompuMethods			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
compuInternal ToPhys	Compu	0..1	aggr	This specifies the computation from internal values to physical values. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=80
compuPhysTo Internal	Compu	0..1	aggr	This represents the computation from physical values to the internal values. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=90
displayFormat	DisplayFormatString	0..1	attr	This property specifies, how the physical value shall be displayed e.g. in documents or measurement and calibration tools. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20
unit	Unit	0..1	ref	This is the physical unit of the Physical values for which the CompuMethod applies. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30

Table A.20: CompuMethod

Class	**CompuRationalCoeffs**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express a rational function by specifying the coefficients of nominator and denominator.			
Base	*ARObject*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
compu Denominator	CompuNominator Denominator	0..1	aggr	This is the denominator of the expression. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30
compu Numerator	CompuNominator Denominator	0..1	aggr	This is the numerator of the rational expression. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table A.21: CompuRationalCoeffs

Class	**CompuScale**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify one segment of a segmented computation method.			
Base	*ARObject*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
compuInverse Value	CompuConst	0..1	aggr	This is the inverse value of the constraint. This supports the case that the scale is not reversible per se. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=60

compuScale Contents	CompuScaleContents	0..1	aggr	This represents the computation details of the scale.
				Tags:
				xml.roleElement=false
				xml.roleWrapperElement=false
				xml.sequenceOffset=70
				xml.typeElement=false
				xml.typeWrapperElement=false

desc	MultiLanguageOverview Paragraph	0..1	aggr	<desc> represents a general but brief description of the object in question. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30
lowerLimit	Limit	0..1	attr	This specifies the lower limit of the scale. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:** vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=40
mask	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	In difference to all the other computational methods every COMPU-SCALE will be applied including the bit MASK. Therefore it is allowed for this type of COMPU-METHOD, that COMPU-SCALES overlap. To calculate the string reverse to a value, the string has to be split and the according value for each substring has to be summed up. The sum is finally transmitted. The processing has to be done in order of the COMPU-SCALE elements. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=35
shortLabel	Identifier	0..1	attr	This element specifies a short name for the particular scale. The name can for example be used to derive a programming language identifier. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20
symbol	CIdentifier	0..1	attr	The symbol, if provided, is used by code generators to get a C identifier for the CompuScale. The name will be used as is for the code generation, therefore it needs to be unique within the generation context. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=25
upperLimit	Limit	0..1	attr	This specifies the upper limit of a of the scale. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:** vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=50

Table A.22: CompuScale

Class	**DataConstr**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Constraints::GlobalConstraints			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify constraints on data. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=DataConstrs			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*

dataConstrRule	DataConstrRule	*	aggr	This is one particular rule within the data constraints.
				
				Tags:
				xml.roleElement=true
				xml.roleWrapperElement=true
				xml.sequenceOffset=30
				xml.typeElement=false
				xml.typeWrapperElement=false

Table A.23: DataConstr

Class	**DataConstrRule**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Constraints::GlobalConstraints			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express one specific data constraint rule.			
Base	*ARObject*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
constrLevel	Integer	0..1	attr	This attribute describes the category of a constraint. One of its functions is in the area of constraint violation, where it can be used from a certain level, to produce error messages. The lower the level, the more stringent the check. Used to distinguish hard or soft limits. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20
internalConstrs	InternalConstrs	0..1	aggr	Describes the limitations applicable on the internal domain (as opposed to the physical domain). **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=40
physConstrs	PhysConstrs	0..1	aggr	Describes the limitations applicable on the physical domain (as opposed to the internal domain). **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30

Table A.24: DataConstrRule

Class	***DataPrototype*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	Base class for prototypical roles of any data type.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	*ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype*, *AutosarDataPrototype*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProps	0..1	aggr	This property allows to specify data definition properties which apply on data prototype level.

Table A.25: DataPrototype

Class	**DataTypeMap**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes			
Note	This class represents the relationship between ApplicationDataType and its implementing Abstract ImplementationDataType.			
Base	*ARObject*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
applicationData Type	ApplicationDataType	0..1	ref	This is the corresponding ApplicationDataType
implementation DataType	AbstractImplementation DataType	0..1	ref	This is the corresponding AbstractImplementationData Type.

Table A.26: DataTypeMap

Class	**DataTypeMappingSet**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes			
Note	This class represents a list of mappings between ApplicationDataTypes and ImplementationDataTypes. In addition, it can contain mappings between ImplementationDataTypes and ModeDeclarationGroups. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=DataTypeMappingSets			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
dataTypeMap	DataTypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an Application DataType and its AbstractImplementationDataType.
modeRequest TypeMap	ModeRequestTypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an Mode DeclarationGroup and its AbstractImplementationData Type.

Table A.27: DataTypeMappingSet

Class	**DiagnosticAccessPermission**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dcm			
Note	This represents the specification of whether a given service can be accessed according to the existence of meta-classes referenced by a particular DiagnosticAccessPermission. In other words, this meta-class acts as a mapping element between several (otherwise unrelated) pieces of information that are put into context for the purpose of checking for access rights. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticAccessPermissions			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *CollectableElement*, *DiagnosticCommonElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
diagnostic Session	DiagnosticSession	*	ref	This represents the associated DiagnosticSessions
environmental Condition	Diagnostic EnvironmentalCondition	0..1	ref	This represents the environmental conditions associated with the access permission.
securityLevel	DiagnosticSecurityLevel	*	ref	This represents the associated DiagnosticSecurityLevels

Table A.28: DiagnosticAccessPermission

Class	**EcuInstance**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreTopology			
Note	ECUInstances are used to define the ECUs used in the topology. The type of the ECU is defined by a reference to an ECU specified with the ECU resource description. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=EcuInstances			
Base	*ARObject*, *CollectableElement*, *FibexElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Packageable Element*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
associatedCom IPduGroup	ISignalIPduGroup	*	ref	With this reference it is possible to identify which ISignal IPduGroups are applicable for which Communication Connector/ ECU. Only top level ISignalIPduGroups shall be referenced by an EcuInstance. If an ISignalIPduGroup contains other ISignalIPduGroups than these contained ISignalIPdu Groups shall not be referenced by the EcuInstance. Contained ISignalIPduGroups are associated to an Ecu Instance via the top level ISignalIPduGroup.
associated Consumed Provided ServiceInstance Group	ConsumedProvided ServiceInstanceGroup	*	ref	With this reference it is possible to identify which ConsumedProvidedServiceInstanceGroups are applicable for which ECUInstance. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
associatedPdur IPduGroup	PdurIPduGroup	*	ref	With this reference it is possible to identify which PduR IPdu Groups are applicable for which Communication Connector/ ECU.
clientIdRange	ClientIdRange	0..1	aggr	Restriction of the Client Identifier for this Ecu to an allowed range of numerical values. The Client Identifier of the transaction handle is generated by the client RTE for inter-Ecu Client/Server communication.
com Configuration GwTimeBase	TimeValue	0..1	attr	The period between successive calls to Com_Main FunctionRouteSignals of the AUTOSAR COM module in seconds.
com ConfigurationRx TimeBase	TimeValue	0..1	attr	The period between successive calls to Com_Main FunctionRx of the AUTOSAR COM module in seconds.
com ConfigurationTx TimeBase	TimeValue	0..1	attr	The period between successive calls to Com_Main FunctionTx of the AUTOSAR COM module in seconds.
comEnable MDTForCyclic Transmission	Boolean	0..1	attr	Enables for the Com module of this EcuInstance the minimum delay time monitoring for cyclic and repeated transmissions (TransmissionModeTiming has cyclic Timing assigned or eventControlledTiming with numberOf Repetitions > 0).
commController	Communication Controller	1..*	aggr	CommunicationControllers of the ECU. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
connector	Communication Connector	*	aggr	All channels controlled by a single controller. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
dltConfig	DltConfig	0..1	aggr	Describes the Dlt configuration on this EcuInstance.
doIpConfig	DoIpConfig	0..1	aggr	DoIp configuration on this EcuInstance. **Tags:**atp.Status=draft

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Class	**EcuInstance**			
ethSwitchPort Group Derivation	Boolean	0..1	attr	Defines whether the derivation of SwitchPortGroups based on VLAN and/or CouplingPort.pncMapping shall be performed for this EcuInstance. If not defined the derivation shall not be done.
partition	EcuPartition	*	aggr	Optional definition of Partitions within an Ecu.
pncPrepare SleepTimer	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Time in seconds the PNC state machine shall wait in PNC_PREPARE_SLEEP.
pnc Synchronous Wakeup	Boolean	0..1	attr	If this parameter is available and set to true then all available PNCs will be woken up as soon as a channel wakeup occurs. This is ensured by adding all PNCs to all channel wakeup sources during upstream mapping.
pnResetTime	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Specifies the runtime of the reset timer in seconds. This reset time is valid for the reset of PN requests in the EIRA and in the ERA.
sleepMode Supported	Boolean	1	attr	Specifies whether the ECU instance may be put to a "low power mode" • true: sleep mode is supported • false: sleep mode is not supported Note: This flag may only be set to "true" if the feature is supported by both hardware and basic software.
tcpIpIcmpProps	EthTcpIpIcmpProps	0..1	ref	EcuInstance specific ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) attributes
tcpIpProps	EthTcpIpProps	0..1	ref	EcuInstance specific TcpIp Stack attributes.
v2xSupported	V2xSupportEnum	0..1	attr	This attribute is used to control the existence of the V2X stack on the given EcuInstance.
wakeUpOver BusSupported	Boolean	1	attr	Driver support for wakeup over Bus.

Table A.29: EcuInstance

Class	**EcucModuleConfigurationValues**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCDescriptionTemplate			
Note	Head of the configuration of one Module. A Module can be a BSW module as well as the RTE and ECU Infrastructure. As part of the BSW module description, the EcucModuleConfigurationValues element has two different roles: The recommendedConfiguration contains parameter values recommended by the BSW module vendor. The preconfiguredConfiguration contains values for those parameters which are fixed by the implementation and cannot be changed. These two EcucModuleConfigurationValues are used when the base EcucModuleConfigurationValues (as part of the base ECU configuration) is created to fill parameters with initial values. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=EcucModuleConfigurationValuess			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Packageable Element*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***

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Class	**EcucModuleConfigurationValues**			
container	EcucContainerValue	*	aggr	Aggregates all containers that belong to this module configuration. atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00078] **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=container.definition, container.shortName, container.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=10
definition	EcucModuleDef	0..1	ref	Reference to the definition of this EcucModule ConfigurationValues element. Typically, this is a vendor specific module configuration. **Stereotypes:** atpIdentityContributor **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=-10
ecucDefEdition	RevisionLabelString	0..1	attr	This is the version info of the ModuleDef ECUC Parameter definition to which this values conform to / are based on. For the Definition of ModuleDef ECUC Parameters the AdminData shall be used to express the semantic changes. The compatibility rules between the definition and value revision labels is up to the module's vendor.
implementation ConfigVariant	EcucConfiguration VariantEnum	0..1	attr	Specifies the kind of deliverable this EcucModule ConfigurationValues element provides. If this element is not used in a particular role (e.g. preconfigured Configuration or recommendedConfiguration) then the value shall be one of VariantPreCompile, VariantLink Time, VariantPostBuild.
module Description	BswImplementation	0..1	ref	Referencing the BSW module description, which this EcucModuleConfigurationValues element is configuring. This is optional because the EcucModuleConfiguration Values element is also used to configure the ECU infrastructure (memory map) or Application SW-Cs. However in case the EcucModuleConfigurationValues are used to configure the module, the reference is mandatory in order to fetch module specific "common" published information.
postBuildVariant Used	Boolean	0..1	attr	Indicates whether a module implementation has or plans to have (i.e., introduced at link or post-build time) new post-build variation points. TRUE means yes, FALSE means no. If the attribute is not defined, FALSE semantics shall be assumed.

Table A.30: EcucModuleConfigurationValues

Class	**EcucValueCollection**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCDescriptionTemplate			
Note	This represents the anchor point of the ECU configuration description. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=EcucValueCollections			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Packageable Element*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***

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Class	**EcucValueCollection**			
ecucValue	EcucModule ConfigurationValues	*	ref	References to the configuration of individual software modules that are present on this ECU. atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00079] **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
ecuExtract	System	0..1	ref	Represents the extract of the System Configuration that is relevant for the ECU configured with that ECU Configuration Description.

Table A.31: EcucValueCollection

Class	**FlatInstanceDescriptor**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::FlatMap			
Note	Represents exactly one node (e.g. a component instance or data element) of the instance tree of a software system. The purpose of this element is to map the various nested representations of this instance to a flat representation and assign a unique name (shortName) to it. Use cases: • Specify unique names of measurable data to be used by MCD tools • Specify unique names of calibration data to be used by MCD tool • Specify a unique name for an instance of a component prototype in the ECU extract of the system description Note that in addition it is possible to assign alias names via AliasNameAssignment.			
Base	*ARObject*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
ecuExtract Reference	AtpFeature	0..1	iref	Refers to the instance in the ECU extract. This is valid only, if the FlatMap is used in the context of an ECU extract. The reference shall be such that it uniquely defines the object instance. For example, if a data prototype is declared as a role within an SwcInternalBehavior, it is not enough to state the SwcInternalBehavior as context and the aggregated data prototype as target. In addition, the reference shall also include the complete path identifying instance of the component prototype and the Atomic SoftwareComponentType, which is refered by the particular SwcInternalBehavior. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=40 **InstanceRef implemented by:**AnyInstanceRef
role	Identifier	0..1	attr	The role denotes the particular role of the downstream memory location described by this FlatInstanceDescriptor. It applies to use case where one upstream object results in multiple downstream objects, e.g. ModeDeclaration GroupPrototypes which are measurable. In this case the RTE will provide locations for current mode, previous mode and next mode.
rtePluginProps	RtePluginProps	0..1	aggr	The properties of a communication graph with respect to the utilization of RTE Implementation Plug-in. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=rtePluginProps
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProps	0..1	aggr	The properties of this FlatInstanceDescriptor.

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Class	**FlatInstanceDescriptor**			
upstream Reference	AtpFeature	0..1	iref	Refers to the instance in the context of an "upstream" descriptions, wich could be the system or system extract description, the basic software module description or (if a flat map is used in preliminary context) a description of an atomic component or composition. This reference is optional in case the flat map is used in ECU context. The reference shall be such that it uniquely defines the object instance in the given context. For example, if a data prototype is declared as a role within an SwcInternal Behavior, it is not enough to state the SwcInternal Behavior as context and the aggregated data prototype as target. In addition, the reference shall also include the complete path identifying the instance of the component prototype that contains the particular instance of Swc InternalBehavior. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20 **InstanceRef implemented by:**AnyInstanceRef

Table A.32: FlatInstanceDescriptor

Class	**FlatMap**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::FlatMap			
Note	Contains a flat list of references to software objects. This list is used to identify instances and to resolve name conflicts. The scope is given by the RootSwCompositionPrototype for which it is used, i.e. it can be applied to a system, system extract or ECU-extract. An instance of FlatMap may also be used in a preliminary context, e.g. in the scope of a software component before integration into a system. In this case it is not referred by a RootSwComposition Prototype. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=FlatMaps			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
instance	FlatInstanceDescriptor	1..*	aggr	A descriptor instance aggregated in the flat map. The variation point accounts for the fact, that the system in scope can be subject to variability, and thus the existence of some instances is variable. The aggregation has been made splitable because the content might be contributed by different stakeholders at different times in the workflow. Plus, the overall size might be so big that eventually it becomes more manageable if it is distributed over several files. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=instance.shortName, instance.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild

Table A.33: FlatMap

Class	***Identifiable*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable			
Note	Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (within the namespace borders). In addition to this, Identifiables are objects which contribute significantly to the overall structure of an AUTOSAR description. In particular, Identifiables might contain Identifiables.			
Base	*ARObject*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, Referrable			
Subclasses	ARPackage, *AbstractDoIpLogicAddressProps*, *AbstractEvent*, *AbstractImplementationDataTypeElement*, *AbstractSecurityEventFilter*, *AbstractSecurityIdsmInstanceFilter*, *AbstractServiceInstance*, ApplicationEndpoint, ApplicationError, ApplicationPartitionToEcuPartitionMapping, AsynchronousServerCallResultPoint, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, AutosarOperationArgumentInstance, AutosarVariableInstance, *BinaryManifestAddressableObject*, BinaryManifestItemDefinition, *BinaryManifestResource*, BinaryManifestResourceDefinition, BlockState, BswInternalTriggeringPoint, BswModuleDependency, *BuildActionEntity*, BuildActionEnvironment, CanTpAddress, CanTpChannel, CanTpNode, Chapter, ClassContentConditional, ClientIdDefinition, ClientServerOperation, Code, *CollectableElement*, ComManagementMapping, *CommConnectorPort*, *CommunicationConnector*, *CommunicationController*, Compiler, ConsistencyNeeds, ConsumedEventGroup, CouplingPort, *CouplingPortStructuralElement*, *CpSoftwareClusterResource*, CpSoftwareClusterResourceToApplicationPartitionMapping, CpSoftwareClusterToEcuInstanceMapping, CpSoftwareClusterToResourceMapping, *CryptoServiceMapping*, DataPrototypeGroup, DataTransformation, DependencyOnArtifact, *DiagEventDebounceAlgorithm*, DiagnosticConnectedIndicator, DiagnosticDataElement, DiagnosticFunctionInhibitSource, *DiagnosticRoutineSubfunction*, DltArgument, DltLogChannel, DltMessage, DoIpInterface, DoIpLogicAddress, DoIpRoutingActivation, ECUMapping, *EOCExecutableEntityRefAbstract*, EcuPartition, EcucContainerValue, *EcucDefinitionElement*, EcucDestinationUriDef, EcucEnumerationLiteralDef, EcucQuery, EcucValidationCondition, EndToEndProtection, EthernetWakeupSleepOnDatalineConfig, ExclusiveArea, *ExecutableEntity*, *ExecutionTime*, FMAttributeDef, FMFeatureMapAssertion, FMFeatureMapCondition, FMFeatureMapElement, FMFeatureRelation, FMFeatureRestriction, FMFeatureSelection, FlatInstanceDescriptor, FlexrayArTpNode, FlexrayTpConnectionControl, FlexrayTpNode, FlexrayTpPduPool, *FrameTriggering*, GeneralParameter, GlobalTimeGateway, *GlobalTimeMaster*, *GlobalTimeSlave*, *HeapUsage*, HwAttributeDef, HwAttributeLiteralDef, HwPin, HwPinGroup, IPSecRule, IPv6ExtHeaderFilterList, ISignalToIPduMapping, ISignalTriggering, *IdentCaption*, InternalTriggeringPoint, J1939SharedAddressCluster, J1939TpNode, Keyword, LifeCycleState, LinScheduleTable, LinTpNode, Linker, MacMulticastGroup, McDataInstance, MemorySection, ModeDeclaration, ModeDeclarationMapping, ModeSwitchPoint, NetworkEndpoint, *NmCluster*, NmEcu, *NmNode*, NvBlockDescriptor, *PackageableElement*, ParameterAccess, PduToFrameMapping, PduTriggering, PerInstanceMemory, *PhysicalChannel*, PortElementToCommunicationResourceMapping, PortGroup, *PortInterfaceMapping*, PossibleErrorReaction, ResourceConsumption, RootSwCompositionPrototype, RptComponent, RptContainer, RptExecutableEntity, RptExecutableEntityEvent, RptExecutionContext, RptProfile, RptServicePoint, RunnableEntityGroup, *SdgAttribute*, SdgClass, SecureCommunicationAuthenticationProps, SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps, SecurityEventContextProps, *ServerCallPoint*, *ServiceNeeds*, SignalServiceTranslationElementProps, SignalServiceTranslationEventProps, SignalServiceTranslationProps, SocketAddress, SomeipTpChannel, *SpecElementReference*, *StackUsage*, StaticSocketConnection, StructuredReq, SwGenericAxisParamType, SwServiceArg, SwcServiceDependency, SwcToApplicationPartitionMapping, SwcToEcuMapping, SwcToImplMapping, SystemMapping, TDCpSoftwareClusterMapping, TDCpSoftwareClusterResourceMapping, TcpOptionFilterList, TimingCondition, *TimingConstraint*, *TimingDescription*, TimingExtensionResource, TimingModelInstance, TlsCryptoCipherSuite, Topic1, TpAddress, TraceableTable, TraceableText, *TracedFailure*, *TransformationProps*, TransformationTechnology, Trigger, VariableAccess, VariationPointProxy, ViewMap, VlanConfig, WaitPoint			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
adminData	AdminData	0..1	aggr	This represents the administrative data for the identifiable object. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=-40
annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	Possibility to provide additional notes while defining a model element (e.g. the ECU Configuration Parameter Values). These are not intended as documentation but are mere design notes. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=-25

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Class	***Identifiable*** (abstract)			
category	CategoryString	0..1	attr	The category is a keyword that specializes the semantics of the Identifiable. It affects the expected existence of attributes and the applicability of constraints. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=-50
desc	MultiLanguageOverview Paragraph	0..1	aggr	This represents a general but brief (one paragraph) description what the object in question is about. It is only one paragraph! Desc is intended to be collected into overview tables. This property helps a human reader to identify the object in question. More elaborate documentation, (in particular how the object is built or used) should go to "introduction". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=-60
introduction	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	This represents more information about how the object in question is built or is used. Therefore it is a DocumentationBlock. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=-30
uuid	String	0..1	attr	The purpose of this attribute is to provide a globally unique identifier for an instance of a meta-class. The values of this attribute should be globally unique strings prefixed by the type of identifier. For example, to include a DCE UUID as defined by The Open Group, the UUID would be preceded by "DCE:". The values of this attribute may be used to support merging of different AUTOSAR models. The form of the UUID (Universally Unique Identifier) is taken from a standard defined by the Open Group (was Open Software Foundation). This standard is widely used, including by Microsoft for COM (GUIDs) and by many companies for DCE, which is based on CORBA. The method for generating these 128-bit IDs is published in the standard and the effectiveness and uniqueness of the IDs is not in practice disputed. If the id namespace is omitted, DCE is assumed. An example is "DCE:2fac1234-31f8-11b4-a222-08002b34c003". The uuid attribute has no semantic meaning for an AUTOSAR model and there is no requirement for AUTOSAR tools to manage the timestamp. **Tags:**xml.attribute=true

Table A.34: Identifiable

Class	**ImplementationDataType**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ImplementationDataTypes			
Note	Describes a reusable data type on the implementation level. This will typically correspond to a typedef in C-code. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=ImplementationDataTypes			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AbstractImplementationDataType*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *AutosarDataType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Packageable Element*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
dynamicArray SizeProfile	String	0..1	attr	Specifies the profile which the array will follow in case this data type is a variable size array.

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Class	**ImplementationDataType**			
isStructWith Optional Element	Boolean	0..1	attr	This attribute is only valid if the attribute category is set to STRUCTURE. If set to True, this attribute indicates that the ImplementationDataType has been created with the intention to define at least one element of the structure as optional.
subElement (ordered)	ImplementationData TypeElement	*	aggr	Specifies an element of an array, struct, or union data type. The aggregation of ImplementionDataTypeElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a Implementation DataType representing a structure. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbolProps	SymbolProps	0..1	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps for the Implementation DataType. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=symbolProps.shortName
typeEmitter	NameToken	0..1	attr	This attribute is used to control which part of the AUTOSAR toolchain is supposed to trigger data type definitions.

Table A.35: ImplementationDataType

Class	**InstantiationDataDefProps**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::InstantiationDataDefProps			
Note	This is a general class allowing to apply additional SwDataDefProps to particular instantiations of a Data Prototype. Typically the accessibility and further information like alias names for a particular data is modeled on the level of DataPrototypes (especially VariableDataPrototypes, ParameterDataPrototypes). But due to the recursive structure of the meta-model concerning data types (a composite (data) type consists out of data prototypes) a part of the MCD information is described in the data type (in case of Application CompositeDataType). This is a strong restriction in the reuse of data typed because the data type should be re-used for different VariableDataPrototypes and ParameterDataPrototypes to guarantee type compatibility on C-implementation level (e.g. data of a Port is stored in PIM or a ParameterDataPrototype used as ROM Block and shall be typed by the same data type as NVRAM Block). This class overcomes such a restriction if applied properly.			
Base	*ARObject*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
parameter Instance	AutosarParameterRef	0..1	aggr	This is the particular ParameterDataPrototypes on which the swDataDefProps shall be applied.
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProps	0..1	aggr	These are the particular data definition properties which shall be applied
variableInstance	AutosarVariableRef	0..1	aggr	This is the particular VariableDataPrototypes on which the swDataDefProps shall be applied.

Table A.36: InstantiationDataDefProps

Class	***InternalBehavior*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::InternalBehavior			
Note	Common base class (abstract) for the internal behavior of both software components and basic software modules/clusters.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpStructureElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	BswInternalBehavior, SwcInternalBehavior			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
constant Memory	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Describes a read only memory object containing characteristic value(s) implemented by this Internal Behavior. The shortName of ParameterDataPrototype has to be equal to the ”C’ identifier of the described constant. The characteristic value(s) might be shared between Sw ComponentPrototypes of the same SwComponentType. The aggregation of constantMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software component or module implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=constantMemory.shortName, constant Memory.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
constantValue Mapping	ConstantSpecification MappingSet	*	ref	Reference to the ConstanSpecificationMapping to be applied for the particular InternalBehavior **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=constantValueMapping
dataType Mapping	DataTypeMappingSet	*	ref	Reference to the DataTypeMapping to be applied for the particular InternalBehavior **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=dataTypeMapping
exclusiveArea	ExclusiveArea	*	aggr	This specifies an ExclusiveArea for this InternalBehavior. The exclusiveArea is local to the component resp. module. The aggregation of ExclusiveAreas is subject to variability. Note: the number of ExclusiveAreas might vary due to the conditional existence of RunnableEntities or BswModuleEntities. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=exclusiveArea.shortName, exclusive Area.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
exclusiveArea NestingOrder	ExclusiveAreaNesting Order	*	aggr	This represents the set of ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder owned by the InternalBehavior. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=exclusiveAreaNestingOrder.shortName, exclusiveAreaNestingOrder.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

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Class	***InternalBehavior*** (abstract)			
staticMemory	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Describes a read and writeable static memory object representing measurerment variables implemented by this software component. The term "static" is used in the meaning of "non-temporary" and does not necessarily specify a linker encapsulation. This kind of memory is only supported if supportsMultipleInstantiation is FALSE. The shortName of the VariableDataPrototype has to be equal with the ”C’ identifier of the described variable. The aggregation of staticMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software component’s implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=staticMemory.shortName, static Memory.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table A.37: InternalBehavior

Class	**McDataInstance**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::MeasurementCalibrationSupport			
Note	Describes the specific properties of one data instance in order to support measurement and/or calibration of this data instance. The most important attributes are: • Its shortName is copied from the ECU Flat map (if applicable) and will be used as identifier and for display by the MC system. • The category is copied from the corresponding data type (ApplicationDataType if defined, otherwise ImplementationDataType) as far as applicable. • The symbol is the one used in the programming language. It will be used to find out the actual memory address by the final generation tool with the help of linker generated information. It is assumed that in the M1 model this part and all the aggregated and referred elements (with the exception of the Flat Map and the references from ImplementationElementInParameterInstanceRef and McAccessDetails) are completely generated from "upstream" information. This means, that even if an element like e.g. a CompuMethod is only used via reference here, it will be copied into the M1 artifact which holds the complete McSupportData for a given Implementation.			
Base	*ARObject*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
arraySize	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	The existence of this attribute turns the data instance into an array of data. The attribute determines the size of the array in terms of number of elements.
displayIdentifier	McdIdentifier	0..1	attr	An optional attribute to be used to set the ASAM ASAP2 DISPLAY_IDENTIFIER attribute.
flatMapEntry	FlatInstanceDescriptor	0..1	ref	Reference to the corresponding entry in the ECU Flat Map. This allows to trace back to the original specification of the generated data instance. This link shall be added by the RTE generator mainly for documentation purposes. The reference is optional because ▽

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Class	**McDataInstance**			
				△ • The McDataInstance may represent an array or struct in which only the subElements correspond to FlatMap entries. • The McDataInstance may represent a task local buffer for rapid prototyping access which is different from the "main instance" used for measurement access.
instanceIn Memory	ImplementationElement InParameterInstance Ref	0..1	aggr	Reference to the corresponding data instance in the description of calibration data structures published by the RTE generator. This is used to support emulation methods inside the ECU, it is not required for A2L generation.
mcDataAccess Details	McDataAccessDetails	0..1	aggr	Refers to "upstream" information on how the RTE uses this data instance. Use Case: Rapid Prototyping
mcData Assignment	RoleBasedMcData Assignment	*	aggr	An assignment between McDataInstances. This supports the indication of related McDataElement implementing the of "RP global buffer", "RP global measurement buffer", "RP enabler flag".
resulting Properties	SwDataDefProps	0..1	aggr	These are the generated properties resulting from decisions taken by the RTE generator for the actually implemented data instance. Only those properties are relevant here, which are needed for the measurement and calibration system.
resultingRptSw Prototyping Access	RptSwPrototyping Access	0..1	aggr	Describes the implemented accessibility of data and modes by the rapid prototyping tooling.
role	Identifier	0..1	attr	An optional attribute to be used for additional information on the role of this data instance, for example in the context of rapid prototyping.
rptImplPolicy	RptImplPolicy	0..1	aggr	Describes the implemented code preparation for rapid prototyping at data accesses for a hook based bypassing.
subElement (ordered)	McDataInstance	*	aggr	This relation indicates, that the target element is part of a "struct" which is given by the source element. This information will be used by the final generator to set up the correct addressing scheme. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbol	SymbolString	0..1	attr	This String is used to determine the memory address during final generation of the MC configuration data (e.g. "A2L" file) . It shall be the name of the element in the programming language such that it can be identified in linker generated information. In case the McDataInstance is part of composite data in the programming language, the symbol String may include parts denoting the element context, unless the context is given by the symbol attribute of an enclosing McDataInstance. This means in particular for the C language that the "." character shall be used as a separator between the name of a "struct" variable the name of one of its elements. The symbol can differ from the shortName in case of generated C data declarations. ▽

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Class	**McDataInstance**			
				△ It is an optional attribute since it may be missing in case the instance represents an element (e.g. a single array element) which has no name in the linker map. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=symbol

Table A.38: McDataInstance

Enumeration	**MemoryAllocationKeywordPolicyType**
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::AuxillaryObjects
Note	Enumeration to specify the name pattern of the Memory Allocation Keyword.
Literal	***Description***
addrMethodShort Name	The MemorySection shortNames of referring MemorySections and therefore the belonging Memory Allocation Keywords in the code are build with the shortName of the SwAddrMethod. This is the default value if the attribute does not exist. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
addrMethodShort NameAndAlignment	The MemorySection shortNames of referring MemorySections and therefore the belonging Memory Allocation Keywords in the code are build with the shortName of the SwAddrMethod and a variable alignment postfix. Thereby the alignment postfix needs to be consistent with the alignment attribute of the related MemorySection. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table A.39: MemoryAllocationKeywordPolicyType

Enumeration	**MemorySectionType**
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::AuxillaryObjects
Note	Enumeration to specify the essential nature of the data which can be allocated in a common memory class by the means of the AUTOSAR Memory Mapping.
Literal	***Description***
calibrationVariables	This memory section is reserved for "virtual variables" that are computed by an MCD system during a measurement session but do not exist in the ECU memory. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2
calprm	To be used for calibratable constants of ECU-functions. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3
code	To be used for mapping code to application block, boot block, external flash etc. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4
configData	Constants with attributes that show that they reside in one segment for module configuration. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=5
const	To be used for global or static constants. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=6

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Enumeration	**MemorySectionType**
excludeFromFlash	This memory section is reserved for "virtual parameters" that are taken for computing the values of so-called dependent parameter of an MCD system. Dependent Parameters that are not at the same time "virtual parameters" are allocated in the ECU memory. Virtual parameters, on the other hand, are not allocated in the ECU memory. Virtual parameters exist in the ECU Hex file for the purpose of being considered (for computing the values of dependent parameters) during an offline-calibration session. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=7
var	To be used for global or static variables. The expected initialization is specified with the attribute sectionInitializationPolicy. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=9

Table A.40: MemorySectionType

Class	**ModeDeclaration**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration			
Note	Declaration of one Mode. The name and semantics of a specific mode is not defined in the meta-model.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpStructureElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
value	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	The RTE shall take the value of this attribute for generating the source code representation of this Mode Declaration.

Table A.41: ModeDeclaration

Class	**ModeDeclarationGroup**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration			
Note	A collection of Mode Declarations. Also, the initial mode is explicitly identified. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=ModeDeclarationGroups			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
initialMode	ModeDeclaration	0..1	ref	The initial mode of the ModeDeclarationGroup. This mode is active before any mode switches occurred.
mode Declaration	ModeDeclaration	*	aggr	The ModeDeclarations collected in this ModeDeclaration Group. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime
modeManager ErrorBehavior	ModeErrorBehavior	0..1	aggr	This represents the ability to define the error behavior expected by the mode manager in case of errors on the mode user side (e.g. terminated mode user).
modeTransition	ModeTransition	*	aggr	This represents the avaliable ModeTransitions of the ModeDeclarationGroup
modeUserError Behavior	ModeErrorBehavior	0..1	aggr	This represents the definition of the error behavior expected by the mode user in case of errors on the mode manager side (e.g. terminated mode manager).
onTransition Value	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	The value of this attribute shall be taken into account by the RTE generator for programmatically representing a value used for the transition between two statuses.

Table A.42: ModeDeclarationGroup

Class	**ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration			
Note	The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype specifies a set of Modes (ModeDeclarationGroup) which is provided or required in the given context.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
swCalibration Access	SwCalibrationAccess Enum	0..1	attr	This allows for specifying whether or not the enclosing ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype can be measured at run-time.
type	ModeDeclarationGroup	0..1	tref	The "collection of ModeDeclarations" (= ModeDeclaration Group) supported by a component **Stereotypes:** isOfType

Table A.43: ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype

Class	**ModeSwitchInterface**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface			
Note	A mode switch interface declares a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype to be sent and received. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *PortInterface*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
modeGroup	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	0..1	aggr	The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype of this mode interface.

Table A.44: ModeSwitchInterface

Class	**NumericalValueSpecification**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Constants			
Note	A numerical ValueSpecification which is intended to be assigned to a Primitive data element. Note that the numerical value is a variant, it can be computed by a formula.			
Base	*ARObject*, *ValueSpecification*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
value	Numerical	0..1	attr	This is the value itself. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table A.45: NumericalValueSpecification

Class	**PPortPrototype**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components			
Note	Component port providing a certain port interface.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AbstractProvidedPortPrototype*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PortPrototype*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
provided Interface	PortInterface	0..1	tref	The interface that this port provides. **Stereotypes:** isOfType

Table A.46: PPortPrototype

Class	**ParameterAccess**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::DataElements			
Note	The presence of a ParameterAccess implies that a RunnableEntity needs access to a ParameterData Prototype.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AbstractAccessPoint*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpStructureElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
accessed Parameter	AutosarParameterRef	0..1	aggr	Refernce to the accessed calibration parameter.
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProps	0..1	aggr	This allows denote instance and access specific properties, mainly input values and common axis.

Table A.47: ParameterAccess

Class	**ParameterDataPrototype**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	A parameter element used for parameter interface and internal behavior, supporting signal like parameter and characteristic value communication patterns and parameter and characteristic value definition.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *AutosarDataPrototype*, *DataPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
initValue	ValueSpecification	0..1	aggr	Specifies initial value(s) of the ParameterDataPrototype

Table A.48: ParameterDataPrototype

Class	**ParameterInterface**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface			
Note	A parameter interface declares a number of parameter and characteristic values to be exchanged between parameter components and software components. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *DataInterface*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *PortInterface*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
parameter	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	The ParameterDataPrototype of this ParameterInterface.

Table A.49: ParameterInterface

Class	**ParameterProvideComSpec**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication			
Note	"Communication" specification that applies to parameters on the provided side of a connection.			
Base	*ARObject*, *PPortComSpec*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
initValue	ValueSpecification	0..1	aggr	The initial value applicable for the corresponding ParameterDataPrototype.
parameter	ParameterData Prototype	0..1	ref	The ParameterDataPrototype to which the Parameter ComSpec applies.

Table A.50: ParameterProvideComSpec

Class	**ParameterSwComponentType**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components			
Note	The ParameterSwComponentType defines parameters and characteristic values accessible via provided Ports. The provided values are the same for all connected SwComponentPrototypes **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=SwComponentTypes			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*, *SwComponentType*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
constant Mapping	ConstantSpecification MappingSet	*	ref	Reference to the ConstanSpecificationMapping to be applied for the particular ParameterSwComponentType **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=constantMapping
dataType Mapping	DataTypeMappingSet	*	ref	Reference to the DataTypeMapping to be applied for the particular ParameterSwComponentType **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=dataTypeMapping
instantiation DataDefProps	InstantiationDataDef Props	*	aggr	The purpose of this is that within the context of a given SwComponentType some data def properties of individual instantiations can be modified. The aggregation of InstantiationDataDefProps is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of PortPrototypes **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table A.51: ParameterSwComponentType

Class	**PhysConstrs**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Constraints::GlobalConstraints			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express physical constraints. Therefore it has (in opposite to InternalConstrs) a reference to a Unit.			
Base	*ARObject*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
lowerLimit	Limit	0..1	attr	This specifies the lower limit of the constraint. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:** vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=20
maxDiff	Numerical	0..1	attr	Maximum difference that is permitted between two consecutive values if the constraint is applied to an axis. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=60
maxGradient	Numerical	0..1	attr	This element specifies the maximum slope that may be used in curves and maps. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=50
monotony	MonotonyEnum	0..1	attr	This specifies the monotony constraints on the data object. Note that this applies only to curves and maps. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=70

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Class	**PhysConstrs**			

scaleConstr (ordered)	ScaleConstr	*	aggr	This is one particular scale which contributes to the data constraints.
				Tags:
				xml.roleElement=true
				xml.roleWrapperElement=true
				xml.sequenceOffset=40
				xml.typeElement=false
				xml.typeWrapperElement=false

unit	Unit	0..1	ref	This is the unit to which the physical constraints relate to. In particular, it is the physical unit of the specified limits. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=80
upperLimit	Limit	0..1	attr	This specifies the upper limit of the constraint. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:** vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=30

Table A.52: PhysConstrs

Class	**PhysicalDimension**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Units			
Note	This class represents a physical dimension. If the physical dimension of two units is identical, then a conversion between them is possible. The conversion between units is related to the definition of the physical dimension. Note that the equivalence of the exponents does not per se define the convertibility. For example Energy and Torque share the same exponents (Nm). Please note further the value of an exponent does not necessarily have to be an integer number. It is also possible that the value yields a rational number, e.g. to compute the square root of a given physical quantity. In this case the exponent value would be a rational number where the numerator value is 1 and the denominator value is 2. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=PhysicalDimensions			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Packageable Element*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
currentExp	Numerical	0..1	attr	This attribute represents the exponent of the physical dimension "electric current". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=50
lengthExp	Numerical	0..1	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "length". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20
luminous IntensityExp	Numerical	0..1	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "luminous intensity". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=80
massExp	Numerical	0..1	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "mass". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30
molarAmount Exp	Numerical	0..1	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "quantity of substance". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=70
temperatureExp	Numerical	0..1	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "temperature". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=60

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Class	**PhysicalDimension**			
timeExp	Numerical	0..1	attr	The exponent of the physical dimension "time". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=40

Table A.53: PhysicalDimension

Class	***PortInterface*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface			
Note	Abstract base class for an interface that is either provided or required by a port of a software component.			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	ClientServerInterface, *DataInterface*, ModeSwitchInterface, TriggerInterface			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
isService	Boolean	0..1	attr	This flag is set if the PortInterface is to be used for communication between an • ApplicationSwComponentType or • ServiceProxySwComponentType or • SensorActuatorSwComponentType or • ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType • ServiceSwComponentType • EcuAbstractionSwComponentType and a ServiceSwComponentType (namely an AUTOSAR Service) located on the same ECU. Otherwise the flag is not set.
serviceKind	ServiceProviderEnum	0..1	attr	This attribute provides further details about the nature of the applied service.

Table A.54: PortInterface

Class	***PortPrototype*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components			
Note	Base class for the ports of an AUTOSAR software component. The aggregation of PortPrototypes is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	*AbstractProvidedPortPrototype*, *AbstractRequiredPortPrototype*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
clientServer Annotation	ClientServerAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotation of this PortPrototype with respect to client/ server communication.
delegatedPort Annotation	DelegatedPort Annotation	0..1	aggr	Annotations on this delegated port.
ioHwAbstraction Server Annotation	IoHwAbstractionServer Annotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this IO Hardware Abstraction port.
modePort Annotation	ModePortAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this mode port.
nvDataPort Annotation	NvDataPortAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this non voilatile data port.

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Class	***PortPrototype*** (abstract)			
parameterPort Annotation	ParameterPort Annotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this parameter port.
senderReceiver Annotation	SenderReceiver Annotation	*	aggr	Collection of annotations of this ports sender/receiver communication.
triggerPort Annotation	TriggerPortAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this trigger port.

Table A.55: PortPrototype

Class	**RPortPrototype**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components			
Note	Component port requiring a certain port interface.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AbstractRequiredPortPrototype*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PortPrototype*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
required Interface	PortInterface	0..1	tref	The interface that this port requires. **Stereotypes:** isOfType

Table A.56: RPortPrototype

Class	***RTEEvent*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::RTEEvents			
Note	Abstract base class for all RTE-related events			
Base	*ARObject*, *AbstractEvent*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpStructureElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	AsynchronousServerCallReturnsEvent, BackgroundEvent, DataReceiveErrorEvent, DataReceivedEvent, DataSendCompletedEvent, DataWriteCompletedEvent, ExternalTriggerOccurredEvent, InitEvent, InternalTriggerOccurredEvent, ModeSwitchedAckEvent, OperationInvokedEvent, OsTaskExecutionEvent, SwcModeManagerErrorEvent, SwcModeSwitchEvent, TimingEvent, TransformerHardErrorEvent			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
disabledMode	ModeDeclaration	*	iref	Reference to the Modes that disable the Event. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=disabledMode.contextModeDeclaration GroupPrototype, disabledMode.contextPort, disabled Mode.targetModeDeclaration **InstanceRef implemented by:**RModeInAtomicSwc InstanceRef
startOnEvent	RunnableEntity	0..1	ref	RunnableEntity starts when the corresponding RTEEvent occurs.

Table A.57: RTEEvent

Primitive	**Ref**
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes

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Primitive	**Ref**			
Note	This primitive denotes a name based reference. For detailed syntax see the xsd.pattern. • first slash (relative or absolute reference) [optional] • Identifier [required] • a sequence of slashes and Identifiers [optional] This primitive is used by the meta-model tools to create the references. **Tags:** xml.xsd.customType=REF xml.xsd.pattern=/?[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]{0,127}(/[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]{0,127})* xml.xsd.type=string			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
base	Identifier	0..1	attr	This attribute reflects the base to be used for this reference. **Tags:**xml.attribute=true

blueprintValue	String	0..1	attr	This represents a description that documents how the value shall be defined when deriving objects from the blueprint.
				Tags:
				atp.Status=draft
				xml.attribute=true

index	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	This attribute supports the use case to point on specific elements in an array. This is in particular required if arrays are used to implement particular data objects. **Tags:**xml.attribute=true

Table A.58: Ref

Class	***Referrable*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable			
Note	Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (while adhering to namespace borders).			
Base	*ARObject*			
Subclasses	*AtpDefinition*, BswDistinguishedPartition, *BswModuleCallPoint*, BswModuleClientServerEntry, BswVariableAccess, CouplingPortTrafficClassAssignment, DiagnosticDebounceAlgorithmProps, *DiagnosticEnvModeElement*, EthernetPriorityRegeneration, EventHandler, ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder, *HwDescriptionEntity*, *ImplementationProps*, LinSlaveConfigIdent, ModeTransition, *MultilanguageReferrable*, PduActivationRoutingGroup, PncMappingIdent, *SingleLanguageReferrable*, SoConIPduIdentifier, SocketConnectionBundle, TimeSyncServerConfiguration, TpConnectionIdent			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
shortName	Identifier	1	attr	This specifies an identifying shortName for the object. It needs to be unique within its context and is intended for humans but even more for technical reference. **Stereotypes:** atpIdentityContributor **Tags:** xml.enforceMinMultiplicity=true xml.sequenceOffset=-100
shortNameFragment	ShortNameFragment	*	aggr	This specifies how the Referrable.shortName is composed of several shortNameFragments. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=-90

Table A.59: Referrable

Class	**RootSwCompositionPrototype**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate			
Note	The RootSwCompositionPrototype represents the top-level-composition of software components within a given System. According to the use case of the System, this may for example be a more or less complete VFB description, the software of a System Extract or the software of a flat ECU Extract with only atomic SWCs. Therefore the RootSwComposition will only occasionally contain all atomic software components that are used in a complete VFB System. The OEM is primarily interested in the required functionality and the interfaces defining the integration of the Software Component into the System. The internal structure of such a component contains often substantial intellectual property of a supplier. Therefore a top-level software composition will often contain empty compositions which represent subsystems. The contained SwComponentPrototypes are fully specified by their SwComponentTypes (including Port Prototypes, PortInterfaces, VariableDataPrototypes, SwcInternalBehavior etc.), and their ports are interconnected using SwConnectorPrototypes.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
calibration ParameterValue Set	CalibrationParameter ValueSet	*	ref	Used CalibrationParameterValueSet for instance specific initialization of calibration parameters. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=calibrationParameterValueSet
flatMap	FlatMap	0..1	ref	The FlatMap used in the scope of this RootSw CompositionPrototype. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=flatMap
software Composition	CompositionSw ComponentType	1	tref	We assume that there is exactly one top-level composition that includes all Component instances of the system **Stereotypes:** isOfType

Table A.60: RootSwCompositionPrototype

Class	**RunnableEntity**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior			
Note	A RunnableEntity represents the smallest code-fragment that is provided by an AtomicSwComponent Type and are executed under control of the RTE. RunnableEntities are for instance set up to respond to data reception or operation invocation on a server.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpStructureElement*, *ExecutableEntity*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
argument (ordered)	RunnableEntity Argument	*	aggr	This represents the formal definition of a an argument to a RunnableEntity.
asynchronous ServerCall ResultPoint	AsynchronousServer CallResultPoint	*	aggr	The server call result point admits a runnable to fetch the result of an asynchronous server call. The aggregation of AsynchronousServerCallResultPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of client server PortPrototypes and the variant existence of server call result points in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=asynchronousServerCallResultPoint.short Name, asynchronousServerCallResultPoint.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

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Class	**RunnableEntity**			
canBeInvoked Concurrently	Boolean	0..1	attr	If the value of this attribute is set to "true" the enclosing RunnableEntity can be invoked concurrently (even for one instance of the corresponding AtomicSwComponent Type). This implies that it is the responsibility of the implementation of the RunnableEntity to take care of this form of concurrency. Note that the default value of this attribute is set to "false".
dataRead Access	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has implicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The aggregation of dataReadAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of dataReadAccess in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=dataReadAccess.shortName, dataRead Access.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataReceive PointBy Argument	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The result is passed back to the application by means of an argument in the function signature. The aggregation of dataReceivePointByArgument is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver PortPrototype or the variant existence of data receive points in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=dataReceivePointByArgument.shortName, dataReceivePointByArgument.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataReceive PointByValue	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The result is passed back to the application by means of the return value. The aggregation of dataReceivePointBy Value is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of data receive points in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=dataReceivePointByValue.shortName, data ReceivePointByValue.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataSendPoint	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit write access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The aggregation of dataSendPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver PortPrototype or the variant existence of data send points in the implementation. ▽

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Class	**RunnableEntity**			
				△ **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=dataSendPoint.shortName, dataSendPoint.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataWriteAccess	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has implicit write access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The aggregation of dataWriteAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of dataWriteAccess in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=dataWriteAccess.shortName, dataWriteAccess.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
externalTriggeringPoint	ExternalTriggeringPoint	*	aggr	The aggregation of ExternalTriggeringPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of trigger ports or the variant existence of external triggering points in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=externalTriggeringPoint.ident.shortName, externalTriggeringPoint.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
internalTriggeringPoint	InternalTriggeringPoint	*	aggr	The aggregation of InternalTriggeringPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the variant existence of internal triggering points in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=internalTriggeringPoint.shortName, internalTriggeringPoint.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
modeAccessPoint	ModeAccessPoint	*	aggr	The runnable has a mode access point. The aggregation of ModeAccessPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of mode ports or the variant existence of mode access points in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=modeAccessPoint.ident.shortName, modeAccessPoint.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
modeSwitchPoint	ModeSwitchPoint	*	aggr	The runnable has a mode switch point. The aggregation of ModeSwitchPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of mode ports or the variant existence of mode switch points in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=modeSwitchPoint.shortName, modeSwitchPoint.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

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Class	RunnableEntity			
parameter Access	ParameterAccess	*	aggr	The presence of a ParameterAccess implies that a RunnableEntity needs read only access to a Parameter DataPrototype which may either be local or within a Port Prototype. The aggregation of ParameterAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of parameter ports and component local parameters as well as the variant existence of Parameter Access (points) in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=parameterAccess.shortName, parameter Access.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
readLocal Variable	VariableAccess	*	aggr	The presence of a readLocalVariable implies that a RunnableEntity needs read access to a VariableData Prototype in the role of implicitInterRunnableVariable or explicitInterRunnableVariable. The aggregation of readLocalVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of implicitInterRunnableVariable and explicit InterRunnableVariable or the variant existence of read LocalVariable (points) in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=readLocalVariable.shortName, readLocal Variable.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
serverCallPoint	ServerCallPoint	*	aggr	The RunnableEntity has a ServerCallPoint. The aggregation of ServerCallPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of client server PortPrototypes or the variant existence of server call points in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=serverCallPoint.shortName, serverCall Point.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbol	CIdentifier	0..1	attr	The symbol describing this RunnableEntity's entry point. This is considered the API of the RunnableEntity and is required during the RTE contract phase.
waitPoint	WaitPoint	*	aggr	The WaitPoint associated with the RunnableEntity.
writtenLocal Variable	VariableAccess	*	aggr	The presence of a writtenLocalVariable implies that a RunnableEntity needs write access to a VariableData Prototype in the role of implicitInterRunnableVariable or explicitInterRunnableVariable. The aggregation of writtenLocalVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of implicitInterRunnableVariable and explicit InterRunnableVariable or the variant existence of written LocalVariable (points) in the implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=writtenLocalVariable.shortName, written LocalVariable.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table A.61: RunnableEntity

Class	**SenderReceiverInterface**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface			
Note	A sender/receiver interface declares a number of data elements to be sent and received. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *DataInterface*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *PortInterface*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
dataElement	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	The data elements of this SenderReceiverInterface.
invalidation Policy	InvalidationPolicy	*	aggr	InvalidationPolicy for a particular dataElement
metaDataItem Set	MetaDataItemSet	*	aggr	This aggregation defines fixed sets of meta-data items associated with dataElements of the enclosing Sender ReceiverInterface

Table A.62: SenderReceiverInterface

Class	**StructuredReq**			
Package	M2::MSR::Documentation::BlockElements::RequirementsTracing			
Note	This represents a structured requirement. This is intended for a case where specific requirements for features are collected. Note that this can be rendered as a labeled list.			
Base	*ARObject*, *DocumentViewSelectable*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Paginateable*, *Referrable*, *Traceable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***

appliesTo	standardNameEnum	*	attr	This attribute represents the platform the requirement is assigned to.
				Tags:
				xml.namePlural=APPLIES-TO-DEPENDENCIES
				xml.sequenceOffset=25

conflicts	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	This represents an informal specification of conflicts. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=40
date	DateTime	1	attr	This represents the date when the requirement was initiated. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=5
dependencies	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	This represents an informal specifiaction of dependencies. Note that upstream tracing should be formalized in the property trace provided by the superclass Traceable. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30
description	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	Ths represents the general description of the requirement. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=10
importance	String	1	attr	This allows to represent the importance of the requirement. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=8
issuedBy	String	1	attr	This represents the person, organization or authority which issued the requirement. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=6
rationale	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	This represents the rationale of the requirement. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20

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Class	**StructuredReq**			
remark	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	This represents an informal remark. Note that this is not modeled as annotation, since these remark is still essential part of the requirement. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=60
supporting Material	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	This represents an informal specifiaction of the supporting material. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=50
testedItem	Traceable	*	ref	This assocation represents the ability to trace on the same specification level. This supports for example the of acceptance tests. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=70
type	String	1	attr	This attribute allows to denote the type of requirement to denote for example is it an "enhancement", "new feature" etc. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=7
useCase	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	This describes the relevant use cases. Note that formal references to use cases should be done in the trace relation. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=35

Table A.63: StructuredReq

Class	**SwAddrMethod**			
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::AuxillaryObjects			
Note	Used to assign a common addressing method, e.g. common memory section, to data or code objects. These objects could actually live in different modules or components. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=SwAddrMethods			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
memory Allocation KeywordPolicy	MemoryAllocation KeywordPolicyType	0..1	attr	Enumeration to specify the name pattern of the Memory Allocation Keyword.
option	Identifier	*	attr	This attribute introduces the ability to specify further intended properties of the MemorySection in with the related objects shall be placed. These properties are handled as to be selected. The intended options are mentioned in the list. In the Memory Mapping configuration, this option list is used to determine an appropriate MemMapAddressing ModeSet.
section Initialization Policy	SectionInitialization PolicyType	0..1	attr	Specifies the expected initialization of the variables (inclusive those which are implementing VariableData Prototypes). Therefore this is an implementation constraint for initialization code of BSW modules (especially RTE) as well as the start-up code which initializes the memory segment to which the AutosarData Prototypes referring to the SwAddrMethod's are later on mapped. If the attribute is not defined it has the identical semantic as the attribute value "INIT"

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Class	**SwAddrMethod**			
sectionType	MemorySectionType	0..1	attr	Defines the type of memory sections which can be associated with this addresssing method.

Table A.64: SwAddrMethod

Class	**SwAxisGrouped**			
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::Axis			
Note	An SwAxisGrouped is an axis which is shared between multiple calibration parameters.			
Base	*ARObject*, *SwCalprmAxisTypeProps*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
sharedAxisType	ApplicationPrimitive DataType	0..1	ref	This is the datatype of the calibration parameter providing the shared axis.
swAxisIndex	AxisIndexType	0..1	attr	Describes which axis of the referenced calibration parameter provides the values for the group axis. The index satisfies the following convention: • 0 = value axis. in this case, the interpolation result of the referenced parameter is used as a base point index. • The index should only be specified if the parameter under swCalprm contains more than one axis. It is standard practice for the axis index of parameters with more than one axis, to be set to 1, if data has not been assigned to swAxis Index. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20

swCalprmRef	SwCalprmRefProxy	1	aggr	This property specifes the calibration parameter which serves as the input axis. In AUTOSAR, the type of the referenced Calibration parameter shall be compatible to the type specified by sharedAxisType.
				Tags:
				xml.roleElement=false
				xml.roleWrapperElement=false
				xml.sequenceOffset=30
				xml.typeElement=false
				xml.typeWrapperElement=false

Table A.65: SwAxisGrouped

Class	**SwAxisIndividual**			
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::Axis			
Note	This meta-class describes an axis integrated into a parameter (field etc.). The integration makes this individual to each parameter. The so-called grouped axis represents the counterpart to this. It is conceived as an independent parameter (see class SwAxisGrouped).			
Base	*ARObject*, *SwCalprmAxisTypeProps*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
compuMethod	CompuMethod	0..1	ref	This is the compuMethod which is expected for the axis. It is used in early stages if the particular input-value is not yet available. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30

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Class	**SwAxisIndividual**			
dataConstr	DataConstr	0..1	ref	Refers to constraints, e.g. for plausibility checks. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=80
inputVariable Type	ApplicationPrimitive DataType	0..1	ref	This is the datatype of the input value for the axis. This allows to define e.g. a type of curve, where the input value is finalized at the access point.
swAxisGeneric	SwAxisGeneric	0..1	aggr	this specifies the properties of a generic axis if applicable. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=90
swMaxAxis Points	Integer	0..1	attr	Maximum number of base points contained in the axis of a map or curve. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:** vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=60
swMinAxis Points	Integer	0..1	attr	Minimum number of base points contained in the axis of a map or curve. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:** vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=70
swVariableRef (ordered)	SwVariableRefProxy	*	aggr	Refers to input variables of the axis. It is possible to specify more than one variable. Here the following is valid: • The variable with the highest priority shall be given first. It is used in the generation of the code and is also displayed first in the application system. • All variables referenced shall be of the same physical nature. This is usually detected in that the conversion formulae affected refer back to the same SI-units. In AUTOSAR this ensured by the constraint, that the referenced input variables shall use a type compatible to "inputVariableType". • This multiple referencing allows a base point distribution for more than one input variable to be used. One example of this are the temperature curves which can depend both on the induction air temperature and the engine temperature. These variables can be displayed simultaneously by MCD systems (adjustment systems), enabling operating points to be shown in the curves. **Tags:** xml.roleElement=false xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false
unit	Unit	0..1	ref	This represents the physical unit of the input value of the axis. It is provided to support the case that the particular input variable is not yet known. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=40

Table A.66: SwAxisIndividual

Class	**SwBaseType**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::BaseTypes			
Note	This meta-class represents a base type used within ECU software. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=BaseTypes			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *BaseType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
–	–	–	–	–

Table A.67: SwBaseType

Enumeration	**SwCalibrationAccessEnum**
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::DataDefProperties
Note	Determines the access rights to a data object w.r.t. measurement and calibration.
Literal	*Description*
notAccessible	The element will not be accessible via MCD tools, i.e. will not appear in the ASAP file. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
readOnly	The element will only appear as read-only in an ASAP file. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
readWrite	The element will appear in the ASAP file with both read and write access. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2

Table A.68: SwCalibrationAccessEnum

Class	**SwCalprmAxis**			
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::CalibrationParameter			
Note	This element specifies an individual input parameter axis (abscissa).			
Base	*ARObject*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
category	CalprmAxisCategory Enum	0..1	attr	This property specifies the category of a particular axis. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30
displayFormat	DisplayFormatString	0..1	attr	This property specifies how the axis values shall be displayed e.g. in documents or in measurement and calibration tools. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=100
swAxisIndex	AxisIndexType	0..1	attr	This attribute specifies which axis is specified by the containing SwCalprmAxis. For example in a curve this is usually "1". In a map this is "1" or "2". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20
swCalibration Access	SwCalibrationAccess Enum	0..1	attr	Describes the applicability of parameters and variables. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=90

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Class	**SwCalprmAxis**			

swCalprmAxis TypeProps	SwCalprmAxisType Props	0..1	aggr	specific properties depending on the type of the axis.
				Tags:
				xml.roleElement=false
				xml.roleWrapperElement=false
				xml.sequenceOffset=40
				xml.typeElement=true
				xml.typeWrapperElement=false

Table A.69: SwCalprmAxis

Class	**SwCalprmAxisSet**			
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::CalibrationParameter			
Note	This element specifies the input parameter axes (abscissas) of parameters (and variables, if these are used adaptively).			
Base	*ARObject*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***

swCalprmAxis	SwCalprmAxis	*	aggr	One axis belonging to this SwCalprmAxisSet
				Tags:
				xml.roleElement=true
				xml.roleWrapperElement=false
				xml.sequenceOffset=20
				xml.typeElement=false
				xml.typeWrapperElement=false

Table A.70: SwCalprmAxisSet

Class	**SwComponentPrototype**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Composition			
Note	Role of a software component within a composition.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
type	SwComponentType	0..1	tref	Type of the instance. **Stereotypes:** isOfType

Table A.71: SwComponentPrototype

Class	***SwComponentType*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components			
Note	Base class for AUTOSAR software components.			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpBlueprint*, *AtpBlueprintable*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpType*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	*AtomicSwComponentType*, CompositionSwComponentType, ParameterSwComponentType			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***

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Class	***SwComponentType*** (abstract)			
consistency Needs	ConsistencyNeeds	*	aggr	This represents the collection of ConsistencyNeeds owned by the enclosing SwComponentType. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=consistencyNeeds.shortName, consistency Needs.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
port	PortPrototype	*	aggr	The PortPrototypes through which this SwComponent Type can communicate. The aggregation of PortPrototype is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of PortPrototypes. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=port.shortName, port.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
portGroup	PortGroup	*	aggr	A port group being part of this component. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

swComponent Documentation	SwComponent Documentation	0..1	aggr	This adds a documentation to the SwComponentType.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags:
				atp.Splitkey=swComponentDocumentation, sw ComponentDocumentation.variationPoint.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=-10

unitGroup	UnitGroup	*	ref	This allows for the specification of which UnitGroups are relevant in the context of referencing SwComponentType.

Table A.72: SwComponentType

Class	<<atpVariation>> **SwDataDefProps**
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::DataDefProperties
Note	This class is a collection of properties relevant for data objects under various aspects. One could consider this class as a "pattern of inheritance by aggregation". The properties can be applied to all objects of all classes in which SwDataDefProps is aggregated. Note that not all of the attributes or associated elements are useful all of the time. Hence, the process definition (e.g. expressed with an OCL or a Document Control Instance MSR-DCI) has the task of implementing limitations. SwDataDefProps covers various aspects: • Structure of the data element for calibration use cases: is it a single value, a curve, or a map, but also the recordLayouts which specify how such elements are mapped/converted to the Data Types in the programming language (or in AUTOSAR). This is mainly expressed by properties like swRecordLayout and swCalprmAxisSet • Implementation aspects, mainly expressed by swImplPolicy, swVariableAccessImplPolicy, sw AddrMethod, swPointerTagetProps, baseType, implementationDataType and additionalNative TypeQualifier • Access policy for the MCD system, mainly expressed by swCalibrationAccess ▽

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Class	<<atpVariation>> **SwDataDefProps**			
	△ • Semantics of the data element, mainly expressed by compuMethod and/or unit, dataConstr, invalidValue • Code generation policy provided by swRecordLayout **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime			
Base	*ARObject*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
additionalNative TypeQualifier	NativeDeclarationString	0..1	attr	This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=235

annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads ...) related to the current data object.
				Tags:
				xml.roleElement=true
				xml.roleWrapperElement=true
				xml.sequenceOffset=20
				xml.typeElement=false
				xml.typeWrapperElement=false

baseType	SwBaseType	0..1	ref	Base type associated with the containing data object. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=50
compuMethod	CompuMethod	0..1	ref	Computation method associated with the semantics of this data object. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=180
dataConstr	DataConstr	0..1	ref	Data constraint for this data object. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=190
displayFormat	DisplayFormatString	0..1	attr	This property describes how a number is to be rendered e.g. in documents or in a measurement and calibration system. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=210
display Presentation	DisplayPresentation Enum	0..1	attr	This attribute controls the presentation of the related data for measurement and calibration tools.
implementation DataType	AbstractImplementation DataType	0..1	ref	This association denotes the ImplementationDataType of a data declaration via its aggregated SwDataDefProps. It is used whenever a data declaration is not directly referring to a base type. Especially • redefinition of an ImplementationDataType via a "typedef" to another ImplementationDatatype • the target type of a pointer (see SwPointerTarget Props), if it does not refer to a base type directly • the data type of an array or record element within an ImplementationDataType, if it does not refer to a base type directly • the data type of an SwServiceArg, if it does not refer to a base type directly **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=215

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Class	<<atpVariation>> **SwDataDefProps**			
invalidValue	ValueSpecification	0..1	aggr	Optional value to express invalidity of the actual data element. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=255
stepSize	Float	0..1	attr	This attribute can be used to define a value which is added to or subtracted from the value of a DataPrototype when using up/down keys while calibrating.
swAddrMethod	SwAddrMethod	0..1	ref	Addressing method related to this data object. Via an association to the same SwAddrMethod it can be specified that several DataPrototypes shall be located in the same memory without already specifying the memory section itself. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30
swAlignment	AlignmentType	0..1	attr	The attribute describes the intended alignment of the DataPrototype. If the attribute is not defined the alignment is determined by the swBaseType size and the memory AllocationKeywordPolicy of the referenced SwAddr Method. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=33
swBit Representation	SwBitRepresentation	0..1	aggr	Description of the binary representation in case of a bit variable. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=60
swCalibration Access	SwCalibrationAccess Enum	0..1	attr	Specifies the read or write access by MCD tools for this data object. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=70
swCalprmAxis Set	SwCalprmAxisSet	0..1	aggr	This specifies the properties of the axes in case of a curve or map etc. This is mainly applicable to calibration parameters. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=90

swComparison Variable	SwVariableRefProxy	*	aggr	Variables used for comparison in an MCD process.
				
				Tags:
				xml.sequenceOffset=170
				xml.typeElement=false

swData Dependency	SwDataDependency	0..1	aggr	Describes how the value of the data object has to be calculated from the value of another data object (by the MCD system). **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=200

swHostVariable	SwVariableRefProxy	0..1	aggr	Contains a reference to a variable which serves as a host-variable for a bit variable. Only applicable to bit objects.
				
				Tags:
				xml.sequenceOffset=220
				xml.typeElement=false

swImplPolicy	SwImplPolicyEnum	0..1	attr	Implementation policy for this data object. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=230
swIntended Resolution	Numerical	0..1	attr	The purpose of this element is to describe the requested quantization of data objects early on in the design process. The resolution ultimately occurs via the conversion formula present (compuMethod), which specifies the transition from the physical world to the standardized ▽

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Class	<<atpVariation>> **SwDataDefProps**			
				△ world (and vice-versa) (here, "the slope per bit" is present implicitly in the conversion formula). In the case of a development phase without a fixed conversion formula, a pre-specification can occur through swIntendedResolution. The resolution is specified in the physical domain according to the property "unit". **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=240
swInterpolation Method	Identifier	0..1	attr	This is a keyword identifying the mathematical method to be applied for interpolation. The keyword needs to be related to the interpolation routine which needs to be invoked. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=250
swIsVirtual	Boolean	0..1	attr	This element distinguishes virtual objects. Virtual objects do not appear in the memory, their derivation is much more dependent on other objects and hence they shall have a swDataDependency . **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=260
swPointerTarget Props	SwPointerTargetProps	0..1	aggr	Specifies that the containing data object is a pointer to another data object. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=280
swRecord Layout	SwRecordLayout	0..1	ref	Record layout for this data object. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=290
swRefresh Timing	MultidimensionalTime	0..1	aggr	This element specifies the frequency in which the object involved shall be or is called or calculated. This timing can be collected from the task in which write access processes to the variable run. But this cannot be done by the MCD system. So this attribute can be used in an early phase to express the desired refresh timing and later on to specify the real refresh timing. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=300
swTextProps	SwTextProps	0..1	aggr	the specific properties if the data object is a text object. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=120
swValueBlock Size	Numerical	0..1	attr	This represents the size of a Value Block **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:** vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=80
swValueBlock SizeMult (ordered)	Numerical	*	attr	This attribute is used to specify the dimensions of a value block (VAL_BLK) for the case that that value block has more than one dimension. The dimensions given in this attribute are ordered such that the first entry represents the first dimension, the second entry represents the second dimension, and so on. For one-dimensional value blocks the attribute swValue BlockSize shall be used and this attribute shall not exist. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

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Class	<<atpVariation>> **SwDataDefProps**			
unit	Unit	0..1	ref	Physical unit associated with the semantics of this data object. This attribute applies if no compuMethod is specified. If both units (this as well as via compuMethod) are specified the units shall be compatible. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=350
valueAxisDataType	ApplicationPrimitiveDataType	0..1	ref	The referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType represents the primitive data type of the value axis within a compound primitive (e.g. curve, map). It supersedes CompuMethod, Unit, and BaseType. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=355

Table A.73: SwDataDefProps

Enumeration	**SwImplPolicyEnum**
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::DataDefProperties
Note	Specifies the implementation strategy with respect to consistency mechanisms of variables.
Literal	***Description***
const	forced implementation such that the running software within the ECU shall not modify it. For example implemented with the "const" modifier in C. This can be applied for parameters (not for those in NVRAM) as well as argument data prototypes. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
fixed	This data element is fixed. In particular this indicates, that it might also be implemented e.g. as in place data, (#DEFINE). **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
measurementPoint	The data element is created for measurement purposes only. The data element is never read directly within the ECU software. In contrast to a "standard" data element in an unconnected provide port is, this unconnection is guaranteed for measurementPoint data elements. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2
queued	The content of the data element is queued and the data element has 'event' semantics, i.e. data elements are stored in a queue and all data elements are processed in 'first in first out' order. The queuing is intended to be implemented by RTE Generator. This value is not applicable for parameters. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3
standard	This is applicable for all kinds of data elements. For variable data prototypes the 'last is best' semantics applies. For parameter there is no specific implementation directive. **Tags:**atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4

Table A.74: SwImplPolicyEnum

Class	**SwcImplementation**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcImplementation			
Note	This meta-class represents a specialization of the general Implementation meta-class with respect to the usage in application software. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=SwcImplementations			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *Implementation*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
behavior	SwcInternalBehavior	0..1	ref	The internal behavior implemented by this Implementation.

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Class	**SwcImplementation**			
perInstance MemorySize	PerInstanceMemory Size	*	aggr	Allows a definition of the size of the per-instance memory for this implementation. The aggregation of PerInstance MemorySize is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects, in this case PerInstanceMemory. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
required RTEVendor	String	0..1	attr	Identify a specific RTE vendor. This information is potentially important at the time of integrating (in particular: linking) the application code with the RTE. The semantics is that (if the association exists) the corresponding code has been created to fit to the vendor-mode RTE provided by this specific vendor. Attempting to integrate the code with another RTE generated in vendor mode is in general not possible.

Table A.75: SwcImplementation

Class	**SwcInternalBehavior**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior			
Note	The SwcInternalBehavior of an AtomicSwComponentType describes the relevant aspects of the software-component with respect to the RTE, i.e. the RunnableEntities and the RTEEvents they respond to.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpStructureElement*, *Identifiable*, *InternalBehavior*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
arTypedPer Instance Memory	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Defines an AUTOSAR typed memory-block that needs to be available for each instance of the SW-component. This is typically only useful if supportsMultipleInstantiation is set to "true" or if the component defines NVRAM access via permanent blocks. The aggregation of arTypedPerInstanceMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software component's implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=arTypedPerInstanceMemory.shortName, ar TypedPerInstanceMemory.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
event	RTEEvent	*	aggr	This is a RTEEvent specified for the particular Swc InternalBehavior. The aggregation of RTEEvent is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of RTE events. Note: the number of RTE events might vary due to the conditional existence of PortPrototypes using Data ReceivedEvents or due to different scheduling needs of algorithms. ▽

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Class	**SwcInternalBehavior**			
				△ **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=event.shortName, event.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
exclusiveArea Policy	SwcExclusiveArea Policy	*	aggr	Options how to generate the ExclusiveArea related APIs. When no SwcExclusiveAreaPolicy is specified for an ExclusiveArea the default values apply. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=exclusiveAreaPolicy, exclusiveArea Policy.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
explicitInter Runnable Variable	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Implement state message semantics for establishing communication among runnables of the same component. The aggregation of explicitInterRunnable Variable is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=explicitInterRunnableVariable.shortName, explicitInterRunnableVariable.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
handle TerminationAnd Restart	HandleTerminationAnd RestartEnum	0..1	attr	This attribute controls the behavior with respect to stopping and restarting. The corresponding AtomicSw ComponentType may either not support stop and restart, or support only stop, or support both stop and restart.
implicitInter Runnable Variable	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Implement state message semantics for establishing communication among runnables of the same component. The aggregation of implicitInterRunnable Variable is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=implicitInterRunnableVariable.shortName, implicitInterRunnableVariable.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
includedData TypeSet	IncludedDataTypeSet	*	aggr	The includedDataTypeSet is used by a software component for its implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=includedDataTypeSet
includedMode Declaration GroupSet	IncludedMode DeclarationGroupSet	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the included Mode DeclarationGroups **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=includedModeDeclarationGroupSet

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Class	**SwcInternalBehavior**			
instantiation DataDefProps	InstantiationDataDef Props	*	aggr	The purpose of this is that within the context of a given SwComponentType some data def properties of individual instantiations can be modified. The aggregation of InstantiationDataDefProps is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of Port Prototypes and component local memories like "per InstanceParameter" or "arTypedPerInstanceMemory". **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=instantiationDataDefProps, instantiationData DefProps.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
perInstance Memory	PerInstanceMemory	*	aggr	Defines a per-instance memory object needed by this software component. The aggregation of PerInstance Memory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=perInstanceMemory.shortName, perInstance Memory.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
perInstance Parameter	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Defines parameter(s) or characteristic value(s) that needs to be available for each instance of the software-component. This is typically only useful if supportsMultipleInstantiation is set to "true". The aggregation of perInstanceParameter is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=perInstanceParameter.shortName, per InstanceParameter.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
portAPIOption	PortAPIOption	*	aggr	Options for generating the signature of port-related calls from a runnable to the RTE and vice versa. The aggregation of PortPrototypes is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=portAPIOption, portAPIOption.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
runnable	RunnableEntity	*	aggr	This is a RunnableEntity specified for the particular Swc InternalBehavior. The aggregation of RunnableEntity is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of RunnableEntities. Note: the number of RunnableEntities might vary due to the conditional existence of Port Prototypes using DataReceivedEvents or due to different scheduling needs of algorithms. ▽

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Class	**SwcInternalBehavior**			
				△ **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=runnable.shortName, runnable.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
service Dependency	SwcService Dependency	*	aggr	Defines the requirements on AUTOSAR Services for a particular item. The aggregation of SwcServiceDependency is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports as well as the conditional existence of ServiceNeeds. The SwcServiceDependency owned by an SwcInternal Behavior can be located in a different physical file in order to support that SwcServiceDependency might be provided in later development steps or even by different expert domain (e.g OBD expert for Obd related Service Needs) tools. Therefore the aggregation is <<atp Splitable>>. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=serviceDependency.shortName, service Dependency.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
shared Parameter	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Defines parameter(s) or characteristic value(s) shared between SwComponentPrototypes of the same Sw ComponentType The aggregation of sharedParameter is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=sharedParameter.shortName, shared Parameter.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
supports Multiple Instantiation	Boolean	0..1	attr	Indicate whether the corresponding software-component can be multiply instantiated on one ECU. In this case the attribute will result in an appropriate component API on programming language level (with or without instance handle).
variationPoint Proxy	VariationPointProxy	*	aggr	Proxy of a variation points in the C/C++ implementation. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable **Tags:**atp.Splitkey=variationPointProxy.shortName

Table A.76: SwcInternalBehavior

Class	**System**
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate

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Class	**System**			
Note	The top level element of the System Description. The System description defines five major elements: Topology, Software, Communication, Mapping and Mapping Constraints. The System element directly aggregates the elements describing the Software, Mapping and Mapping Constraints; it contains a reference to an ASAM FIBEX description specifying Communication and Topology. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=Systems			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpStructureElement*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	*Type*	*Mult.*	*Kind*	*Note*
clientId DefinitionSet	ClientIdDefinitionSet	*	ref	Set of Client Identifiers that are used for inter-ECU client-server communication in the System.
containerIPdu HeaderByte Order	ByteOrderEnum	0..1	attr	Defines the byteOrder of the header in ContainerIPdus.
ecuExtract Version	RevisionLabelString	0..1	attr	Version number of the Ecu Extract.
fibexElement	FibexElement	*	ref	Reference to ASAM FIBEX elements specifying Communication and Topology. All Fibex Elements used within a System Description shall be referenced from the System Element. atpVariation: In order to describe a product-line, all Fibex Elements can be optional. **Stereotypes:** atpVariation **Tags:**vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
interpolation Routine MappingSet	InterpolationRoutine MappingSet	*	ref	This reference identifies the InterpolationRoutineMapping Sets that are relevant in the context of the enclosing System.
j1939Shared AddressCluster	J1939SharedAddress Cluster	*	aggr	Collection of J1939Clusters that share a common address space for the routing of messages. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=j1939SharedAddressCluster.shortName, j1939SharedAddressCluster.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
mapping	SystemMapping	*	aggr	Aggregation of all mapping aspects (mapping of SW components to ECUs, mapping of data elements to signals, and mapping constraints). In order to support OEM / Tier 1 interaction and shared development for one common System this aggregation is atpSplitable and atpVariation. The content of System Mapping can be provided by several parties using different names for the SystemMapping. This element is not required when the System description is used for a network-only use-case. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=mapping.shortName, mapping.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
pncVector Length	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	Length of the partial networking request release information vector (in bytes).

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Class	**System**			
pncVectorOffset	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	Absolute offset (with respect to the NM-PDU) of the partial networking request release information vector that is defined in bytes as an index starting with 0.
rootSoftware Composition	RootSwComposition Prototype	0..1	aggr	Aggregation of the root software composition, containing all software components in the System in a hierarchical structure. This element is not required when the System description is used for a network-only use-case. atpVariation: The RootSwCompositionPrototype can vary. **Stereotypes:** atpSplitable; atpVariation **Tags:** atp.Splitkey=rootSoftwareComposition.shortName, root SoftwareComposition.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime

swCluster	CpSoftwareCluster	*	ref	CP Software Clusters of this System
				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags:
				atp.Splitkey=swCluster.cpSoftwareCluster, sw Cluster.variationPoint.shortLabel
				atp.Status=draft
				vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime

system Documentation	Chapter	*	aggr	Possibility to provide additional documentation while defining the System. The System documentation can be composed of several chapters.
				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags:
				atp.Splitkey=systemDocumentation.shortName, system Documentation.variationPoint.shortLabel
				vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime
				xml.sequenceOffset=-10

systemVersion	RevisionLabelString	1	attr	Version number of the System Description.

Table A.77: System

Class	**TimingEvent**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::RTEEvents			
Note	TimingEvent references the RunnableEntity that need to be started in response to the TimingEvent			
Base	*ARObject*, *AbstractEvent*, *AtpClassifier*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpStructureElement*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *RTEEvent*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
offset	TimeValue	0..1	attr	The value makes an assumption about the time offset of the first activation of the RunnableEntity triggered by the mapped TimingEvent relative to the periodic activation of the time base of this TimingEvent. Unit: second.
period	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Period of timing event in seconds. The value of this attribute shall be greater than zero.

Table A.78: TimingEvent

Class	***Traceable*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::MSR::Documentation::BlockElements::RequirementsTracing			
Note	This meta class represents the ability to be subject to tracing within an AUTOSAR model. Note that it is expected that its subclasses inherit either from MultilanguageReferrable or from Identifiable. Nevertheless it also inherits from MultilanguageReferrable in order to provide a common reference target for all Traceables.			
Base	*ARObject*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Referrable*			
Subclasses	StructuredReq, *TimingConstraint*, TraceableTable, TraceableText			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
trace	Traceable	*	ref	This assocation represents the ability to trace to upstream requirements / constraints. This supports for example the bottom up tracing ProjectObjectives <- MainRequirements <- Features <- RequirementSpecs <- BSW/AI **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table A.79: Traceable

Class	**Unit**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Units			
Note	This is a physical measurement unit. All units that might be defined should stem from SI units. In order to convert one unit into another factor and offset are defined. For the calculation from SI-unit to the defined unit the factor (factorSiToUnit) and the offset (offsetSiToUnit) are applied as follows: x [{unit}] := y * [{siUnit}] * factorSiToUnit [[unit]/{siUnit}] + offsetSiToUnit [{unit}] For the calculation from a unit to SI-unit the reciprocal of the factor (factorSiToUnit) and the negation of the offset (offsetSiToUnit) are applied. y {siUnit} := (x*{unit} - offsetSiToUnit [{unit}]) / (factorSiToUnit [[unit]/{siUnit}] **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=Units			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *PackageableElement*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
displayName	SingleLanguageUnitNames	0..1	aggr	This specifies how the unit shall be displayed in documents or in user interfaces of tools.The displayName corresponds to the Unit.Display in an ASAM MCD-2MC file. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20
factorSiToUnit	Float	0..1	attr	This is the factor for the conversion from SI Units to units. The inverse is used for conversion from units to SI Units. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=30
offsetSiToUnit	Float	0..1	attr	This is the offset for the conversion from and to siUnits. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=40
physicalDimension	PhysicalDimension	0..1	ref	This association represents the physical dimension to which the unit belongs to. Note that only values with units of the same physical dimensions might be converted. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=50

Table A.80: Unit

Class	**UnitGroup**			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Units			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify a logical grouping of units.The category denotes the unit system that the referenced units are associated to. In this way, e.g. country-specific unit systems (CATEGORY="COUNTRY") can be defined as well as specific unit systems for certain application domains. In the same way a group of equivalent units, can be defined which are used in different countries, by setting CATEGORY="EQUIV_UNITS". KmPerHour and MilesPerHour could such be combined to one group named "vehicle_speed". The unit MeterPerSec would not belong to this group because it is normally not used for vehicle speed. But all of the mentioned units could be combined to one group named "speed". Note that the UnitGroup does not ensure the physical compliance of the units. This is maintained by the physical dimension. **Tags:**atp.recommendedPackage=UnitGroups			
Base	*ARElement*, *ARObject*, *CollectableElement*, *Identifiable*, *MultilanguageReferrable*, *Packageable Element*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
unit	Unit	*	ref	This represents one particular unit in the UnitGroup. **Tags:**xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table A.81: UnitGroup

Class	***ValueSpecification*** (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Constants			
Note	Base class for expressions leading to a value which can be used to initialize a data object.			
Base	*ARObject*			
Subclasses	*AbstractRuleBasedValueSpecification*, ApplicationValueSpecification, *CompositeValueSpecification*, ConstantReference, NotAvailableValueSpecification, NumericalValueSpecification, ReferenceValue Specification, TextValueSpecification			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
shortLabel	Identifier	0..1	attr	This can be used to identify particular value specifications for human readers, for example elements of a record type.

Table A.82: ValueSpecification

Class	**VariableDataPrototype**			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes			
Note	A VariableDataPrototype is used to contain values in an ECU application. This means that most likely a VariableDataPrototype allocates "static" memory on the ECU. In some cases optimization strategies might lead to a situation where the memory allocation can be avoided. In particular, the value of a VariableDataPrototype is likely to change as the ECU on which it is used executes.			
Base	*ARObject*, *AtpFeature*, *AtpPrototype*, *AutosarDataPrototype*, *DataPrototype*, *Identifiable*, *Multilanguage Referrable*, *Referrable*			
Attribute	***Type***	***Mult.***	***Kind***	***Note***
initValue	ValueSpecification	0..1	aggr	Specifies initial value(s) of the VariableDataPrototype

Table A.83: VariableDataPrototype